

A N N U A L R E P O R T

2019-2020



Success today requires
the agility and drive to
constantly rethink, reinvigorate,
react, and reinvent.

– Bill Gates

NILKAMAL HELPS FIGHT COVID-19

The pandemic augmented the necessity of innovative and applicable solutions to meet and support the emerging need gap in the healthcare infrastructure.

As an organisation, Nilkamal stepped up and addressed the requirement in a record time. These innovative products are the outcome of our Research and Development team that has been working round-the-clock to devise unique solutions in the fight against COVID - 19.

We have successfully supplied these products to major Municipal Corporations (MMRDA, NMMC) and hospitals across India.



COVID Quarantine Bed



7 Position Isolation Bed



Quick COVID Bed



VirusGUARD



TravelGUARD



Hand Wash Station

Board of Directors

Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh	- Chairman
Mr. Sharad V. Parekh	- Managing Director
Mr. Hiten V. Parekh	- Joint Managing Director
Mr. Manish V. Parekh	- President and Executive Director
Mr. Nayan S. Parekh	- President and Executive Director
Mr. Mihir H. Parekh (Appointed w.e.f from February 1, 2020)	- Executive Director
Ms. Hiroo Mirchandani	- Director
Mr. K. R. Ramamoorthy	- Director
Mr. K. Venkataramanan	- Director
Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi	- Director
Mr. Mufazzal S. Federal	- Director
Mr. S. K. Palekar	- Director

Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Paresh B. Mehta

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Ms. Priti P. Dave

Bankers

- State Bank of India • Corporation Bank
- IDBI Bank Ltd. • DBS Bank Ltd.

Auditors

M/s. B S R & Co. LLP

Plant Locations:-

- 1) Barjora, West Bengal
- 2) Bhiwandi, Maharashtra
- 3) Dharuhera, Haryana
- 4) Hosur, Tamilnadu
- 5) Jammu, Jammu & Kashmir
- 6) Kharadpada, Union Territory of Dadra & Nagar Haveli
- 7) Noida, Uttar Pradesh
- 8) Puducherry
- 9) Sinnar, Maharashtra
- 10) Vasona, Union Territory of Dadra & Nagar Haveli

Registered Office

Survey No.354/2 and 354/3, Near Rakholi Bridge,
Silvassa Khanvel Road, Vasona, Silvassa 396 230,
Union Territory of Dadra and Nagar Haveli.

Corporate Office

Nilkamal House, 77/78, Road No.13/14, MIDC,
Andheri (E), Mumbai – 400 093. Maharashtra.

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NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the Thirty Fourth Annual General Meeting of the Members of Nilkamal Limited will be held on Friday, on August 14, 2020 at 11.00 a.m. through two way Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM") to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements including the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2020, together with the Reports of the Board of Directors and the Auditors thereon.
2. To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Manish V. Parekh (DIN:00037724), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

3. To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following Resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Section 148 (3) and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, including any amendment, modification or variation thereto, the Company hereby ratifies the remuneration of ₹ 3.50 Lakh (Rupees Three Lakh Fifty Thousand Only) plus applicable taxes and re-imbursement of out-of-pocket expenses payable to M/s. B. F. Modi and Associates, Cost Accountants (Firm Registration No. 6955), who have been appointed by the Board of Directors on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, as Cost Auditors of the Company, to conduct the audit of the cost records maintained by the Company as prescribed under the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, as amended, for the Financial Year ending March 31, 2021.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors or any other person authorized by the Board of Directors and/or Company Secretary of the Company be and are hereby severally authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be deemed necessary to give effect to this resolution."

4. To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of section 14 read with Companies (Incorporation) Rules, 2014, and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, and the rules thereunder or any other law for the time being in force (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force) and subject to such terms, conditions, amendments, or modifications, if any, as may be required or suggested by the Registrar of Companies and any other appropriate authorities, and as approved and recommended by the Board of Directors, the new set of Articles of Association of the Company, be and is hereby approved and adopted in total exclusion, substitution and supersession of the existing Articles of Association of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors (including its committee thereof), be and is hereby authorised to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be required to be done to give effect to the above resolution."

5. To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following Resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), and the rules thereunder or any other law for the time being in force (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force) and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force), and other applicable provisions of the Act or any other law or laws, if any, and such other consents and permissions, as may be required, and subject to approval of Resolution No. 4 as set out in this Notice dated June 28, 2020, and pursuant to recommendation and approval of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Audit Committee vide its resolutions dated June 28, 2020, the consent of the members of the Company, be and is hereby accorded to appoint Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh, the Promoter of the Company, as Chairman Emeritus, effective from August 15, 2020, till the time he resigns from such position and the Board of Directors, are entitled to pay emoluments as detailed in the explanatory statement, annexed hereto and forming part of this notice for providing services as an mentor to the Company, the Board and the Management.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors (including its committee thereof), be and is hereby authorised to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be required to be done to give effect to the above resolution."

6. To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following Resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149 and 152 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force), Mr. Mihir H. Parekh (DIN: 07308466), who was appointed as an Additional Director with effect from February 1, 2020, pursuant to the provisions of Section 161(1) of the Act and Articles of Association of the Company and who holds office upto the date of ensuing Annual General Meeting, who qualifies for being appointed as a Director and in respect of whom the Company has received a notice in writing from a member under Section 160 of the Act proposing his candidature for the office of a Director, be and is hereby appointed as a Director of the Company, liable to retire by rotation.

7. To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following Resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 196, 197, 203 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder, read with the provisions of Schedule V (including any statutory modification(s) thereto or re-enactments thereof, for the time being in force), pursuant to the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and subject to any approvals from any statutory authority as may be necessary, approval of the members be and is hereby accorded to appoint Mr. Mihir H. Parekh (DIN: 07308466) as a Whole Time Director, designated as an Executive Director of the Company for a period of Five years with effect from February 1, 2020 to January 31, 2025.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the approval of the members be and is hereby accorded for the payment of remuneration, perquisites, benefits and amenities payable as per the terms and conditions of the agreement to be entered into by Mr. Mihir H. Parekh with the Company for the aforesaid appointment and as set out in the statement annexed to the Notice including the following:-

Remuneration:

Basic Salary:

Monthly Salary of ₹ 180,000/- (Rupees One Lakh Eighty Thousand Only) in the scale of ₹ 175,000/- to ₹ 400,000/- per month, during his tenure of office (first increment falling due on April 1, 2020).

Perquisites/allowances:

1. Mr. Mihir H. Parekh shall be entitled to House Rent Allowance not exceeding 50% of the basic salary per month.
2. Leave travel allowance at one month's basic salary, Company cars for official and personal use including fuel, maintenance and other expenses, reimbursement of expenses towards telephones, telefax and other communication facilities at the residence.
3. Other perquisites shall include expenses/reimbursement towards driver's salary, food vouchers, gas, electricity, water, furnishings and repairs, membership fees/subscription of clubs, expenses incurred towards travelling, boarding and lodging including for Mr. Mihir H. Parekh's spouse and attendant(s) during business trips, actual medical expenses incurred in India and/or abroad including hospitalization for self and family, medical insurance (for self and family) and personal accident insurance, term life insurance or any other insurance premium paid as per the policy of the Company.
4. Contribution to Provident fund, Superannuation fund, National Pension Scheme or Annuity fund as per the Rules of the Company to the extent these either singly or put together do not exceed the limit laid down under the Income Tax Act, 1961 or under any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof.
5. Such other perquisites and allowances as per the policy/rules of the Company in force and/or as may be approved by the Board from time to time.

The perquisites shall be valued as per the Income Tax Act, 1961, wherever applicable.

Benefits and Amenities:

1. Gratuity benefits in accordance with the rules and regulations in force in the Company from time to time.
2. Earned/privilege leave, sick leave and casual leave shall be entitled as per the policy of the Company. He shall also be entitled to Leave encashment which shall be as per the policy of the Company.

3. Benefits under loan and other schemes in accordance with the practices, rules and regulations in force in the Company from time to time subject to applicable laws.
4. Reimbursement of entertainment and other business promotion expenses actually incurred by Mr. Mihir H. Parekh in the course of business of the Company.
5. Reimburse or payment of all costs, charges and expenses that may have been or may be incurred by Mr. Mihir H. Parekh for the purpose of or on behalf of the Company.
6. Such other benefits and amenities as may be provided by the Company to other senior officers from time to time.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT in the event of loss or inadequacy of profits in any financial year during the aforesaid period of his appointment, the Company will pay Mr. Mihir H. Parekh remuneration, perquisites, benefits and amenities not exceeding the ceiling laid down in Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 as may be decided by the Board of Directors (including its committee thereof), subject to necessary approvals.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT pursuant to the regulation 17(6)(e) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the approval of the Members be and is hereby also accorded to pay the remuneration to Mr. Mihir H. Parekh within the scale as stated above, notwithstanding that the remuneration payable to him in any year exceeds ₹ 5 crores or 2.5% of the net profits of the Company, whichever is higher or the aggregate annual remuneration of all the Executive Directors exceeds 5% of the net profits of the Company calculated as per the provisions of Section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013, during the currency of his tenure i.e. upto January 31, 2025.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company (including its committee thereof) be and are hereby authorized to alter and/or vary the terms and conditions of the said appointment and/or enhance, enlarge, alter or vary the scope and quantum of remuneration, perquisites, benefits and amenities payable to Mr. Mihir H. Parekh in the light of further progress of the Company which shall be within the above mentioned approved scales and in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force) without any further reference to the members of the Company in General Meeting.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors (including its committee thereof) of the Company be and is hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things and to execute any agreements, documents, instruments and writings as may be required, with power to settle all questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise in regard to the said appointment as it may in its sole discretion deem fit and to delegate all or any of its powers conferred herein to any Director(s) and/or Officer(s) of the Company to give effect to this resolution."

8. To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following Resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 150 and 152 read with Schedule IV and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 and the applicable provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force), Mr. K. Venkataramanan (DIN: 00001647), Independent Director of the Company, who holds office of Independent Director upto the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting to be held in the calendar year 2020, and who is eligible for re-appointment for a Second term under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, and in respect of whom the Company has received a notice in writing under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013, from a member proposing his candidature for the office of Director of the Company, be and is hereby re-appointed as an Independent Director of the Company, not liable to retire by rotation, for a second term of Five years from the date of this Annual General Meeting i.e. from August 14, 2020 till August 13, 2025.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT pursuant to regulation 17(1A) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, approval be and is hereby given for continuation of Mr. K. Venkataramanan, as an Independent Director of the Company even after attaining the age of 75 years.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors or any other person authorized by the Board of Directors of the Company be and are hereby severally authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be deemed necessary to give effect to this resolution."

9. To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 196, 197, 203 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder, read with the provisions of Schedule V (including any statutory

modification(s) thereto or re-enactments thereof, for the time being in force), pursuant to the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and subject to any approvals from any statutory authority as may be necessary, approval of the members be and is hereby accorded to re - appoint Mr. Sharad V. Parekh (DIN: 00035747) as the Managing Director of the Company for a period effective from April 1, 2020 till the close of the business hours on August 14, 2020.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT approval of the members be and is hereby accorded for the payment of remuneration, perquisites, benefits and amenities payable as per the terms and conditions of the agreement to be entered into by Mr. Sharad V. Parekh with the Company for the aforesaid appointment and as set out in the statement annexed to the Notice including the following:

Remuneration:

1. Basic Salary:

Monthly Salary of ₹ 11,92,320/- (Rupees Eleven Lakhs Ninety Two Thousand Three Hundred and Twenty only) in the scale of ₹ 11,50,000 /- to ₹ 24,00,000/- per month, during his tenure of office (first increment falling due on, April 1, 2020).

Perquisites/allowances:

1. Mr. Sharad V. Parekh shall be entitled to House Rent Allowance not exceeding 50% of the basic salary per month.
2. Leave travel allowance at one month's basic salary, Company cars for official and personal use including fuel, maintenance and other expenses, reimbursement of expenses towards telephones, telefax and other communication facilities at the residence.
3. Other perquisites shall include expenses/reimbursement towards driver's salary, food vouchers, gas, electricity, water, furnishings and repairs, membership fees/subscription of clubs, expenses incurred towards travelling, boarding and lodging including for Mr. Sharad V. Parekh's spouse and attendant(s) during business trips, actual medical expenses incurred in India and/or abroad including hospitalization for self and family, medical insurance (for self and family) and personal accident insurance, term life insurance or any other insurance premium paid as per the policy of the Company.
4. Such other perquisites and allowances as per the policy/rules of the Company in force and/or as may be approved by the Board from time to time.

The perquisites shall be valued as per the Income Tax Act, 1961, wherever applicable.

Benefits and Amenities:

1. Gratuity benefits in accordance with the rules and regulations in force in the Company from time to time.
2. Earned/ privilege leave, sick leave and casual leave shall be entitled as per the policy of the Company. He shall also be entitled to Leave encashment which shall be as per the policy of the Company.
3. Benefits under loan and other schemes in accordance with the practices, rules and regulations in force in the Company from time to time subject to the applicable laws.
4. Reimbursement of entertainment and other business promotion expenses actually incurred by Mr. Sharad V. Parekh in the course of business of the Company.
5. Reimburse or payment of all costs, charges and expenses that may have been or may be incurred by Mr. Sharad V. Parekh for the purpose of or on behalf of the Company.
6. Such other benefits and amenities as may be provided by the Company to other senior officers from time to time.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT in the event of loss or inadequacy of profits in any financial year during the aforesaid period of his appointment, the Company will pay Mr. Sharad V. Parekh remuneration, perquisites, benefits and amenities not exceeding the ceiling laid down in Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 as may be decided by the Board of Directors (including its committee thereof), subject to necessary approvals.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT pursuant to the regulation 17(6)(e) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the approval of the Members be and is hereby also accorded to pay the remuneration to Mr. Sharad V. Parekh within the scale as stated above, notwithstanding that the remuneration

payable to him in any year exceeds ₹ 5 crores or 2.5% of the net profits of the Company, whichever is higher or the aggregate annual remuneration of all the Executive Directors exceeds 5% of the net profits of the Company calculated as per the provisions of Section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013, during the currency of his tenure i.e. upto the close of the business hours on August 14, 2020.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company (including its committee thereof) be and are hereby authorized to alter and/or vary the terms and conditions of the said appointment and/or enhance, enlarge, alter or vary the scope and quantum of remuneration, perquisites, benefits and amenities payable to Mr. Sharad V. Parekh in the light of further progress of the Company which shall be within the abovementioned approved scales and in accordance with the prescribed provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force) without any further reference to the members of the Company in General Meeting.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors (including its committee thereof) of the Company be and is hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things and to execute any agreements, documents, instruments and writings as may be required, with power to settle all questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise in regard to the said appointment as it may in its sole discretion deem fit and to delegate all or any of its powers conferred herein to any Director(s) and/or Officer(s) of the Company to give effect to this resolution."

10. To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to regulation 17(1A) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force), based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors of the Company, approval of the members be and is hereby accorded for appointment and continuation of Mr. Sharad V. Parekh (DIN: 00035747), as a Non - Executive and Non - Independent Director of the Company, not liable to retire by rotation with designation as a Chairman of the Company w.e.f. August 15, 2020 upon the terms and conditions set out in the statement annexed to the Notice, notwithstanding his having already attained the age of 75 years, in accordance with provisions of section 152 and any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, including the rules made thereunder.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board (including its committee thereof) be and is hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be deemed necessary, proper or desirable for the purpose of giving effect to this resolution."

11. To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 196, 197, 203 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder, read with the provisions of Schedule V (including any statutory modification(s) thereto or re-enactments thereof, for the time being in force), pursuant to the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and subject to approvals from any statutory authority as may be necessary, approval of the members be and is hereby accorded to re-appoint Mr. Hiten V. Parekh (DIN:00037550) as an Executive Director of the Company, liable to retire by rotation for a period of Five years with effect from April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2025, who shall be designated as mentioned in the terms and conditions below.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT approval of the Members be and is hereby accorded for the payment of remuneration, perquisites, benefits and amenities payable as per the terms and conditions of the agreement to be entered into by Mr. Hiten V. Parekh with the Company for the aforesaid appointment and as set out in the statement annexed to the Notice including the following:

Terms and Conditions of Appointment:

Designation:

Upto the close of the business hours on August 14, 2020	Joint Managing Director
With effect from August 15, 2020	Managing Director

Remuneration:

1. Basic Salary:

Monthly Salary of ₹ 10,43,280/- (Rupees Ten Lakhs Forty Three Thousand Two Hundred and Eighty only) in the scale of ₹ 10,00,000/- to ₹ 22,00,000/- per month, during his tenure of office (first increment falling due on April 1, 2020).

2. Commission:

Mr. Hiten V. Parekh shall be paid commission to the extent of 1% of the net profit of the Company over and above the net profits of ₹ 50.00 Crores for each financial year as calculated under Section 198 and such other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, as may be determined by the Board of Directors (including its committee thereof) from time to time.

Perquisites/allowances:

1. Mr. Hiten V. Parekh shall be entitled to House Rent Allowance not exceeding 50% of the basic salary per month.
2. Leave travel allowance at one month's basic salary, Company cars for official and personal use including fuel, maintenance and other expenses, reimbursement of expenses towards telephones, telefax and other communication facilities at the residence.
3. Other perquisites shall include expenses/reimbursement towards driver's salary, food vouchers, gas, electricity, water, furnishings and repairs, membership fees/subscription of clubs, expenses incurred towards travelling, boarding and lodging including for Mr. Hiten V. Parekh's spouse and attendant(s) during business trips, actual medical expenses incurred in India and / or abroad including hospitalization for self and family, medical insurance (for self and family) and personal accident insurance, term life insurance or any other insurance premium paid as per the policy of the Company.
4. Contribution to Provident fund, Superannuation fund, National Pension Scheme or Annuity fund as per the Rules of the Company to the extent these either singly or put together do not exceed the limit laid down under the Income Tax Act, 1961 or under any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof.
5. Such other perquisites and allowances as per the policy/rules of the Company in force and/or as may be approved by the Board from time to time.

The perquisites shall be valued as per the Income Tax Act, 1961, wherever applicable.

Benefits and Amenities:

1. Gratuity benefits in accordance with the rules and regulations in force in the Company from time to time.
2. Earned/privilege leave, sick leave and casual leave shall be entitled as per the policy of the Company. He shall also be entitled to Leave encashment which shall be as per the policy of the Company.
3. Benefits under loan and other schemes in accordance with the practices, rules and regulations in force in the Company from time to time subject to applicable laws.
4. Reimbursement of entertainment and other business promotion expenses actually incurred by Mr. Hiten V. Parekh in the course of business of the Company.
5. Reimburse or payment of all costs, charges and expenses that may have been or may be incurred by Mr. Hiten V. Parekh for the purpose of or on behalf of the Company.
6. Such other benefits and amenities as may be provided by the Company to other senior officers from time to time.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT in the event of loss or inadequacy of profits in any financial year during the aforesaid period of his appointment, the Company will pay Mr. Hiten V. Parekh remuneration, perquisites, benefits and amenities not exceeding the ceiling laid down in Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 as may be decided by the Board of Directors (including its committee thereof), subject to necessary approvals.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT pursuant to the regulation 17(6)(e) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the approval of the Members be and is hereby also accorded to pay the remuneration to Mr. Hiten V. Parekh within the scale as stated above, notwithstanding that the remuneration payable to him in any year exceeds ₹ 5 crores or 2.5% of the net profits of the Company, whichever is higher or the aggregate annual remuneration of all the Executive Directors exceeds 5% of the net profits of the Company calculated as per the provisions of Section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013, during the currency of his tenure i.e. upto March 31, 2025.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company (which shall be deemed to include its Committee constituted thereof to exercise its powers including the powers conferred by this resolution) be and are hereby authorized to alter and/or vary the terms and conditions of the said appointment and/or enhance, enlarge, alter or vary the scope and quantum of remuneration, perquisites, benefits and amenities payable to Mr. Hiten V. Parekh in

the light of further progress of the Company which shall be within the above mentioned approved scales and in accordance with the prescribed provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force) without any further reference to the members of the Company in General Meeting.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors (including its committee thereof) of the Company be and is hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things and to execute any agreements, documents, instruments and writings as may be required, with power to settle all questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise in regard to the said appointment as it may in its sole discretion deem fit and to delegate all or any of its powers conferred herein to any Director(s) and/or Officer(s) of the Company to give effect to this resolution."

12. To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 196, 197, 203 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder, read with the provisions of Schedule V (including any statutory modification(s) thereto or re-enactments thereof, for the time being in force), pursuant to the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and subject to approvals from any statutory authority as may be necessary, approval of the members be and is hereby accorded to re-appoint Mr. Manish V. Parekh (DIN:00037724) as a Whole Time Director, designated as an Executive Director of the Company, liable to retire by rotation for a period of Five years with effect from April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2025.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT approval of the members be and is hereby accorded for the payment remuneration, perquisites, benefits and amenities payable as per the terms and conditions of the agreement to be entered into by Mr. Manish V. Parekh with the Company for the aforesaid appointment and as set out in the statement annexed to the Notice including the following:

Remuneration:

1. Basic Salary:

Monthly Salary of ₹ 9,86,700/- (Rupees Nine Lakhs Eighty Six Thousand Seven Hundred only) in the scale of ₹ 9,00,000/- to ₹ 20,00,000/- per month, during his tenure of office (first increment falling due on April 1, 2020).

2. Commission:

Mr. Manish V. Parekh shall be paid commission to the extent of 1% of the net profit of the Company over and above the net profits of ₹ 50.00 Crores for each financial year as calculated under Section 198 and such other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, as may be determined by the Board of Directors (including its committee thereof) from time to time.

Perquisites/allowances:

- Mr. Manish V. Parekh shall be entitled to House Rent Allowance not exceeding 50% of the basic salary per month.
- Leave travel allowance at one month's basic salary, Company cars for official and personal use including fuel, maintenance and other expenses, reimbursement of expenses towards telephones, telefax and other communication facilities at the residence.
- Other perquisites shall include expenses/reimbursement towards driver's salary, food vouchers, gas, electricity, water, furnishings and repairs, membership fees/ subscription of clubs, expenses incurred towards travelling, boarding and lodging including for Mr. Manish V. Parekh's spouse and attendant(s) during business trips, actual medical expenses incurred in India and/or abroad including hospitalization for self and family, medical insurance (for self and family) and personal accident insurance, term life insurance or any other insurance premium paid as per the policy of the Company.
- Contribution to Provident fund, Superannuation fund, National Pension Scheme or Annuity fund as per the Rules of the Company to the extent these either singly or put together do not exceed the limit laid down under the Income Tax Act, 1961 or under any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof.
- Such other perquisites and allowances as per the policy/rules of the Company in force and/or as may be approved by the Board from time to time.

The perquisites shall be valued as per the Income Tax Act, 1961, wherever applicable.

Benefits and Amenities:

1. Gratuity benefits in accordance with the rules and regulations in force in the Company from time to time.
2. Earned/ privilege leave, sick leave and casual leave shall be entitled as per the policy of the Company. He shall also be entitled to Leave encashment which shall be as per the policy of the Company.
3. Benefits under loan and other schemes in accordance with the practices, rules and regulations in force in the Company from time to time subject to applicable laws.
4. Reimbursement of entertainment and other business promotion expenses actually incurred by Mr. Manish V. Parekh in the course of business of the Company.
5. Reimburse or payment of all costs, charges and expenses that may have been or may be incurred by Mr. Manish V. Parekh for the purpose of or on behalf of the Company.
6. Such other benefits and amenities as may be provided by the Company to other senior officers from time to time.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT in the event of loss or inadequacy of profits in any financial year during the aforesaid period of his appointment, the Company will pay Mr. Manish V. Parekh remuneration, perquisites, benefits and amenities not exceeding the ceiling laid down in Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 as may be decided by the Board of Directors (including its committee thereof), subject to necessary sanctions and approvals.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT pursuant to the regulation 17(6)(e) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the approval of the Members be and is hereby also accorded to pay the remuneration to Mr. Manish V. Parekh within the scale as stated above, notwithstanding that the remuneration payable to him in any year exceeds ₹ 5 crores or 2.5% of the net profits of the Company, whichever is higher or the aggregate annual remuneration of all the Executive Directors exceeds 5% of the net profits of the Company calculated as per the provisions of Section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013, during the currency of his tenure i.e. up to March 31, 2025.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company (including its committee thereof) be and are hereby authorized to alter and/or vary the terms and conditions of the said appointment and/or enhance, enlarge, alter or vary the scope and quantum of remuneration, perquisites, benefits and amenities payable to Mr. Manish V. Parekh in the light of further progress of the Company which shall be within the above mentioned approved scales and in accordance with the prescribed provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re - enactment thereof, for the time being in force) without any further reference to the members of the Company in General Meeting.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors (including its committee thereof) of the Company be and is hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things and to execute any agreements, documents, instruments and writings as may be required, with power to settle all questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise in regard to the said appointment as it may in its sole discretion deem fit and to delegate all or any of its powers conferred herein to any Director(s) and/or Officer(s) of the Company to give effect to this resolution."

13. To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 196, 197, 203 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder, read with the provisions of Schedule V (including any statutory modification(s) thereto or re-enactments thereof, for the time being in force), pursuant to the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and subject to approvals from any statutory authority as may be necessary, approval of the members be and is hereby accorded to re-appoint Mr. Nayan S. Parekh (DIN:00037597) as a Whole Time Director, designated as an Executive Director of the Company, liable to retire by rotation for a period of Five years with effect from April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2025.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT approval of the members be and is hereby accorded for payment of the remuneration, perquisites, benefits and amenities payable as per the terms and conditions of the agreement to be entered into by Mr. Nayan S. Parekh with the Company for the aforesaid appointment and as set out in the statement annexed to the Notice including the following:

Remuneration:

1. Basic Salary:

Monthly Salary of ₹ 9,24,000/- (Rupees Nine Lakhs Twenty Four Thousand only) in the scale of ₹ 9,00,000/- to ₹ 20,00,000/- per month, during his tenure of office (first increment falling due on April 1, 2020).

2. Commission:

Mr. Nayan S. Parekh shall be paid commission to the extent of 1% of the net profit of the Company over and above the net profits of ₹ 50.00 Crores for each financial year as calculated under Section 198 and such other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, as may be determined by the Board of Directors (including its committee thereof) from time to time.

Perquisites/allowances:

1. Mr. Nayan S. Parekh shall be entitled to House Rent Allowance not exceeding 50% of the basic salary per month.
2. Leave travel allowance at one month's basic salary, Company cars for official and personal use including fuel, maintenance and other expenses, reimbursement of expenses towards telephones, telefax and other communication facilities at the residence.
3. Other perquisites shall include expenses/reimbursement towards driver's salary, food vouchers, gas, electricity, water, furnishings and repairs, membership fees/subscription of clubs, expenses incurred towards travelling, boarding and lodging including for Mr. Nayan S. Parekh's spouse and attendant(s) during business trips, actual medical expenses incurred in India and / or abroad including hospitalization for self and family, medical insurance (for self and family) and personal accident insurance, term life insurance or any other insurance premium paid as per the policy of the Company.
4. Contribution to Provident fund, Superannuation fund, National Pension Scheme or Annuity fund as per the Rules of the Company to the extent these either singly or put together do not exceed the limit laid down under the Income Tax Act, 1961 or under any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof.
5. Such other perquisites and allowances as per the policy/rules of the Company in force and/or as may be approved by the Board from time to time.

The perquisites shall be valued as per the Income Tax Act, 1961, wherever applicable.

Benefits and Amenities:

1. Gratuity benefits in accordance with the rules and regulations in force in the Company from time to time.
2. Earned/ privilege leave, sick leave and casual leave shall be entitled as per the policy of the Company. He shall also be entitled to Leave encashment which shall be as per the policy of the Company.
3. Benefits under loan and other schemes in accordance with the practices, rules and regulations in force in the Company from time to time subject to applicable laws.
4. Reimbursement of entertainment and other business promotion expenses actually incurred by Mr. Nayan S. Parekh in the course of business of the Company.
5. Reimburse or payment of all costs, charges and expenses that may have been or may be incurred by Mr. Nayan S. Parekh for the purpose of or on behalf of the Company.
6. Such other benefits and amenities as may be provided by the Company to other senior officers from time to time.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT in the event of loss or inadequacy of profits in any financial year during the aforesaid period of his appointment, the Company will pay Mr. Nayan S. Parekh remuneration, perquisites, benefits and amenities not exceeding the ceiling laid down in Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 as may be decided by the Board of Directors (including its committee thereof), subject to necessary sanctions and approvals.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT pursuant to the regulation 17(6)(e) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the approval of the Members be and is hereby also accorded to pay the remuneration to Mr. Nayan S. Parekh within the scale as stated above, notwithstanding that the remuneration

payable to him in any year exceeds ₹ 5 crores or 2.5% of the net profits of the Company, whichever is higher or the aggregate annual remuneration of all the Executive Directors exceeds 5% of the net profits of the Company calculated as per the provisions of Section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013, during the currency of his tenure i.e. upto March 31, 2025.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company (including its committee thereof) be and are hereby authorized to alter and/or vary the terms and conditions of the said appointment and/or enhance, enlarge, alter or vary the scope and quantum of remuneration, perquisites, benefits and amenities payable to Mr. Nayan S. Parekh in the light of further progress of the Company which shall be within the above mentioned approved scales and in accordance with the prescribed provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force) without any further reference to the members of the Company in General Meeting.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors (including its committee thereof) of the Company be and is hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things and to execute any agreements, documents, instruments and writings as may be required, with power to settle all questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise in regard to the said appointment as it may in its sole discretion deem fit and to delegate all or any of its powers conferred herein to any Director(s) and/or Officer(s) of the Company to give effect to this resolution."

**By order of the Board
For Nilkamal Limited**

Place: Mumbai
Date: June 28, 2020

**Priti P. Dave
Company Secretary
Membership No: A19469**

Notes:

1. In view of the outbreak of the Covid-19 pandemic, social distancing is a norm to be followed, the Government of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") allowed conducting Annual General Meeting ("AGM") through Video Conferencing ("VC") or Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM") and dispensed personal presence of the Members at the Meeting. Accordingly, the same with MCA issued Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020 read with Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020 and Circular No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 (hereinafter collectively referred to as "MCA Circulars") and Circular No. SEBI/HO/ CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79 dated May 12, 2020 issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (hereinafter referred to as "SEBI Circular") prescribing the procedures and manner of conducting the Annual General Meeting through VC/OAVM. In terms of the said Circulars, the 34th AGM of the Members will be held through VC/OAVM mode. Hence, Members can attend and participate in the AGM through VC/OAVM only. The detailed procedure for participating in the Meeting through VC/OAVM is given herein below.
2. The Explanatory Statement pursuant to the provisions of Section 102 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of the businesses at Item Nos. 3 to 13 above is annexed hereto and forms a part of the Notice.
3. The relevant details of persons seeking appointment/re-appointment under Item Nos. 6 to 13 of the Notice, as required pursuant to Regulation 36 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standard 2 on General Meetings is also annexed.
4. **Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, a Member entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf and the proxy need not be a Member of the Company. Since this AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA Circulars through VC/OAVM, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be available for the AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this Notice.**
5. Institutional / Corporate Shareholders (i.e. other than individuals/HUF, NRI, etc.) are required to send a scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of its Board or governing body Resolution/Authorization etc., authorizing its representative to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM on its behalf and to vote through remote e-voting. The said Resolution/Authorization shall be sent to the Scrutinizer by email through its registered email address to evoting.pms@gmail.com with a copy marked to evoting@nsdl.co.in.
6. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act.
7. The Company's Statutory Auditors, M/s. B S R & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants (ICAI Registration No.101248W/W-100022), were appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company for a period of five (5) consecutive years at the

AGM of the Members held on June 30, 2018 on the remuneration to be determined by the Board of Directors. Pursuant to the amendment made by the Companies (Amendment) Act, 2017, effective from May 7, 2018, it is no longer necessary to seek the ratification of the shareholders for continuance of the above appointment. Hence, the Company is not seeking the ratification of the shareholders for the appointment of the Statutory Auditors.

8. Members holding shares in dematerialized form are requested to register their latest Bank Account details (Core Banking Solutions enabled Account Number, 9 digit MICR and 11 digit IFSC code) with their Depository Participant. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to provide the above details, along with their Folio Number, to the Company's Registrar and Transfer Agents, M/s. Link Intime India Private Limited.
9. Members holding shares in dematerialized form are requested to intimate any changes pertaining to their name, address, registered email id, bank details, NECS, mandates, nominations, power of attorney, etc. to their Depository Participant. Changes intimated to the Depository Participant will be automatically reflected in the Company's records. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to intimate any of the above mentioned changes, alongwith the request for merging of folio etc., to the Company's Registrar and Transfer Agents, M/s. Link Intime India Private Limited.
10. For the purpose of availing Nomination facility, members holding shares in dematerialised form are required to lodge the nomination with their Depository Participant and members holding shares in physical form are required to fill and submit Form SH-13 (available on request) with the Company's Registrar and Transfer Agents, M/s. Link Intime India Private Limited.
11. As per Regulation 40 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, securities of listed companies can be transferred only in dematerialized form with effect from April 1, 2019, except in case of request received for transmission or transposition of securities. In view of this and to eliminate all risks associated with physical shares and for ease of portfolio management, Members holding shares in physical form are requested to consider converting their holdings to dematerialized form.
12. Members, wishing to claim dividends, which remain unclaimed for the financial years 2012-2013 onwards, are requested to write to the Company's Registrar and Transfer Agents, M/s. Link Intime India Private Limited at C-101, 247 Park, L.B.S. Marg, Vikhroli West, Mumbai: 400083. It may be noted that once such unclaimed dividends are transferred on expiry of seven years to the Investor Education and Protection Fund, no claim shall lie in respect thereof. Further, shares on which the dividend remains unclaimed for seven consecutive years will also be transferred to the IEPF Suspense Account in accordance with the Section 124 of the Act, and the applicable Rules. The shares transferred to the IEPF Suspense Account can be claimed back by the concerned shareholders from the IEPF Authority after complying with the procedure prescribed under the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016.
13. Any request for revalidation of dividend warrant(s) by any member of the Company may be directed to the Company or its Registrar and Transfer Agents, M/s. Link Intime India Private Limited.
14. In compliance with the aforesaid MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular, Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2019-20 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/Depositories. Members may note that the Notice and Annual Report 2019-20 will also be available on the Company's website www.nilkamal.com, websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com respectively and on the website of e-voting agency NSDL at the website address www.evoting.nsdl.com.
15. The Company has appointed National Securities Depository Limited ("NSDL"), to provide VC/OAVM facility for the AGM and the attendant enablers for conducting of the AGM.
16. **Instructions for the Members for attending the AGM through Video Conference:**
 - 1) Members will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through video conferencing platform provided by NSDL. Members may access the same at www.evoting.nsdl.com under "shareholders/members" login by using the remote e-voting credentials. The link for AGM will be available in shareholder/members login where the EVENT and the name of the Company can be selected. Please note that the Members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-voting or have forgotten the User ID and Password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-Voting instructions mentioned in the notice. Further, Shareholders can also use the OTP based login for logging into the e-voting system of NSDL.
 - 2) Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops with Google Chrome for better experience.
 - 3) Further, Members will be required to allow camera, if any, and hence use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the Meeting.

- 4) Please note that participants connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to fluctuations in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 5) Facility of joining the AGM through VC / OAVM shall open 30 minutes before the time scheduled for the AGM and will be available for Members on first come first served basis.
- 6) Shareholders who would like to express their views/have questions, may send their questions in advance mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at investor@nilkamal.com on or before August 6, 2020. The same will be replied by the Company suitably.
- 7) Members who would like to express their views or ask questions during the AGM may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request from their registered email address mentioning their name, DP ID and Client ID/folio number, PAN, mobile number at investor@nilkamal.com from August 4, 2020 (9:00 a.m. IST) to August 6, 2020 (5:00 p.m. IST). Those Members who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the AGM. The Company will select the speakers on first come first serve basis. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of speakers depending on the availability of time for the AGM.
- 8) Members who need assistance before or during the AGM, can contact NSDL on evoting@nsdl.co.in / 1800-222-990 or contact Mr. Amit Vishal, Senior Manager – NSDL at amitv@nsdl.co.in / 022-24994360 or Ms. Pallavi Mhatre, Manager - NSDL at pallavid@nsdl.co.in/022-2499 4545.

17. The instructions for shareholders voting electronically are as under:

In compliance with provisions of Section 108 of the Act, read with the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 44 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Company is pleased to provide its Members, the facility to exercise their right to vote on resolutions proposed to be considered at the 34th AGM by electronic means and the business may be transacted through remote e-Voting Services. The facility of casting the votes by the Members using an electronic voting system will also be provided at the AGM by NSDL.

Members who have voted through remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the AGM but will not be eligible to vote thereat.

1. The remote e-voting period commences on Tuesday, August 11, 2020 at 9.00 a.m. and ends on Thursday, August 13, 2020, at 5.00 p.m. During this period, the Members of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialised form, as on the cut - off date of Friday, August 7, 2020, may cast their vote by remote e-voting. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. Those Members, who will be present at the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not cast their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-voting, shall be eligible to vote through e-voting system during the AGM.
2. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by the Member, such Member will not be allowed to change it subsequently.
3. A person who is not a Member as on cut-off date should treat this Notice for information purpose only.
4. A person, whose name is recorded in the register of Members or in the register of beneficial owners maintained by the depositories as on the cut-off date, viz., Friday, August 7, 2020 only shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-voting as well as voting at the AGM through electronic voting system.
5. Mr. Pratik M. Shah (FCS 7431, CP 7401) Practicing Company Secretary, has been appointed as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.

The Scrutinizer shall, immediately after the conclusion of voting at the AGM, first count the votes cast during the AGM, thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting and make, not later than 48 hours of conclusion of the AGM, a consolidated Scrutinizer's Report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the Chairman or a person authorised by him in writing, who shall countersign the same.

The Results declared along with the report of the Scrutiniser will be placed on the website of the Company www.nilkamal.com and on the website of NSDL i.e. www.evoting.nsdl.com immediately after the declaration of result by the Chairman or Managing Director or any one Director of the Company. The results shall also be immediately forwarded to BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited, where the equity shares of the Company are listed.

6. Subject to receipt of requisite number of votes, the Resolutions shall be deemed to have been passed on the date of the AGM i.e. August 14, 2020.

7. How to vote electronically using NSDL e-voting system?

The way to vote electronically on NSDL e-voting system consists of "Two Steps" which are mentioned below:

Step 1: Log-in to NSDL e-voting system at <https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/>

How to Log-in to NSDL e-voting website?

1. Visit the e-voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile.
2. Once the home page of e-voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder / Members' section.
3. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID, your Password and a Verification Code as shown on the screen.

Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL e-services i.e. IDEAS, you can log-in at www.evoting.nsdl.com/ with your existing IDEAS login. Once you log-in to NSDL e-services after using your log-in credentials, click on e-voting and you can proceed to Step 2 i.e. cast your vote electronically.

4. Your User ID details are given below:

Manner of holding shares i.e. Demat (NSDL or CDSL) or Physical	Your User ID is:
a) For Members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.	8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID For example if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is 12***** then your user ID is IN300***12*****.
b) For Members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL.	16 Digit Beneficiary ID For example if your Beneficiary ID is 12***** then your user ID is 12*****.
c) For Members holding shares in Physical Form.	EVEN Number followed by Folio Number registered with the company For example if folio number is 001*** and EVEN is 113169 then user ID is 113169001***

5. Your password details are given below:

- a. If you are already registered for e-voting, then you can use your existing password to login and cast your vote.
- b. If you are using NSDL e-voting system for the first time, you will need to retrieve the 'initial password' which was communicated to you. Once you retrieve your 'initial password', you need to enter the 'initial password' and the system will force you to change your password.
- c. How to retrieve your 'initial password'?
 - i) If your email ID is registered in your demat account or with the Company, your 'initial password' is communicated to you on your email ID. Trace the email sent to you from NSDL from your mailbox. Open the email and open the attachment i.e. a .pdf file. Open the .pdf file. The password to open the .pdf file is your 8 digit client ID for NSDL account, last 8 digits of client ID for CDSL account or folio number for shares held in physical form. The .pdf file contains your 'User ID' and your 'initial password'.
 - ii) If your email ID is not registered, please follow steps mentioned below in **process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered**.

6. If you are unable to retrieve or have not received the 'initial password' or you have forgotten your password:

- a) Click on "**Forgot User Details/Password?**" (If you are holding shares in your demat account with NSDL or CDSL) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
- b) **Physical User Reset Password?** (If you are holding shares in physical mode) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
- c) If you are still unable to get the password by aforesaid two options, you can send a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in mentioning your demat account number/folio number, your PAN, your name and your registered address.
- d) Members can also use the OTP (One Time Password) based login for casting the votes on the e-Voting system of NSDL.

7. After entering your password, tick on Agree to "Terms and Conditions" by selecting on the check box.
8. Now, you will have to click on "Login" button.
9. After you click on the "Login" button, Home page of e-voting will open.

Step 2: Cast your vote electronically on NSDL e-voting system

How to cast your vote electronically on NSDL e-voting system?

1. After successful login at Step 1, you will be able to see the Home page of e-voting. Click on "e-voting". Then, click on "Active Voting Cycles".
2. After clicking on "Active Voting Cycles", you will be able to see all the companies "EVEN" in which you are holding shares and whose voting cycle is in active status.
3. Select "EVEN" of "Nilkamal Limited."
4. Now you are ready for e-voting as the Voting page opens.
5. Cast your vote by selecting appropriate options i.e. "Assent" or "Dissent", verify/ modify the number of shares for which you wish to cast your vote and click on "Submit" and also "Confirm" when prompted.
6. Upon confirmation, the message "Vote cast successfully" will be displayed.
7. You can also take the printout of the votes cast by you by clicking on the "print" option on the confirmation page.
8. Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

18. The instructions for Members for e-voting at the AGM:

1. The procedure for e-voting at the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.
2. As mentioned hereinabove, only those Shareholders, who will be present at the AGM through VC/ OAVM facility and who have not cast their vote by remote voting prior to the AGM and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-voting system at the AGM.
3. Shareholders who have voted through remote e-voting will be eligible to attend the AGM and their presence shall be counted for the purpose of quorum, however such Shareholders shall not be entitled to cast their vote again at the AGM.

19. Process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered with the depositories for procuring user id and password and registration of e mail ids for e-voting for the resolutions set out in this notice:

1. In case shares are held in physical mode please provide Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to investor@nilkamal.com

In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DPID-CLID (16 digit DPID + CLID or 16 digit beneficiary ID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to investor@nilkamal.com.

2. Alternatively member may send an e-mail request to evoting@nsdl.co.in for obtaining User ID and Password by proving the details mentioned in Point (1) or (2) as the case may be.

20. General Guidelines for Shareholders

1. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the "Forgot User Details/Password?" or "Physical User Reset Password?" option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.
 2. In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Shareholders and e-voting user manual for Shareholders available at the download section of www.evoting.nsdl.com or call on toll free no.: 1800-222-990 or send a request to Ms. Pallavi Mhatre, Manager - NSDL at evoting@nsdl.co.in
 3. In case of any grievances connected with facility for e-voting, please contact Ms. Pallavi Mhatre, Manager, NSDL, 4th Floor, 'A' Wing, Trade World, Kamala Mills Compound, Senapati Bapat Marg Lower Parel, Mumbai 400 013. Email Id: evoting@nsdl.co.in/pallavid@nsdl.co.in, Tel: 91 22 2499 4545/ 1800-222-990
21. The Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under section 170 of the Act, the Register of Contracts or arrangements in which the Directors are interested under Section 189 of the Act and all other documents referred to in the Notice will be available for inspection in electronic mode on NSDL portal.

22. Since the AGM will be held through VC/OAVM, the Route Map is not annexed in this Notice.

By order of the Board
For Nilkamal Limited

Place: Mumbai
Date: June 28, 2020

Priti P. Dave
Company Secretary
Membership No: A19469

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Item No. 3

The Board of Directors of the Company, on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, had approved the appointment and remuneration of M/s. B. F. Modi and Associates to conduct the audit of the Cost Records of the Company for the financial year 2020-2021. In terms of provisions of Section 148(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 14(a)(ii) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditor alongwith the reimbursement of expenses incurred towards the audit is required to be ratified by the Members of the Company. Accordingly, consent of the Members is sought to ratify the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors.

No Director, Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives, are interested or concerned in the resolution.

The Board recommends the resolution set forth in Item No. 3 for the approval of the members.

Item No. 4

The existing Articles of Association ('Articles') of the Company are based on the provisions of the erstwhile Companies Act, 1956 and the same do not contain many provisions as provided under the Companies Act, 2013 and also does not contain provisions regarding appointment of any Person as Chairman Emeritus.

In light of the provisions of the Act, while amending the Articles, the Articles of the Company are required to be as per the form specified in Table F in Schedule I to the Act. The provisions contained in the new Articles, apart from the provisions regarding Chairman Emeritus, are proposed to be kept in line with requirement of the Companies Act, 2013 and accordingly, the Board at its meeting held on June 28, 2020 has accorded its consent to adopt new set of Articles.

Pursuant to the provisions of section 14 of the Act, approval of shareholders of the Company by special resolution is required for adoption of the new Articles to replace the existing Articles and accordingly, the approval of the shareholders is being sought for the adoption of the new Articles.

A copy of the proposed new Articles to be adopted is available for inspection by the members at the registered office and Corporate Office of the Company during normal business hours (10.00 am to 5.00 pm) on all working days (except Saturdays and Sundays) upto the date of the Annual General Meeting and is also available on the website of the Company at www.nilkamal.com.

None of the Directors or key managerial personnel or their relatives are concerned or interested, financially or otherwise in this resolution.

The Board recommends the resolution set forth in Item No. 4 for the approval of the members.

Item No. 5

Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh a multifaceted individual who is the Co-founder and one of the promoter of Nilkamal Limited has completed inter science from Mumbai University and has over six decades of experience in the plastics industry. He has been instrumental in upholding core organisational values and adoption of best governance practices. He played an instrumental role in shaping the Company. Under his guidance and leadership the Company has achieved new heights. He is actively involved in various philanthropic and charitable activities and initiatives and have always made modest contributions to the society by building strong communities.

Further, as a process of Board restructuring, Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh expressed his desire to relinquish his position as a member of the Board and also as a Non-Executive Chairman effective from the close of the business hours on August 14, 2020 i.e. the date of the Annual General Meeting.

Pursuant to the recommendation of the members of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee vide its meeting dated June 28, 2020, your Board of Directors are of the opinion that continued association of Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh, in a mentor role, would add goodwill to the Company, and the Board, its Sub-committees and the Management would

immensely benefit out of his tremendous experience, knowledge and wisdom in the business of the Company and the industry to which the Company belongs. Pursuant to the approval of the members of the Audit Committee in their meeting held on June 28, 2020, the Board of Directors, at their meeting held on June 28, 2020, considered the appointment of Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh, as Chairman Emeritus of the Company, effective from August 15, 2020, till the time he resigns from the position and payment of emoluments to him as mentioned below, subject to the enabling provisions of the new Articles of Association of the Company, the Act, and approval of the shareholders. As Chairman Emeritus, Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh, will not be a member of the Board, but will be invited to attend the meetings of Board and its Sub - Committees and shall not have any voting rights.

The emoluments to Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh shall be as follows:-

- Car with driver.
- Reimbursement of medical expenses to him & his wife in India or abroad, including hospitalization, nursing home, surgical charges and, incase of medical treatment abroad, airfare and boarding / lodging expenses for him and his wife alongwith their attendant.
- He is entitled to maintain his office at Company's expense and is also allowed reimbursement of expenses incurred in performance of his duties.

The appointment of Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh, as Chairman Emeritus and payment of emoluments to him is pursuant to the provisions of Section 188 of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

The information as required in accordance with Rule 15 of Companies (Meetings of Board & its Powers) Rules, 2014, as well as pursuant to Section 102 of the Act is as under:

- (a) Name of the related party: Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh;
- (b) Name of the Director or Key Managerial Personnel who is related: Mr. Sharad V. Parekh, Managing Director, Mr. Hiten V. Parekh – Joint Managing Director & Mr. Manish V. Parekh, Executive Director;
- (c) Nature of relationship: Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh is brother of Mr. Sharad V. Parekh, Managing Director and father of Mr. Hiten V. Parekh – Joint Managing Director & Mr. Manish V. Parekh, Executive Director and one of the Promoters of the Company. Mr. Vamarai V. Parekh is himself holding 132,900 equity shares in the Company, constituting 0.89% of the paid - up equity share capital of the Company.
- (d) Nature, material terms, monetary value and particulars of the contract or arrangement:

He will hold office as Chairman Emeritus effective from August 15, 2020, till the time he resigns from such position. He will be an advisor/ mentor to the Board, the Company and the Management. He will be paid emoluments as stated above and shall not have any voting rights at the Board or Committee Meetings.

Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh is interested in the resolution set out at Item No. 5 of the Notice. Mr. Sharad V. Parekh, Hiten V. Parekh & Mr. Manish V. Parekh – Executive Directors being related to Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh may be deemed to be interested in the said Item.

Other relatives of Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh may be deemed to be interested in the resolution set out at Item No. 5 of the Notice to the extent of their shareholding interest, if any, in the Company.

Save and except the above, none of the other Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives are interested or concerned in the resolution.

The Board recommends the resolution set forth in Item no. 5 for the approval of the members.

Item No. 6 & 7

Mr. Mihir H. Parekh (DIN: 07308466), who was appointed as an Additional Director of the Company w.e.f. February 1, 2020 pursuant to the provisions of Section 161 and other applicable provisions of the Act, holds office up to the date of this Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company or the last date on which the AGM should have been held, whichever is earlier and is eligible for appointment as Director of the Company. In terms of Section 160 of the Act, the Company has received a notice in writing from a Member signifying his intention to propose the candidature of Mr. Mihir H. Parekh for the office of Director, liable to determination for retirement by rotation.

Mr. Mihir H. Parekh has furnished consent/declaration for his appointment as required under the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

The Board of Directors of the Company ('Board'), at its Meeting held on January 29, 2020 based on the recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee ('NRC') of the Company and subject to the approval of Members, approved the appointment of Mr. Mihir H. Parekh (DIN: 07308466) as a Whole Time Director, designated as an Executive Director of

the Company for a period of Five years with effect from February 1, 2020 to January 31, 2025, on the terms & conditions including remuneration as may be decided by the Board/NRC of the Board from time to time subject to such necessary sanctions and approvals as may be applicable. It is proposed to seek Members' approval for appointment and payment of remuneration to Mr. Mihir H. Parekh as a Whole Time Director, designated as an Executive Director of the Company, in terms of the applicable provisions of the Act.

Mr. Mihir H. Parekh, Vice President (head Bubble Guard) is associated with the Company w.e.f. June 1, 2015 and since then he has been groomed in the Company. He holds a degree of B.E. (Hons) Engineering Business Management from the University of Warwick, UK and MSc Management degree from the London Business School UK. Prior to joining the Company, he had hands on working experience with organizations of national and international repute, wherein he had gained business and management expertise. Hence, considering his capabilities the Management proposes to appoint him as a Whole time Director on the Board of the Company.

Broad particulars of the remuneration payable to Mr. Mihir H. Parekh as an Executive Director of the Company are mentioned in the resolution forming part of this Notice and the other terms and conditions of the appointment of Mr. Mihir H. Parekh are briefly mentioned as under:

1. Mr. Mihir H. Parekh shall devote his whole time and attention to the business of the Company and carry out such duties as may be entrusted to him by the Board from time to time. Subject to the supervision and control of the Board, the Executive Director be entrusted with substantial powers of management which are in connection with and in the best interests of the business of the Company and the business of any one or more of its associated companies and/or subsidiaries, including performing duties as assigned by the Board from time to time by serving on the boards of such associated companies and/or subsidiaries or any other executive body or any committee of such a Company.
2. The Executive Director shall not except in the proper course of performance of his duties during or at any time after the period of his employment or as may be required by law divulge to any person whatever or otherwise make use of and shall use his best endeavours to prevent the publication or disclosure of any Confidential Information of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or associated companies or any of its or their suppliers, agents, distributors or customers.
3. The office of the said Executive Director shall be liable to determination by retirement of Directors by rotation pursuant to the provisions of section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Articles of Association of the Company.
4. This Agreement may be terminated earlier by either Party by giving to the other Party Three months' notice of such termination or the Company paying Three months' remuneration in lieu of such notice.

Mr. Mihir H. Parekh satisfies all the conditions as set out in Part I of Schedule V as also under sub-section 3 of Section 196 of the Companies Act, 2013 for being eligible to be appointed as an Executive Director of the Company. He is not disqualified from being appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013. Mr. Mihir H. Parekh is not debarred from holding the office of Director pursuant to any SEBI order. The draft of the Agreement to be executed between the Company and Mr. Mihir H. Parekh, as approved by the Board of Directors is available for inspection by the members at the registered office of the Company on any working day, during the usual business hours and a digital copy of the same will also be available at the Meeting.

Regulation 17(6)(e) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, prescribe that the fee or compensation payable to all the Executive Directors who are promoters or members of the promoter group, shall be subject to the approval of the Shareholders by special resolution in General Meeting, if the the remuneration payable to any such Executive Director in any year exceeds ₹ 5 crores or 2.5% of the net profits of the Company, whichever is higher or the aggregate annual remuneration of all the Executive Directors exceeds 5% of the net profits of the Company calculated as per the provisions of Section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013, during the currency of the tenure of the Executive Director. Hence, the approval of the members is sought by way of a special resolution for item 7 wherein the remuneration of Mr. Mihir H. Parekh, Executive Director of the Company is being approved.

Mr. Mihir H. Parekh is interested in the resolution set out at Item No. 6 & 7 of the Notice. Mr. Hiten V. Parekh – Joint Managing Director, being related to Mr. Mihir H. Parekh may be deemed to be interested in the said Item.

Other relatives of Mr. Mihir H. Parekh may be deemed to be interested in the resolution set out at Item No. 6 & 7 of the Notice to the extent of their shareholding interest, if any, in the Company.

Save and except the above, none of the other Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives are interested or concerned in the resolution.

The Board recommends the resolutions set forth in Item no. 6 & 7 for the approval of the members.

Item No. 8

The Members of the Company on August 8, 2017 approved the appointment of Mr. K. Venkataramanan as an Independent Director of the Company upto the conclusion of the Thirty Fourth Annual General Meeting of the Company.

The Board on recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, in their meeting held on June 28, 2020 and on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of Independent Directors, have recommended the re-appointment of Mr. K. Venkataraman as an Independent Director of the Company, not liable to retire by rotation, for a further period of 5 (five) years from the date of this Annual General Meeting i.e. from August 14, 2020 till August 13, 2025.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 149(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, an Independent Director shall be eligible for re-appointment on passing of a Special Resolution by the Company. Further, the sub - regulation 17(1A) of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 mandates that no listed entity shall appoint a person or continue the directorship of any person as a Non-Executive Director who has attained the age of 75 years, unless a Special Resolution is passed to that effect. Mr. K. Venkataraman has attained the age of 75 years on December 11, 2019 and hence his re - appointment would require the approval of members by way of a special resolution.

Mr. K. Venkataraman is a distinguished Alumni of IIT, Delhi. He was associated with L&T for over four decades, and was appointed as a Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director on April 1, 2012 and retired from the said position on September 30, 2015. He is the first Asian to become the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Engineering & Construction Risk Institute Inc., USA. He is an Honorary Fellow of the Institute of Chemical Engineers, UK - the world's most reputed body in chemical engineering space. He is also a Fellow of the Indian Institute of Chemical Engineers and was the Chairman of the Capital Goods Committee of FICCI. He has received numerous awards and accolades at national and international levels. His expertise and contribution to the Company on business strategy and finance is of immense value to the Company.

Mr. K. Venkataraman is not disqualified from being appointed as Director in terms of Section 164 of the Act and any other applicable law prescribed by SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. All the necessary consents, disclosures alongwith declaration has been received from Mr. K. Venkataraman that he meets the criteria of Independence prescribed under Section 149(6) of the Act read with the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 16 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

The Board confirms that Mr. K. Venkataraman fulfils the conditions for re-appointment as an Independent Director as specified in the Companies Act, 2013, the rules framed thereunder and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and that he is independent of the management of the Company.

Further, the Company has also received a notice in writing pursuant to the provisions of Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013 from a member proposing his candidature for re-appointment as an Independent Director.

Copy of draft appointment letters setting out the terms and conditions of his re-appointment are available for inspection by the members at the Registered Office of the Company.

Save and except Mr. K. Venkataraman and his relatives, none of the other Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and relatives thereof, are in any way concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution set forth in Item No. 8 of this Notice.

The Board recommends the resolution set forth in Item no. 8 for the approval of the members.

Item No. 9 & 10

Mr. Sharad V Parekh, aged 75 years, the co-founder of Nilkamal Group has completed inter commerce from Mumbai University and has over Five decades of experience in the plastics industry. An expert in providing solutions to any industry's mode of handling, assembling, storing and transporting its products, he has to be credited for pioneering the material handling business namely Crate & Bins in India. With his vast experience and expertise, he has introduced and provided customized material handling solutions catering to the varied requirements of the industries of almost all sectors for over more than three decades, which thus has enabled Nilkamal to emerge as a market leader in Material handling space in India. He is also member of several organizations related to plastics business and is actively involved in other social activities.

The Members of the Company at the Annual General Meeting held on August 4, 2015, based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) and the Board of Directors of the Company ('Board'), had accorded their approval by way of an Special Resolution to the appointment Mr. Sharad V. Parekh (DIN: 00035747) as the Managing Director of the Company for a period of Five years commencing from April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2020.

Further, the Board, at its meeting held on January 29, 2020, based on the recommendation of the NRC of the Company and subject to the approval of Members, approved the Re - appointment of Mr. Sharad V. Parekh (DIN: 00035747) as the Managing Director of the Company, not liable to determination for retirement by rotation, for a period of Five years with effect from April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2025, on the terms & conditions including remuneration as may be decided by the Board/NRC of the Board from time to time subject to such necessary sanctions and approvals as may be applicable.

Subsequently, on June 28, 2020 as a part of Board restructuring, the Board of Directors of the Company accepted the resignation of Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh from the position of Directorship & Chairmanship of the Company w.e.f. the

conclusion of this Annual General Meeting and Mr. Sharad V. Parekh, decided to step down from the position of Managing Director w.e.f. the close of the business hours on August 14, 2020 and accept the position of Non - Executive Chairman of the Company and continue his role as mentor to the Company at Business level as well as providing strategic direction for the future growth of the company.

Accordingly, the Board of Directors at its meeting held on June 28, 2020, on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, approved the change in status of Mr. Sharad V. Parekh from Managing Director to Non-Executive Director of the Company effective from August 15, 2020, with the designation as the Chairman of the Company. Hence, it is proposed to seek Members' approval for appointment of Mr. Sharad V. Parekh as Managing Director of the Company, in terms of the applicable provisions of the Act for a shorter period commencing from 1st April, 2020 till the close of the business hours on August 14, 2020 alongwith the appointment of Mr. Sharad V. Parekh as the Non - Executive Director of the Company, to be designated as the Chairman of the Company w.e.f. August 15, 2020. Further, the Board of Directors also approved that as the tenure of Mr. Sharad V. Parekh ends w.e.f. the close of the business hours on August 14, 2020 and due to the current market conditions of Covid 19, pandemic, Mr. Sharad V. Parekh shall not be paid any commission for the FY 2020-2021 i.e. for the period starting from April 1, 2020 to the close of the business hours on August 14, 2020. As per the Articles of Association of the Company Mr. Sharad V. Parekh is a permanent director on the Board of the Company.

Further, pursuant to Regulation 17(1A) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, with effect from April 1, 2019, no listed entity shall appoint a person or continue the Directorship of any person as a Non-Executive Director who has attained the age of 75 years, unless a special resolution is passed to that effect. Since Mr. Sharad V. Parekh, (DIN: 00035747), has already attained the age of 75 years, consent of the members by way of special resolution is sought by the Company.

Broad particulars of the remuneration payable to Mr. Sharad V. Parekh as a Managing Director of the Company are mentioned in the resolution forming part of this Notice and the other terms and conditions of the appointment of Mr. Sharad V. Parekh for a period from April 1, 2020 till the close of the business hours on August 14, 2020 are briefly mentioned as under:

1. Mr. Sharad V. Parekh shall devote his whole time and attention to the business of the Company and carry out such duties as may be entrusted to him by the Board from time to time. Subject to the supervision and control of the Board, the Joint Managing Director be entrusted with substantial powers of management which are in connection with and in the best interests of the business of the Company and the business of any one or more of its associated companies and / or subsidiaries and / or joint venture companies.
2. The Managing Director shall not, except in the proper course of performance of his duties during or at any time after the period of his employment or as may be required by law, divulge to any person whatever or otherwise make use of and shall use his best endeavours to prevent the publication or disclosure of any Confidential Information of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or associated or joint venture companies or any of its or their suppliers, agents, distributors or customers.
3. The office of the said Managing Director shall not be liable to determination for retirement by rotation pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Articles of Association of the Company.
4. This Agreement may be terminated earlier by either Party by giving to the other Party Three months' notice of such termination or the Company paying Three months' remuneration in lieu of such notice.

Mr. Sharad V. Parekh has already attained the age of 70 years and hence his re- appointment as Managing Director from April 1, 2020 till the close of the business hours on August 14, 2020 would requires the approval of the members by way of Special Resolution pursuant to the provisions of Section 196 read with Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013. The contents of text of the Special Resolution are self-explanatory in so far as terms and conditions of appointment are concerned.

Except the above, Mr. Sharad V. Parekh satisfies all the conditions as set out in Part I of Schedule V as also under sub-section 3 of Section 196 of the Companies Act, 2013 for being eligible to be appointed as the Managing Director of the Company. He is not disqualified from being appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013. Mr. Sharad V. Parekh is not debarred from holding the office of Director pursuant to any SEBI order. The draft of the Agreement to be executed between the Company and Mr. Sharad V. Parekh, as approved by the Board of Directors is available for inspection by the members at the registered office of the Company on any working day, during the usual business hours and a digital copy of the same will also be available at the Meeting.

Further Regulation 17(6)(e) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 prescribe that the fee or compensation payable to all the Executive Directors who are promoters or members of the promoter group, shall be subject to the approval of the Shareholders by special resolution in General Meeting, if the remuneration payable to any such Executive Director in any year exceeds ₹ 5 crores or 2.5% of the net profits of the Company, whichever is higher or the aggregate annual remuneration of all the Executive Directors exceeds 5% of the net profits of the Company calculated as per the provisions of Section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013, during the currency of the tenure of the Executive Director. Hence, the approval of the members is sought by way of a special resolution for item 9 wherein the remuneration of Mr. Sharad V. Parekh, Joint Managing Director of the Company is being approved.

Further, after stepping down from the post of Managing Director w.e.f the close of the business hours on August 14, 2020, Mr. Sharad V. Parekh shall continue as a Non - Executive Director who shall be designated as Chairman of the Company. Hence taking into account Mr. Sharad V. Parekh's invaluable contribution to the Company for over Three decades, the Board, at its meeting held on June 28, 2020 decided that in addition to the sitting fee as may be payable to him as Non-Executive Director, to facilitate him functioning as Non-Executive Chairman, Mr. Sharad V. Parekh may be extended certain facilities as Chairman of the Company from August 15, 2020. These facilities are:

- Car & driver, telephone & communication facilities and club membership.
- Reimbursement of medical expenses in India or abroad, including hospitalization, nursing home, surgical charges and, in case of medical treatment abroad, airfare and boarding / lodging expenses for him and his attendant.
- Maintain an office with staff at the Company's expense.
- reimburse expenses incurred for official purposes, such as travelling expenses, entertainment expenses etc.

Such reimbursements would not amount to 'remuneration'.

Mr. Sharad V. Parekh is interested in the resolution set out at Item No. 9 & 10 of the Notice. Mr. Nayan S. Parekh – Executive Director and Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh - Chairman, being related to Mr. Sharad V. Parekh may be deemed to be interested in the said Item.

Other relatives of Mr. Sharad V. Parekh may be deemed to be interested in the resolution set out at Item No. 9 & 10 of the Notice to the extent of their shareholding interest, if any, in the Company.

Save and except the above, none of the other Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives are interested or concerned in the resolution.

The Board recommends the resolution set forth in Item No. 9 & 10 for the approval of the members.

Item No. 11

The Members of the Company at the Annual General Meeting held on August 4, 2015, based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) and the Board of Directors of the Company ('Board'), had accorded their approval by way of an Ordinary Resolution to the appointment Mr. Hiten V. Parekh (DIN: 00037550) as an Executive Director of the Company for a period of Five years commencing from April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2020. Subsequently at the Annual General Meeting held on August 11, 2016, the members re-designated Mr. Hiten V. Parekh (DIN: 00037550) as the 'Joint Managing Director' of the Company with effect from November 2, 2015 for the remaining tenure of his appointment i.e. till March 31, 2020, on the same terms and conditions including remuneration as approved earlier by the Members.

The Board, at its meeting held on January 29, 2020, based on the recommendation of the NRC of the Company and subject to the approval of Members, approved the re - appointment of Mr. Hiten V. Parekh (DIN: 00037550) as the Joint Managing Director of the Company for a period of Five years with effect from April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2025, liable to determination for retirement by rotation, on the terms & conditions including remuneration as may be decided by the Board/NRC of the Board from time to time subject to such necessary sanctions and approvals as may be applicable. Further, the Board of Directors at its meeting held on June 28, 2020, on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, approved the elevation of Mr. Hiten V. Parekh as the Managing Director of the Company w.e.f. August 15, 2020 for the remaining period of his appointment i.e. upto March 31, 2025 on the same terms & conditions including remuneration thereof. Hence, it is proposed to seek Members' approval for appointment and payment of remuneration to Mr. Hiten V. Parekh as stated above in terms of the applicable provisions of the Act.

Mr. Hiten V. Parekh, aged 57 years, holds a bachelor's degree in Commerce from Mumbai University and a Diploma in Quality Systems and Management. He is associated with the Company since incorporation and has over 35 years of rich experience in the manufacturing sector. He overlooks the functions of several of its factories located across the country and acts as checkpoint for quality control and assurance of the Company's products, which has enabled the Company to uphold its status as a quality market leader in the industry and has also helped to gain several awards to the Company. He is one amongst the first few persons in the plastics processing industry to extend the Company's business out of India and took a step forward by setting up business at Sri Lanka. He is also instrumental in launching the Company's retail business of lifestyle furniture, furnishing and accessories under the brand name '@home' and the Company's foray into mattress business under the brand name 'Nilkamal Mattrezzz'. Keeping in view the efforts and rich experience possessed by him, approval of the members is sought for passing the special resolution as set out in Item No. 11 of the Notice.

Broad particulars of the remuneration payable to Mr. Hiten V. Parekh as the Joint Managing Director of the Company are mentioned in the resolution forming part of this Notice and the other terms and conditions of his appointment are briefly mentioned as under:

1. Mr. Hiten V. Parekh shall devote his whole time and attention to the business of the Company and carry out such duties as may be entrusted to him by the Board from time to time. Subject to the supervision and control of the Board, the Joint Managing Director be entrusted with substantial powers of management which are in connection with and in the best interests of the business of the Company and the business of any one or more of its associated companies and / or subsidiaries and/or joint venture companies including performing duties as

- assigned by the Board from time to time by serving on the boards of such associated companies and / or subsidiaries and / or joint venture companies or any other executive body or any Committee of such a Company.
2. The Joint Managing Director shall not, except in the proper course of performance of his duties during or at any time after the period of his employment or as may be required by law, divulge to any person whatever or otherwise make use of and shall use his best endeavours to prevent the publication or disclosure of any Confidential Information of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or associated or joint venture companies or any of its or their suppliers, agents, distributors or customers.
 3. The office of the said Joint Managing Director shall be liable to determination for retirement by rotation pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Articles of Association of the Company.
 4. This Agreement may be terminated earlier by either party by giving to the other party Three months' notice of such termination or the Company paying three months' remuneration in lieu of such notice.

Mr. Hiten V. Parekh satisfies all the conditions as set out in Part I of Schedule V as also under sub - section 3 of Section 196 of the Companies Act, 2013 for being eligible to be appointed as the Joint Managing Director of the Company. He is not disqualified from being appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013. Mr. Hiten V. Parekh is not debarred from holding the office of Director pursuant to any SEBI order. The draft of the Agreement to be executed between the Company and Mr. Hiten V. Parekh, as approved by the Board of Directors is available for inspection by the members at the registered office of the Company on any working day, during the usual business hours and a digital copy of the same will also be available at the Meeting.

Further, Regulation 17(6)(e) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 prescribe that the fee or compensation payable to all the Executive Directors who are promoters or members of the promoter group, shall be subject to the approval of the Shareholders by special resolution in general meeting, if the remuneration payable to any such Executive Director in any year exceeds ₹ 5 crores or 2.5% of the net profits of the Company, whichever is higher or the aggregate annual remuneration of all the Executive Directors exceeds 5% of the net profits of the Company calculated as per the provisions of Section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013, during the currency of the tenure of the Executive Director. Hence the approval of the members is sought by way of a special resolution for item 11 wherein the remuneration of Mr. Hiten V. Parekh, Joint Managing Director of the Company is being approved.

Mr. Hiten V. Parekh is interested in the resolution set out at Item No. 11 of the Notice. Mr. Manish V. Parekh & Mihir H. Parekh – Executive Directors and Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh - Chairman, being related to Mr. Hiten V. Parekh may be deemed to be interested in the said Item.

Other relatives of Mr. Hiten V. Parekh may be deemed to be interested in the resolution set out at Item No. 11 of the Notice to the extent of their shareholding interest, if any, in the Company.

Save and except the above, none of the other Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives are interested or concerned in the resolution.

The Board recommends the resolution set forth in Item No. 11 for the approval of the members.

Item No. 12

The Members of the Company at the Annual General Meeting held on August 4, 2015, based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) and the Board of Directors of the Company ('Board'), had accorded their approval by way of an Ordinary Resolution to the appointment Mr. Manish V. Parekh (DIN: 00037724) as an Executive Director of the Company for a period of Five years commencing from April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2020.

Further, the Board, at its meeting held on January 29, 2020, based on the recommendation of the NRC of the Company and subject to the approval of Members, approved the Re - appointment of Mr. Manish V. Parekh (DIN: 00037724) as an Executive Director of the Company for a period of Five years with effect from April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2025, liable to determination for retirement by rotation, on the terms & conditions including remuneration as may be decided by the Board/NRC of the Board from time to time subject to such necessary sanctions and approvals as may be applicable. It is proposed to seek Members' approval for appointment and payment of remuneration to Mr. Manish V. Parekh as an Executive Director of the Company, in terms of the applicable provisions of the Act.

Mr. Manish V. Parekh, aged 51 years, holds a bachelor's degree in commerce from Mumbai University. He has also undertaken a program of Owner/ President Management (OPM) from the Harvard Business School. He has around 3 decades of rich experience in the field of marketing and overlooks the furniture and '@home' business of the Company. He is the pillar behind the enormous dealer network which is responsible for catering to requirements from the remotest region of the country. His seamless zeal has helped the Company to become a market leader in the country and one of the largest producer of moulded plastic furniture in the world. He is instrumental in launching the Company's retail business of lifestyle furniture, furnishing and accessories under the brand name '@home' and the Company's foray into mattress business under the brand name 'Nilkamal Mattrezzz'. In order to have his continued able guidance, approval of the members is sought for passing the special resolution as set out in Item No. 12 of the Notice.

Broad particulars of the remuneration payable to Mr. Manish V. Parekh as an Executive Director of the Company are mentioned in the resolution forming part of this Notice and the other terms and conditions of his appointment are briefly mentioned as under:

1. Mr. Manish V. Parekh shall devote his whole time and attention to the business of the Company and carry out such duties as may be entrusted to him by the Board from time to time. Subject to the supervision and control of the Board, the Executive Director be entrusted with substantial powers of management which are in connection with and in the best interests of the business of the Company and the business of any one or more of its associated companies and / or subsidiaries and/or joint venture companies including performing duties as assigned by the Board from time to time by serving on the boards of such associated companies and / or subsidiaries and / or joint venture companies or any other executive body or any Committee of such a Company.
2. The Executive Director shall not, except in the proper course of performance of his duties during or at any time after the period of his employment or as may be required by law, divulge to any person whatever or otherwise make use of and shall use his best endeavours to prevent the publication or disclosure of any Confidential Information of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or associated or joint venture companies or any of its or their suppliers, agents, distributors or customers.
3. The office of the said Executive Director shall be liable to determination for retirement by rotation pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Articles of Association of the Company.
4. This Agreement may be terminated earlier by either Party by giving to the other Party Three months' notice of such termination or the Company paying Three months' remuneration in lieu of such notice.

Mr. Manish V. Parekh satisfies all the conditions as set out in Part I of Schedule V as also under sub-section 3 of Section 196 of the Companies Act, 2013 for being eligible to be appointed as the Executive Director of the Company. He is not disqualified from being appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013. Mr. Manish V. Parekh is not debarred from holding the office of Director pursuant to any SEBI order. The draft of the Agreement to be executed between the Company and Mr. Manish V. Parekh, as approved by the Board of Directors is available for inspection by the members at the registered office of the Company on any working day, during the usual business hours and a digital copy of the same will also be available at the Meeting.

Further, Regulation 17(6)(e) of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Retirements) Regulations, 2015 prescribe that the fee or compensation payable to all the Executive Directors who are promoters or members of the promoter group, shall be subject to the approval of the Shareholders by special resolution in General Meeting, if the remuneration payable to any such Executive Director in any year exceeds ₹ 5 crores or 2.5% of the net profits of the Company, whichever is higher or the aggregate annual remuneration of all the Executive Directors exceeds 5% of the net profits of the Company calculated as per the provisions of Section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013, during the currency of the tenure of the Executive Director. Hence, the approval of the members is sought by way of a special resolution for item 12 wherein the remuneration of Mr. Manish V. Parekh, Executive Director of the Company is being approved.

Mr. Manish V. Parekh is interested in the resolution set out at Item No. 12 of the Notice. Mr. Hiten V. Parekh – Joint Managing Director and Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh - Chairman, being related to Mr. Manish V. Parekh may be deemed to be interested in the said Item.

Other relatives of Mr. Manish V. Parekh may be deemed to be interested in the resolution set out at Item No. 12 of the Notice to the extent of their shareholding interest, if any, in the Company.

Save and except the above, none of the other Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives are interested or concerned in the resolution.

The Board recommends the resolution set forth in Item No. 12 for the approval of the members.

Item No. 13

The Members of the Company at the Annual General Meeting held on August 4, 2015, based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) and the Board of Directors of the Company ('Board'), had accorded their approval by way of an Ordinary Resolution to the appointment Mr. Nayan S. Parekh (DIN: 00037597) as an Executive Director of the Company for a period of Five years commencing from April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2020.

Further, the Board, at its meeting held on January 29, 2020, based on the recommendation of the NRC of the Company and subject to the approval of Members, approved the re - appointment of Mr. Nayan S. Parekh (DIN: 00037597) as an Executive Director of the Company for a period of Five years with effect from April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2025, liable to determination for retirement by rotation, on the terms & conditions including remuneration as may be decided by the Board/NRC of the Board from time to time subject to such necessary sanctions and approvals as may be applicable. It is proposed to seek Members' approval for appointment and payment of remuneration to Mr. Nayan S. Parekh as an Executive Director of the Company, in terms of the applicable provisions of the Act.

Mr. Nayan S. Parekh, aged 48 years, has a bachelor's degree in plastic engineering from the University of Massachusetts, United States of America. He has also undertaken a program of Owner/ President Management (OPM) from the Harvard Business School. He has on his hands rich experience of 24 years in various fields. He is responsible for looking into the operations of various factories and overlooks the Company's Material Handling business and is steering Nilkamal to a strong position in the Material Handling industry which in its own is a revolution in the industry. Mr. Nayan S. Parekh is the brain behind setting up the Company's Joint Venture Viz. Nilkamal Bito Storage Systems Private Limited – the Joint Venture with Bito Lagertechnik Bittmann GmbH, Germany and Cambro Nilkamal Private Limited – the Indo US Joint Venture with Cambro Manufacturing Co..He is also foremost in establishing the Company's profitable subsidiary viz NCB - FZE at Ajman,

which is a free trade zone. Hence, keeping in view his vast experience and leadership quality, approval of the members is sought for passing the special resolution as set out in Item No. 13 of the Notice.

Broad particulars of the remuneration payable to Mr. Nayan S. Parekh as an Executive Director of the Company are mentioned in the resolution forming part of this Notice and the other terms and conditions of his appointment are briefly mentioned as under:

1. Mr. Nayan S. Parekh shall devote his whole time and attention to the business of the Company and carry out such duties as may be entrusted to him by the Board from time to time. Subject to the supervision and control of the Board, the Executive Director be entrusted with substantial powers of management which are in connection with and in the best interests of the business of the Company and the business of any one or more of its associated companies and / or subsidiaries and/or joint venture companies including performing duties as assigned by the Board from time to time by serving on the boards of such associated companies and / or subsidiaries and / or joint venture companies or any other executive body or any Committee of such a Company.
2. The Executive Director shall not, except in the proper course of performance of his duties during or at any time after the period of his employment or as may be required by law, divulge to any person whatever or otherwise make use of and shall use his best endeavours to prevent the publication or disclosure of any Confidential Information of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or associated or joint venture companies or any of its or their suppliers, agents, distributors or customers.
3. The office of the said Executive Director shall be liable to determination for retirement by rotation pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Articles of Association of the Company.
4. This Agreement may be terminated earlier by either Party by giving to the other Party Three months' notice of such termination or the Company paying Three months' remuneration in lieu of such notice.

Mr. Nayan S. Parekh satisfies all the conditions as set out in Part I of Schedule V as also under sub-section 3 of Section 196 of the Companies Act, 2013 for being eligible to be appointed as an Executive Director of the Company. He is not disqualified from being appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013. The draft of the Agreement to be executed between the Company and Mr. Nayan S. Parekh, as approved by the Board of Directors is available for inspection by the members at the registered office of the Company on any working day, during the usual business hours and a digital copy of the same will also be available at the Meeting.

Further, Regulation 17(6)(e) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 prescribe that the fee or compensation payable to all the Executive Directors who are promoters or members of the promoter group, shall be subject to the approval of the Shareholders by special resolution in general meeting, if the remuneration payable to any such Executive Director in any year exceeds ₹ 5 crores or 2.5% of the net profits of the Company, whichever is higher or the aggregate annual remuneration of all the Executive Directors exceeds 5% of the net profits of the Company calculated as per the provisions of Section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013, during the currency of the tenure of the Executive Director. Hence, the approval of the members is sought by way of a special resolution for item 13 wherein the remuneration of Mr. Nayan S. Parekh, Executive Director of the Company is being approved.

Mr. Nayan S. Parekh is interested in the resolution set out at Item No. 13 of the Notice. Mr. Sharad V. Parekh – Managing Director, being related to Mr. Nayan S. Parekh may be deemed to be interested in the said Item.

Other relatives of Mr. Nayan S. Parekh may be deemed to be interested in the resolution set out at Item No. 13 of the Notice to the extent of their shareholding interest, if any, in the Company.

Save and except the above, none of the other Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives are interested or concerned in the resolution.

The Board recommends the resolution set forth in Item No. 13 for the approval of the members.

**By order of the Board
For Nilkamal Limited**

Place: Mumbai
Date: June 28, 2020

**Priti P. Dave
Company Secretary
Membership No.: A19469**

**DETAILS OF DIRECTOR SEEKING APPOINTMENT/RE-APPOINTMENT OR VARIATION IN TERMS OF REMUNERATION
AT THE ENSUING ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING**

(Pursuant to Regulation 36 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standard 2 on General Meetings)

Name of the Director	Mr. Mihir H. Parekh	Mr. K. Venkatramanan	Mr. Sharad V. Parekh
DIN	07308466	00001647	00035747
Item No.	6 & 7	8	9 & 10
Date of Birth	December 25, 1991	December 11, 1944	May 6, 1945
Date of first appointment on Board	February 1, 2020	November 5, 2016	June 14, 1990
Qualifications	Details provided in Explanatory statement		
Expertise			
Terms and conditions of appointment or reappointment	The details are provided in the resolution at Item nos. 6 & 7 of this notice.	The details are provided in the resolution at Item no. 8 of this notice.	The details are provided in the resolution at Item nos. 9 & 10 of this notice.
Details of remuneration last drawn (FY 2019-2020)	Details of remuneration is provided in Report on Corporate Governance forming a part of Annual Report for the FY 2019-2020.		
*Directorships held in other public companies	None	1. Kirloskar Pneumatic Company Limited 2. Vedanta Limited 3. Landt Welfare Company Limited	None
**Memberships/Chairmanships of Committees* in other public Companies.	None	<u>Membership in Audit Committee:</u> 1. Kirloskar Pneumatic Company Limited <u>Membership in Stakeholders' Relationship Committee:</u> 1. Vedanta Limited	None
Number of Board Meetings attended during financial year.	*** N.A.	5	5
Relation with other Directors & Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) of the Company.	Mr. Mihir H. Parekh is the son of Mr. Hiten V. Parekh.	Mr. K. Venkataramanan is not related to any of the other Directors & KMP.	Mr. Sharad V. Parekh is father of Mr. Nayan S. Parekh and Brother of Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh.
No of shares held in the Company	131,900	Nil	120,800

* Directorships in Private Limited Companies, Foreign Companies and Section 8 companies and their Committee memberships are excluded.

** Membership and Chairmanship of only Audit Committees and Stakeholders' Relationship Committees have been included in the aforesaid table.

*** Appointed as a Director w.e.f. February 1, 2020 and hence was not a Director as on the date of the last Board Meeting held on January 29, 2020 for the FY 2019 - 2020.

Name of the Director	Mr. Hiten V. Parekh	Mr. Manish V. Parekh	Mr. Nayan S. Parekh
DIN	00037550	00037724	00037597
Item No.	11	12	13
Date of Birth	May 27, 1963	February 2, 1969	March 8, 1972
Date of first appointment on Board	December 9, 1985	April 1, 2000	April 1, 2000
Qualifications	Details provided in Explanatory statement		
Expertise			
Terms and conditions of appointment or reappointment	The details are provided in the resolution at Item no.11 of this notice.	The details are provided in the resolution at Item no. 12 of this notice.	The details are provided in the resolution at Item no. 13 of this notice.
Details of remuneration last drawn (FY 2019-2020)	Details of remuneration is provided in Report on Corporate Governance forming a part of Annual Report for the FY 2019-2020.		
*Directorships held in other public companies	*** Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited (formerly known as Nilkamal Bito Storage Private Limited)	*** Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited (formerly known as Nilkamal Bito Storage Private Limited)	*** Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited (formerly known as Nilkamal Bito Storage Private Limited)
**Memberships/Chairmanships of Committees* in other public Companies.	None	None	None
Number of Board Meetings attended during financial year.	5	5	5
Relation with other Directors & Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) of the Company.	Mr. Hiten V. Parekh is the son of Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh, brother of Mr. Manish V. Parekh and father of Mr. Mihir H. Parekh.	Mr. Manish V. Parekh is the son of Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh and brother of Mr. Hiten V. Parekh	Mr. Nayan S. Parekh is the son of Mr. Sharad V. Parekh
No of shares held in the Company	1,892,258	1,551,563	2,189,704

* Directorships in Private Limited Companies, Foreign Companies and Section 8 companies and their Committee memberships are excluded.

** Membership and Chairmanship of only Audit Committees and Stakeholders' Relationship Committees have been included in the aforesaid table.

*** Includes Directorship in Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited (formerly known as Nilkamal Bito Storage Systems Private Limited), being deemed to be public limited Company since it is subsidiary of Nilkamal Limited.

Important note of the shareholders

Some important notes pertaining to dividend and shares of the shareholders are given below. The shareholders can access the same on the Company's website at the below links:

1. The details of dividend which has remained unpaid/ unclaimed for the past Seven consecutive years can be viewed on the Company's website at <https://nilkamal.com/unclaimed-unpaid-dividend/>
2. The details of the members whose shares have been transferred to the IEPF authority is available on the Company's website at <https://nilkamal.com/shares-transferred-to-iepf-suspense-account/>
3. The details of the members whose shares are liable to be transferred to the IEPF authority is available on the Company's website at <https://nilkamal.com/shares-transferred-to-iepf-suspense-account/>.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS TO THE SHAREHOLDERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020.

Dear Members,

Your Directors are pleased to present the 34th Annual Report and the Audited Statement of Accounts for the financial year ended March 31, 2020.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE:

The financial performance of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2020 is summarised below:-

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	2019 - 2020	2018 - 2019
Revenue and Other Income	209,236.12	232,127.53
Profit before Depreciation, Amortisation and Tax	24,871.38	20,832.49
Less: Depreciation and Amortisation charges	9,051.14	4,964.07
Profit before Tax	15,820.24	15,868.42
Less: Taxes	3,619.09	4,745.50
Profit after Tax	12,201.15	11,122.92
Add : Other Comprehensive Income	(162.78)	(122.94)
Total Comprehensive Income	12,038.37	10,999.98
Opening balance in Retained Earnings	45,589.42	36,783.59
Amount available for appropriation	57,627.79	47,783.57
Interim Dividend	2,238.38	596.90
ii) Final Dividend	1,343.03	1,343.03
iii) Total Tax on Dividend	663.87	339.13
Transfer to General Reserve	-	-
Closing balance in Retained Earnings	52,570.25	45,589.42
Earnings Per Share (₹)	81.76	74.54
Cash Earnings Per Share (₹)	142.42	107.80
Book Value per Share (₹)	639.03	592.65

YEAR IN RETROSPECT

2019 was a challenging year with unfavourable macros, slowdown in infrastructure activities and then Covid - 19. The general consumer sentiments has also been weak though we have managed to remain stable.

Revenue from operations of your Company has decreased by 10 % over the previous year to ₹ 208,147.38 lacs. Whereas the profit after tax increased by 10% over the previous year to ₹ 12,201.15 lacs which is due to opting of lower rate of tax. The plastic business has a volume and value de-growth of 11% and 11% respectively.

'@home' - the Company's retail business of lifestyle furniture, furnishing and accessories, recorded a turnover of ₹ 21,511.31 lacs for the current financial year and also achieved EBITDA of ₹ 1,554.87 lacs. Your Company's performance has been discussed in detail in the "Management Discussion and Analysis Report".

RESERVES

There is no amount proposed to be transferred to Reserves out of profits of the financial year 2019 -2020.

DIVIDEND

During the year under review, your Company had declared interim dividend twice, the First interim dividend of ₹ 5 per equity share (50%) on November 13, 2019 and the Second interim dividend of ₹ 10 per equity share (100%) on March 14, 2020, thus aggregating to ₹ 15 per equity share (150%) for the financial year 2019 - 2020. Considering the aforesaid interim dividends, the Company has not recommended any final dividend for the financial year 2019 - 2020 on the equity shares of the Company.

The aforesaid dividend pay-out for year under review is in accordance with the Company's policy on Dividend Distribution which is linked to long term growth objectives of your Company to be met by internal cash accruals. The Dividend Distribution Policy of the Company can be viewed on the Company's website at the following weblink : <https://nilkamal.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/11/Dividend-Distribution-Policy.pdf>

The total outflow during the year on account of the two interim dividends & final dividend of financial year 2018 - 2019 which was paid during the financial year 2019 - 2020 (including distribution tax, surcharge and education cess) amounts to ₹ 4,245.28 lacs.

SHARE CAPITAL

The Company's paid-up Equity Share Capital continues to stand at ₹ 1,492.25 lacs as on March 31, 2020.

During the year, the Company has not issued any shares or convertible securities. The Company does not have any Scheme for issue of shares including sweat equity to the employees or Directors of the Company.

MEETINGS

During the year, five Board meetings were convened and held in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and as per Secretarial Standards -1, the details of which are given in the Corporate Governance Report.

AWARDS AND CERTIFICATIONS

Your Company has received the following awards/ certifications during the year under review:

- The Company was awarded the "Asia's most trusted brand Awards 2019" by IBC Info Media Pvt. Ltd, a division of International Brand Consulting Corporation, USA for its furniture business.
- The Company Pudukcherry unit was awarded with the "GreenCo Silver, 2019" by Confederation of Indian Industry (CII) - Shorabji Godrej Green Business Centre in recognition of Company's efforts towards adoption of "Green Practices" and being environment friendly which leads to proper management and control of our product, process and Systems w.r.t to Conservation of Natural Resources.
- The Company has also received "India Manufacturing Excellence Award 2019" issued by Frost and Sullivans for its Hosur Unit, which certifies the enhanced Manufacturing and supply chain Excellence.
- Company has obtained ISO-50001:2011 TUV - SUD, Mumbai certification for all its units for Design & Manufacturing of Injection and Roto Moulded Crates, Furniture, Pallets, Custom Moulding and Customised Plastics Fabrication and welding of Crates.
- The Company's unit at Hosur has obtained ISO 45001: 2018 from TUV SUD South Asia Private Limited for its implementation of health and safety management system.
- The Company's Metal Plant at Hosur was also honoured 2nd position in the POKE-YOKE (Mistake Proofing) competition organised by Confederation of Indian Industry (CII), Institute of Quality at Pune.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR)

The Company is committed to Corporate Social Responsibility and strongly believes that the business objectives of the Company must be in congruence with the legitimate development needs of the society in which it operates.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), your Company has constituted a CSR Committee to monitor the CSR activities of the Company. The Company's CSR policy is placed on the Company's website at <https://nilkamal.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/01/CSR-Policy.pdf>

The Company has contributed an amount of ₹ 338 lacs towards various CSR activities mainly focused in the areas of promotion of education & healthcare, animal welfare, rural development and providing affordable homes and sanitation facilities, alongwith undertaking other activities in terms of Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013. The said activities were carried out by its Implementing Agency viz. Nilkamal Foundation - a Section 8 Company directly or through contribution to NGO's for various projects.

The Annual Report on CSR activities is annexed herewith as "Annexure A".

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS

Material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company between the end of the financial year and date of this report are given below.

GLOBAL PANDEMIC – COVID-19

Due to outbreak of COVID-19 pandemic globally and consequent lockdown imposed by the Government of India from March 23, 2020 to curb its wide spread, a massive economic disruption and social distress has been witnessed in India. The Company's proactive implementation of Business Continuity Plan and Emergency Preparedness Plan at the enterprise level ensured not only the safety of its work force but also smooth, uninterrupted and secure business and service continuity. There was an impact on the Company's business during the month of March, 2020. Further, considering the wide spread and varying degree of intensity of pandemic across the country where the Company operates, the economic impact during FY 2021 seems evident across the industry. The management is closely analyzing and monitoring the situation and getting adequately prepared to emerge stronger in the longer term.

BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY REPORT

As required pursuant to the Regulation 34(2)(f) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 your Company has prepared a Business Responsibility Report (BRR) for the financial year 2019-2020, which forms part of this Annual Report. The said report is hosted on the Company's website, which can be accessed at <https://nilkamal.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/07/BUSINESS-RESPONSIBILITY-REPORT-2019-20.pdf>

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS REPORT

A separate section on corporate governance practices followed by the Company, together with a certificate from the auditors confirming its compliance, forms a part of this Annual Report, as per SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Further, as per Regulation 34(2)(e) read with Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, a Management Discussion and Analysis report also forms a part of this report.

CREDIT RATING

The Credit Ratings of the Company for all the debt instruments as on March 31, 2020 is as below: -

Bank Facilities	Rating
Long Term Bank Facilities	CARE AA; Stable (Double A)
Short Term Bank Facilities	CARE A1+ (A One Plus)

SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT VENTURES

During the year under review, the Company has acquired the balance 50% stake in its erstwhile Joint Venture, Nilkamal Bito Storage Systems Private Limited, which has now become a Wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. This was by way of purchase of equity shares from Bito Lagertechnik Bittmann GmbH, Germany, the Joint venture Partner of the Company.

Further the Company's subsidiary at Sri Lanka viz. Nilkamal Eswaran Plastics Private Limited, Sri Lanka (NEPPL), had placed a buy back offer to its existing shareholders. The Company did not opt to give its shares and hence subsequent to the said buy back of shares by NEPPL from its other existing shareholders, it resulted in increase in the percentage of shareholding of the Company in its Subsidiary from 76.00% to 96.28 %.

As on March, 2020, your Company has now four direct subsidiaries: Nilkamal Foundation – a Section 8 Company and Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited (Formerly known as Nilkamal Bito Storage Systems Private Limited) in India, Nilkamal Eswaran Plastics Private Limited at Sri Lanka and Nilkamal Crates and Bins – FZE at UAE and one step-down subsidiary: Nilkamal Eswaran Marketing Private Limited at Sri Lanka; and One Joint Venture Company viz; Cambro Nilkamal Private Limited, which is the Indo - US Joint Venture.

There has been no material change in the nature of business of the said companies.

In terms of proviso to sub section (3) of Section 129 of the Act, the salient features of the financial statement of the subsidiaries is set out in the prescribed form AOC-1, which forms part of the Annual Report.

In accordance with third proviso of Section 136(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Annual Report of the Company, containing therein its standalone and the consolidated financial statements has been placed on the website of the Company, www.nilkamal.com. Further, as per fourth proviso of the said section, audited annual accounts of each of the subsidiary companies have also been placed on the website of the Company, www.nilkamal.com.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS

Your Company has not given any Loans or Guarantees covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION POLICY OF THE COMPANY

The Board has, on the recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee framed a policy relating to remuneration of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, Senior Management Personnel and other employees, alongwith the criteria for appointment and removal of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Personnel of the Company. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee is fully empowered to determine /approve and revise, subject to necessary approvals, the remuneration of managerial personnel, after taking into account the financial position of the Company, trends in the industry, qualifications, experience, past performance and past remuneration, etc. The Non - Executive Directors are paid sitting fees for every meeting of the Board and its Committees attended by them. The Board has also formulated and adopted the policy on the " Succession Planning Policy for the

Board & Senior Management". The Nomination and Remuneration Policy of the Company is available on the website of the Company at https://nilkamal.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/01/Nomination-and-Remuneration-Policy_11052018.pdf

STATUTORY AUDITORS AND AUDITORS' REPORT

Pursuant to provisions of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, M/s. B S R & Co. LLP, having ICAI Registration No. 101248W/ W-100022 were appointed as the Statutory Auditors for a second term of five years to hold office from the conclusion of 32nd Annual General Meeting up to the conclusion of the 37th Annual General Meeting of the Company.

The requirement of seeking ratification of the members for continuance of Statutory Auditors appointment has been withdrawn consequent upon the changes made by the Companies (Amendment) Act, 2017 w.e.f. May 7, 2018. Hence, the resolution seeking ratification of the members for their appointment is not being placed at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

The Statutory Auditor has confirmed their eligibility and submitted the certificate in writing that they are not disqualified to hold the office of the statutory auditor. Further, in terms of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 the Auditors have confirmed that they hold a valid certificate issued by the Peer Review Board of the ICAI.

The Auditors' Report to the Members on the Accounts of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2020 is a part of the Annual Report. The said Audit Report does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark. During the year 2020, the Auditors had not reported any matter under Section 143(12) of the Act, therefore no detail is required to be disclosed under Section 134(3)(ca) of the Act.

COST AUDITOR

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules 2014, M/s. B. F. Modi and Associates, Cost Accountants, were appointed as the Cost Auditors of the Company to carry out audit of the cost records of the Company for the financial year 2019 - 2020. They, being eligible and willing to be re-appointed as Cost Auditors, were appointed as the Cost Auditors of the Company for the financial year 2020 - 2021 by the Board of Directors, upon the recommendation of the Audit Committee.

The resolution seeking ratification of the remuneration to the said cost auditors for the financial year 2020 - 2021 is set out in the Notice calling the 34th Annual General Meeting of the Company.

The Cost Auditors have certified that their appointment is within the limits of Section 141(3)(g) of the Companies Act, 2013 and that they are not disqualified from appointment within the meaning of the said Act.

SECRETARIAL AUDITOR

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013, and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, Mr. Pratik M. Shah, Practising Company Secretary was appointed as the Secretarial Auditor of the Company to undertake the Secretarial Audit in the prescribed form MR- 3 for the financial year 2019 - 2020. The Secretarial Auditor's report to the members is annexed to this report as "Annexure B".

Explanations for the observations made by Secretarial Auditor, Mr. Pratik M. Shah, Practising Company Secretary in Secretarial Audit Report:

During the year under review, there was a delay in submission of voting results to the Stock Exchanges by one day for the Postal Ballot convened on March 24, 2019. The Company has paid the fine towards the same. The intimation was unintentionally delayed for which the Board has taken into knowledge and consideration

A Secretarial Compliance Report for the financial year ended March 31, 2020 on compliance of all applicable SEBI regulations and circulars/guidelines issued thereunder, was obtained from Mr. Pratik M. Shah, Practising Company Secretary, and submitted to both the stock exchanges.

During the year 2019, your Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

The Extracts of the annual return in Form MGT 9 as required under Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 12 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 has been annexed herewith as "Annexure C" and also placed on the website of the Company at weblink – <https://nilkamal.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/07/MGT-9-31-03-2020.pdf>

DIRECTORS' AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

The Board of your Company is duly constituted in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Pursuant to the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and the applicable provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Mr. K. Venkataramanan (DIN: 00001647) is re - appointed as an Independent Non - Executive Director for a second term of Five years from the date of Annual General meeting i.e. from August 14, 2020 till August 13, 2025 and the said resolution is placed for the approval of the Members through a special resolution in the Notice of the 34th Annual General Meeting.

Further, pursuant to the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and the applicable provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Mr. Mihir H. Parekh was appointed as an Additional Director w.e.f. February, 1 2020 and pursuant to the provisions of Section 161 of the Act, Mr. Mihir H. Parekh holds office till the date of the ensuing Annual General Meeting and is eligible for appointment as Director of the Company. He was also appointed as a Whole - time Director, to be designated as an Executive Director for a period of Five years with effect from February 1, 2020 to January 31, 2025 of the Company subject to approval of the members at the Annual General Meeting.

Further, based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board at its meeting held on January 29, 2020, re - appointed Mr. Sharad V. Parekh (DIN: 00035747), as the Managing Director, Mr. Hiten V. Parekh (DIN: 00037550), as the Joint Managing Director, Mr. Manish V. Parekh (DIN: 00037724) and Mr. Nayan S. Parekh (DIN: 00037597) as Executive Directors for a period of Five years, effective from April 1, 2020, subject to approvals of the members at the Annual General Meeting.

Subsequently, on June 28, 2020 as a part of Board restructuring, the Board of Directors of the Company accepted the resignation of Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh from the position of Directorship & Chairmanship of the Company effective from the close of the business hours on August 14, 2020. The Board placed on record its sincere appreciation for the phenomenal contribution made by him during his association over Thirty years with the Company as a Director and Chairman. Further, after considering the contribution made by Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh towards the growth of the Company, the Board appointed him as the Chairman Emeritus of the Company, effective from August 15, 2020.

As a part of the said restructuring, Mr. Sharad V. Parekh, decided to step down from the position of Managing Director of the Company from the close of business hours on August 14, 2020 and accept the position of Non - Executive Chairman of the Company w.e.f. August 15, 2020. Further, Mr. Hiten V. Parekh shall be elevated to the position of Managing Director of the Company w.e.f. August 15, 2020, subject to approval of the members at this Annual General Meeting.

Further, the Company has received declarations from all the Independent Directors stating that they meet the criteria of independence as given under Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the relevant provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. In the opinion of the Board, they fulfill the condition for appointment/re - appointment as Independent Directors on the Board.

The Independent Directors of the Company have registered themselves with the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs, Manesar ('IICA') as required under Rule 6 of Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014. Further, as required to be disclosed under Rule 8(5)(iiiia) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the Board is satisfied with the integrity, expertise and experience, (including the proficiency) of Mr. K. Venkataramanan, Independent Director who is being re-appointed at this Annual General Meeting.

Further, in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Manish V. Parekh (DIN: 00037724), Director of the Company, retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible has offered himself for re - election.

The required information of the Directors being appointed/re - appointed, pursuant to the provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, forms part of the Annual Report.

There was no change in the composition of the Board of Directors and the Key Managerial Personnel, except as stated above.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

To the best of their knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations obtained by them, your Directors confirm the following statements in terms of Section 134(3) (c) of the Companies Act, 2013:

- (a) that in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed and that no material departures have been made from the same;
- (b) that they have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the Company for that period;

- (c) that they have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (d) that the annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis;
- (e) that they have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively;
- (f) that they have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

CASH FLOW AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As required under the regulation 34 (2)© of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, a cash flow statement is part of the Annual Report 2019 - 2020. Further, the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year 2019 - 2020 are prepared in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Act, Accounting Standards and as prescribed by SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The said Financial Statements have been prepared on the basis of the audited financial statements of the Company, its subsidiaries and joint venture companies as approved by their respective Boards of Directors.

ADEQUACY OF RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

The Board of Directors have adopted an Enterprise Risk Management Policy framed by the Company, which identifies the risk and lays down the risk minimization procedures. These procedures are periodically reviewed to ensure that executive management controls risk through means of a properly defined framework.

VIGIL MECHANISM / WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

The Company has in place a Whistle Blower Policy with a view to provide a mechanism for its Directors/ employees to approach the Chairman of the Audit Committee, in case of any grievances or concerns related to fraud and mismanagement, if any. The details of the said Policy is explained in the Corporate Governance Report and also posted on the website of the Company at <https://nilkamal.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/01/Whistle-Blower-Policy.pdf>

DISCLOSURE AS PER SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

An Internal Complaints Committee has been constituted by the Company in line with the provisions of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder to redress complaints received on sexual harassment. During the financial year under review, the Company has not received any complaints of sexual harassment.

Further, the Company is committed to protect women against sexual harassment at work place. More than 40 workshops covering approximately 600 employees were conducted at different locations, to create awareness on Prevention of Sexual Harassment at workplace. The workshops will contribute towards realisation of women's right to gender equality, life and liberty and equality in working conditions everywhere. The Company believes that the sense of security at the workplace will improve women's participation in work, resulting in their economic empowerment and inclusive growth.

This year on the occasion of Women's Day, the Company had organised Self Defence Camp for women employees at the Corporate Office in Mumbai.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Your Company has formulated a Policy on materiality of dealing with related party transactions which is available at https://nilkamal.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/03/Policyonmaterialityofanddealingwithrelatedparty_290120191.pdf

All the related party transactions are placed before the Audit Committee for their review and approval. Further, prior omnibus approval of the Audit Committee is obtained for related party transactions of repetitive nature and entered into in the ordinary course of business at an arms' length basis.

Further, the Company has not entered into any material related party transaction during the year under review. Accordingly, the disclosure of related party transactions as required under Section 134(3)(h) of the Act, in Form AOC-2 is not applicable to your Company.

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 134 (2) (p) of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Board of Directors has undertaken an annual evaluation of its own performance, performance of its various Committees and individual Directors. The details of the said evaluations have been mentioned in the Report on Corporate Governance.

TRANSFER TO IEPF

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 ("The Rules"), the Company had sent individual notices and also advertised in the newspapers seeking action from the shareholders who have not claimed their dividends for past seven consecutive years i.e for final dividend of the financial year ended 2011 - 2012, and thereafter, had transferred such unpaid or unclaimed dividends and corresponding 1,395 equity shares held by 13 shareholders to the IEPF Authority on October 11, 2019.

Shareholders /claimants whose shares, unclaimed dividend, have been transferred to the aforesaid IEPF Suspense Account or the Fund, as the case may be, may claim the shares or apply for refund by making an application to the IEPF Authority in Form IEPF-5 (available on <http://www.iepf.gov.in>) along with requisite fee as decided by the IEPF Authority from time to time.

Further, the Company shall be transferring the unclaimed Dividend for the financial year 2012 - 2013 to the IEPF Account on or before September 10, 2020. The Company shall also be transferring the shares, on which the dividend has remained unclaimed for a period of seven consecutive years, to the IEPF Account simultaneously on the same date. The Company has sent individual letters to the shareholders for claiming the said dividend and has also advertised the same in the newspapers in accordance to the Rules. Members are therefore requested to ensure that they claim the dividends referred above, before they are transferred to the said Fund.

Details of shares /shareholders in respect of which dividend has not been claimed, are provided on our website at <https://nilkamal.com/unclaimed-unpaid-dividend/> . The shareholders are therefore encouraged to verify their records and claim their dividends of all the earlier seven years, if not claimed.

STATUTORY INFORMATION

The information on conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo stipulated under Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, is annexed herewith as "Annexure D".

In terms of the provisions of Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rules 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, a statement showing the names and other particulars of the employees drawing remuneration in excess of the limits set out in the said Rules forms a part of the Annual Report.

Further, the disclosures pertaining to remuneration and other details as required under Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 also forms a part of the Annual Report.

However, having regard to the provisions of Section 136(1) read with its relevant provision of the Companies Act, 2013, the Annual Report excluding the aforesaid information is being sent to the members of the Company. The said information is available for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company during working hours and any member interested in obtaining such information may write to the Company Secretary and the same will be furnished without any fee.

Your Company has not accepted Deposits from public falling within the ambit of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 during the year under review.

SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS

There are no significant material orders passed by the Regulators / Courts which would impact the going concern status of the Company's operations in future.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Your Directors wish to place on record their sincere appreciation for the encouragement and co-operation received by the Company from the Bankers, State Government Authorities, Local Authorities and its Employees during the year.

For and on behalf of the Board

Place: Mumbai
Date: June 28, 2020

Vamanrai V. Parekh
Chairman

"ANNEXURE A"

**FORMAT FOR THE ANNUAL REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES TO BE INCLUDED IN
THE BOARD'S REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020.**

- 1. A brief outline of the Company's CSR policy, including overview of projects or programs proposed to be undertaken and a reference to the web-link to the CSR policy and projects or programs.**

The Board of Directors of your Company had approved the CSR Policy in accordance with the provisions of Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013, inter-alia with the chief aim of providing education and healthcare facilities and maintaining environmental sustainability.

The CSR policy of the Company is available on the website of the Company at www.nilkamal.com and the weblink of the same is <https://nilkamal.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/01/CSR-Policy.pdf>

- 2. Composition of the CSR Committee is as under:**

- (i) Mr. K. R. Ramamoorthy
- (ii) Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh
- (iii) Mr. Sharad V. Parekh

- 3. Average net profit of the Company for last three financial years: ₹ 16,896.65 lacs**

- 4. Prescribed CSR Expenditure (two per cent of the amount as in Item 3 above): ₹ 337.93 lacs**

- 5. Details of CSR spent during the financial year:**

(a) Total amount to be spent for the financial year: ₹ 337.93 lacs

(b) Total amount spent during the financial year: ₹ 338.00 lacs

(c) Amount unspent, if any: Nil

(d) Manner in which the amount spent during the financial year: as provided in below table:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Sr. No.	CSR Project or activity identified	Sector in which the project is covered	Projects or programs (1) local area or other (2) specify the State and District where projects or programs was implemented	Amount outlay (budget) project or programwise	Amount spent on the projects or programs sub-heads: (1) Direct expenditure on projects or programs. (2) overheads	Cumulative expenditure upto the reporting period	Amount spent: Direct (D) or through Implementing Agency (IA)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1	Donation	Donation	-	338.00	338.00	338.00	IA
	Total			338.00	338.00	338.00	IA - 338.00

An amount of ₹ 338.00 lacs was transferred to Nilkamal Foundation - a Section 8 Company, the Implementing Agency for undertaking CSR activities of the Company during the FY 2019 - 2020.

The following are the CSR activities carried out by Nilkamal Foundation during the FY 2019 - 2020.

(₹ in Lakhs)

Sr. No.	CSR Project or activity identified	Sector in which the project is covered	Projects or programs (1) local area or other (2) specify the State and District where projects or programs was implemented	Amount outlay (budget) project or programwise	Amount spent on the projects or programs sub-heads: (1) Direct expenditure on projects or programs. (2) Overheads	Cumulative expenditure upto the reporting period	Amount spent: Direct (D) or through Implementing Agency (IA)
1	Upliftment of Village	Rural Development	Devghar in Maharashtra	10.00	10.00	10.00	IA
2	Providing welfare for animals	Animal Welfare	Rajula in Gujarat	2.00	2.00	2.00	IA

The following are the CSR activities carried out by Nilkamal Foundation during the FY 2019 - 2020.

(₹ in Lakhs)

Sr. No.	CSR Project or activity identified	Sector in which the project is covered	Projects or programs (1) local area or other (2) specify the State and District where projects or programs was implemented	Amount outlay (budget) project or programwise	Amount spent on the projects or programs sub-heads: (1) Direct expenditure on projects or programs. (2) Overheads	Cumulative expenditure upto the reporting period	Amount spent: Direct (D) or through Implementing Agency (IA)
3	Providing contribution towards education to youths in tribal region, region, repair and maintenance of elevator for special and disable children in school, helping homeless children, supply of furniture for school, Library of school, donation to school for special Children.	Education	Silvassa in Gujarat, Mumbai in Maharashtra, Bhavnagar in Gujarat,	22.45	22.45	22.45	IA
4	Providing affordable homes and sanitation to low-income families.	Healthcare and Sanitation	Mumbai in Maharashtra	7.10	7.10	7.10	IA
5	Providing contribution towards helping socially disadvantaged people to enhance their livelihood capabilities, welfare for blind child	Healthcare and Education	Chandrapur in Maharashtra, Bhavnagar in Gujarat	2.51	2.51	2.51	IA
6	Providing protective shoes to individuals suffering from Leprosy, Contribution towards eye surgeries, providing medical help to needy people.	Healthcare	New Delhi, Mumbai	6.21	6.21	6.21	IA
7	Project for reconstruction and modernisation of Government School.	Education	Mahuva, Gujarat	625.00	333.56	485.05	IA
	Total			675.27	383.83	535.32	IA - 383.83

6. **Reasons for not spending the amount:** Not applicable

7. **Responsibility Statement by the CSR Committee:** The implementation and monitoring of the CSR Policy is in compliance with the CSR objectives and Policy of the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board

Place: Mumbai
Date: June 28, 2020

Sharad V. Parekh
(Managing Director)

K. R. Ramamoorthy
(Chairman of CSR Committee)

"ANNEXURE B"**Secretarial Audit Report**

For the Financial year ended March 31, 2020

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

The Members,
Nilkamal Limited

Considering the situation due to pandemic "COVID 2019" and lockdown being declared nationwide, the process of audit has been modified. Some of the books, documents, records, e-forms (forms) and returns, registers, minutes were not verified physically and the same were made available in electronic mode and were verified on the bases of the representations received and made by the management of the Company, its officers, agents and authorised representatives for its accuracy and authenticity. Accordingly, wherever, in the report, words such as "examined", "review", "verification" are being stated it should be construed as examination, review, verification of electronic records.

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Nilkamal Limited (hereinafter called "**the Company**"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us the most reasonable bases for evaluating the corporate conducts / statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

On the bases of our review and verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorised representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the financial year ended March 31, 2020, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

1. We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2020, according to the provisions of:
 - i. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
 - ii. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
 - iii. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
 - iv. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent applicable;
 - v. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
 - a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993, regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
 - d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015;
2. Provisions of the following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act') were not applicable to the Company during the financial year under report:-
 - i. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014;
 - ii. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
 - iii. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; and
 - iv. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buy Back of Securities) Regulations, 2018;
 - v. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;

3. The Company has identified the following laws as specifically applicable to the Company:

- i. Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974
- ii. The Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981
- iii. The Legal Metrology Act, 2009

We further report that:

1. There was delay of one day in submission of Postal Ballot results with the Stock Exchanges beyond the statutory time limit of forty eight hours as required pursuant to provisions of Regulation 44(3) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Company has however paid the fine of ₹ 11,800/- (Rupees Eleven Thousand Eight Hundred Only) to each of BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited as levied by respective exchanges and complied with the said orders.
2. The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the year under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.
3. Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.
4. Company has duly complied with the Secretarial Standards as issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
5. Company is generally regular in compliance with the filing of e-forms with the office of Ministry of Corporate Affairs as required pursuant to the provisions of The Companies Act, 2013 and Rules framed thereunder
6. Majority decisions are carried through which are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.
7. There are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 26, 2020

PRATIK M. SHAH
Company Secretaries
FCS No.: 7431
CP No.: 7401
UDIN: F007431B000279549

"ANNEXURE C"

FORM NO. MGT-9
EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

as on the financial year ended on March 31, 2020

[Pursuant to section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

I. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS

CIN	L25209DN1985PLC000162
Registration Date	December 5, 1985
Name of the Company	Nilkamal Limited
Category / Sub Category of the Company	Public Company limited by Shares
Address of the Registered Office and Contact Details	Survey No.354/2 and 354/3, Near Rakholi Bridge, Silvassa Khanvel Road, Vasona, Silvassa 396 230, Union Territory of Dadra and Nagar Haveli. Tel No. 0260 - 2699212 / 13
Whether listed Company	Yes
Name, Address and contact details of Registrar and Transfer agent:	M/s. Link Intime India Private Limited C - 101, 247 Park, L. B. S. Marg, Vikhroli West, Mumbai : 400 083 Tel: 022 - 49186000, Fax: 022 - 49186060 Email id:- rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in

II PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

All the business activities contributing 10% or more of the total turnover of the Company:

Sr. No.	Name and Description of main products/services	NIC Code of the product/ service	% to total turnover of the Company
1	Manufacture of Plastics Products	222	72.46%
2	Retail sales	471	13.14%

III PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

Sr. No.	Name and Address of the Company	CIN/GLN	Holding/ Subsidiary/ Associate of the Company	% of Shares held	Applicable Section
1	*Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited (formerly Known as Nilkamal Bito Storage Systems Private Limited) 77/78, Nilkamal House, Road No. 13/14, MIDC, Andheri East, Mumbai : 400093, Maharashtra, India	U63020MH2006PTC161327	Subsidiary	100%	2(87)
2	Nilkamal Crates and Bins, FZE P. O. Box 21008, Ajman Free Zone, Ajman, United Arab Emirates.	Foreign Company	Subsidiary	100%	2(87)
3	Nilkamal Foundation 77/78, Nilkamal House, Road No. 13/14, MIDC, Andheri East, Mumbai : 400093, Maharashtra, India	U74999MH2016NPL284394	Subsidiary	98%	2(87)
4	Nilkamal Eswaran Plastics (Private) Limited 328, Madapatha Road, Batakettera, Piliyanadala, SriLanka.	Foreign Company	Subsidiary	96.28%	2(87)
5	Nilkamal Eswaran Marketing (Pvt.) Limited 328, Madapatha Road, Batakettera, Piliyanadala, SriLanka.	Foreign Company	Step - down Subsidiary	96.28%	2(87)
6	Cambro Nilkamal Private Limited 77/78, Nilkamal House, Road No. 13/14, MIDC, Andheri East, Mumbai : 400093, Maharashtra, India	U51109MH2010PTC211686	Associate	50%	2(6)

* Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited (formerly known as Nilkamal Bito Storage Systems Private Limited) the Joint Venture Company between Nilkamal Limited and Bito Lagertechnik Bittmann GmbH, became a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company w.e.f. August 22, 2019.

IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

(i) Category-wise Shareholding

Category of Shareholders	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year				No. of Shares held at the end of the year				% Change during the year
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
A. Promoters									
(1) Indian									
a) Individual/ HUF	7,169,246	-	7,169,246	48.04	7,220,646	-	7,220,646	48.39	0.34
b) Central Govt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) State Govt.(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
d) Bodies Corporate	2,376,500	-	2,376,500	15.93	2,376,500	-	2,376,500	15.93	-
e) Banks / FI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
f) Any Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total (A) (1)	9,545,746	-	9,545,746	63.97	9,597,146	-	9,597,146	64.31	0.34
(2) Foreign									
a) NRIs - Individuals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Other – Individuals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) Bodies Corporate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
d) Banks / FI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
e) Any Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total (A) (2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Shareholding of Promoter (A) = (A) (1) + (A) (2)	9,545,746	-	9,545,746	63.97	9,597,146	-	9,597,146	64.31	0.34
B. Public Shareholding									
1. Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds	2,028,102	300	2,028,402	13.59	2,517,547	300	2,517,847	16.87	3.28
b) Banks / FI	12,427	-	12,427	0.08	5,730	-	5,730	0.04	-0.04
c) Central Govt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
d) State Govt(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
e) Venture Capital Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
f) Insurance Companies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
g) FIIs	362,185	-	362,185	2.43	316,359	-	316,359	2.12	-0.31
h) Foreign Venture Capital Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
i) Alternate Investment Funds	6,300	-	6,300	0.04	2,194	-	2,194	0.01	-0.03
j) Others (specify)	-	-	-	0.00	-	-	-	0.00	0.00
Sub-total (B)(1):-	2,409,014	300	2,409,314	16.15	2,841,830	300	2,842,130	19.05	2.90

Category of Shareholders	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year				No. of Shares held at the end of the year				% Change during the year
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
2. Non-Institutions									
a) Bodies Corporate	308,070	885	308,955	2.07	260,356	785	261,141	1.75	-0.32
i) Indian	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii) Overseas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Individuals									
i) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital upto ₹ 1 lac	1,637,197	126,952	1,764,149	11.82	1,376,960	116,163	1,493,123	10.01	-1.82
ii) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of ₹ 1 Lac	612,703	-	612,703	4.11	484,256	-	484,256	3.25	-0.86
c) NBFCs registered with RBI	19,117	-	19,117	0.13	12,800	-	12,800	0.09	-0.04
d) Others (specify)									
i) Non-resident Indians	107,425	100	107,525	0.72	100,414	200	100,614	0.67	-0.05
(ii) Non-resident (non-repatriable)	30,645	-	30,645	0.21	27,086	-	27,086	0.18	-0.02
(iii) Trust	2,762	-	2,762	0.02	20	-	20	0.00	-0.02
(iv) Hindu Undivided Family	67,159	-	67,159	0.45	60,641	-	60,641	0.41	-0.04
(v) Clearing Members	19,494	-	19,494	0.13	8,194	-	8,194	0.05	-0.08
(vi) Market Maker	635	-	635	0.00	-	-	-	0.00	0.00
(vii) Foreign Portfolio Investor (Individual)	-	-	-	0.00	-	-	-	0.00	0.00
(viii) IEPF	34,321	-	34,321	0.23	35,374	-	35,374	0.24	0.01
Sub-total (B)(2):-	2,839,528	127,937	2,967,465	19.89	2,366,101	117,148	2,483,249	16.64	-3.24
Total Public Shareholding (B) = (B)(1)+(B)(2)	5,248,542	128,237	5,376,779	36.03	5,207,931	117,448	5,325,379	35.69	-0.34
C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grand Total (A+B+C)	14,794,288	128,237	14,922,525	100.00	14,805,077	117,448	14,922,525	100.00	-

(ii) Shareholding of Promoters:

Sr. No.	Shareholder's Name	Shareholding at the beginning of the year			Shareholding at the end of the year			% change in share holding during the year
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the Company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the Company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	
1	Hiten V. Parekh jt with Smriti H. Parekh	1,937,258	12.98	-	1,892,258	12.68	-	-0.30
2	Nayan S. Parekh jt with Sharad V. Parekh	1,750,277	11.73	-	1,705,277	11.43	-	-0.30
3	Manish V. Parekh jt with Manju M. Parekh	1,551,563	10.40	-	1,551,563	10.40	-	0.00
4	Nilkamal Builders Private Limited	1,464,000	9.81	-	1,464,000	9.81	-	0.00
5	Heirloom Finance Private Limited	912,000	6.11	-	912,000	6.11	-	0.00
6	Nayan S. Parekh jt with Purvi N. Parekh	484,427	3.25	-	484,427	3.25	-	0.00
7	Purvi N. Parekh jt with Nayan S. Parekh	435,124	2.92	-	435,124	2.92	-	0.00
8	Manju M. Parekh jt with Manish V. Parekh	392,796	2.63	-	392,796	2.63	-	0.00
9	Mihir H. Parekh jt with Hiten V. Parekh	131,900	0.88	-	131,900	0.88	-	0.00
10	Eashan M. Parekh	131,900	0.88	-	131,900	0.88	-	0.00
11	Dhanay Nayan Parekh jt with Nayan S. Parekh	131,900	0.88	-	131,900	0.88	-	0.00
12	* Vamanrai V. Parekh jt with Nalini V. Parekh	100,000	0.67	-	131,000	0.88	-	0.21
13	** Sharad V. Parekh jt with Maya S. Parekh	100,000	0.67	-	120,400	0.81	-	0.14
14	Sharad V. Parekh (HUF)	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	-	0.00
15	Smriti H. Parekh jt with Hiten V. Parekh	7,101	0.05	-	7,101	0.05	-	0.00
16	Priyanka H. Parekh jt with Hiten V. Parekh	5,000	0.03	-	50,000	0.34	-	0.30
17	Hiten V. Parekh (HUF)	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	-	0.00
18	Natasha Manish Parekh	5,000	0.03	-	5,000	0.03	-	0.00
19	Dhaniti Nayan Parekh	5,000	0.03	-	50,000	0.34	-	0.30
20	Manish V. Parekh (HUF)	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	-	0.00
21	Shrimant Holdings Private Limited	500	0.00	-	500	0.00	-	0.00
	TOTAL	9,545,246	63.97	-	9,596,646	64.31	-	0.34

* 1,900 Equity Shares i.e. shares purchased on March 30, 2020 and March 31, 2020 by Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh were credited in his demat account on April 1, 2020 and April 2, 2020 respectively, hence the said shares does not form part of his Shareholding as on March 31, 2020 shown in Part IV (i) & (ii) of MGT - 9.

** 400 Equity Shares i.e. shares purchased on March 30, 2020 by Mr. Sharad V. Parekh were credited in his demat account on April 1, 2020, hence the said shares does not form part of his Shareholding as on March 31, 2020 shown in Part IV (i) & (ii) of MGT - 9.

(iii) Changes in Promoter's Shareholding

Name of the Promoter	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Date wise increase / decrease in Promoters shareholding during the year specifying reasons for increase / decrease				Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
	No. of shares	% of total Shares of the Company	Increase / Decrease	Reason for change	No of Shares Increased / Decreased	Date of Change in Shareholding	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company
*1) Vamanrai V. Parekh jt with Nalini V. Parekh	100,000	0.67	Increase	Market Buy	674	19 Mar 2020	100,674	0.67
			Increase	Market Buy	2,467	20 Mar 2020	103,141	0.69
			Increase	Market Buy	5,564	23 Mar 2020	108,705	0.73
			Increase	Market Buy	3,295	24 Mar 2020	112,000	0.75
			Increase	Market Buy	509	24 Mar 2020	112,509	0.75
			Increase	Market Buy	599	25 Mar 2020	113,108	0.76
			Increase	Market Buy	609	26 Mar 2020	113,717	0.76
			Increase	Market Buy	16,000	27 Mar 2020	129,717	0.87
			Increase	Market Buy	1,283	27 Mar 2020	131,000	0.88
			Increase	Market Buy	200	30 Mar 2020	131,200	0.88
			Increase	Market Buy	1,700	31 Mar 2020	132,900	0.89
**2) Sharad V. Parekh jt with Maya S. Parekh	100,000	0.67	Increase	Market Buy	818	19 Mar 2020	100,818	0.68
			Increase	Market Buy	2,500	20 Mar 2020	103,318	0.69
			Increase	Market Buy	2,522	23 Mar 2020	105,840	0.71
			Increase	Market Buy	2,160	24 Mar 2020	108,000	0.72
			Increase	Market Buy	1,353	25 Mar 2020	109,353	0.73
			Increase	Market Buy	2,647	26 Mar 2020	112,000	0.75
			Increase	Market Buy	8,400	27 Mar 2020	120,400	0.81
			Increase	Market Buy	400	30 Mar 2020	120,800	0.81

(iii) Changes in Promoter's Shareholding

Name of the Promoter	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Date wise increase / decrease in Promoters shareholding during the year specifying reasons for increase / decrease				Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
	No. of shares	% of total Shares of the Company	Increase / Decrease	Reason for change	No of Shares Increased / Decreased	Date of Change in Shareholding	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company
3) Hiten V. Parekh jt with Smriti H. Parekh	1,937,258	12.98	Decrease	Off Market Transfer	45,000	31 Mar 2020	1,892,258	12.68
4) Nayan S. Parekh jt with Sharad V. Parekh	1,750,277	11.73	Decrease	Off Market Transfer	45,000	31 Mar 2020	1,705,277	11.43
5) Nayan S. Parekh jt with Purvi N. Parekh	484,427	3.25	No Change				484,427	3.25
6) Dhaniti N. Parekh	5,000	0.03	Increase	Off Market Transfer	45,000	31 Mar 2020	50,000	0.34
7) Priyanka H. Parekh jt with Hiten V. Parekh	5,000	0.03	Increase	Off Market Transfer	45,000	31 Mar 2020	50,000	0.34
8) Manish V. Parekh jt with Manju M. Parekh	1,551,563	10.40	No Change				1,551,563	10.40
9) Sharad V. Parekh - HUF	-	0.00					-	0.00
10) Hiten V. Parekh - HUF	-	0.00					-	0.00
11) Manish V. Parekh - HUF	-	0.00					-	0.00
12) Purvi N. Parekh jt with Nayan S. Parekh	435,124	2.92					435,124	2.92
13) Manju M. Parekh jt with Manish V. Parekh	392,796	2.63					392,796	2.63
14) Eashan M. Parekh	131,900	0.88					131,900	0.88
15) Natasha M. Parekh	5,000	0.03					5,000	0.03
16) Dhanay N. Parekh jt with Nayan S. Parekh	131,900	0.88					131,900	0.88
17) Mihir H. Parekh jt with Hiten V. Parekh	131,900	0.88					131,900	0.88
18) Smriti H. Parekh jt with Hiten V. Parekh	7,101	0.05					7,101	0.05
19) Nilkamal Builders Private Limited	1,464,000	9.81	No Change				1,464,000	9.81
20) Heirloom Finance Private Limited	912,000	6.11					912,000	6.11
21) Shrimant Holdings Private Limited	500	0.00					500	0.00

* 1,900 Equity Shares i.e. shares purchased on March 30, 2020 and March 31, 2020 by Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh were credited in his demat account on April 1, 2020 and April 2, 2020 respectively, hence the said shares does not form part of his Shareholdings on March 31, 2020 shown in Part IV (I) & (ii) of MGT - 9.

** 400 Equity Shares i.e. shares purchased on March 30, 2020 by Mr. Sharad V. Parekh were credited in his demat account on April 1, 2020, hence the said shares does nor form part of his Shareholding as on March 31, 2020 shown in Part IV (I) & (ii) of MGT - 9.

(iv) Shareholding Pattern of Top Ten Shareholders (Other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

Sr. No.	Name & Type of Transaction	Shareholding at the beginning of the year - 2019		Transactions during the year		Cumulative Shareholding at the end of the year - 2020	
		NO.OF SHARES HELD	% OF TOTAL SHARES OF THE COMPANY	DATE OF TRANSACTION	NO. OF SHARES	NO OF SHARES HELD	% OF TOTAL SHARES OF THE COMPANY
1	DSP Small Cap Fund	787,253	5.2756			787,253	5.2756
	Market Buy			24 May 2019	12,965	800,218	5.3625
	Market Buy			31 May 2019	106,011	906,229	6.0729
	Market Buy			14 Jun 2019	5,802	912,031	6.1118
	Market Buy			21 Jun 2019	17,699	929,730	6.2304
	Market Buy			29 Jun 2019	1,386	931,116	6.2397
	Market Buy			06 Sep 2019	21,894	953,010	6.3864
	Market Buy			13 Sep 2019	395	953,405	6.3890
	Market Buy			20 Sep 2019	2,321	955,726	6.4046
	Market Buy			27 Sep 2019	720	956,446	6.4094
	Market Buy			04 Oct 2019	9,069	965,515	6.4702
	Market Buy			11 Oct 2019	27,188	992,703	6.6524
	Market Buy			18 Oct 2019	5,225	997,928	6.6874
	Market Buy			25 Oct 2019	351	998,279	6.6897
	Market Buy			13 Mar 2020	25,333	1,023,612	6.8595
	Market Buy			20 Mar 2020	34,707	1,058,319	7.0921
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					1,058,319	7.0921

(iv) Shareholding Pattern of Top Ten Shareholders (Other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

Sr. No.	Name & Type of Transaction	Shareholding at the beginning of the year - 2019		Transactions during the year		Cumulative Shareholding at the end of the year - 2020	
		NO.OF SHARES HELD	% OF TOTAL SHARES OF THE COMPANY	DATE OF TRANSACTION	NO. OF SHARES	NO OF SHARES HELD	% OF TOTAL SHARES OF THE COMPANY
2	HDFC Mutual Fund (under 5 different Schemes Viz. Hdfc Small Cap Fund, Hdfc Trustee Company Ltd a/c - Hdfc Children's Gift Fund - Investment Plan, Hdfc Trustee Co Ltd a/c Hdfc Retirement Savings Fund - Hybrid - Equity Plan, HDFC Trustee Co Ltd a/c Hdfc Retirement Savings Fund-Hybrid-Debt Plan, HDFC Trustee Co Ltd a/c HDFC Retirement Savings Fund-Equity Plan)	744,100	4.9864			744,100	4.9864
	Market Buy			12 Apr 2019	50,000	794,100	5.3215
	Market Buy			26 Apr 2019	4,700	798,800	5.3530
	Market Buy			05 Jul 2019	5,900	804,700	5.3925
	Market Buy			12 Jul 2019	1,400	806,100	5.4019
	Market Buy			16 Aug 2019	25,000	831,100	5.5694
	Market Buy			23 Aug 2019	20,000	851,100	5.7035
	Market Buy			30 Aug 2019	3,000	854,100	5.7236
	Market Buy			06 Sep 2019	25,500	879,600	5.8944
	Market Buy			27 Sep 2019	7,500	887,100	5.9447
	Market Buy			30 Sep 2019	8,500	895,600	6.0017
	Market Buy			04 Oct 2019	3,300	898,900	6.0238
	Market Buy			11 Oct 2019	1,600	900,500	6.0345
	Market Buy			22 Nov 2019	6,918	907,418	6.0809
	Market Buy			29 Nov 2019	2,700	910,118	6.0990
	Market Buy			06 Dec 2019	1,700	911,818	6.1103
	Market Buy			13 Dec 2019	19,600	931,418	6.2417
	Market Buy			20 Dec 2019	43,091	974,509	6.5305
	Market Buy			27 Dec 2019	11,809	986,318	6.6096
	Market Buy			10 Jan 2020	7,290	993,608	6.6584
	Market Buy			24 Jan 2020	5,900	999,508	6.6980
	Market Buy			31 Jan 2020	3,500	1,003,008	6.7214
	Market Buy			07 Feb 2020	35,930	1,038,938	6.9622
	Market Buy			28 Feb 2020	500	1,039,438	6.9656
	Market Buy			13 Mar 2020	2,700	1,042,138	6.9837
	Market Buy			20 Mar 2020	9,141	1,051,279	7.0449
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					1,051,279	7.0449
3	KOTAK Small Cap Fund	157,136	1.053			157,136	1.0530
	Market Buy			05 Apr 2019		161,218	1.0804
	Market Buy			12 Apr 2019	8,897	170,115	1.1400
	Market Buy			19 Apr 2019	8,000	178,115	1.1936
	Market Buy			24 May 2019	6,217	184,332	1.2353
	Market Buy			29 Jun 2019	1,898	186,230	1.2480
	Market Buy			12 Jul 2019	7,359	193,589	1.2973
	Market Buy			19 Jul 2019	9,958	203,547	1.3640
	Market Buy			26 Jul 2019	13,849	217,396	1.4568
	Market Buy			02 Aug 2019	7,000	224,396	1.5037
	Market Buy			09 Aug 2019	1,049	225,445	1.5108
	Market Buy			16 Aug 2019	6,000	231,445	1.5510
	Market Buy			23 Aug 2019	2,313	233,758	1.5665
	Market Buy			30 Aug 2019	3,290	237,048	1.5885
	Market Buy			06 Sep 2019	6,443	243,491	1.6317
	Market Buy			20 Sep 2019	2,746	246,237	1.6501
	Market Buy			27 Sep 2019	1,928	248,165	1.6630
	Market Buy			25 Oct 2019	2,728	250,893	1.6813
	Market Buy			01 Nov 2019	8,000	258,893	1.7349
	Market Buy			08 Nov 2019	3,887	262,780	1.7610
	Market Buy			22 Nov 2019	3,281	266,061	1.7829
	Market Buy			20 Dec 2019	1,397	267,458	1.7923
	Market Buy			03 Jan 2020	83	267,541	1.7929
	Market Buy			10 Jan 2020	3,406	270,947	1.8157
	Market Buy			17 Jan 2020	7,183	278,130	1.8638
	Market Buy			31 Jan 2020	1,397	279,527	1.8732
	Market Buy			07 Feb 2020	10,279	289,806	1.9421
	Market Buy			14 Feb 2020	12,043	301,849	2.0228
	Market Buy			21 Feb 2020	419	302,268	2.0256
	Market Buy			28 Feb 2020	12,381	314,649	2.1086
	Market Buy			06 Mar 2020	16,024	330,673	2.2159
	Market Buy			20 Mar 2020	5,487	336,160	2.2527
	Market sell			27 Mar 2020	(4,861)	331,299	2.2201
	Market sell			31 Mar 2020	(2,018)	329,281	2.2066
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					329,281	2.2066

(iv) Shareholding Pattern of Top Ten Shareholders (Other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

Sr. No.	Name & Type of Transaction	Shareholding at the beginning of the year - 2019		Transactions during the year		Cumulative Shareholding at the end of the year - 2020	
		NO.OF SHARES HELD	% OF TOTAL SHARES OF THE COMPANY	DATE OF TRANSACTION	NO. OF SHARES	NO OF SHARES HELD	% OF TOTAL SHARES OF THE COMPANY
4	Dolly Khanna	272,985	1.8293			272,985	1.8293
	Market sell			05 Apr 2019	(1,995)	270,990	1.8160
	Market sell			12 Apr 2019	(1,720)	269,270	1.8045
	Market sell			19 Apr 2019	(850)	268,420	1.7988
	Market sell			26 Apr 2019	(2,775)	265,645	1.7802
	Market sell			03 May 2019	(550)	265,095	1.7765
	Market sell			10 May 2019	(3,605)	261,490	1.7523
	Market sell			17 May 2019	(11,300)	250,190	1.6766
	Market sell			24 May 2019	(8,750)	241,440	1.6180
	Market sell			31 May 2019	(6,136)	235,304	1.5768
	Market sell			07 Jun 2019	(5,150)	230,154	1.5423
	Market sell			14 Jun 2019	(2,650)	227,504	1.5246
	Market sell			21 Jun 2019	(800)	226,704	1.5192
	Market sell			29 Jun 2019	(3,900)	222,804	1.4931
	Market sell			05 Jul 2019	(800)	222,004	1.4877
	Market sell			12 Jul 2019	(2,300)	219,704	1.4723
	Market sell			19 Jul 2019	(4,050)	215,654	1.4452
	Market sell			26 Jul 2019	(8,625)	207,029	1.3874
	Market sell			02 Aug 2019	(3,800)	203,229	1.3619
	Market sell			09 Aug 2019	(3,000)	200,229	1.3418
	Market sell			16 Aug 2019	(1,000)	199,229	1.3351
	Market sell			23 Aug 2019	(4,250)	194,979	1.3066
	Market sell			30 Aug 2019	(8,000)	186,979	1.2530
	Market sell			06 Sep 2019	(3,000)	183,979	1.2329
	Market sell			13 Sep 2019	(1,000)	182,979	1.2262
	Market sell			20 Sep 2019	(3,500)	179,479	1.2027
	Market sell			27 Sep 2019	(2,000)	177,479	1.1893
	Market sell			30 Sep 2019	(1,000)	176,479	1.1826
	Market sell			04 Oct 2019	(2,000)	174,479	1.1692
	Market sell			11 Oct 2019	(2,000)	172,479	1.1558
	Market sell			18 Oct 2019	(250)	172,229	1.1542
	Market sell			25 Oct 2019	(1,000)	171,229	1.1475
	Market sell			01 Nov 2019	(1,000)	170,229	1.1408
	Market sell			08 Nov 2019	(3,000)	167,229	1.1206
	Market sell			15 Nov 2019	(1,000)	166,229	1.1139
	Market sell			29 Nov 2019	(1,000)	165,229	1.1072
	Market sell			06 Dec 2019	(1,400)	163,829	1.0979
	Market sell			13 Dec 2019	(1,500)	162,329	1.0878
	Market sell			20 Dec 2019	(2,400)	159,929	1.0717
	Market sell			27 Dec 2019	(2,800)	157,129	1.0530
	Market sell			31 Dec 2019	(1,100)	156,029	1.0456
	Market sell			03 Jan 2020	(500)	155,529	1.0422
	Market sell			10 Jan 2020	(2,500)	153,029	1.0255
	Market sell			17 Jan 2020	(2,300)	150,729	1.0101
	Market sell			24 Jan 2020	(3,090)	147,639	0.9894
	Market sell			31 Jan 2020	(1,825)	145,814	0.9771
	Market sell			07 Feb 2020	(3,750)	142,064	0.9520
	Market sell			14 Feb 2020	(5,385)	136,679	0.9159
	Market sell			21 Feb 2020	(1,700)	134,979	0.9045
	Market sell			28 Feb 2020	(1,840)	133,139	0.8922
	Market sell			06 Mar 2020	(2,245)	130,894	0.8772
	Market sell			13 Mar 2020	(1,300)	129,594	0.8684
	Market sell			20 Mar 2020	(2,500)	127,094	0.8517
	Market sell			27 Mar 2020	(2,000)	125,094	0.8383
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					125,094	0.8383
5	Cello Pens & Stationery Pvt. Ltd.	102,468	0.6867			102,468	0.6867
	Market Buy			09 Aug 2019	5,000	107,468	0.7202
	Market Buy			31 Mar 2020	3,013	110,481	0.7404
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					110,481	0.7404
6	HSBC Mutual Fund - (under 3 different Schemes Viz. HSBC Regular Savings Fund, Hsbc Small Cap Equity Fund, HSBC Tax Saver Equity Fund)	97,966	0.6565			97,966	0.6565
	Market Buy			12 Apr 2019	11,598	109,564	0.7342
	Market Buy			19 Apr 2019	13,402	122,966	0.8240
	Market sell			08 Nov 2019	(6,606)	116,360	0.7798
	Market sell			22 Nov 2019	(800)	115,560	0.7744
	Market sell			13 Dec 2019	(18,394)	97,166	0.6511
	Market sell			20 Dec 2019	(10,000)	87,166	0.5841
	Market sell			17 Jan 2020	(1,600)	85,566	0.5734
	Market sell			24 Jan 2020	(1,700)	83,866	0.5620
	Market sell			31 Jan 2020	(5,700)	78,166	0.5238
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					78,166	0.5238

(iv) Shareholding Pattern of Top Ten Shareholders (Other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

Sr. No.	Name & Type of Transaction	Shareholding at the beginning of the year - 2019		Transactions during the year		Cumulative Shareholding at the end of the year - 2020	
		NO.OF SHARES HELD	% OF TOTAL SHARES OF THE COMPANY	DATE OF TRANSACTION	NO. OF SHARES	NO OF SHARES HELD	% OF TOTAL SHARES OF THE COMPANY
7	Emerging Markets Core Equity Portfolio (the portfolio) of DFA Investment Dimensions Group INC. (DFAIDG)	85,528	0.5731			85,528	0.5731
	Market sell			01 Nov 2019	(549)	84,979	0.5695
	Market sell			08 Nov 2019	(1,838)	83,141	0.5572
	Market sell			28 Feb 2020	(1,383)	81,758	0.5479
	Market sell			06 Mar 2020	(2,441)	79,317	0.5315
	Market sell			13 Mar 2020	(1,296)	78,021	0.5228
	Market sell			20 Mar 2020	(2,025)	75,996	0.5093
	Market sell			27 Mar 2020	(2,627)	73,369	0.4917
	Market sell			31 Mar 2020	(527)	72,842	0.4881
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					72,842	0.4881
8	Government of Singapore - E	-	0			-	0
	Market Buy			14 Feb 2020	1,388	1,388	0.0093
	Market Buy			21 Feb 2020	1,348	2,736	0.0183
	Market Buy			06 Mar 2020	12,243	14,979	0.1004
	Market Buy			13 Mar 2020	12,461	27,440	0.1839
	Market Buy			20 Mar 2020	25,000	52,440	0.3514
	Market Buy			27 Mar 2020	6,155	58,595	0.3927
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					58,595	0.3927
9	Dimensional Emerging Markets Value Fund	58,652	0.393			58,652	0.3930
	Market sell			10 May 2019	(2,376)	56,276	0.3771
	Market sell			17 May 2019	(713)	55,563	0.3723
	Market sell			17 Jan 2020	(56)	55,507	0.3720
	Market Buy			24 Jan 2020	1,385	56,892	0.3812
	Market sell			31 Jan 2020	(682)	56,210	0.3767
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					56,210	0.3767
10	Sweta Vikash Shah	51,327	0.344			51,327	0.3440
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					51,327	0.3440

Note: The details of holding has been clubbed based on PAN.

(v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

Sr. No.	For each of the Directors and KMP	Shareholding at the beginning of the year - 2019		Transactions during the year		Cumulative Shareholding at the end of the year - 2020	
		NO.OF SHARES HELD	% OF TOTAL SHARES OF THE COMPANY	DATE OF TRANSACTION	NO. OF SHARES	NO OF SHARES HELD	% OF TOTAL SHARES OF THE COMPANY
A	Directors :						
1	Vamanrai V. Parekh - Chairman	100,000	0.67	19 Mar 2020	674	100,674	0.67
				20 Mar 2020	2,467	103,141	0.69
				23 Mar 2020	5,564	108,705	0.73
				24 Mar 2020	3,295	112,000	0.75
				24 Mar 2020	509	112,509	0.75
				25 Mar 2020	599	113,108	0.76
				26 Mar 2020	609	113,717	0.76
				27 Mar 2020	16,000	129,717	0.87
				27 Mar 2020	1,283	131,000	0.88
				30 Mar 2020	200	131,200	0.88
				31 Mar 2020	1,700	132,900	0.89
2	Sharad V. Parekh - Managing Director	100,000	0.67	19 Mar 2020	818	100,818	0.68
				20 Mar 2020	2,500	103,318	0.69
				23 Mar 2020	2,522	105,840	0.71
				24 Mar 2020	2,160	108,000	0.72
				25 Mar 2020	1,353	109,353	0.73
				26 Mar 2020	2,647	112,000	0.75
				27 Mar 2020	8,400	120,400	0.81
				30 Mar 2020	400	120,800	0.81
3	Hiten V. Parekh - Jt. Managing Director	1,937,258	12.98	31 Mar 2020	(45,000)	1,892,258	12.68
4	Manish V. Parekh - President and Executive Director (Furniture)	1,551,563	10.40	-	-	1,551,563	10.40

(v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

Sr. No.	For each of the Directors and KMP	Shareholding at the beginning of the year - 2019		Transactions during the year		Cumulative Shareholding at the end of the year - 2020	
		NO. OF SHARES HELD	% OF TOTAL SHARES OF THE	DATE OF TRANSACTION	NO. OF SHARES	NO OF SHARES HELD	% OF TOTAL SHARES OF THE COMPANY
5	Nayan S. Parekh - President and Executive Director (Material Handling)	2,234,704	14.98	31 Mar 2020	(45,000)	2,189,704	14.67
6	Mihir H. Parekh - Executive Director	131,900	0.88	-	-	131,900	0.88
7	Mahendra V. Doshi - Independent Director	7,200	0.05	-	-	7,200	0.05
8	K. R. Ramamoorthy - Independent Director	None of these Directors and KMP hold shares in the Company.					
9	Mufazzal Federal - Independent Director						
10	S. K. Palekar - Independent Director						
11	K. Venkataramanan - Independent Director						
12	Hiroo Mirchandani - Independent Director						
B	Key Managerial Personnel (KMPs):						
1	Paresh B. Mehta - Chief Financial Officer						
2	Priti P. Dave - Company Secretary						

- Note :
- The number of shareholders mentioned here are consolidated on a PAN basis.
 - Nayan S. Parekh holds shares under two folios separately, one jointly with Sharad V. Parekh and second jointly with Purvi N. Parekh but consolidated on PAN basis.
 - 1,900 Equity Shares i.e. shares purchased on March 30, 2020 and March 31, 2020 by Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh were credited in his demat account on April 1, 2020 and April 2, 2020 respectively, hence the said shares does not form part of his Shareholding as on March 31, 2020 shown in Part IV (i) & (ii) of MGT - 9.
 - 400 Equity Shares i.e. shares purchased on March 30, 2020 by Mr. Sharad V. Parekh were credited in his demat account on April 1, 2020, hence the said shares does not form part of his Shareholding as on March 31, 2020 shown in Part IV (i) & (ii) of MGT - 9.

V INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment

(₹ In Lakhs)

Particulars		Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
	Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year				
i	Principal Amount	5,872	-	-	5,872
ii	Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii	Interest accrued but not due	32	-	-	32
	Total (i+ii+iii)	5,904			5,904
	Change in Indebtedness during the financial year				
	Addition	1,497	-	-	1,497
	Reduction	1,441	-	-	1,441
	Net Change	56	-	-	56
	Indebtedness at the end of the financial year				
i	Principal Amount	5,911	-	-	5,911
ii	Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii	Interest accrued but not due	49.00	-	-	49.00
	Total (i+ii+iii)	5,960.00			5,960.00

VI REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole Time Director and / or Manager:

(₹ In Lakhs)

Sr. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of MD/WT/ Manager					Total Amount
		Sharad V. Parekh	Hiten V. Parekh	Manish V. Parekh	Nayan S. Parekh	*Mihir H. Parekh	
1	Gross salary						
a)	Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income Tax Act, 1961.	243.05	212.68	201.13	188.35	6.04	851.25
b)	Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	10.39	6.07	8.69	13.30	0.07	38.52
c)	Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) of the Income- tax Act, 1961	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Stock Option	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Sweat Equity	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Commission as % of profit	119.00	119.00	119.00	119.00	-	476.00
5	Others: i) National Pension Scheme & Provident Fund	-	28.17	26.65	24.96	0.40	80.18
	Total (A)	372.44	365.92	355.47	345.61	6.51	1445.95

* Appointed as an Additional and Executive Director w.e.f. February 1, 2020

B. Remuneration to other directors

I. Independent Directors:-

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars of Remuneration	Name of Directors						Total Amount
	Mr. K. R. Ramamoorthy	Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi	Mr. Mufazzal S. Federal	Mr. S. K. Palekar	Mr. K. Venkataramanan	Ms. Hiroo Mirchandani	
Fees for attending board / committee meetings	9.25	9.10	9.10	5.50	5.75	5.50	44.20
Commission	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others, please specify	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	9.25	9.10	9.10	5.50	5.75	5.50	44.20
Total (1)							44.20

II Other Non-Executive Directors:-

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars of Remuneration	Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh	Total Amount
Fee for attending board / committee meetings	8.40	8.40
Commission	-	-
Others, please specify	-	-
Total (2)	8.40	8.40
Total (B)=(1+2)		52.60

C. REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MD/ MANAGER/ WTD

(₹ in Lakhs)

Sr. No	Particulars of Remuneration	Key Managerial Personnel		Total
		Paresh Mehta Chief Financial Officer	Priti Dave Company Secretary	
1	Gross salary			
a	Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income - tax Act, 1961	132.39	21.27	153.66
b	Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) of the Income - tax Act, 1961	0.67	0.57	1.24
c	Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) of the Income - tax Act, 1961			
2	Stock Option	-	-	-
3	Sweat Equity	-	-	-
4	Commission (as % of Profit / Others)	-	-	-
5	Others: i) National Pension Scheme & Provident Fund	8.60	1.57	10.17
	Total	141.66	23.41	165.07

VII PENALTIES/ PUNISHMENT / COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES (Under the Companies Act, 2013): N.A.

(₹ in Lakhs)

Type	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Details of Penalty/Punishment/Compounding fees imposed	Authority (RD/NCLT/Court)	Appeal made if any (give details)
A. COMPANY					
Penalty	-	-	-	-	-
Punishment	-	-	-	-	-
Compounding	-	-	-	-	-
B. DIRECTORS					
Penalty	-	-	-	-	-
Punishment	-	-	-	-	-
Compounding	-	-	-	-	-
C. OTHER OFFICERS IN DEFAULT					
Penalty	-	-	-	-	-
Punishment	-	-	-	-	-
Compounding	-	-	-	-	-

"ANNEXURE D"

Statement pursuant to Section 134(3)(m) of the Act read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, forming part of the Directors' Report.

A. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY.

During the year under review, your company has successfully being Re-certified for ISO 50001 EnMS (Energy Management Systems) for the Third consecutive time since the year 2012 it has implemented and maintained by TUV-SUD Germany across all its units.

Energy focus and monitoring of energy is now a way of life in its work culture from top to bottom of the pyramid leading to strict vigilance and overall control of the scarce resource.

The sustained culture towards Energy Conservation with daily display of energy consumptions ensuring the focus is never missed across all the functions leading to various opportunities being identified to Reduce, Recycle and Re-use natural resources and save mother earth from environment pollution by way of consistent reduction in carbon foot prints across all the units.

The group's Energy Conservation efforts and use of Renewable sources Energy has successfully resulted in significant reduction of carbon Emission which is higher by 14.5% than last year's carbon Emission saving.

Various key performance indicators like specific energy consumption, specific energy costs and renewable energy contributions were continuously tracked to monitor alignment with the Company's overall sustainability approach.

The Company has transited from BS OHSAS 18001 to the latest ISO45001:2018 certified by TUV-SUD Germany for upgrading its Occupational Health and Safety Management Systems by identifying its significant Risks & Opportunities based on international norms and standards of governance.

The Group Participation in various energy conservation and environment protection activities has been recognized and Awarded Green-Co Silver by Confederation of Indian Industries for its Puducherry Unit.

The Company's Corporate Energy Conservation Cell reporting directly to the Operational Head have initiated various time bound Projects to ensure its successful implementation as below,

1. The 4000 KWp Rooftop Solar Project, generated substantial units during the year and has helped in reducing our yearly Carbon Emission which is significant move towards our Management's sustained commitment to Energy and Environment Protection.
2. The on-going partnership with BETA Wind Energy Farms Private Limited was optimized for its unit's consumption leading to lower billing by TNEB to a great extent thereby reducing the Carbon Emission.
3. Reduction in specific energy consumption at all our locations helped to reduce Carbon Emission for the current financial year by the projects mentioned herewith in-addition to using Effective "M3 Tool" with Mold-Machine Matrix Planning.
 - a. Changing Screw Barrel and Replacing Hydro Motor with Servo Motor in Injection Molding machines resulting in saving of 0.32 Units/kg and reduction in Carbon emission.
 - b. 30 KW Motor replaced with 2.2 KW Cooler for Roto Molding Machine.
 - c. New screw/Barrels were adopted to minimize energy loss due to poor plasticizing rate per hour of Kg output resulting carbon Emission reduction in JW 400T machine.
 - d. Transparent sheets were used on roof tops to provide natural light in shop floor.
 - e. Use of transparent sheets on roof tops and LED fittings of lower Watts with same Lux saved energy consumption.
 - f. Sharing of best practices at each plant started for easy replication of applicable ideas.

The ongoing focus will further continue and your Company will be further optimizing the plant capacity utilisation at various locations and also derive the benefits of solar and wind energy for continued sustenance of Environment protection and Resources as committed by Management.

B. TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION.

Disclosure of particulars in Form B, with respect to Technology Absorption:

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT (R & D):

Your Company strives to make constant investments towards improvement in its existing product lines and undertakes development efforts in that area. Such efforts shall help your Company to achieve the set targets in a better manner, within less than required time together with providing improved quality products. This has also

enhanced the development capabilities of the Company. Your Company has incurred ₹ 410.54 lacs, i.e. 0.20 % of total turnover of the Company, towards recurring R and D expenditure. There was no expenditure of capital nature towards the same.

TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, ADAPTATION AND INNOVATION

1. Efforts, in brief, made towards technology absorption, adaptation and innovation.
 1. Installation of latest technology mould cooling system, which helps in efficient cooling of moulds during production and reduction in cycle time, thus contributing to energy saving and efficiency.
 2. Developed a special purpose machine for finishing of 2-welded injection moulded pallets at Kharadpada plant.
 3. Developed a special purpose machine for L-bending of Bubble-Guard sheets to make various value-added products at Hosur plant.
 4. Upgraded the structural Analysis software, Hyperworks from version 12.0 to 19.0.
 5. Retrofitting of Conventional Injection Molding machines with latest imported Servo motor driven technology resulted in productivity improvement & cost saving.
 6. Lean Management being the focus area the company took various initiatives on Productivity Improvement, Weight reduction, quality improvement, weight optimization, Cycle time reduction and cost saving projects under the "V30 Winner" theme.
 7. Various initiatives on Efficiency improvement, Kaizan, Safety and 5S resulted in several successful projects under the "V30 Winner" theme.
2. Benefits derived as a result of the above efforts.
 - Conservation of natural resources with prime focus on energy and water management with Zero Discharge philosophy.
 - Environment Protection for Sustainability to reduce, recycle & reuse waste.
 - Improved performance of machines and its utilisation.
 - Using "V30Winner" theme for sustained innovation as a growing culture within the organisation.
 - Knowledge and skills sharing across Company initiatives for benchmarking the best Practices.
 - Environment friendly products.
 - Opportunities to expand business in new areas.
3. The Company has not imported any technology or process know-how.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO.

Total Foreign Exchange used and earned

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	2019 - 2020	2018 - 2019
Foreign Exchange Earned	5,489	5,166
Foreign Exchange Used	31,733	37,641

For and on behalf of the Board

Place: Mumbai
Date: June 28, 2020

Vamanrai V. Parekh
Chairman

BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY REPORT

Pursuant to Regulation 34(2)(f) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

SECTION A: GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COMPANY

1	Corporate Identity Number (CIN) of the Company:	L25209DN1985PLC000162
2	Name of the Company:	Nilkamal Limited
3	Registered address:	Survey No. 354/2 and 354/3, Near Rakholi Bridge, Silvassa-Khanvel Road, Vasona, Silvassa – 396 230, Union Territory of Dadra and Nagar Haveli.
4	Website:	www.nilkamal.com
5	E-mail id:	investor@nilkamal.com
6	Financial year reported:	April 1, 2019 to March 31, 2020
7	Sector(s) that the Company is engaged in (industrial activity code - wise): <i>As per National Industrial Classification – Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation</i>	i) 222 - Manufacture of plastic products ii) 471 - retail sales in non-specialized stores iii) 310 - manufacture of mattresses and pillows
8	List three key products/services that the Company manufactures /provides (as in balance sheet):	1] Plastic moulded products 2] Mattresses 3] Bubble Guard
9	Total number of locations where business activity is undertaken by the Company: a) Number of International Locations (Provide details of major 5): b) Number of National Locations:	None 10 plants, 18 @home stores, 8 @home franchise stores and 40 Nilkamal furniture Ideas stores and various regional and marketing offices alongwith warehouses across the country.
10	Markets served by the Company – Local/State/ National/International:-	Pan India alongwith exports to some of the international countries.

SECTION B: FINANCIAL DETAILS OF THE COMPANY

1	Paid up Capital (INR):	₹ 1,492.25 lacs
2	Total Turnover (INR):	₹ 208,147.38 lacs
3	Total profit after taxes (INR):	₹ 12,201.15 Lacs
4	Total Spending on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) as percentage of profit after tax (%):	₹ 338 Lacs (2 %)
5	List of activities in which expenditure in 4 above has been incurred	Education, Rural Development, Health care, Hygiene and Sanitation, Animal welfare.

SECTION C: OTHER DETAILS

1.	Does the Company have any Subsidiary Company /Companies?	Yes the Company has 5 (five) subsidiaries.
2.	Do the Subsidiary Company/Companies participate in the BR initiatives of the parent Company? If yes, then indicate the number of such subsidiary company(s)	The Company encourages its subsidiaries to undertake BR initiatives to the fullest extent in their operations. The Company's three subsidiaries are incorporated outside India, they comply with the local statutory requirements of their respective countries.
3.	Do any other entity/entities (e.g. suppliers, distributors etc.) that the Company does business with, participate in the BR initiative of the Company? If yes, then indicate the percentage of such entity/entities? [Less than 30-60%, More than 60%]	The Company encourages the stakeholders associated with it to adopt sustainable business practices.

SECTION D: BR INFORMATION

1. Details of Director/ Directors responsible for BR:

DIN: 00035747

Name: Mr. Sharad V. Parekh

Designation: Managing Director

b) Details of the BR head:

1. DIN Number (if applicable): 00035747

2. Name: Mr. Sharad V. Parekh

3. Designation: Managing Director

4. Telephone number: 022 4235 8651

5. E-mail ID: brr@nilkamal.com

2. Principle-wise (as per NVGs) BR Policy/policies

The National Voluntary Guidelines (NVGs) on Social, Environmental and Economic Responsibilities of Business released by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs has adopted Nine areas of Business Responsibility. These briefly are as under:

P1: Businesses should conduct and govern themselves with Ethics, Transparency and Accountability.

P2: Businesses should provide goods and services that are safe and contribute to sustainability throughout their life cycle.

P3: Businesses should promote the wellbeing of all employees.

P4: Businesses should respect the interests of, and be responsive towards all stakeholders, especially those who are disadvantaged, vulnerable and marginalized.

P5: Businesses should respect and promote human rights.

P6: Businesses should respect, protect, and make efforts to restore the environment.

P7: Businesses, when engaged in influencing public and regulatory policy, should do so in a responsible manner.

P8: Businesses should support inclusive growth and equitable development.

P9: Businesses should engage with and provide value to their customers and consumers in a responsible manner.

a) Details of compliance (Reply in Y/N)

No.	Questions	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8	P9
1.	Do you have a policy/ policies for:	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Refer Note No. 1	Y	Refer Note No. 1
2.	Has the policy being formulated in consultation with the relevant stakeholders?	Yes								
3.	Does the policy confirm to any national / international standards? If yes, specify? (50 words)	Yes. The policies confirm with the standards laid in the National Voluntary Guidelines on Social, Environmental and Economic Responsibilities of Business issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India, and also of the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013, BIFMA Level 3 and Green-guard certifications from UK cert, ISO 45001:2018, International Standards namely ISO 9001 - 2015, ISO 14001 -2015, ISO 50001-2011 etc.								
4	Has the policy being approved by the Board? Is yes, has it been signed by MD/ owner/ CEO/ appropriate Board Director?	The Policies which are statutorily required to be adopted by the Board, have been approved by them, while the others policies are formulated and implemented by the Human resources department of the Company.								
5.	Does the Company have a specified committee of the Board/ Director/ Official to oversee the implementation of the policy?	The Company is having a Committee for CSR as well as Anti Sexual Harassment of Women at workplace and dedicated Ethic Counselors for Whistle Blower Policy. For other policies, the Company has put in place adequate process and resources for its implementation.								
6.	Indicate the link for the policy to be viewed online?	Please refer Note 3.								

7.	Has the policy been formally communicated to all relevant internal and external stakeholders?	Yes - on the website of the Company.
8.	Does the Company have in-house structure to implement the policy/ policies.	Yes
9.	Does the Company have a grievance redressal mechanism related to the policy/ policies to address stakeholders' grievances related to the policy/ policies?	Yes
10.	Has the Company carried out independent audit/ evaluation of the working of this policy by an internal or external agency?	Yes

Note: The replies to the questions at serial no. 2 to 10 as mentioned above are applicable to all the Principles except the Principles 7 and 9.

- a) If answer to the question at serial number 1 against any principle, is 'No', please explain why: (Tick up to 2 options)
- The Company has not understood the Principles
 - The Company is not at a stage where it finds itself in a position to formulate and implement the policies on specified principles
 - The Company does not have financial or manpower resources available for the task
 - It is planned to be done within next 6 months
 - It is planned to be done within the next 1 year
 - Any other reason (please specify)

Note 1: With respect to the Principle 7, the Company is a member of various chambers and associations through which it has been advocating from time to time in a responsible manner, and hence a specific policy for the same has not been adopted.

Note 2: With respect to the Principle 9, the Company has a systematic process of assessing customer needs, fulfilling them with innovative products and services and providing value to them in a responsible manner.

Note 3: The Company's CSR Policy, Code of Business Ethics, Code of Conduct, Whistle Blower Policy and Anti-Sexual Harassment Policy, Environment Policy and Health and Safety Policy are available on the Company's website at the following link: <https://nilkamal.com/corporate-governance/>

3. Governance related to BR:

a)	Indicate the frequency with which the Board of Directors, Committee of the Board or CEO to assess the BR performance of the Company. Within 3 months, 3-6 months, annually, more than 1 year	The Business Responsibility performance of the Company shall be assessed annually.
b)	Does the Company publish a BR or a Sustainability Report? What is the hyperlink for viewing this report? How frequently it is published?	Yes, the Company uploads Business Responsibility Report annually, which is available at https://nilkamal.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/07/BUSINESS-RESPONSIBILITY-REPORT-2019-20.pdf

SECTION E: PRINCIPLE-WISE PERFORMANCE

	Principle 1	
1	Does the policy relating to ethics, bribery and corruption cover only the Company? Yes/ No. Does it extend to the Group/ Joint Ventures/ Suppliers/ Contractors/ NGOs/ Others?	As one of the leading plastics processor in India and having diversified product portfolio, the Company's reputation is most important. How we conduct ourselves on a day to day basis with our customers, shareholders, competitors, contactors, neighboring communities, suppliers and distributor forms the basis of reputation of the Company as an ethical Company. We as a Company is committed to the philosophy of good corporate governance practices, thereby conducting business in a responsible manner. To achieve the said objective, the Company has certain policies namely the Code of Business Ethics for its employees, the Code of Conduct for Directors and

		<p>Senior Managerial Personnel, The Whistle Blower Policy, Insider Trading Prohibition Code containing (a) Code of Conduct to regulate, monitor and report Trading by designated persons in Securities of the Company. (b) Policy and procedure for inquiry in case of leak/suspected leak of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information. (c) Code of Practices and procedure for fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information and the same are available on the Company's website at www.nilkamal.com. The Company also has in place an Anti-Sexual Harassment Policy which institutes specific mechanisms to deal with workplace harassment.</p> <p>The Company has also assigned dedicated e-mail ids for the stakeholders to raise their concerns under the above policies.</p> <p>Further, the Company also persuades its Indian Subsidiary, Joint venture, suppliers, contractors and others to follow the said policies, to the extent applicable to them.</p>
2	How many stakeholder complaints have been received in the past financial year and what percentage was satisfactorily resolved by the management? If so, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so	<p>The Company has in place a mechanisms for receiving and dealing with complaints from different stakeholders'. The Company responds to the complaints within a time bound manner.</p> <p>During the year, Company received 10 complaints from shareholders which were disposed-off within due time and there were no complaints which had remained unresolved at the end of the year. Further, the Company has not received any complaints under the Whistle Blower Policy of the Company.</p>
	Principle 2	
1	List up to 3 of your products or services whose design has incorporated social or environmental concerns, risks and/or opportunities.	<p>Your Company is committed to offer quality standards for all range of products which are eco - friendly, safe and energy efficient products, thus incorporating social and environmental concerns. Some of the products introduced during the year 2019 - 20, are as below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i) Designed and developed crates/totes with lid and other features which are to be used as returnable packaging in rapidly developing e-commerce and home delivery markets. This will reduce the use of corrugated boxes currently used for packaging which in turn reduce use of natural resource i.e. wood. ii) Designed and developed One-way Plastic Pallets for export and other reusable Pallets, replacing the conventional wooden pallets. Thus, reducing use of natural resource i.e. wood. iii) Designed and developed Plastic Hand wash basin with 4 taps for use in rural area schools. It is easy to install assembly, low cost and promote hygiene. iv) Plastic Fish Frames are developed for fishing industry replacing conventional wooden & metal frames. v) Designed and developed Prefabricated Plastic Manholes & Inspection Chambers. These are used underground for drainage and sewerage as well as in Electrical and Telecom applications. These are easy to install and assembly.
2	For each such product, provide the following details in respect of resource use (energy, water, raw material etc.) per unit of product(optional):	The Company is continuously putting its efforts to improve Energy Management by way of monitoring energy related parameters on a regular basis. The Company's Environment Policy enables its employees to strive towards prevention of

	<p>(a) Reduction during sourcing / production / distribution achieved since the previous year throughout the value chain?</p> <p>(b) Reduction during usage by consumers (energy, water) has been achieved since the previous year?</p>	<p>pollution and for continuous conservation of valuable resources. As a measure of the same, the Company has installed :-</p> <p>i) 2 new Injection molding machines of medium and big tonnage capacity with new energy saving technology resulting in reduction of electrical units.</p> <p>ii) installed latest technology mould cooling system to optimize cooling time, subsequently reduction in cycle time.</p> <p>iii) Use of Solar Power Panels to source energy for manufacturing operations at our various plants viz; Barjora, Hosur, Sinnar, Kharadpada, Vassona plant.</p> <p>iv) Replaced hydro motors with electric servo motor to save energy.</p>
3	<p>Does the Company have procedures in place for sustainable sourcing (including transportation)?</p> <p>a) If yes, what percentage of your inputs was sourced sustainably? Also, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so</p>	<p>Yes.</p> <p>The Company encourages the HUB and Spoke Policy resulting in sustainable sourcing from many local based suppliers, giving them opportunity to supply raw materials and packing materials.</p> <p>The Company has strategically designed its distribution network in order to serve its distributors and the dealers thereof in the least possible transportation time.</p> <p>Further, all of our products can be used multiple times there by increasing its sustainability.</p>
4	<p>Has the company taken any steps to procure goods and services from local & small producers, including communities surrounding their place of work?</p> <p>a) If yes, what steps have been taken to improve their capacity and capability of local and small vendors?</p>	<p>Yes, the Company has registered many small scale units under MSME as its suppliers.</p> <p>The Company gives preference to local suppliers/producers especially by giving to local persons work on job work basis.</p> <p>Apart from providing resources, the Company's representatives also give on - the - job training with proper QMS practices, thus enabling the suppliers to get ISO-9001 certification, to ensure quality and productivity. The Company makes sure that they utilize their manufacturing capacity with preferred vendor program.</p>
5	<p>Does the Company have a mechanism to recycle products and waste? If yes, what is the percentage of recycling of products and waste (separately as <5%, 5-10%, >10%). Also, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so</p>	<p>Yes, the Company has in-house grinders to grind and re-use its own process wastes. Also, it has installed extruder / pelletizing machine for making granules. The Company's complete recycling line, grinds and cleans used crates/pallets from its customers, and the said recycled material is then used to produce new crates and pallets for customers.</p> <p>Thus, waste management is highly focused and monitored through corporate management and recycling the product by using good waste management process.</p>
	Principle 3	
1	Please indicate the Total number of employees.	3,281
2	Please indicate the Number of permanent women employees.	255
3	Please indicate the Number of permanent employees with disabilities.	3

4	Do you have an employee association that is recognized by management?	No																
5	What percentage of your permanent employees is members of this recognized employee association?	Not Applicable																
6	Please indicate the number of complaints relating to child labour, forced labour, involuntary labour, sexual harassment in the last financial year and pending, as on the end of the financial year.	The Company does not employ either on its own or through labour contractor any child labour or forced labour. Further, the Company has not received any complaints relating to involuntary labour or sexual harassment.																
		<table><tr><td>No.</td><td>Category</td><td>No. of complaints filed during the financial year</td><td>No. of complaints pending as on end of the financial Year</td></tr><tr><td>i)</td><td>Child labour/forced labour/involuntary labour</td><td>Nil</td><td>N.A</td></tr><tr><td>ii)</td><td>Sexual harassment</td><td>Nil</td><td>N.A</td></tr><tr><td>iii)</td><td>Discriminatory employment</td><td>Nil</td><td>N.A</td></tr></table>	No.	Category	No. of complaints filed during the financial year	No. of complaints pending as on end of the financial Year	i)	Child labour/forced labour/involuntary labour	Nil	N.A	ii)	Sexual harassment	Nil	N.A	iii)	Discriminatory employment	Nil	N.A
		No.	Category	No. of complaints filed during the financial year	No. of complaints pending as on end of the financial Year													
		i)	Child labour/forced labour/involuntary labour	Nil	N.A													
		ii)	Sexual harassment	Nil	N.A													
iii)	Discriminatory employment	Nil	N.A															
7	What percentage of your under mentioned employees were given safety & skill up-gradation training in the last year? a) Permanent Employees b) Permanent Women Employees c) Casual/Temporary/Contractual Employees d) Employees with Disabilities	The employees are the key asset to the Company's growth. And hence their safety is of utmost priority to the Company. The Company has in place a Health and Safety Policy, which prioritizes the health and safety of all persons working within the Company premises. The Company is committed to providing the employees a safe and healthy work Environment. The Company provides health, safety & skill training on periodical basis. Further, the Company also imparts training on a regular basis to its retail workforce for enhancement of their skills.																
	Principle 4																	
1	Has the Company mapped its internal and external stakeholders? Yes/No	Yes																
2	Out of the above, has the Company identified the disadvantaged, vulnerable & marginalized stakeholders	Yes																
3	Are there any special initiatives taken by the Company to engage with the disadvantaged, vulnerable and marginalized stakeholders. If so, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so	<p>Yes</p> <p>The Company is responsive towards all stakeholders. The Company tries to engage local workforce to the extent feasible for any new project or expansion at any of its existing location. The Company also undertakes a project on a continuous basis named as 'V30Winner', which provides opportunity to and proactively engages the disadvantaged, vulnerable and marginalized section of its workforce.</p> <p>Under this project a group of 3 - 5 workman is formed who provides the Company innovative ideas, either financial or non-financial, for the benefit of the Company. The best ideas amongst all are selected and adopted by the Company and the team is incentivized.</p> <p>In this manner the Company recognizes and motivates the marginalized stakeholders.</p> <p>The Company extends its social responsibility by engaging in providing education to underprivileged, medical and sanitation facilities through its CSR projects.</p>																

	Principle 5	
1	Does the policy of the Company on human rights cover only the company or extend to the Group / Joint Ventures / Suppliers / Contractors/ NGOs/ Others?	The Company believes that a sustainable organization rests on a foundation of respect for human rights. Hence it is committed to protect the human rights across the Company. The Company has in place a Human Rights policy which prioritizes the various rights of the employees' working within the Company and further all other aspects of the Human rights are covered by the Company's internal HR policies and practices. The Company does not hire child labour, forced labour or involuntary labour and never discriminates between its employees. Further, the Company also persuades its Joint venture, suppliers, contractors and others to follow the said practices, to the extent possible.
2	How many stakeholder complaints have been received in the past financial year and what percent was satisfactorily resolved by the management?	Nil
	Principle 6	
1	Does the policy related to Principle 6 cover only the company or extends to the Group/ Joint Ventures /Suppliers /Contractors/NGOs/others?	The Company's policy on Environment is applicable to all, including its subsidiary & Joint Venture Companies. Further, the Company obtains its raw material from large suppliers who themselves are law compliant and have National awards to their credit.
2	Does the Company have strategies/ initiatives to address global environmental issues such as climate change, global warming, etc.? Y/N. If yes, please give hyperlink for webpage etc.	<p>Yes. The Company's policy on Environment guides the organization to continually mitigate the impact on climate change and global warming as a result of its operations. The Company is continuously working to improve energy efficiency in its operations. The Company adheres to all legal requirements and norms of energy conservation standards stipulated by the Government of India. Energy conservation initiatives are part of regular operations.</p> <p>Your Company has been certified for "Green Guard" compliance which ensures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i) Consumption of less energy at the manufacturing stage. ii) Harmful gases are not emitted when exposed for longer duration which pollutes indoor air quality. iii) Safe disposal or recycling to make new products at the end of its life cycle. iv) Initiated project for Zero Ozone depleting potential (ODP) and Reduce Global warming potential (GWP) by replacing the PU system. <p>Further, the plastic raw materials, used by the Company are FDA and RoHS compliant, and the practice of reduce, recycle & reuse of scarce resources and waste management, including hazardous wastes, too is done in accordance of the PCB norms.</p>
3	Does the Company identify and assess potential environmental risks? Y/N	<p>Yes. Aspect & Impact Study for all processes is carried out with proper Management program for all significant aspects.</p> <p>ISO 9001- 2015, 14001 – 2015, ISO 50001 -2011 and ISO 4500 - 2018 are adopted at Units as the quality and environment management system standards.</p> <p>Yes, the Company has a mechanism to identify and access potential environmental risks in its plants.</p>
4	Does the Company have any project related to Clean Development Mechanism? If so, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or	Yes. The Company has consistently managed and improved the environmental performance. The Company is sensitive to its role as user of natural resources. The efforts to manage

	so. Also, if Yes, whether any environmental compliance report is filed.	water, energy and material resources at all its units have yield positive results. Further, Waste Management disposal is also practiced across all units.
5	Has the company undertaken any other initiatives on – clean technology, energy efficiency, renewable energy, etc. Y/N If yes, please give hyperlink for web page etc.	Yes. The Company has undertaken initiatives in recycling system of our own polymeric products alongwith the same the energy consumption reduction under umbrella of ISO 50001 system to reduce overall carbon foot print and utilization of solar system capacity is also increased in other plants.
6	Are the Emissions/ Waste generated by the Company within the permissible limits given by CPCB/SPCB for the financial year being reported?	Yes
7	Number of show cause/ legal notices received from CPCB/SPCB which are pending (i.e. not resolved to satisfaction) as on end of Financial Year.	Nil
	Principle 7	
1	Is your Company a member of any trade and chamber or association? If Yes, Name only those major ones that your business deals with:	Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry (FICCI) and Plastic Export Promotion Council (PLEX Council), Retail Association of India (RAI).
2	Have you advocated/ lobbied through above associations for the advancement or improvement of public good? Yes/No; If yes specify the broad areas (drop box: Governance and Administration, Economic Reforms, Inclusive Development Policies, Energy security, Water, Food Security, Sustainable Business Principles, Others)	Yes. The Company generally supports the decisions taken by the associations to which the Company is connected with.
	Principle 8	
1	Does the Company have specified programmes / initiatives / projects in pursuit of the policy related to Principle 8? If yes details thereof.	Yes. The Company have a CSR policy in place and it carried out activities majorly in the areas of education, providing of health care hygiene and sanitation facilities, animal welfare and rural development.
2	Are the programmes/projects undertaken through in-house team/own foundation/ external NGO/ government structures/any other organization?	The Company extends its social responsibility through Nilkamal Foundation, a section 8 Company – the Implementing Agency.
3	Have you done any impact assessment of your initiative?	The Company makes CSR spends through Nilkamal Foundation – implementing agency, which contributes to various institutions/ projects having good track record. Since, impact assessment is an ongoing process, the Company periodically assess whether the said institutions have utilized the funds towards the purpose for which they have been donated. The Company has also recently completed an in-house project through its implementing agency for reconstruction and modernisation of Government School near Mahuva, Gujarat.
4	What is your Company's direct contribution to community development projects- Amount in INR and the details of the projects undertaken.	During the year ended March 31, 2020, the Company has spent ₹ 383.83 lacs on various projects through its implementing agency viz; Nilkamal Foundation . The details of the same are provided under the 'Annual Report on CSR' section.
5	Have you taken steps to ensure that this community development initiative is	The Company has contributed its funds to institutions furthering the benefit to the disadvantaged and needy section

	successfully adopted by the community? Please explain in 50 words, or so	of the society and the same has been acknowledged by them. The Company is also monitoring that the school reconstructed by them is functioning in a proper manner and the benefits of the same are passed in a systematic manner to the under privileged children's.
	Principle 9	
1	What percentage of customer complaints/ consumer cases are pending as on the end of financial year?	4.19% of the customer complaints received during the year were pending.
2	Does the Company display product information on the product label, over and above what is mandated as per local laws? Yes / No / N.A. Remarks (additional information)	Yes. The products of the Company display all information which is mandated by law including the directions for use. The Company follows all legal statutes with respect to product labeling and displaying of product information, such as features, attributes, benefits, recycling codes, etc., wherever applicable. Further, the Company adheres to appropriate advertising policies and also adopts fair business practices in all its dealings. The Company never restricts the freedom of choice and free competition in any manner while catering to its customer needs.
3	Is there any case filed by any stakeholder against the Company regarding unfair trade practices, irresponsible advertising and/or anti-competitive behavior during the last five years and pending as on end of financial year. If so, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so.	Nil
4	Did your Company carry out any consumer survey/ consumer satisfaction trends?	Yes, the Company has carried out certain customer satisfaction surveys for its retail brand i.e. @ home through Google talk. Further the Company also conducted surveys with its channel partners in order to check the service level of the Company.

REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Board of Directors present the Company's Report on Corporate Governance pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('SEBI Listing Regulations') as amended, for the year ended March 31, 2020.

1. COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON THE CODE OF GOVERNANCE

Your Company endeavours to strengthen its governance principles to generate long-term value for its various stakeholders on a sustainable basis thus ensuring ethical and responsible leadership both at the Board and the Management levels. The Company is committed to transparency in all its dealings and places emphasis on business ethics.

In India, Corporate Governance standards for listed companies are regulated by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, (SEBI Listing Regulations). The Company has adopted best practices mandated in the SEBI Listing Regulations.

2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Composition of the Board

The Board of Directors ('Board') of the Company comprises of an optimum combination of Executive and Non-Executive Directors, including an Independent Woman Director in line with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the ('SEBI Listing Regulations') as amended from time to time. As at the end of the financial year 2020, the total Board strength comprises of Twelve Directors on the Board, out of which Seven are Non-Executive Directors including a Non-Executive Chairman, and the rest are Executive Directors.

The Independent Directors do not have any material pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company, Promoters or Management, which may affect their judgement in any manner. The Directors are eminently qualified and experienced professionals in industrial, managerial, business, finance, marketing and corporate management that allow them to make effective contribution to the Board and its Committees. The Directors attending the meetings actively participate in the deliberations at these meetings by providing valuable guidance to the Management on various aspects of business, policy direction, governance, compliance etc. which adds value in the decision making process of the Board of Directors. The Board meets at least once in a quarter to consider amongst other matters, the quarterly performance of the Company and financial results.

Further none of the Directors on the Board is a member of more than Ten Committees or Chairman of Five Committees (committees being Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee) across all the Indian Public Companies in which he/she is a Director. Necessary disclosures regarding their Committee positions have been made by all the Directors.

None of the Directors hold office in more than Ten Public Companies. None of the Independent Directors of the Company serve as an Independent Director in more than Seven listed companies. All Directors are also in compliance with the limit on Independent Directorships of listed companies as prescribed under Regulation 17A of the SEBI Listing Regulations. The Board confirms that the Independent Directors fulfil the conditions specified in these regulations and that they are Independent of the management.

Composition/ Category of Directors/ Attendance at Meetings as on March 31, 2020: -

Name of the Director	Category of Directorship	No. Of Board Meeting attended	Attendance at last AGM held on June 28, 2019
Ms. Hiroo Mirchandani DIN : 06992518	Independent, Non-Executive Director	5	No
Mr. K. R. Ramamoorthy DIN : 00058467	Independent Non-Executive Director	5	Yes
Mr. K. Venkataramanan DIN : 00001647	Independent, Non-Executive Director	5	No
Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi DIN : 00123243	Independent, Non-Executive Director	5	No
Mr. Mufazzal S. Federal DIN : 03409798	Independent, Non-Executive Director	5	No

Name of the Director	Category of Directorship	No. Of Board Meeting attended	Attendance at last AGM held on June 28, 2019
Mr. S. K. Palekar DIN : 01723670	Independent, Non-Executive Director	5	No
Mr. Hiten V. Parekh DIN : 00037550 Joint Managing Director	Executive Director	5	Yes
Mr. Manish V. Parekh DIN : 00037724 President and Executive Director (Furniture)	Executive Director	5	No
* Mr. Mihir H. Parekh DIN : 07308466 Executive Director	Executive Director	NA	No
Mr. Nayan S. Parekh DIN : 00037597 President and Executive Director (Material Handling)	Executive Director	5	Yes
Mr. Sharad V. Parekh DIN : 00035747 Managing Director	Executive Director	5	Yes
Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh DIN : 00037519 Chairman	Non-Executive Director	5	Yes

* Appointed w.e.f. February 1, 2020 and hence was not a Director as on the date of the last Board Meeting held on January 29, 2020 for the FY 2019 - 2020.

Number of directorships / committee memberships held by the Directors of the Company in other Companies including the names of the other listed entities where the Director is a Director and the category of their directorship as on March 31, 2020:-

Name of the Director	Number of directorship in other public Companies*	Committee Chairmanship and Membership*		Names of other Listed Companies in which he/she holds Directorship and category of Directorship	Shareholding of Non - Executive Directors
		Chair-manship**	Member-ship**		
Ms. Hiroo Mirchandani DIN : 06992518	3	1	3	1. TataTeleservices (Maharashtra) Limited Independent, Non-Executive Director 2. Polycab India Limited - Independent, Non-Executive Director.	Nil
Mr. K. R. Ramamoorthy DIN : 00058467	3	3	4	1. Amrit Corp. Limited Independent Non-Executive Director 2. Subros Limited Independent, Non-Executive Director 3. Ujjivan Financial Services Limited Independent, Non-Executive Chairman	Nil
***Mr. K. Venkataramanan DIN : 00001647	3	-	2	1. Vedanta Limited Independent, Non-Executive Director 2. Kirloskar Pneumatic Company Limited Independent	Nil
Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi DIN : 00123243	6	1	3	1. Graviss Hospitality Limited -Independent, Non-Executive Director 2. LKP Finance Limited –Chairman, Executive Director	7,200
Mr. Mufazzal S. Federal DIN : 03409798	-	-	-	-	Nil
Mr. S. K. Palekar DIN : 01723670	-	-	-	-	Nil
Mr. Hiten V. Parekh DIN : 00037550 Joint Managing Director	#1	-	-	-	NA

Name of the Director	Number of directorship in other public Companies*	Committee Chairmanship Membership*		Names of other Listed Companies in which he/she holds Directorship and category of Directorship	Shareholding of Non - Executive Directors
		Chairmanship**	Membership**		
Mr. Manish V. Parekh DIN : 00037724 <i>President and Executive Director (Furniture)</i>	#1	-	-	-	NA
****Mr. Mihir H. Parekh DIN 07308466 <i>Executive Director</i>	-	-	-	-	NA
Mr. Nayan S. Parekh DIN : 00037597 <i>President and Executive Director (Material Handling)</i>	#1	-	-	-	NA
Mr. Sharad V. Parekh DIN : 00035747 <i>Managing Director</i>	-	-	-	-	NA
Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh DIN : 00037519 <i>Chairman</i>	-	-	-	-	1,31,000

* Excludes Directorship and Committee chairmanship / membership in Private Companies, Foreign Companies, Section 8 Companies and Nilkamal Limited.

Includes Directorship in Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited (formerly known as Nilkamal Bito Storage Systems Private Limited), being deemed to be Public Limited Company since it is subsidiary of Nilkamal Limited.

** Only Audit Committee and Stakeholder's Relationship Committee of Public Limited Company (whether listed or not) has been consider as per Regulation 26(1) of the SEBI Listing Regulations.

*** Mr. K. Venkataramanan has been appointed as a Member of Stakeholders' Relationship Committee w.e.f. April, 1, 2019.

**** The Board of Directors has appointed Mr. Mihir H. Parekh as Additional and Executive Director of the Company w.e.f. from February 1, 2020.

Separate Meeting of Independent Directors

As required under the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Independent Directors held One separate meeting on January 29, 2020. The Independent Directors discussed and reviewed the matters specified in Regulation 25(4) of the SEBI Listing Regulations.

Further, as a part of familiarization programme, the Board members are provided with necessary documents, reports, internal policies, amendments to the various enactments, statutory laws, etc., to enable them to familiarise themselves with the Company's operations. Periodic presentations are made at the Board and Board Committee Meetings, on business and performance updates of the Company, updates on products of the Company, Company plans and strategies, budgets, risk management mechanism, investments, fund flows, operations of subsidiaries and associates etc. The details pertaining to the familiarisation program can be accessed at the Company's weblink at https://nilkamal.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/05/FamiliarizationProgramme_For_Independent_Directors.pdf

In addition to the same, any new Independent Director is welcomed to the Board of Directors of the Company by sharing a tool kit containing various policies of the Company for his reference.

Number of Board Meetings held and the dates on which held

There were five Board Meetings of the Company held during the financial year 2019-2020 on the following dates: May 11, 2019, July 6, 2019, August 6, 2019, November 13, 2019 and January 29, 2020.

Inter-se Relationship

Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh and Mr. Sharad V. Parekh are brothers. Further, Mr. Hiten V. Parekh and Mr. Manish V. Parekh are sons of Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh, Mr. Mihir H. Parekh is son of Mr. Hiten V. Parekh and Mr. Nayan S. Parekh is son of Mr. Sharad V. Parekh.

Except the above there are no inter-se relationships among the Directors.

Criteria for Board membership

The Board has adopted the Nomination and Remuneration Policy to ensure that the Board composition is balanced with the requisite skill sets, so that the Company benefits from new insights, guidance and challenges to business proposals. The Policy outlines the appointment criteria and qualifications of the Directors on the Board of Company and the matters related to remuneration of the Directors. The said Policy is available on the Company's website at https://nilkamal.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/01/Nomination-and-Remuneration-Policy_11052018.pdf.

In terms of the requirement of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Board has identified the core skills/expertise/competencies of the Directors in the context of the Company's business for effective functioning and as available with the Board. These are as follows:

Sr. No.	Areas of expertise Required	Skill areas actually available with the Board											
		Hiroo Mirchandani	K. R. Ramamoorthy	K. Venkataramanan	Mahendra V. Doshi	Mufazzal S. Federal	S. K. Palekar	Hiten V. Parekh	Manish V. Parekh	Mihir H. Parekh	Nayan S. Parekh	Sharad V. Parekh	Vamanrai V. Parekh
1.	Strategy and planning - Ability to think strategically; identify and critically assess strategic opportunities and threats. Develop effective strategies in the context of the strategic objectives of the Company, relevant policies and priorities.	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö		Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö
2.	Governance, Risk and Compliance - Experience in the application of corporate governance principles. Ability to identify key risks to the Company in a wide range of areas including legal and regulatory compliance.	Ö	Ö	Ö		Ö		Ö	Ö		Ö		
3.	Financial - Comprehensive understanding of financial accounting, reporting and controls and analysis		Ö	Ö	Ö		Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö
4.	Sales, Marketing & Brand building - Experience in developing strategies to grow sales and market share, build brand awareness and equity, and enhance enterprise reputation.	Ö					Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	

3. AUDIT COMMITTEE

The composition of the Audit Committee and the scope of its activities and powers are in conformity with and includes the areas prescribed under the Regulations 18 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder. The Audit Committee comprises of four Non-Executive Directors who are well versed with the financial matters and corporate laws. The Audit Committee met four times on May 11, 2019, August 6, 2019, November 13, 2019 and January 29, 2020. The necessary quorum was present for all the meetings. The Chairman of the Audit committee was present at the last Annual General Meeting of the Company held on June 28, 2019.

Details of the composition of the Audit Committee and attendance of the Members are as follows:

Name	Category	Position	No. of Meetings	
			Held	Attended
Mr. K. R. Ramamoorthy	Independent, Non- Executive	Chairman	4	4
Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi	Independent, Non-Executive	Member	4	4
Mr. Mufazzal S. Federal	Independent, Non-Executive	Member	4	4
Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh	Non-Executive	Member	4	4

The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the Committee.

The Audit Committee invites the Managing Director, Executive Directors, Senior Executives representing various functional areas of the Company, Statutory Auditors and Internal Auditors at its Meetings.

Terms of Reference:

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee (AC) covers the areas mentioned in Section 177 of the Act and Regulation 18 read with Part C of Schedule II to the SEBI Listing Regulations. The scope and terms of reference of the said committee have been widened in line with the amendments made to SEBI Listing Regulations. The terms of reference of the AC, inter-alia are as follows:

1. Audited and Un-audited financial results;
2. Internal Audit reports, risk management policies and reports on internal control system;
3. Discusses the larger issues that are of vital concern to the Company including adequacy of internal controls and adequacy of provisions for liabilities, etc.;
4. Transactions proposed to be entered into by the Company with related parties and approves such transactions including any subsequent modifications thereto;
5. Functioning of Whistle Blower Policy; and
6. Recommends proposals for appointment and remuneration payable to the Statutory Auditor and Internal Auditors and also the proposal for appointment of Chief Financial Officer. The Audit Committee also reviews adequacy of disclosures and compliance with all relevant laws.

In addition to the aforesaid, the Committee also looks into the matters as are specifically referred to it by the Board of Directors besides looking into the mandatory requirements of the SEBI Listing Regulations as amended from time to time and that of the Act.

4. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee presently consists of Three Non - Executive Directors, all being Independent. The Committee met two times in 2019 - 2020 on May 11, 2019 and January 29, 2020. The necessary quorum was present for both the meetings. The Chairman of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee was present at the last Annual General Meeting of the Company held on June 28, 2019. The composition of the Committee during 2019 and the details of meetings held and attended by the members are as under:

Name	Category	Position	No. of Meetings	
			Held	Attended
Mr. K. R. Ramamoorthy	Independent, Non- Executive	Chairman	2	2
Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi	Independent, Non-Executive	Member	2	2
Mr. Mufazzal S. Federal	Independent, Non-Executive	Member	2	2

The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the Committee.

The terms of reference of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) covers the areas mentioned in Section 178 of the Act and Regulation 19 read with Part D (A) of Schedule II to the SEBI Listing Regulations. The scope and terms of reference of the said committee have been widened in line with the amendments made to SEBI Listing Regulations. The terms of reference of the NRC, inter-alia are as follows:

- 1) To formulate the criteria for determining qualifications, competencies, positive attributes and independence for appointment of a Director and recommend to the Board, policies relating to the remuneration of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees;
- 2) To identify persons who are qualified to become Directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down and recommend to the Board their appointment and removal;
- 3) To formulate the criteria for evaluation of the Independent Directors and the Board;
- 4) To devise a policy on Board diversity.
- 5) Whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the Independent Director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of Independent Directors.
- 6) Recommend to the board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management.

Performance evaluation:

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the applicable provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Annual Performance Evaluation was carried out for the financial year 2019 - 20 by the Board in respect of its own performance, the Directors individually as well as the evaluation of the working of its Audit, Nomination and Remuneration, Stakeholders' Relationship, Corporate Social Responsibility Committees, Stakeholders' Relationship Committee, Share Transfer Committee and Board's Management Committee. A structured questionnaire covering various aspects of the Board's functioning such as adequacy of the composition of the Board and its Committees, Board culture, execution and performance of specific duties, obligations and governance was prepared and circulated after taking into consideration the Guidance note issued by SEBI vide circular no, CMD/CIR/P/2017/004 dated January 5, 2017.

A separate exercise was carried out to evaluate the performance of individual Directors including the Chairman of the Board who were evaluated on parameters such as guidance/ support to management outside Board/ Committee meetings, degree of fulfilment of key responsibilities, effectiveness of meetings etc. The performance evaluation of the Independent Directors was carried out by the entire Board.

The Independent Directors expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process, the Board's freedom to express its views on matters transacted at the Meetings and the openness and transparency with which the Management discusses various subject matters specified on the agenda of Meetings. The consolidated evaluation report of the Board, based on inputs received from the Directors was discussed at the Meeting of the Board held on January 29, 2020 and the action areas identified in the process are being implemented to ensure a better interface at the Board/ Management level.

Remuneration to Directors:

The Company has a well-defined policy for the remuneration of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees. The said policy was reviewed and approved by the Board at its meeting held on May 11, 2018 based upon the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The said policy is set out on the website of the Company at https://nilkamal.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/01/Nomination-and-Remuneration-Policy_11052018.pdf

The Board of Directors / Nomination and Remuneration Committee is authorized to decide the remuneration of the Executive Directors, subject to the approval of the members. The remuneration structure comprises of salary, perquisites, retirement benefits as per law / rules and commission which is linked to the performance of the Company.

Annual increments are decided by the Board of Directors within the salary scale approved by the members. All the Executive Directors except Mr. Mihir H. Parekh, Executive Director is entitled to commission to the extent of 1% of the net profits of the Company over and above the net profits of ₹ 50.00 crores.

The agreement with the Executive Directors is for a specified period. Either party to the agreement is entitled to terminate the agreement by giving not less than Three months' notice in writing to the other party. Further, in case of termination of agreement by the Company, a severance fee of three months' remuneration shall be paid.

The Company does not have a scheme for grant of stock options.

The Company has a policy for determining the remuneration of the Non-Executive Directors of the Company. The Company remunerates its Non-Executive Directors by way of sitting fees for attending each meeting of the Board and / or Committee, and the same is paid within the limits laid down in the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Rules framed thereunder. The remuneration determined for the Non - Executive Directors is subject to the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and approval of the Board of Directors.

The Non - Executive Directors are paid sitting fee of ₹ 1,00,000 per meeting for attending Board Meeting, ₹ 75,000 per meeting for Audit Committee Meeting, ₹ 50,000 per meeting for separate meeting of Independent Directors, ₹ 30,000 per meeting for Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meeting, ₹ 15,000 per meeting for Corporate Social Responsibility Committee Meeting and ₹ 25,000 per meeting for Stakeholders Relationship Committee Meeting.

The details of remuneration paid to the Directors for the financial year 2019-2020 are given below:

Name of the Director	Salary & perquisites (₹)	Commission for the FY 2019-2020 (payable in FY 2020-2021)	Sitting fees (₹)	Total (₹)	No. of Shares held as on 31-03-2020
Ms. Hiroo Mirchandani	N.A.	N.A.	550,000	550,000	Nil
Mr. K. R. Ramamoorthy	N.A.	N.A.	925,000	925,000	Nil
Mr. K. Venkataramanan	N.A.	N.A.	575,000	575,000	Nil
Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi	N.A.	N.A.	910,000	910,000	7,200
Mr. Mufazzal S. Federal	N.A.	N.A.	910,000	910,000	Nil
Mr. S. K. Palekar	N.A.	N.A.	550,000	550,000	Nil
Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh	N.A.	N.A.	840,000	840,000	131,000
Mr. Hiten V. Parekh	24,691,958	11,900,000	N.A.	36,591,958	1,892,258
Mr. Manish V. Parekh	23,647,354	11,900,000	N.A.	35,547,354	1,551,563
Mr. Nayan S. Parekh	22,661,027	11,900,000	N.A.	34,561,027	2,189,704
Mr. Sharad V. Parekh	25,344,083	11,900,000	N.A.	37,244,083	120,400
* Mr. Mihir H. Parekh	650,707	Nil	N.A.	650,707	131,900

* Appointed as an Additional and Executive Director w.e.f. February 1, 2020.

Notes:

1. Sitting fees include fees for attending the Board Meetings, Audit Committee Meetings, Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meetings, Corporate Social Responsibility Committee Meeting, Stakeholder's Relationship Committee Meeting and Independent Director's Meeting.

5. STAKEHOLDERS' RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

The Company's Stakeholders' Relationship Committee is responsible for the satisfactory redressal of investor complaints. During the year under review, the Committee met one time on November 13, 2019. The composition and details of the meetings attended by the members are given below:

Name	Category	Position	No. of Meetings	
			Held	Attended
Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh	Non-Executive	Chairman	1	1
*Mr. K. Venkataramanan	Independent, Non- Executive	Member	1	1
Mr. Sharad V. Parekh	Executive	Member	1	1
Mr. Hiten V. Parekh	Executive	Member	1	1

* Mr. K. Venkataramanan has been appointed as a Member of Stakeholders' Relationship Committee w.e.f. April, 1, 2019.

Ms. Priti P. Dave, Company Secretary is the "Compliance Officer" who oversees the redressal of the investors' grievances.

Terms of Reference:

The terms of reference of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee (SRC) covers the areas mentioned in Section 178 (5) of the Act and Regulation 20 read with Part D (B) of Schedule II to the SEBI Listing Regulations. The scope and terms of reference of the said committee have been widened in line with the amendments made to SEBI Listing Regulations.

The terms of reference of the SRC, inter-alia are as follows:

- 1) Resolving the grievances of the security holders of the Company including complaints related to transfer/transmission of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared dividends, issue of new/duplicate certificates, general meetings etc.
- 2) Review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders.
- 3) Review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the Company in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent.
- 4) Review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the listed entity for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports/statutory notices by the shareholders of the company.

During the year, the Company had received 10 complaints from shareholders, which were disposed-off within due time and there were no complaints which had remained unresolved at the end of the year. Further, no investor grievance has remained unattended / pending for more than thirty days.

The Company has assigned its share transfer and dematerialisation work to M/s. Link Intime India Private Limited, Registrar and Transfer Agents. As on March 31, 2020 there was 1 dematerialisation requests for 200 Equity Shares which was pending for approval with the Registrars.

6. GENERAL BODY MEETINGS

Details of the location of the last Three Annual General Meetings (AGM) and details of the special resolutions passed:

Annual General Meeting (AGM)	Date	Time	Venue	Special Resolution Passed
33 rd AGM	28-06-2019		Survey No.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Approval for continuation of the existing tenure of Directorship of Mr. K. Venkataramanan, as an Independent Director of the Company after attaining the age of 75 years till completion of his present term i.e. upto conclusion of Thirty Fourth Annual General Meeting . 2. Re-appointment of Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi as an Independent Director for a period of Five years w.e.f. June 28, 2019

Annual General Meeting (AGM)	Date	Time	Venue	Special Resolution Passed
		12.00 noon	354/2 and 354/3, Near Rakholi Bridge, Silvassa-Khanvel Road, Vasona, Silvassa – 396 230, Union Territory of Dadra & Nagar Haveli.	3. Re-appointment of Mr. Mufazzal S. Federal as an Independent Director for a period of Five years w.e.f. June 28, 2019. 4. Re-appointment of Mr. S. K. Palekar as an Independent Director for a period of Five years w.e.f. June 28, 2019. 5. Continuation of payment of remuneration to Executive Directors who are Promoters in excess of threshold limits as per SEBI (LODR) (Amendment) Regulations, 2018.
32 nd AGM	30-06-2018			1. Re-appointment of Ms. Hiroo Mirchandani as an Independent Director for a period of Five years. 2. Re-classification of Ms. Rajul Manoj Gandhi and Mr. Manoj Kantilal Gandhi from 'Promoter / Promoter group category' to 'Public category'.
31 st AGM	08-08-2017			NIL

All special resolutions set out in the Notices for the Annual General Meetings were passed by the Members at the respective meetings with requisite majority.

Postal Ballots

No resolutions were passed through postal ballot during the last financial year.

7. DISCLOSURES

a) Related Party Transactions

The Company has formulated a policy on Materiality of and dealing with Related Party Transactions. The Policy is available on the website of the Company at the link https://nilkamal.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/03/Policyonmaterialityofanddealingwithrelatedparty_290120191.pdf

There are no materially significant transactions with the related parties that had potential conflict with the interest of the Company. All these transactions are in the normal course of business and are carried out on an arm's length basis.

b) Compliance

During the year under review, BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) vide their letter dated November 6, 2019 levied a penalty of ₹11,800/- each for delay in submission of voting results by one day for the Postal Ballot convened on March 24, 2019 to the said Exchanges. The Company has paid the said fine.

Apart for the above, there was no non-compliance by the Company nor any penalties or strictures were imposed on the Company by the Stock Exchanges or Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI), or any statutory authority on any matter related to the capital markets during the last three years.

c) Whistle Blower Policy

Pursuant to Section 177(9) and (10) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the provisions of SEBI Listing Regulations, the Company has a Whistle Blower Policy for establishing a vigil mechanism for Directors and employees to report genuine concerns regarding unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct. The said mechanism also provides for adequate safeguards against victimisation of persons who use such mechanism and makes provision for direct access to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee in appropriate or exceptional cases. We affirm that no employee of the Company was denied access to the Audit Committee. The said Whistle Blower Policy has been hosted on the website of the Company at the link <https://nilkamal.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/01/Whistle-Blower-Policy.pdf>

d) Details of compliance with mandatory requirements and adoption of the non-mandatory requirements under the SEBI Listing Regulations

During the year, the Company has complied with the mandatory requirements as stipulated in SEBI Listing Regulations.

With respect to the compliance with the non-mandatory requirements pursuant to Regulation 27(1) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Company has adopted the following non-mandatory requirements:

- i) The quarterly results along with the press release are uploaded on the website of the Company at <https://nilkamal.com/unaudited-financial-results/>. The soft copy of the quarterly results is also sent to the shareholders who have registered their e-mail addresses.
- ii) The Chairman being Non-Executive Director, an office is made available for his use during his visits to the Company and is reimbursed the expenses incurred towards the performance of his duties.
- iii) During the year under review, there is no audit qualification on the Company's financial statements. Your Company continues to adopt best practices to ensure a regime of unmodified audit opinion.
- iv) The position of Chairperson of Board and the Managing Director are separate.
- v) The Internal Auditor of the Company reports to the Chief Financial Officer and has direct access to the Audit Committee.

e) Material Subsidiary

During the year ended March 31, 2020, the Company does not have any material listed/unlisted subsidiary companies as defined in Regulation 16 of the SEBI Listing Regulations. The Company has framed the policy for determining material subsidiary as required by under Regulation 16 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and the same is disclosed on the Company's website. The weblink is <https://nilkamal.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/01/Policy-on-determining-material-subsiary.pdf>

f) Commodity Price Risk / Foreign Exchange Risk and Hedging activities

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk on account of import and export transactions and also by way of External Commercial Borrowings (ECB's). The Company is proactively mitigating these risks by entering into commensurate hedging transactions as per the Company's Enterprise Risk Management Policy.

g) Certificate from Company Secretary in practice

The Company has received a certificate from Mr. Pratik M. Shah, Practising Company Secretaries, Mumbai that none of the Directors on the board of the company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of the Company by the Board/Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority. The Certificate of Company Secretary in practice is annexed herewith as a part of the report.

h) During the financial year 2019 - 2020, the Board has accepted all the recommendations of its Committees.**i) Details of workplace sexual harassment complaints reported as per the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace(Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013:**

The Company is committed to ensuring that all employees work in an environment that not only promotes diversity and equality but also mutual trust, equal opportunity and respect for human rights.

The Company has formulated a Policy on prevention of Sexual Harassment in accordance with the provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder which is aimed at providing every woman at the workplace a safe, secure and dignified work environment.

Sr. No.	Particulars	No. of Complaints
1.	Number of complaints filed during the financial year 2019 - 2020	0
2.	Number of complaints disposed of during the financial year 2019 - 2020	0
3.	Number of complaints pending as on end of the financial year 2019 - 2020	0

- j) **Total fees for all services paid by the Listed Entity and its Subsidiaries, on a Consolidated basis, to the Statutory auditor and all entities in the network firm/network entity of which the Statutory Auditor is a part is given below:**

Particulars	₹ in Lakhs
Payment to Statutory Auditors	52.00
Other Services	8.11
Reimbursement of expenses	5.07
Total	65.17

Note:- The above figures are given on consolidated basis i.e. alongwith its 100% subsidiary, Nikamal Storage Systems Private Limited (formerly known as Nilkamal Bito Storage Systems Private Limited)

8. **CEO / CFO CERTIFICATION**

The Managing Director & Chief Financial Officer (CFO) have issued certificate pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 17(8) of the SEBI Listing Regulations certifying that the financial statements do not contain any materially untrue statement and these statements represent a true and fair view of the Company's affairs.

9. **MEANS OF COMMUNICATION**

- The Company's unaudited quarterly financial results and audited annual financial results are sent to BSE Limited (BSE) and The National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) where the Company's securities are listed, immediately after these are approved by the Board.
- The financial results are published in Mint (English) and Daman Ganga Times.
- The Company's results, official news releases and presentations made to Institutional Investors/ Analysts, if any, are displayed on the Company's website www.nilkamal.com. Further, the said results are also e-mailed to the shareholders on their registered e-mail IDs.
- The Annual Report is circulated to all members, and is also available on the Company's website.
- A Management Discussion and Analysis report is a part of this Annual Report.

GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

Annual General Meeting (AGM)

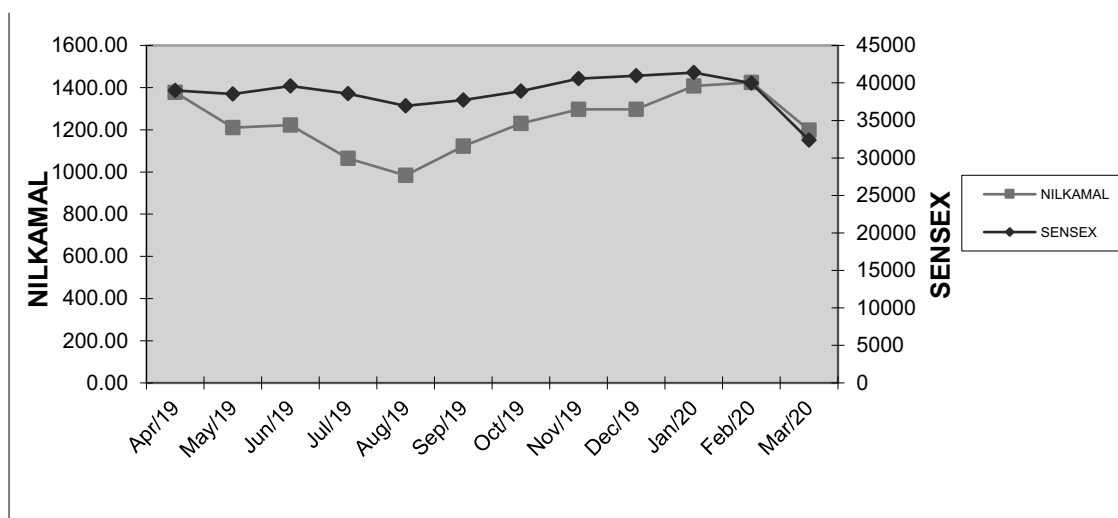
Date & Time	August 14, 2020 at 11.00 am									
Venue	The Company is conducting meeting through VC / OAVM pursuant to the MCA Circular dated May 5, 2020 and as such there is no requirement to have a venue for the AGM. For details please refer to the Notice of this AGM.									
Financial Year	April 1 to March 31									
Financial Calendar	<div>Financial Year: April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2021</div> <div>Results for Quarter ending :</div> <table><tr><td>June 30, 2020</td><td>Before August 14, 2020.</td></tr><tr><td>September 30, 2020</td><td>Before November 14, 2020.</td></tr><tr><td>December 31, 2020</td><td>Before February 14, 2021.</td></tr><tr><td>March 31, 2021</td><td>Before May 30, 2021.</td></tr></table>		June 30, 2020	Before August 14, 2020.	September 30, 2020	Before November 14, 2020.	December 31, 2020	Before February 14, 2021.	March 31, 2021	Before May 30, 2021.
June 30, 2020	Before August 14, 2020.									
September 30, 2020	Before November 14, 2020.									
December 31, 2020	Before February 14, 2021.									
March 31, 2021	Before May 30, 2021.									
Listing on Stock Exchanges	<div>1. The BSE Limited</div> <div>Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai 400001</div> <div>2. National Stock Exchange of India Limited</div> <div>Exchange Plaza, 5th Floor, Plot No. C/1, G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400051.</div>									
Stock Code	<div>1. The BSE Limited – 523385</div> <div>2. National Stock Exchange of India Limited – NILKAMAL</div>									
Demat ISIN in NSDL and CDSL for Equity Shares	INE310A01015									
Corporate Identification Number (CIN)	L25209DN1985PLC000162									

The Company has paid the Annual Listing fees to each of the above Stock Exchanges, for the Financial Year 2019 - 2020.

Market Price Data

BSE Limited			National Stock Exchange of India Limited		
Month	High (₹)	Low (₹)	Month	High (₹)	Low (₹)
April, 2019	1,439.95	1,315.60	April, 2019	1,440.00	1,321.40
May, 2019	1,338.45	1,083.70	May, 2019	1,339.90	1,085.00
June, 2019	1,293.00	1,152.55	June, 2019	1,283.95	1,153.00
July, 2019	1,210.00	918.00	July, 2019	1,211.95	928.05
August, 2019	1,077.00	890.45	August, 2019	1,078.70	889.85
September, 2019	1,265.90	980.00	September, 2019	1,265.00	975.60
October, 2019	1,295.95	1,165.00	October, 2019	1,299.75	1,164.00
November, 2019	1,375.00	1,219.95	November, 2019	1,372.20	1,220.00
December, 2019	1,368.00	1,226.80	December, 2019	1,366.80	1,227.35
January, 2020	1,544.15	1,272.55	January, 2020	1,543.70	1,270.10
February, 2020	1,534.85	1,315.00	February, 2020	1,534.00	1,311.80
March, 2020	1,487.00	911.00	March, 2020	1,441.00	912.00

Performance in comparison to broad-based indices such as BSE Sensex Share Price Movement during each month of the financial year



* Sources www.bseindia.com.

Registrar and Transfer Agents and Share Transfer System

M/s. Link Intime India Private Limited (Link Intime), C-101, 247 Park, L.B.S. Marg, Vikhroli West, Mumbai: 400083; Tel: 022-49186270, Fax: 022-49186060, Email: rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in are the Registrar and Share Transfer Agents for physical shares of the Company. They are also the depository interface of the Company with both National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL).

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDING AS ON MARCH 31, 2020

No. of equity shares held	No. of Shareholders	% of Shareholders	No. of shares held	% of Shareholding
1-500	22,888	97.54	1,046,259	7.01
501 to 1000	276	1.18	205,305	1.38
1001 to 2000	142	0.60	211,378	1.42
2001 to 3000	40	0.17	99,082	0.66
3001 to 4000	16	0.07	55,624	0.37
4001 to 5000	14	0.06	63,103	0.42
5001 to 10000	30	0.13	205,529	1.38
10001 and above	59	0.25	13,036,245	87.36
Total	23,465	100.00	14,922,525	100.00

Shareholding Pattern as on March 31, 2020

Category	No. of Shareholders	Voting Strength (%)	No. of shares
Promoter and Promoter Group	17	64.31	9,597,146
Mutual Funds	7	16.87	2,517,847
Alternate Investment Funds	2	0.01	2,194
Foreign Portfolio Investor	29	2.12	316,359
Financial Institution / Bank	2	0.04	5,730
Body Corporate	235	1.75	261,141
Public & Others	22,719	14.90	2,222,108
Total	23,011	100	14,922,525

Note: As per the SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2017/128 dated December 19, 2017, the number of shareholders mentioned here are consolidated on a PAN basis.

Dematerialisation of shares and liquidity

99.21% of the Company's Share Capital is dematerialised as on March 31, 2020. The Company's shares are regularly traded on the BSE Limited and the National Stock Exchange of India Limited.

Outstanding GDRs/ ADRs/ Warrants or any Convertible Instruments, conversion date and likely impact on equity

As on date, the Company has not issued GDRs, ADRs or any other Convertible Instruments.

Plant Locations

The Company's plants are located at Barjora (West Bengal), Bhiwandi and Sinnar (Maharashtra), Dharuhera (Haryana), Hosur (Tamilnadu), Jammu (Jammu and Kashmir), Kharadpada and Vasona (Union Territory of Dadra and Nagar Haveli), Noida (Uttar Pradesh) and Puducherry (Puducherry).

Address for Correspondence

Investors can communicate at the following addresses:

- Ms. Priti P. Dave – Company Secretary**
Nilkamal Limited
Nilkamal House,
77/78, Road No. 13/14, MIDC,
Andheri-East, Mumbai 400 093.
Tel:- 022-42358888 Fax:- 022-26818080
E-mail:- investor@nilkamal.com
- M/s. Link Intime India Private Limited**
Registrar and Transfer Agents
C-101, 247 Park, L.B.S. Marg,
Vikhroli West, Mumbai : 400083
Tel: 022-49186270, Fax: 022-49186060
Email: rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in

Credit Ratings

The Credit Ratings of the Company for all the debt instruments as on March 31, 2020 is as below:-

Bank Facilities	Rating
Long Term Bank Facilities	CARE AA;Stable (Double A)
Short Term Bank Facilities	CARE A1+ (A One Plus)

MANAGING DIRECTOR'S DECLARATION FOR COMPLIANCE WITH CODE OF CONDUCT

To the Members of
NILKAMAL LIMITED

I hereby confirm that all the members of the Board and Senior Management have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct framed by the Company.

For Nilkamal Limited

Place : Mumbai
Date : June 28, 2020

Sharad V. Parekh
Managing Director

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

(Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

The Members,
Nilkamal Limited
 Survey No 354/2 & 354/3,
 Silvassa Khanvel Road,
 Near Rakholi Bridge, Village Vasona,
 U.T of D & NH, Silvassa – 396230

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of Nilkamal Limited having CIN L25209DN1985PLC000162 and having registered office at Survey No 354/2 & 354/3, Silvassa Khanvel Road, Near Rakholi Bridge, Village Vasona, U.T of D & NH, Silvassa – 396230 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para - C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company and its officers, We hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on March 31, 2020 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such other Statutory Authority:

Sr. No.	DIN	Name of the Directors	Date of Appointment
1	00037550	Mr. Hiten Vamanrai Parekh	December 9, 1985
2	00037519	Mr. Vamanrai Vrajlal Parekh	June 14, 1990
3	00035747	Mr. Sharad Vrajlal Parekh	June 14, 1990
4	00123243	Mr. Mahendra Vasantrai Doshi	December 3, 1990
5	00037597	Mr. Nayan Sharad Parekh	April 1, 2000
6	00037724	Mr. Manish Vamanrai Parekh	April 1, 2000
7	00058467	Mr. Kuttalam Rajagopalan Ramamoorthy	October 31, 2003
8	03409798	Mr. Mufazzal Saifuddin Federal	January 25, 2011
9	01723670	Mr. Sarvadaman Krishnarao Palekar	April 17, 2012
10	06992518	Ms. Hiroo Mirchandani	November 6, 2014
11	00001647	Mr. Krishnamurti Venkataramanan	November 5, 2016
12	07308466	Mr. Mihir Hiten Parekh	February 1, 2020

Ensuring the eligibility of for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the bases of our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Place: Mumbai
 Date: May 8, 2020

PRATIK M. SHAH
 Company Secretaries
 FCS No.: 7431
 CP No.: 7401
UDIN: F007431B000213879

MANAGING DIRECTOR / CFO CERTIFICATION

We the undersigned, in our respective capacities as Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer of Nilkamal Limited ("the Company") to the best of our knowledge and belief certify that:

- (a) We have reviewed Financial Statements and the Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2020 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
 - i) These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
 - ii) These statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- (b) There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's Code of Conduct.
- (c) We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining Internal Controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of Internal Control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the Auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such Internal Controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- (d) We have indicated to the Auditors and the Audit Committee, if any;
 - i) Significant changes in the Internal Control over financial reporting during the year ended March 31, 2020;
 - ii) Significant changes in accounting policies during the year ended March 31, 2020 and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the Financial Statements; and
 - iii) Instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's Internal Control System over financial reporting.

Place: Mumbai
Date: June 28, 2020

For Nilkamal Limited

Sharad V. Parekh
Managing Director

For Nilkamal Limited

Paresh B. Mehta
Chief Financial Officer

Independent Auditors' Certificate on Compliance with the Corporate Governance requirements under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

To the Members of Nilkamal Limited

1. This certificate is issued in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated April 22, 2020.
2. This report contains details of compliance of conditions of corporate governance by Nilkamal Limited ('the Company') for the year ended March 31, 2020 as stipulated in regulations 17-27, clause (b) to (i) of regulation 46 (2) and paragraphs C, D and E of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended from time to time ('Listing Regulations') pursuant to the Listing Agreement of the Company with the National Stock Exchange Limited and the BSE Limited (collectively referred to as the 'Stock exchanges').

Management's Responsibility for compliance with the conditions of Listing Regulations

3. The compliance with the terms and conditions contained in the corporate governance is the responsibility of the Management of the Company including the preparation and maintenance of all relevant supporting records and documents.

Auditors' Responsibility

4. Our examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.
5. Pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Regulations, it is our responsibility to provide a reasonable assurance whether the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the Listing Regulations for the year ended March 31, 2020.
6. We conducted our examination in accordance with the Guidance Note on Reports or Certificates for Special Purposes (Revised 2016) (the 'Guidance Note') issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). The Guidance Note requires that we comply with the ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics issued by the ICAI.
7. We have complied with the relevant applicable requirements of the Standard on Quality Control (SQC) 1, Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Historical Financial Information, and Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements.

Opinion

8. In our opinion, and to the best of our information and according to explanations given to us, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the above-mentioned Listing Regulations.
9. We state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Restriction on use

10. The certificate is addressed and provided to the members of the Company solely for the purpose to enable the Company to comply with the requirement of the Listing Regulations, and it should not be used by any other person or for any other purpose. Accordingly, we do not accept or assume any liability or any duty of care for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this certificate is shown or into whose hands it may come without our prior consent in writing.

For B S R & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Rishabh Kumar
Partner

Membership No: 402877
UDIN: 20402877AAAAABY6336

Mumbai
June 28, 2020

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INDUSTRY STRUCTURE AND DEVELOPMENT OPPORTUNITIES, THREATS, RISKS, CONCERNS AND OUTLOOK:-

The financial year 2019-20 was a tough one for India as its real GDP growth slowed down to a decadal low of five per cent. The growth in private consumption and investment demand, the two main pillars of the Indian economy, shrank during the year. The year ended with an average inflation of 4.8 per cent, the highest in the last Four years. Consumer sentiments appeared weak through most part of the year.

There was an expectation that the GDP growth would start moving up again from the financial year 2020-21. However, the joy was short-lived as Covid-19 disease started spreading in India which lead the Central Government to announce a complete nationwide lockdown for a period of more than two months bringing the economy to a grinding halt.

As a large part of the nation-wide lockdown fall in the on-going year 2020 - 2021, the country is unlikely to come out of its slumber in the current year. While consumption demand is expected to remain muted throughout the year, investment demand will also take a back seat on account of impaired demand.

Plastic Division

The **Plastic Business** has achieved a volume de - growth of 11 % and value de - growth of 11 %. During the Financial Year 2019 - 2020. It has achieved total turnover of ₹ 1,866 Cr as compared to ₹ 2,093 Cr in the previous year.

Over last few years your company`s **Furniture** business has transformed from Plastic Furniture to Complete Furniture Solution Provider for Home Furniture, Office Furniture, Education Furniture, Health Care Furniture and CSR Furniture in various materials and Upholstered Products. Furniture business have Four major verticals – Moulded Furniture, Ready Furniture, Mattress and KAT (Key Account Team- B2B Sales).

Furniture Business has achieved a volume de-growth of 3% with no value growth. As a leader in the moulded category, the company has taken aggressive steps to maintain and grow the market share. More than 15 new products were introduced in the year mostly in the value-added segment. The company appointed more than 200 additional channel partners and more than 2000 retailers to increase its reach for better market penetration and availability across the country. The company has been very aggressive in its pricing to wade off the competition from local players.

The Ready Furniture business is serviced through 3 broad channels, namely, Exclusive Brand Outlets (EBO), Trade and Large Furniture Outlet (LFO) and E-commerce. Ecommerce sale of Ready Furniture grew by more than 200%. EBO channel added 14 stores last year taking the total count of stores to 44. Most of the new stores are franchisee owned. The company added more than Fifty thousand sq.ft. of retail space last year. In order to improve trade and LFO business, the company had invested in local sofa manufacturers to ensure localization of design and reduction in cost. The liquidity crunch in the market is expected to make many small businesses unviable. This will give the EBO's a great opportunity to capture market share. The company will support the EBO business with proper advertising inputs to drive business in the immediate catchment. For the FY 2020 - 2021 we are planning to add 25 additional Franchisee outlets which will add an additional 50000 – 75000 sq.ft. retail foot print in the market.

The **Mattress** business experienced a year full of roller - coaster rides. Year 2019 - 2020 was not a dynamic year for mattress industry. The first quarter saw a moderate demand in the category. However, the 2nd quarter was completely disrupted by massive floods in various parts of the country. Q3 and Q4 showed good signs of recovery. However, with the COVID19 situation, the business completely dropped during March, 2020. Overall, the Company did a turnover of ₹ 70.47 crores with a marginal growth of 3% over last year. During the financial year 2019 - 2020, the company had invested significantly in establishing its presence in the mattress category. Television and Newspaper advertisement were done to improve awareness among consumers and activate new trade partners. This has helped the brand register a positive growth in Q3 and partially in Q4.

The healthcare crisis coupled with the liquidity crunch will see a shift of business from the unorganized to the organized market in the mattress business. The company intends to capitalize this trend by introducing new products at various price points. The Company will also go aggressive in appointing new dealers to increase the brand footprint across India. Exclusive Mattress outlets are planned in major cities to give consumer an experience of the range available with the Company.

The forthcoming year is going to be very uncertain with the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic across the country. The Company is taking the required measures by innovating in the product category, product design, sales channel and other aspects of the business. Towards this the company were able to innovate in less than Two week Quarantine bed, Isolation bed (Patent applied) of various sizes (9 product design registration applied) and supplied till date more than 5000 numbers to several hospitals across the country. The impact of the pandemic is not going to be the same across the country. Different markets are going to behave differently based on the spread of the pandemic and hence the recovery phase will also be different for the markets across India. Brand Nilkamal has a widespread presence across the country and this will help the Company in mitigating the situation by leveraging markets with lower impact of the COVID-19 crisis. Work from home will be the new normal in the near future as social distancing will be followed across the country. This will give rise to a new set of demand for home office range. We are planning to launch new product range which is exclusive for Small Office Home Office (SOHO).

As you are aware that your company already has World Class Infrastructure and Quality Testing Facilities for Moulded Furniture which has helped Company to retain the market leader position year after year. The company is now in process of creating World Class -State of the Art Infrastructure for Steel Furniture, Wooden Modular Furniture and Mattress Manufacturing. We strongly believe that these are the new areas for growth to support Country's growing Retail, Housing, Education, Healthcare and Commercial Infrastructure. The Company clearly see a gap in the market for National brand for various type of Furniture and your company already enjoyed high Brand Recall, Trust of customers and Large Distribution Network which will give us leverage to build the various verticals for supply of Quality Products to the customer at best prices.

We are in process of creating a Company which is Unique and have all kind of Furniture Manufacturing capabilities under one roof.

As per study India's Import bill for Furniture was 600+ Mn USD in 2018-2019 and as a strong National Player we believe that there is an enough opportunity for your Company to become part of this opportunity and support the "Atmanirbhar Bharat" Campaign.

Our Strategy to become India's Leading Furniture Company has following focus areas:-

1. Creating World Class Infrastructure
2. Development of Innovative and Value Added Products
3. Logistics and Technology adaptation
4. Sales and Distribution
5. Installation and After Sales Service

The **Bubble Guard** division this year saw double digit growth and continues to be a growing product category. The packaging applications of Bubble Guard have contributed to growth driven by companies switching away from conventional packaging made of paper and wood towards a more sustainable and reusable alternative. During the lock down period we have also launched innovative Bubble Guard products like Travel Guard (Transport), Virus Guard (for office, cafeteria, Education) and patient bed, to help in fight against Covid-19.

Over the year we participated in numerous exhibitions across the country as the focus remains to increase awareness about this disruptive technology which we believe has yet to reach the majority of industries. We have also invested in consumer and digital marketing to reach a wider audience.

Challenges in the upcoming year are expected to be muted demands across all the sectors we cater to – construction, steel, FMCG and automotive. These industries contribute to more than 50% of BubbleGuard sales and will see slower growth due to the after effects of Covid - 19.

Material Handling Business

The financial year 2019 - 2020 was a mixed year for the Material Handling business. Several end-user sectors of the economy were under stress. Also the large electronic voting machines order which we received in the last financial year was not repeated this year, as there were no large elections. These factors impacted our business which went down by 15% in volume terms. Nevertheless, in all our businesses, we were able to increase our margins because of our ability to demonstrate better pricing power despite the reduction in raw material prices. Moreover, we capitalised on a wide range of products for all industries and our B2B direct sales approach. Our racking business showed a decent growth due to the ongoing impetus on Ecommerce fulfilment centres, logistics and warehousing. This year was an important milestone for our racking business as we acquired 50% share from BITO Lagertechnik Bittmann GmbH, and now Nilkamal Storage Systems Pvt. Ltd. is 100% subsidiary of Nilkamal Ltd. Our US joint venture, Cambro Nilkamal Pvt. Ltd. also performed satisfactorily.

March witnessed the COVID-19 pandemic which has gone on to create devastating social, economic and political crises across the globe. With social isolation imperative and factories closed across the country, the economy has taken a very bad hit. The impact of the pandemic is predicted to last much longer.

SURVIVE:

Nilkamal felt the need to urgently respond to and face the challenges posed by the virus. By the time the lockdown was declared by Indian Government, all employees were equipped with the digital infrastructure needed to work from home. Technology was used to ensure seamless internal and external communication. Employees were engaged in virtual team building activities to keep their morale high. Safety and sanitisation measures for our labourers in plants and warehouses were ramped up, safety drills were carried out in plants, with due importance to social distancing norms. Webinars by external consultants regarding actions during and after lockdown were organised for the Managers to assess the way ahead.

REVIVE:

With industries shut down for an uncertain period, it soon became clear that “Cash is King”. The entire Material Handling division's focus shifted to collecting dues from customers, thereby building cash reserves to pull us through this time, meet fixed expenses and ensure timely disbursement of salaries. Different teams approached large and small customers, at different levels. At corporate level Suppliers were also paid on time, to keep the cycle rolling.

THRIVE:

The COVID-19 pandemic has led to socio economic changes affecting consumer behaviour. This has compelled industries and supply chains to revisit their current operation methods. Some industries may take longer to recover but there are many who are expected to bounce back more quickly. We also see an inevitable disruption in labour and transport operations. We are well positioned to handle the material handling challenges the industries will face.

We foresee huge activity in the following sectors. Listing down our readiness in meeting their expectations:

Ecommerce:

We have been supplying crates, pallets, racks and material handling equipment to many ecommerce players for their fulfilment centres. The next challenge faced by them will be to manage the increasing throughputs efficiently by automation. Automation needs high precision racking products which we have geared up for. We also have developed smart boxes which can be used in return logistics, for transport of food, rations and other supplies.

Pharmaceuticals:

As this sector is increasingly moving towards using plastic pallets, we have developed special hygiene pallets and export pallets. We also have racking solutions and material handling equipment compliant with GMP requirements to offer.

Food processing, Dairy and FMCG:

We already have a whole range of crates, containers and pallets for these sectors. We have taken this a step ahead by adding smart technology RFID tags for quick identifying and sorting of perishable essentials, saving huge costs and time for our customers.

Fruits & Vegetables, Fisheries:

We have a huge range of products for these sectors. Our range of crates, pallets, racking solutions and equipment are there to help with transportation, storage in cold stores and exports of these perishables.

Healthcare:

Our vaccine carriers and cold boxes are ready to deliver the COVID vaccine once it is developed, all across the country, through the Ministry of Health and local health bodies.

Sanitation & Hygiene:

With sanitisation and hygiene the key words now on, we have added to our range of waste collection and disposal bins, hand wash sinks and industrial cleaning equipment. FSSAI standards are going to be enforced more strictly and we are ready to meet the market demands of clean storage of perishables with our range of products for hygienic food transport and service.

At company level we have differing large Capex in the immediate future, till situation looks favourable.

Lifestyle Furniture, Furnishing and Accessories Division:

The Lifestyle Furniture, Furnishing and Accessories Division (@home) registered a revenue of ₹ 215 Cr in FY 2019 - 2020 against ₹ 210 Cr in last FY. The marginal growth came in the background of a very tough market condition where the overall economy saw a consistent decline quarter on quarter. At the end of the Financial year, @home had 26 stores across India with a total retail space of 3.25 lac sq.ft. The business consciously focused on adding Franchisee stores (FOFO) in the said Financial Year. 6 new FOFO stores were added in the year taking the total count to 8. The brand ventured into 4 new markets, namely, Lucknow, Madurai, Salem and Hassan in FY 2019 - 2020. The initial response from all these markets have been very positive for the brand. The balance 18 stores are owned and operated by the Company.

The Organized Furniture industry saw a significant disruption in the online space with many more consumers opting for online purchases. @home had invested significantly in the online space with specific new product development for the online channel, presence in all significant market places, an aggressive pricing strategy based on market mapping and a well targeted marketing campaign round the year to attract the online buyers and ensure a great buying experience. @home achieved 67% growth in the e-commerce business with ₹42 cr revenue in FY 2019 - 2020.

Overall, the marketing mix for the brand shifted towards creating a strong digital footprint to ensure the brand is discovered by potential consumers during their online research.

The Pandemic has forced both consumers and businesses to think differently. Work from Home will be the new norm for the foreseeable future. This changing world order is surely going to change the way consumers shop and also the kind of products they will need in the coming year. In view of the current scenario and fast changing retail environment, the business will focus on strengthening its e-commerce presence with better supply chain measures to ensure a quicker turnaround time, introduction of more futuristic technology to give consumers a unique buying experience and new product development in line with changing consumer preferences. The Company will be investing on product categories like utility, storage, organizers, kitchen utility and home office range in the coming year. The Company will also focus on indigenisation of panel board assortment to go lean on inventory and reduce procurement time. Consumers are expected to defer discretionary purchases and hence the Company plans to increase the entry price point products to ensure large scale affordability for consumers.

The Company will ensure that the entire supply chain is sanitized to give the required confidence to the consumer base shopping with us. Social distancing will be the key word in the fight against the Pandemic. Hence, significant focus will be on staff training to ensure that the team is equipped with the necessary soft skills to handle the healthcare crisis by implementing and executing social distancing norms in-store.

Financial Review

The significant changes in the financial ratios of the Company, which are more than 25% as compared to the previous year are summarised below:-

Ratio	Particulars	Financial Year 2019 - 20	Financial Year 2018 - 19	Change (%)	Reason for change
Interest Coverage Ratio (Excluding Impact of IND AS 116 "Lease")	Standalone	15.16	11.04	37%	Improvement in Coverage Ratio due to Improved Operational performance
	Consolidated	15.61	11.48	36%	

Change in Return on Net Worth

The return on Net worth for the financial year 2019 - 2020 has increased from 13.23% to 13.28% as compared to preceding financial year.

Internal Control System and their Adequacy

The Company's internal financial control framework is commensurate with the size and operations of the business and is in line with requirements of the Act. The Company maintains system of multi-level internal controls which provide reasonable assurance regarding Effectiveness and Efficiency of operation, safeguarding of assets, prevention and detections of frauds and error, accuracy and timely preparation of reliable financial information.

The Company with the help of external professional agencies monitor the effectiveness of the internal controls with an objective to provide to the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors, an independent, objective and reasonable assurance on the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control. The assessment involved self-assessment, review and external audit. Based on their assessment, management is of the opinion that your Company maintained effective internal control over financial reporting.

Human Resources and Industrial Relations

Your Company's industrial relations continued to be harmonious during the year under review. The employee strength of your Company is currently 3,104.

Cautionary Statement

The Management Discussions and Analysis Statement made above are on the basis of available data as well as certain assumptions as to the economic conditions, various factors affecting raw material prices, selling prices, trend and consumer demand and preference, governing and applicable laws and other economic and political factors. The management cannot guarantee the accuracy of the assumptions and projected performance of the Company in future. It is therefore, cautioned that the actual results may differ from those expressed and implied therein.

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of Nilkamal Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements of Nilkamal Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2020, and the standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), standalone Statement of Changes in Equity and standalone Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2020, and profit and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the Standalone financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Description of Key Audit Matters

The key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
Revenue recognition (Refer to Significant Accounting Policy Note 35(m) and Note 27 in the standalone financial statements) Revenue of the Company mainly comprises of sale of material handling products and plastic moulded furniture to its customers. Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when control is transferred to the customers. There is a risk of revenue being overstated on account of variation in the timing of transfer of control due to the pressure to achieve performance targets at the reporting period end. Accordingly, timing of recognition of revenue is a key audit matter.	In view of the significance of the matter we applied the following audit procedures in this area, among others to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Evaluating the Company's accounting policies for revenue recognition, in terms of applicable accounting standards Testing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of the Company's general IT controls and key IT/manual application controls. These are in respect of the Company's systems which govern timing of recognition of revenue including creation of new customers in the system. Performing testing on selected statistical samples of customer contracts. Checked terms and conditions related to acceptance of goods, acknowledged delivery receipts and tested the transit time to deliver the goods and its revenue recognition. Our tests of details focused on substantive testing. It included year-end cut-off testing. We carried out audit procedures by selecting samples of revenue transactions recorded during the year and before and after the financial year end. We also selected samples of one off sales to customers, by verifying the underlying documents such as sales invoices/contracts and shipping documents. Performing substantive testing by verifying statistical samples of credit notes with underlying sales invoice and delivery documents. Assessing manual journal entries posted to revenue on sample basis to identify unusual items of revenue recorded in the current year.

Key Audit Matters (Continued)**Description of Key Audit Matters (Continued)**

The key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
<p>Adoption of new lease accounting standard - Ind AS 116 (Refer to Significant Accounting Policy Note 35(n) and Note 1 in the standalone financial statements)</p> <p>The Company, as a lessee, has entered into lease contracts mainly relating to the depots, warehouses and retail stores of the Company with different contractual terms.</p> <p>As described in note 35(n) to the standalone financial statements, the Company has adopted Ind AS 116, Leases (Ind AS 116) in the current year using modified retrospective approach.</p> <p>Ind AS 116 provides a single lease accounting model, requiring lessees to recognise a right of use asset ("ROU asset") and a corresponding lease liability on the lease commencement date. The Company has recognized the operating lease liabilities based on the present value of the remaining minimum rental payments discounted using the incremental borrowing rate, with corresponding ROU assets on the balance sheet. The Company uses automated report developed in SAP system to compute the Ind AS 116 liabilities.</p> <p>We considered the first-time application of Ind AS 116 as a key audit matter due to the judgements needed in establishing the underlying key assumptions.</p>	<p>In view of the significance of the matter we applied the following audit procedures in this area, among others to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Evaluating the accounting policies regarding leases in terms of applicable accounting standard (Ind AS 116); Testing the manual and automated controls in respect of the lease accounting impact as computed under SAP system; Evaluating the method and adjustments of transition; Testing completeness of the lease data used for lease accounting. We reconciled the Company's operating lease commitments to data used in computing ROU asset and the lease liabilities. Selected a sample of lease contracts. We performed following procedures: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> evaluating the terms of the contract; evaluating the contract meeting the definition of a lease; evaluating the Company's assessment of identification of leases based on contractual agreements; checking the Company's determination of lease payments, based on the terms of the lease contract; evaluating the Company's determination of the lease term, which required consideration of which option periods are certain to be exercised; and Examining the Company's judgement in establishing the underlying assumptions. This includes assessing the discount rate used in determining the lease liability; Assessing and testing the presentation and disclosures relating to Ind AS 116 including, disclosures relating to transition.

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, profit and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, the Management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures in the standalone financial statements made by the Management and Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management and Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of section 143 (11) of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. (A) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The standalone Balance Sheet, the standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the standalone Statement of Changes in Equity and the standalone Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements (Continued)

(B) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at 31 March 2020 on its financial position in its standalone financial statements - Refer Note 36(a) to the standalone financial statements.
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv. The disclosures in the standalone financial statements regarding holdings as well as dealings in specified bank notes during the period from 8 November 2016 to 30 December 2016 have not been made in these financial statements since they do not pertain to the financial year ended 31 March 2020.

(C) With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditors' Report under section 197(16):

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the company to its directors during the current year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act. The remuneration paid to any director is not in excess of the limit laid down under Section 197 of the Act. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under Section 197(16) which are required to be commented upon by us.

For B S R & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 101248W/W-100022

Rishabh Kumar
Partner
Membership No. 402877
ICAI UDIN: 20402877AAAABW9479

Mumbai
28 June 2020

Annexure A to the Independent Auditors' Report – 31 March 2020

With reference to the Annexure A referred to in the Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020, we report the following:

- (i)
 - (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (b) The Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its fixed assets by which the fixed assets are verified by the management according to a phased programme designed to cover all the items over a period of three years. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. In accordance with the programme, the Company has physically verified certain fixed assets during the year and we are informed that no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties as disclosed in Note 1 to the standalone financial statements, are held in the name of the Company other than those disclosed in the table below:

Asset class	No of cases	Gross Block (Rs in Lakhs)	Net block (Rs in Lakhs)	Remarks
Freehold land	1	0.68	0.68	Pending completion of the relevant formalities of some of the fixed assets which vested in the Company pursuant to the scheme of amalgamation, such assets continue to be in the name of the erstwhile amalgamated companies.
Buildings	26	255.19	204.86	

- (ii) The inventory, except for goods in transit and stocks lying with third parties, has been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable. In respect of stocks lying with third parties at the year-end, written confirmations have been obtained. The discrepancies noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records were not material and have been adequately dealt with in books of account.

Annexure A to the Independent Auditors' Report – 31 March 2020 (Continued)

- (iii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act'). Accordingly, paragraph 3 (iii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not granted any loans during the year or provided any guarantees or security to the parties covered under Section 185 of the Act. The Company has complied with the provisions of Section 186 of the Act in respect of the investments made by the Company.
- (v) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted deposits from public in accordance with provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed thereunder. Accordingly, paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the rules prescribed by the Central Government for maintenance of cost records under Section 148 (1) of the Act and are of the opinion that prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. However, we have not made a detailed examination of the records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Provident fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Goods and Service tax, Duty of Customs, Cess and other material statutory dues have been generally regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales-tax, Goods and Service tax, Service tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value added tax, Cess and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2020 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of Income-tax, Sales tax, Service tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise and Value added tax as at 31 March 2020 which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute, except as stated below:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount * (Rs. in Lakhs)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where the dispute is pending
Central Sales Tax Act and Local Sales Tax of various states	Central Sales Tax and Local Sales Tax (including Value Added Tax)	-	2001-2002 to 2004-2005	Supreme Court
		53.38	2010-11, 2013-14	Commercial Tax Officer
		26.13	2017-18	
		22.98	2012-2013 to 2014-2015	Excise and Taxation officer
		25.94	2012-2013, 2013-14 to 2015-16	Commissioner – Appeals Additional Commissioner – Appeals
Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise Duty	72.22	June 2009 to September 2014	Commissioner – Appeals
		10.17	2008-2013	Commissioner – Appeals
		32.89	October 2014 to March 2015	Customs Excise & Service tax Appellate tribunal ("CESTAT")
		40.60	April 2015 to December 2015	Customs Excise & Service tax Appellate tribunal ("CESTAT")
		30.88	April 2013 to September 2014	Commissioner – Appeals
		74.95	January 2016 to June 2017	Commissioner – Appeals
		11.93	April 2016 to June 2017	Commissioner – Appeals

* Amount is net of payments made under dispute

Annexure A to the Independent Auditors' Report – 31 March 2020 (Continued)

- (viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings to banks. The Company does not have any loans or borrowings from financial institutions or government or dues to debenture holders during the year.
- (ix) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us the term loans taken by the Company have been applied for the purposes for which they were raised.
- (x) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
- (xi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the managerial remuneration has been paid or provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has entered into transactions with related parties in compliance with the provisions of Sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and the details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with them. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

For B S R & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 101248W/W-100022

Rishabh Kumar
Partner
Membership No. 402877
ICAI UDIN: 20402877AAAABW9479

Mumbai
28 June 2020

Annexure B to the Independent Auditors' report on the standalone financial statements of Nilkamal Limited for the year ended 31 March 2020**Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the aforesaid standalone financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013**

(Referred to in paragraph (2(A)(f)) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Opinion

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of Nilkamal Limited ("the Company") as of 31 March 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2020, based on the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note")

Annexure B to the Independent Auditors' report on the standalone financial statements of Nilkamal Limited for the year ended 31 March 2020 (Continued)**Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls**

The Company's management and the Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act").

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements were established and maintained and whether such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements included obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial controls with Reference to Standalone Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial controls with Reference to Standalone Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For **B S R & Co. LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 101248W/W-100022

Rishabh Kumar
Partner
Membership No. 402877
ICAI UDIN: 20402877AAAABW9479

Mumbai
28 June 2020

Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2020

Particulars	Note	(₹ in lakhs)	
		As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
I. ASSETS			
1 Non-Current Assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	1	54,164.37	38,218.41
(b) Capital work-in-Progress		2,693.59	1,384.37
(c) Other Intangible Assets	1a	136.83	100.21
(d) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments in Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures	2	7,644.91	2,529.28
(ii) Other Investments	3	43.14	43.14
(iii) Loans	4	2,480.16	2,495.51
(iv) Other Financial Assets (Net)	5	378.80	110.57
		10,547.01	5,178.50
(e) Other Non-Current Assets	6	2,537.31	2,546.48
Total Non-Current Assets		70,079.11	47,427.97
2 Current Assets			
(a) Inventories	7	36,888.64	38,167.80
(b) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	8	1,513.30	-
(ii) Trade Receivables	9	26,228.38	29,870.61
(iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	10	1,032.85	479.29
(iv) Bank Balances other than cash and cash equivalents	11	309.58	245.98
(v) Loans	12	1,190.79	891.55
(vi) Other Financial Assets	13	1,491.32	1,073.63
		31,766.22	32,561.06
(c) Current Tax Assets (Net)		803.72	437.47
(d) Other Current Assets	14	4,315.07	3,436.78
Total Current Assets		73,773.65	74,603.11
TOTAL ASSETS		1,43,852.76	1,22,031.08
II. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
1 Equity			
(a) Equity Share Capital	15	1,492.25	1,492.25
(b) Other Equity	16	93,866.45	86,946.23
Total Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company		95,358.70	88,438.48
2 Non-current liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	17	4,790.08	4,441.81
(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	18	18,222.75	5,326.15
(b) Provisions	19	480.95	538.73
(c) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	20	871.99	1,780.35
(d) Other Non-Current Liabilities	21	-	377.02
Total Non-Current Liabilities		24,365.77	12,464.06
3 Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	22	-	685.73
(ii) Trade Payables			
(a) Total Outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
(b) Total Outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	23	13,453.06	13,139.43
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	24	6,987.61	2,723.70
(b) Other Current Liabilities	25	20,440.67	16,548.86
(c) Provisions	26	1,064.00	1,085.21
Total Current Liabilities		24,128.29	21,128.54
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,43,852.76	1,22,031.08

Significant accounting policies

35

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the standalone financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Rishabh Kumar

Partner

Membership No : 402877

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors of

Nilkamal Limited

CIN : L25209DN1985PLC000162

Sharad V. Parekh

Managing Director

DIN : 00035747

Paresh B. Mehta

Chief Financial Officer

Membership No : 44670

Mumbai

June 28, 2020

Hiten V. Parekh

Joint Managing Director

DIN : 00037550

Priti P. Dave

Company Secretary

Membership No : 19469

Standalone Statement of Profit & Loss for the year ended 31st March 2020

Particulars	Note	(₹ in lakhs)	
		Year Ended 31 st March, 2020	Year Ended 31 st March, 2019
I. Revenue from Operations	27	2,08,147.38	2,30,418.37
II. Other Income	28	1,088.74	1,709.16
III. Total Income (I+II)		2,09,236.12	2,32,127.53
IV. Expenses:			
Cost of Materials Consumed		67,708.38	87,440.96
Purchases of Stock in Trade		45,735.72	52,012.20
Changes in inventories of Finished Goods, Stock in Trade and Work-in-Progress	29	805.85	(3,649.41)
Employee Benefits Expense	30	17,537.93	17,788.12
Finance Costs	31	2,573.73	1,579.90
Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	1	9,051.14	4,964.07
Other Expenses	32	50,003.13	56,123.27
Total Expenses		1,93,415.88	2,16,259.11
V. Profit Before Tax (III-IV)		15,820.24	15,868.42
VI. Tax Expense:			
Current Tax	34	4,030.00	4,810.00
Deferred Tax (Credit) / Charge	34	(410.91)	733.70
Tax for earlier years		-	(798.20)
Total Tax Expenses		3,619.09	4,745.50
VII. Profit for the year (V-VI)		12,201.15	11,122.92
VIII. Other Comprehensive Income:			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurements of defined benefit (asset)		(127.83)	(58.15)
Income Tax effect on above		25.66	20.12
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Effective portion of (losses) on hedging instrument in a cash flow hedge		(62.51)	(141.13)
Income Tax effect on above		1.90	56.22
Other Comprehensive Income for the year, net of income tax		(162.78)	(122.94)
Total Comprehensive Income (VII + VIII)		12,038.37	10,999.98
IX. Earnings per equity share of ₹ 10 each			
(Previous Year ₹ 10 each)	52		
(1) Basic (in ₹)		81.76	74.54
(2) Diluted (in ₹)		81.76	74.54
Significant accounting policies	35		
The notes referred to above form an integral part of the standalone financial statements.			

As per our report of even date attached.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Rishabh Kumar

Partner

Membership No : 402877

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors of

Nilkamal Limited

CIN : L25209DN1985PLC000162

Sharad V. Parekh

Managing Director

DIN : 00035747

Paresh B. Mehta

Chief Financial Officer

Membership No : 44670

Mumbai

June 28, 2020

Hiten V. Parekh

Joint Managing Director

DIN : 00037550

Priti P. Dave

Company Secretary

Membership No : 19469

Mumbai

June 28, 2020

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March 2020

	Year Ended 31 st March, 2020	(₹ in lakhs) Year Ended 31 st March, 2019
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before tax for the year	15,820.24	15,868.42
Adjustments for :		
Depreciation and amortisation	9,051.14	4,964.07
Forex (Profit)/Loss on Forward Contract	(34.91)	22.45
(Profit) / Loss on sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	(302.48)	23.66
Non-cash expenses adjustment for Gratuity	(127.83)	(58.15)
Finance Costs	2,573.73	1,579.90
Provision for doubtful debts and advances	198.24	196.73
Bad Debts Written off	153.94	123.06
Interest Income	(319.47)	(489.21)
Gain on Cancellation of Lease	(36.16)	-
Provision for Rent Equalisation	(52.93)	28.65
Dividend Income on Equity Securities	(205.99)	(515.57)
Profit on valuation of Investment	(224.64)	-
Unrealised Foreign Currency Loss	(36.26)	29.07
	10,636.38	5,904.66
Operating Profit before Working Capital changes	26,456.62	21,773.08
Working capital adjustments:		
Decrease / (Increase) in Inventories	1,279.16	(1,307.46)
Decrease / (Increase) in Trade Receivables	3,336.08	2,954.22
(Increase) / Decrease in Other Receivables	(1,534.93)	468.48
Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables	303.86	(3,768.38)
Decrease / (Increase) in		
Other Liabilities & Provisions	(416.21)	1,523.15
Cash generated from operations	29,424.58	21,643.09
Direct Taxes Paid (Net of Refund)	(4,299.33)	(4,537.79)
	(4,299.33)	(4,537.79)
Net cash from operating activities (A)	25,125.25	17,105.30
B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest Received	202.97	283.59
Dividends Received	177.34	448.34
Proceeds from Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	769.31	267.46
Acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment	(9,935.39)	(11,305.57)
Investment in Subsidiary Co.	(5,115.63)	-
Investment in Mutual Fund	(15,750.00)	-
Redemption of Mutual fund	14,461.35	-
Investment in fixed deposits (Net)	18.48	(19.76)
Net cash used in investing activities (B)	(15,171.57)	(10,325.94)
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Receipt of Long term Borrowings	1,738.75	5,233.40
Repayment of Long term Borrowings	(855.14)	-
(Decrease) in Short Term borrowings (Net)	(685.73)	(8,605.02)
Interest paid	(1,195.60)	(1,570.54)
Principle Amount paid towards Lease Liability	(2,796.78)	-
Interest paid towards Lease Liability	(1,360.34)	-
Dividends paid (including dividend distribution tax)	(4,245.28)	(2,279.06)
Net cash used in financing activities (C)	(9,400.12)	(7,221.22)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	553.56	(441.86)
Cash and Cash Equivalents as at the beginning of the year	479.29	921.15
Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year	1,032.85	479.29
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	553.56	(441.86)

Cash Flow Statement (Continued)

	Year ended 31st March 2020	(₹ in lakhs) Year ended 31st March, 2019
1 Components of cash and cash equivalents (Refer Note 10)		
(a) Balance in Current Accounts	843.92	269.58
(b) Cheques on Hand	136.10	92.60
(c) Cash on Hand	52.83	100.98
(d) Bank Deposits with less than 3 months maturity	-	16.13
Cash and cash equivalents	1,032.85	479.29
2 Debt reconciliation statement in accordance with Ind AS 7		
Opening balances		
Long-term borrowing (Refer Note 17)	4,441.81	-
Current maturities of Long term borrowings	744.81	-
Short-term borrowing (Refer Note 22)	685.73	9,290.75
	5,872.35	9,290.75
Movements		
Long-term borrowing	883.61	5,233.40
Exchange Loss/(Gain) on restatement of Long Term Borrowings	564.37	(46.78)
Short-term borrowing	(685.73)	(8,605.02)
	762.26	(3,418.40)
Closing balances		
Long-term borrowing (Refer Note 17)	4,790.08	4,441.81
Current maturities of Long term Borrowings (Refer Note 24)	1,844.52	744.81
Short-term borrowing (Refer Note 22)	-	685.73
	6,634.60	5,872.35
3 The Cash Flow statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in Accounting Standard (Ind As -7) Statement of Cash Flows .		
4 Previous year's figures have been regrouped / recasted wherever necessary.		

As per our report of even date attached.
For B S R & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Rishabh Kumar
Partner
Membership No : 402877

Mumbai
June 28, 2020

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors of
Nilkamal Limited
CIN : L25209DN1985PLC000162

Sharad V. Parekh
Managing Director
DIN : 00035747
Paresh B. Mehta
Chief Financial Officer
Membership No : 44670
Mumbai
June 28, 2020

Hiten V. Parekh
Joint Managing Director
DIN : 00037550
Priti P. Dave
Company Secretary
Membership No : 19469

Statement of Changes in Equity (SOCIE)

Nilkamal Limited

Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity (SOCIE) For the Year Ended 31st March 2020

(a) Equity share capital

(₹ in lakhs)

	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
	No. of Shares	No. of Shares
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	1,49,22,525	1,49,22,525
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the reporting period	1,49,22,525	1,49,22,525

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	Reserves & Surplus			Other Reserve	Total
	Retained Earnings	Securities Premium	General Reserve	Effective portion of cash flow hedges	
Balance at April 1, 2018	36,783.59	6,448.96	35,000.00	(7.24)	78,225.31
Profit for the year	11,122.92	-	-	-	11,122.92
Other comprehensive income for the year	(38.03)	-	-	(84.91)	(122.94)
Total comprehensive income for the year	11,084.89	-	-	(84.91)	10,999.98
Final dividend declared and paid	(1,343.03)	-	-	-	(1,343.03)
Interim dividend declared and paid	(596.90)	-	-	-	(596.90)
DDT on interim and final dividend distributed	(339.13)	-	-	-	(339.13)
Balance at March 31, 2019	45,589.42	6,448.96	35,000.00	(92.15)	86,946.23
Profit for the year	12,201.15	-	-	-	12,201.15
Other comprehensive income for the year	(102.17)	-	-	(60.61)	(162.78)
Total comprehensive income for the year	57,688.40	6,448.96	35,000.00	(152.76)	98,984.60
Final Dividend paid	(1,343.03)	-	-	-	(1,343.03)
Interim dividend declared and paid	(2,238.38)	-	-	-	(2,238.38)
DDT on interim and final dividend distributed	(663.87)	-	-	-	(663.87)
Transition Impact of IND AS 116	(872.87)	-	-	-	(872.87)
Balance at March 31, 2020	52,570.25	6,448.96	35,000.00	(152.76)	93,866.45

As per our report of even date attached.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Rishabh Kumar

Partner

Membership No : 402877

Mumbai

June 28, 2020

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors of

Nilkamal Limited

CIN : L25209DN1985PLC000162

Sharad V. Parekh

Managing Director

DIN : 00035747

Mumbai

June 28, 2020

Hiten V. Parekh

Joint Managing Director

DIN : 00037550

Paresh B. Mehta

Chief Financial Officer

Membership No : 44670

Priti P. Dave

Company Secretary

Membership No : 19469

1 Property, Plant and Equipment

	Freehold Land	Leasehold Land	Building	Plant and Equipments	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicles	Office Equipments	Lease Equipments	Leasehold Improvements	Right of Use Assets (see note e below)	Total
Gross Block :											
Balance as at 1st April 2018	1,131.70	167.27	13,239.27	25,140.96	3,249.67	272.27	1,684.47	61.55	1,553.22	-	46,500.38
Additions	-	-	803.05	8,894.22	492.12	62.14	337.56	-	81.52	-	10,670.61
Adjustments	-	-	(42.50)	(25.05)	55.42	-	10.22	(40.59)	42.50	-	-
Disposals	-	-	3.62	157.50	19.66	75.72	13.42	-	71.51	-	341.43
Balance as at 31st March 2019	1,131.70	167.27	13,996.20	33,852.63	3,777.55	258.69	2,018.83	20.96	1,605.73	-	56,829.56
Balance as at 1st April 2019	1,131.70	167.27	13,996.20	33,852.63	3,777.55	258.69	2,018.83	20.96	1,605.73	-	56,829.56
Additions On account of Transition to Ind As 116 -1st April 2019											
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,940.15	14,940.15
Adjustments	-	-	2,238.28	5,459.20	334.73	2.26	380.75	-	39.30	1,965.51	10,420.03
Disposals	-	-	-	30.80	0.07	-	(30.87)	-	-	* 346.58	346.58
Balance as at 31st March 2020	13.52	-	245.18	512.98	51.08	12.76	43.72	-	84.77	247.59	1,211.60
Balance as at 31st March 2020	1,118.18	167.27	15,989.30	38,829.65	4,061.27	248.19	2,324.99	20.96	1,560.26	17,004.65	81,324.72
Depreciation :											
Balance as at 1st April 2018	-	6.86	1,378.18	8,977.06	1,406.89	123.01	1,055.92	24.03	922.32	-	13,894.27
Depreciation for the year	-	2.18	558.15	3,465.94	406.42	41.10	288.16	3.81	151.98	-	4,917.74
Adjustments :	-	-	(0.68)	9.24	2.91	-	7.80	(19.95)	0.68	-	-
Disposals	-	-	0.92	60.15	14.83	60.01	11.91	-	53.04	-	200.86
Balance as at 31st March 2019	-	9.04	1,934.73	12,392.09	1,801.39	104.10	1,339.97	7.89	1,021.94	-	18,611.15
Balance as at 1st April 2019	-	9.04	1,934.73	12,392.09	1,801.39	104.10	1,339.97	7.89	1,021.94	-	18,611.15
Depreciation for the year	-	2.18	588.70	4,203.30	372.06	31.74	306.43	3.81	128.73	3,332.87	8,969.82
Adjustments	-	-	-	5.94	0.07	-	(6.01)	-	-	-	-
Disposals / Adjustments	-	-	18.20	241.61	26.57	11.07	41.63	-	40.56	40.98	420.62
Balance as at 31st March 2020	-	11.22	2,505.23	16,359.72	2,146.95	124.77	1,598.76	11.70	1,110.11	3,291.89	27,160.35
Net Block :											
As at 31st March 2019	1,131.70	158.23	12,061.47	21,460.54	1,976.16	154.59	678.86	13.07	583.79	-	38,218.41
As at 31st March 2020	1,118.18	156.05	13,484.07	22,469.93	1,914.32	123.42	726.23	9.26	450.15	13,712.76	54,164.37

Notes :-

- Leasehold land acquisition value includes ₹ 0.01 lakh (Previous Year ₹ 0.01 lakh) paid by way of subscription of shares for membership of co-operative housing society.
- Pending completion of the relevant formalities of the fixed assets having Gross block value ₹ 228.00 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 255.87 lakhs) and Net block value ₹ 205.54 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 235.83 lakhs) which vested in the name of Company pursuant to the scheme of amalgamation, such assets continue to be in the name of the erstwhile amalgamated companies.
- For capital commitment with regards to property plant and equipment refer note 36 (b).
- For Assets on hypothecation as security against borrowing refer note 39.

e) Details of Right of Use

(₹ in lakhs)

	Land & Building	Computer Server	Vehicles	Total
Gross Block :				
Balance as at 1st April, 2019				
Additions On account of Transition to Ind As 116 -1st April 2019	-	-	-	-
	14,027.15	399.55	513.45	14,940.15
Additions	1,815.77	-	149.74	1,965.51
Adjustment	* 346.58	-	-	346.58
Disposals	247.59	-	-	247.59
Balance as at 31st March, 2020	15,941.91	399.55	663.19	17,004.65
Amortisation				
Balance as at 1st April, 2019	-	-	-	-
Amortisation for the year	2,979.37	123.64	229.86	3,332.87
Disposals / Adjustments	40.98	-	-	40.98
Balance as at 31st March, 2020	2,938.39	123.64	229.86	3,291.89
Net Block :				
As at 31st March, 2020	13,003.52	275.91	433.33	13,712.76

* In accordance with Ind AS 116 prepaid lease rental is regrouped from Other Non current asset to Right of Use asset amounting to ₹ 346.58 lakhs

Notes :-

- a) The Company has adopted Ind AS 116 effective 1st April, 2019, using the modified retrospective method. The Company has applied the standard to its leases with the cumulative impact recognised on the date of initial application (1st April, 2019). Accordingly, previous period information has not been restated.

This has resulted in recognising a right-of-use asset of ₹ 15,940.15 lakhs and a corresponding lease liability of ₹ 16,607.01 lakhs. The difference of ₹ 872.87 lakhs (net of deferred tax asset created of ₹ 469.89 lakhs and opening Rent Equalisation liability of ₹ 324.10 lakhs) has been adjusted to retained earnings as at 1st April 2019.

In the statement of profit and loss for the current year, operating lease expenses which were recognised as other expenses in previous periods is now recognised as depreciation expense for the right-of-use asset and finance cost for interest accrued on lease liability. The adoption of this standard did not have any significant impact on the profit for the year and earnings per share. The weighted average incremental borrowing rate of 8.5% has been applied to lease liabilities recognised in the balance sheet at the date of initial application.

- b) The Company incurred ₹ 1,347.82 lakhs for the year ended 31st March, 2020 towards expenses relating to short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The total cash outflow for leases is ₹ 5,504.94 lakhs for the year ended 31st March, 2020, including cash outflow of short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. Interest on lease liabilities is ₹ 1,360.34 lakhs for the year.
- c) The Company's leases mainly comprise of land and buildings, Plant and equipment and Computer Server. The Company leases land and buildings for manufacturing and warehouse facilities.
- d) Maturity analysis of Undiscounted Contractual Future lease Outflow are as follows.

(₹ in lakhs)

Period	Amount
Within one year	4,398.37
One to Five years	12,114.75
More than Five years	3,214.03

1a Other Intangible Assets

	Computer Software	(₹ in lakhs) Total
Gross Block :		
Balance as at 1st April 2018	299.32	299.32
Additions	84.31	84.31
Disposals	-	-
Balance as at 31st March 2019	<u>383.63</u>	<u>383.63</u>
Balance as at 1st April 2019	383.63	383.63
Additions	117.94	117.94
Disposals	-	-
Balance as at 31st March 2020	<u>501.57</u>	<u>501.57</u>
Depreciation :		
Balance as at 1st April 2018	237.09	237.09
Amortisation for the year	46.33	46.33
Disposals / Adjustments	-	-
Balance as at 31st March 2019	<u>283.42</u>	<u>283.42</u>
Balance as at 1st April 2019	283.42	283.42
Amortisation for the year	81.32	81.32
Adjustments	-	-
Disposals / Adjustments	-	-
Balance as at 31st March 2020	<u>364.74</u>	<u>364.74</u>
Net Block :		
As at 31st March 2019	<u>100.21</u>	<u>100.21</u>
As at 31st March 2020	<u>136.83</u>	<u>136.83</u>

	As at 31st March 2020	(₹ in lakhs) As at 31st March 2019
2 Investments in Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures		
(Valued at cost unless stated otherwise)		
Trade investments (Unquoted)		
(I) Investment in Equity instruments		
(a) Investment in Subsidiary Companies		
(i) 1,520,000 (Previous year - 1,520,000) Equity Shares of SLR 10/- each of Nilkamal Eswaran Plastics Private Limited, Srilanka, fully paid up	93.62	93.62
(ii) 1 (Previous year - 1) Equity share of DHS 185,000/- each of Nilkamal Crates and Bins, FZE, fully paid up	19.65	19.65
(iii) 4,440,000 (Previous year - 2,220,000) Equity Shares of ₹ 10/ each of Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited, (formerly known as Nilkamal Bito Storage Systems Private Limited) fully paid up	7,331.13	-
(iv) 98 (Previous year - 98) Equity share of ₹ 10/- each of Nilkamal Foundation	0.01	0.01
(b) Investments in Joint Ventures		
(i) Nil (Previous year - 2,220,000) Equity Shares of ₹ 10/ each of Nilkamal Bito Storage Systems Private Limited, fully paid up	-	2,215.50
(ii) 105,000 (Previous year - 105,000) Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each of Cambro Nilkamal Private Limited, fully paid up	200.50	200.50
Total	<u>7,644.91</u>	<u>2,529.28</u>
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	7,644.91	2,529.28

		As at 31st March 2020	(₹ in lakhs) As at 31st March 2019
3	Other Non-Current Investments (Refer Note 47)		
	Unquoted		
	(a) Investments - Others	42.82	42.82
	225,370 (Previous year - 225,370) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/ each of Beta Wind Farm Private Limited fully paid up		
	(b) Investment in Government Securities		
	National Savings Certificates	0.32	0.32
	(Pledged with Government Authorities)		
	Total	43.14	43.14
	Aggregate amount of unquoted other investments	43.14	43.14
4	Non-Current Loans		
	(a) Secured, Considered good	-	-
	(b) Unsecured, Considered good		
	(i) Employee Loans	332.17	358.23
	(ii) Security Deposit		
	(a) With other than related parties	1,427.99	1,417.28
	(b) With related parties (Refer Note 42)	720.00	720.00
	(c) With significant increase in Credit Risk	-	-
	(d) Credit impaired	-	-
	Total	2,480.16	2,495.51
5	Other Non-Current Financial Assets		
	Unsecured, Considered good		
	(a) Bank Deposits with more than 12 months maturity	65.77	110.57
	(b) Derivative Assets	313.03	-
	Total	378.80	110.57
6	Other Non-Current Assets		
	Unsecured, Considered good		
	To parties other than related parties :		
	(a) Capital Advances	1,435.48	1,065.18
	(b) Deposit with Government Authorities	1,101.83	1,134.71
	(c) Other Loans and Advances		
	(i) Prepaid Lease Rental	-	346.59
	Total	2,537.31	2,546.48
7	Inventories		
	(Valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value)		
	(a) Raw Material (including Goods in transit ₹ 424.76 lakhs (Previous year - ₹ 459.73 lakhs))	5,942.89	6,590.51
	(b) Work-in-Progress	3,103.33	3,387.87
	(c) Finished Goods	9,520.39	10,024.74
	(d) Stock in Trade (including Goods in transit ₹ 695.39 lakhs (Previous year - ₹ 674.93 lakhs))	16,069.01	16,085.98
	(e) Stores and Spares	1,923.92	1,764.51
	(f) Packing Material	329.10	314.19
	Total	36,888.64	38,167.80

For Inventories on hypothecation as security against borrowing refer note 39

During the year an amount of ₹ 198.98 lakhs (Previous year - ₹ 287.37 lakhs) was charged to the statement of profit and loss on account of Damage and Slow Moving Inventory.

	As at 31st March 2020	(₹ in lakhs) As at 31st March 2019
8 Investments		
Quoted		
Investment in Liquid Fund Growth Scheme		
(a) 34,468.791 units (Previous year Nil) of Kotak Liquid Fund-Growth Scheme	1,383.88	-
(b) 44,051.544 units (Previous year Nil) of ICICI Prudential Liquid Fund-Growth Scheme	129.42	-
Total	1,513.30	-
9 Trade Receivables		
(a) Considered good - Secured	3,789.01	4,362.13
(b) Considered good - Unsecured	22,439.37	25,508.48
(c) With significant increase in credit risk	-	-
(d) Credit impaired	1,040.00	841.76
	27,268.38	30,712.37
Less: Provision for Loss Allowance	(1,040.00)	(841.76)
Total	26,228.38	29,870.61
For Trade receivables on hypothecation as security against borrowing refer note 39 Trade receivables (unsecured considered good) includes ₹ 821.68 lakhs (Previous year - ₹ 677.22 lakhs) due from subsidiaries and joint venture companies. (Refer Note 42)		
10 Cash and Cash Equivalents		
(a) Cash on Hand	52.83	100.98
(b) Cheques on Hand	136.10	92.60
(c) Balance with Banks in Current Accounts	843.92	269.58
(d) Bank Deposits with less than 3 months maturity	-	16.13
Total	1,032.85	479.29
11 Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents		
(a) Bank Deposits with 3-12 months maturity	229.64	203.32
(b) Earmarked Balance with Banks (Unclaimed Dividend)	79.94	42.66
Total	309.58	245.98
12 Current Loans		
(a) Secured, Considered good	-	-
(b) Unsecured, Considered good		
To parties other than related parties :		
Security Deposit	1,190.79	891.55
(c) With significant increase in Credit Risk	-	-
(d) Credit impaired		
Security Deposits Considered Doubtful	52.05	52.05
Less: Provision for Loss Allowance	(52.05)	(52.05)
Total	1,190.79	891.55
13 Other Current Financial Assets		
(a) Interest Receivable	5.76	1.99
(b) Discount Receivable	1,277.72	1,050.98
(c) Due from Related Parties	143.16	16.38
(d) Other Receivables	64.68	4.28
Total	1,491.32	1,073.63

		(₹ in lakhs)	
		As at	As at
		31st March 2020	31st March 2020
14 Other Current Assets			
To parties other than related Parties			
(a) Advance to Vendors		1,514.65	1,156.41
(b) Advance for Expenses		74.78	73.78
(c) Balances with authorities		1,930.97	1,550.65
(d) Expenses		414.63	346.01
(e) Others		380.04	309.93
Total		4,315.07	3,436.78
15 Equity Share Capital			
Authorised			
22,000,000 (Previous year - 22,000,000) Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each		2,200.00	2,200.00
3,000,000 (Previous year - 3,000,000) Preference Shares of ₹ 10/- each		300.00	300.00
Total		2,500.00	2,500.00
Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid-up			
1,49,22,525 Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each		1,492.25	1,492.25
(Previous year - 1,49,22,525 Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each) (Refer Note 38)			
Total		1,492.25	1,492.25
16 Other Equity			
(a) Retained Earnings			
At the commencement of the year		45,589.42	36,783.59
Less: Transition Impact of IND AS 116		(872.87)	-
Add : Net Profit for the year		12,201.15	11,122.92
Add : Other Comprehensive Income for the year		(102.17)	(38.03)
Appropriations			
Final Dividend 31st March, 2019 ₹ 9 per share (31st March 2018 ₹ 9 per share)		(1,343.03)	(1,343.03)
Interim Dividend		(2,238.38)	(596.90)
Dividend distribution tax		(663.87)	(339.13)
		52,570.25	45,589.42
(b) Securities Premium			
At the commencement and at the end of the year		6,448.96	6,448.96
		6,448.96	6,448.96
(c) General Reserve			
At the commencement and at the end the year		35,000.00	35,000.00
		35,000.00	35,000.00
(d) Items of Other Comprehensive Income			
i) Cash Flow Hedge Reserve			
At the commencement of the year		(92.15)	(7.24)
Add : Net gain / (loss) recognised on cash flow hedge (Refer Note 40)		(60.61)	(84.91)
At the end of the year		(152.76)	(92.15)
Total Other Equity		93,866.45	86,946.23
16 Other Equity			
<u>Nature and purpose of reserves</u>			
1) Securities premium			
Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.			
2) General reserve			
General reserve forms part of the retained earnings and is permitted to be distributed to shareholders as part of dividend.			

3) Cash flow hedge reserve

For hedging foreign currency exposure risk, the Company uses forward contracts swaps which is also designated as cash flow hedges. To the extent these hedges are effective; the change in fair value of the hedging instrument is recognised in the cash flow hedging reserve. Amount recognised in the cash flow hedging reserve is reclassified to profit or loss when the hedged item affects profit or loss.

	As at 31st March 2020	(₹ in lakhs) As at 31st March 2019
17 Borrowings - Non-Current Financial Liabilities		
Secured Loan (For Security and terms of repayment : Refer Note 39)		
Term Loan from Banks		
(ii) Foreign Currency Loans	4,790.08	4,441.81
Total	4,790.08	4,441.81
* Current maturities of Long Term Borrowings disclosed under Other Current Liabilities : Refer Note 24	* 1844.52	* 744.81
18 Other Non-Current Financial Liabilities		
(a) Security Deposit Received	5,917.85	5,326.15
(b) Lease Liabilities	12,304.90	-
Total	18,222.75	5,326.15
19 Non-Current Provisions		
Provision for employee benefits (Refer Note 49)		
(a) Gratuity	-	-
(b) Compensated Absences	480.95	538.73
Total	480.95	538.73
20 Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net) (Refer note 34)		
Major components of deferred tax assets and liabilities arising on account of timing differences are:		
Deferred Tax Liabilities :		
Depreciation and Amortisation	5,260.35	2,357.90
Allowances under Income Tax Act	230.31	316.69
	5,490.66	2,674.59
Deferred Tax Assets :		
Disallowances under Income Tax Act	4,356.92	600.10
Provision for Doubtful Debts	261.75	294.14
Total	4,618.67	894.24
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	871.99	1,780.35
21 Other Non-Current Liabilities		
Rent Equalisation	-	377.02
Total	-	377.02
22 Borrowings-Current Financial Liabilities		
Secured Loan (For Security and terms of repayment : Refer Note 39)		
Working Capital Loan from Banks		
Rupee Loans	-	685.73
Total	-	685.73
23 Trade Payables		
(a) Total Outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (Refer Note 41)	-	-
(b) Total Outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	13,453.06	13,139.43
Total	13,453.06	13,139.43

		(₹ in lakhs)	
		As at 31st March 2020	As at 31st March 2019
24	Other Current Financial Liabilities		
(a)	Current maturities of Long-Term debt		
(i)	Foreign Currency Loan (Refer Note 39)	1,844.52	744.81
(b)	Book Overdrafts	11.49	-
(c)	Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	49.36	31.57
(d)	Lease Liabilities	3,205.26	-
(e)	Derivative Liability	-	223.73
(f)	Unclaimed Dividends	79.94	42.66
(g)	Payable for purchase of property, plant and equipment	854.61	635.75
(h)	Employee Benefits	942.43	1,045.18
	Total	6,987.61	2,723.70
25	Other Current Liabilities		
(a)	Advance Received from Customers	1,787.03	1,785.58
(b)	Advance Received against Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	130.78	150.54
(c)	Statutory Dues		
(i)	Sales Tax / Goods and services tax	123.94	1,219.28
(ii)	Tax deducted at source	409.83	233.81
(iii)	Employee Benefits	136.83	104.17
		670.60	1,557.26
(d)	Other Payable	35.21	1.09
	Total	2,623.62	3,494.47
26	Current Provisions		
(a)	Provision for Employee Benefits (Refer Note 49)		
(i)	Gratuity	68.70	-
(ii)	Compensated Absences	377.07	380.48
		445.77	380.48
(b)	Others Provisions (Refer Note 37)		
(i)	Provision For Product Warranties	578.23	604.73
(ii)	Provision Others	40.00	100.00
	Total	1,064.00	1,085.21
		(₹ in lakhs)	
		Year Ended 31st March 2020	Year Ended 31st March 2019
27	Revenue from Operations (refer note 33)		
(a)	Sale of Products		
(i)	Domestic	2,00,121.53	2,22,892.46
(ii)	Export [Including Deemed Exports of ₹ Nil, (Previous year - ₹ 114.00 Lakhs)]	5,230.43	5,143.93
		2,05,351.96	2,28,036.39
(b)	Sale of Services	837.54	737.89
(c)	Other Operating Revenue		
(i)	Sale of Scrap	580.08	391.99
(ii)	Technical and Management Fees	855.64	769.01
(iii)	Others	522.16	483.09
	Revenue from Operations	2,08,147.38	2,30,418.37

	Year Ended 31st March 2020	(₹ in lakhs) Year Ended 31st March 2019
28 Other Income		
(a) Interest Income	319.47	489.21
(b) Dividend Income from Subsidiary Companies and Joint Ventures	205.99	515.57
(c) Keyman Policy Refund	-	662.00
(d) Gain on Sale of Investments	224.64	-
(e) Gain on Cancellation / Modification of Lease	36.16	-
(f) Foreign Exchange Gain (net)	-	42.38
(g) Profit on property, plant and equipment Sold / Discarded (Net)	302.48	-
Total	1,088.74	1,709.16
29 Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods, Traded Goods and Work-in-Progress		
Opening Stock		
Work in Progress	3,387.87	3,754.78
Finished Goods	10,024.74	9,096.43
Stock in Trade	16,085.98	12,997.97
	29,498.59	25,849.18
Closing Stock		
Work in Progress	3,103.34	3,387.87
Finished Goods	9,520.39	10,024.74
Stock in Trade	16,069.01	16,085.98
	28,692.74	29,498.59
Total	805.85	(3,649.41)
30 Employee Benefits Expense		
(a) Salary, Wages and Bonus (Net)	15,653.42	15,821.45
(b) Contribution to Provident and Other funds (Refer Note 49)	823.60	626.56
(c) Workmen and Staff Welfare Expenses	1,060.91	1,340.11
Total	17,537.93	17,788.12
31 Finance Costs		
(a) Interest on Financial Liabilities	1,122.67	1,504.67
(b) Interest Expense on Lease Liabilities	1,360.34	-
(c) Other Borrowing Costs	90.72	75.23
Total	2,573.73	1,579.90
32 Other Expenses		
(a) Stores, Spare Parts Consumed	1,835.68	2,020.30
(b) Power and Fuel	4,593.86	4,816.85
(c) Repairs :		
(i) Building	237.15	188.15
(ii) Machinery	248.77	325.06
(iii) Others	1,025.31	1,189.47
(d) Labour Charges	11,040.27	12,247.27
(e) Rent	1,347.82	5,486.82
(f) Rates and Taxes	539.97	417.31
(g) Insurance	333.12	242.94
(h) Postage and Telephone Expenses	553.05	628.78
(i) Loss on property, plant and equipment Sold / Discarded (Net)	-	23.66
(j) Packing Material Consumed	2,254.92	2,460.49
(k) Travelling and Conveyance	1,649.85	1,825.13
(l) Commission	1,918.29	1,109.85
(m) Advertisements and Sales Promotion Expense	3,568.83	2,691.05
(n) Computer Expenses	888.54	812.70
(o) Transportation and Forwarding Charges	13,457.09	15,348.19
(p) Security and Guards	515.40	494.71
(q) House Keeping Expenses	478.08	396.25
(r) Legal and Professional Fees	1,434.62	1,459.26
(s) Vehicle Expenses	533.82	612.35
(t) Printing and Stationery	139.24	179.84

	Year Ended 31st March 2020	(₹ in lakhs) Year Ended 31st March 2019
32 Other Expenses (Continued)		
(u) Board Meeting Fees	52.60	28.00
(v) Bad Debts written off	153.94	123.06
(w) Provision for Doubtful Debts and Advances	198.24	196.73
(x) Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses (Refer Note 46)	338.00	336.05
(y) Payment to Auditors		
- Audit Fees	44.00	37.00
- For Other Services	7.90	5.95
- Reimbursement of Expenses	4.47	3.46
(z) Foreign Exchange Loss (Net)	31.21	-
(aa) Bank Charges	246.48	243.77
(ab) Miscellaneous Expenses	332.61	172.82
Total	50,003.13	56,123.27

33 Revenue from Contract from Customer**A. Revenue Streams**

The Company generates revenue primarily from the sale of Plastic articles and Life style Furniture , Furnishings and Accessories to its customers . Other sources of revenue include Sale of services and Technical management fees.

	31st March, 2020	(₹ in lakhs) 31st March, 2019
Revenue from Contracts with Customers		
Sale of Goods	2,05,351.96	2,28,036.39
Sale of Services	837.54	737.89
Other Operating revenue		
Sale of Scrap	580.08	391.99
Technical and Management Fees	855.64	769.01
Others	522.16	483.09
Total revenue	2,08,147.38	2,30,418.37

B. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

In the following table, revenue from contracts with customers is disaggregated by primary geographical market, major products and service lines and timing of revenue recognition.

For the year ended 31 March	Product Category						Total
	Plastics		Life style Furniture, Furnishings and Accessories				
	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019	
Primary geographical markets	1,81,405.64	2,04,185.43	21,511.31	21,089.01	2,02,916.95	2,25,274.44	
	5,230.43	5,143.93	-	-	5,230.43	5,143.93	
	1,86,636.07	2,09,329.36	21,511.31	21,089.01	2,08,147.38	2,30,418.37	
Revenue types	1,83,865.36	2,06,961.40	21,486.60	21,074.99	2,05,351.96	2,28,036.39	
	837.54	737.89	-	-	837.54	737.89	
	572.32	377.98	7.76	14.01	580.08	391.99	
	855.64	769.01	-	-	855.64	769.01	
	505.21	483.08	16.95	0.01	522.16	483.09	
	1,86,636.07	2,09,329.36	21,511.31	21,089.01	2,08,147.38	2,30,418.37	
Timing of revenue recognition	1,86,636.07	2,09,329.36	21,511.31	21,089.01	2,08,147.38	2,30,418.37	
	1,86,636.07	2,09,329.36	21,511.31	21,089.01	2,08,147.38	2,30,418.37	
	1,86,636.07	2,09,329.36	21,511.31	21,089.01	2,08,147.38	2,30,418.37	
	1,86,636.07	2,09,329.36	21,511.31	21,089.01	2,08,147.38	2,30,418.37	

c. Reconciliation of Revenue from operation with Contract price

	(₹ in lakhs)	
	Year ended	Year ended
	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
Contract Price	2,32,562.14	2,54,784.33
Less: Sales Returns	3,267.63	3,307.58
Schemes and Discounts	21,147.13	21,058.38
Total Revenue from Operation	2,08,147.38	2,30,418.37

D. Contract balances

The following table provides information about receivables from contracts with customers.

	(₹ in lakhs)	
	Note	31st March, 2019
Advance from customer, which are included in 'Other Current Liabilities'	25	1,785.58
Receivables, which are included in 'trade receivables'	9	29,870.61

34 Tax expenses**(a) Amounts recognised in profit and loss**

	Year Ended 31st March 2020	(₹ in lakhs) Year Ended 31st March 2019
Current income tax	4,030.00	4,810.00
Adjustment in respect of current income tax of previous year	-	(798.20)
Deferred income tax liability / (asset), net		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(44.30)	733.70
Reduction in tax rate	(498.07)	-
Transition impact of IND AS116	131.46	-
Deferred tax (credit) / expense	(410.91)	733.70
Tax expense for the year	3,619.09	4,745.50
Effective tax rate for the year	22.88%	29.91%

(b) Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income

	Year ended 31st March, 2020			Year ended 31st March, 2019		
	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	Net of tax	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	Net of tax
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss						
Remeasurements of defined benefit liability (asset)	(127.83)	25.66	(102.17)	(58.15)	20.12	(38.03)
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss						
Effective portion of Gain/(Loss) on hedging instrument in a cash flow hedge	(62.51)	1.90	(60.61)	(141.13)	56.22	(84.91)
	(190.34)	27.56	(162.78)	(199.28)	76.34	(122.94)

(c) Reconciliation of effective tax rate

	Year ended 31st March, 2020	Year ended 31st March, 2019
Profit before tax	15,820.24	15,868.42
Tax using the Company's domestic tax rate	25.17%	34.94%
Reduction in tax rate	-3.15%	-
Tax effect of:		
Tax impact of income not subject to tax	-0.07%	-0.29%
Tax effects of amounts which are not deductible for taxable income	0.60%	0.89%
Adjustment for current tax of prior period	-	-
Deferred tax assets not recognized because realization is not probable	-	0.15%
Effect of different tax rate	-0.18%	-0.42%
Tax deduction Under Chapter VI	-0.27%	-0.43%
Adjustment for current tax of prior period	-	-5.03%
Transition Impact of IND AS 116	0.83%	-
Others	-0.06%	0.08%
	22.88%	29.91%

The applicable Indian corporate statutory rate for the year ended 31st March, 2020 is 25.168% and 2019 is 34.94%.

34 Tax expenses (Continued)

(d) Movement in deferred tax balances		(₹ in lakhs)				
i)		31st March, 2020				
		Net balance 1st April, 2019	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in OCI	Charge in respect of earlier years	Net Deferred tax asset Deferred tax liability
	Deferred tax Asset/(Liabilities)	(2,357.90)	2,325.70	-	(5,228.15)	(5,260.35)
	Property, plant and equipment	364.25	(107.73)	25.66	-	282.18
	Employee benefits	131.75	(18.34)	-	(113.41)	-
	Rent equilisation	294.13	(32.39)	-	261.74	-
	Provision for Doubtful Debts / Advances	(212.57)	(1,756.33)	1.90	5,811.44	3,844.44
	Other provisions	(1,780.34)	410.91	27.56	469.88	4,161.13
	Tax assets / (Liabilities)					(871.99)
	Set off tax					4,705.05
	Net tax assets / (liabilities)	(1,780.34)	410.91	27.56	469.88	(871.99)
						(5,577.04)
ii) Movement in deferred tax balances		31st March, 2019				
		Net balance 1st April, 2018	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in OCI	Charge in respect of earlier years	Net Deferred tax asset Deferred tax liability
	Deferred tax asset / (liabilities)	(1,610.55)	(720.86)	-	(26.49)	(2,357.90)
	Property, plant and equipment	414.21	(59.91)	20.12	(10.17)	364.25
	Employee benefits	121.73	10.02	-	-	131.75
	Rent equilisation	225.39	68.74	-	-	294.13
	Provision for Doubtful Debts / Advances	(223.17)	(31.69)	56.22	(13.93)	(212.57)
	Other provisions	(1,072.39)	(733.70)	76.34	(50.59)	894.25
	Tax assets (Liabilities)					(1,780.34)
	Set off tax					(2,674.59)
	Net tax assets / (liabilities)	(1,072.39)	(733.70)	76.34	(50.59)	(1,780.34)
						(2,674.59)
(1)	The Company offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.					
(2)	Management judgment is required in determining provision for income tax, deferred income tax assets and liabilities and recoverability of deferred income tax assets. The recoverability of deferred income tax assets is based on estimates of taxable income in which the relevant entity operates and the period over which deferred income tax assets will be recovered.					
(3)	The Company have elected to exercise the option permitted under Section 115BAA of the Income Tax Act, 1961 as introduced by the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2019. Accordingly, the Company have recognised provision for income tax for the year ended 31st March 2020 and re-measured its deferred tax balances basis the rate prescribed in the said Section. The full impact of this change has been recognised in the statement of profit and loss account for the year ended 31st March 2020.					
(4)	The Company has reviewed its income tax treatments in order to determine whether Appendix C of Ind AS 12 effective from April 1, 2019 could have an impact on the financial statements and concluded that it has no material impact on the Company's financial statements					
	Given that the Company does not have any intention to dispose investments in subsidiaries and Joint Ventures in the foreseeable future, deferred tax asset amounting to ₹ 592.01 lakhs as of 31 March 2020, ₹ 557.35 lakhs as on 31 March 2019 on indexation benefit in relation to such investments has not been recognised.					

35 Significant accounting policies

a) **Basis of preparation of Financial Statements:**

The Financial Statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) to comply with the section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 ("the 2013 Act"), read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015, and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2016. The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 28th June 2020.

All the assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in Schedule III to the Act. Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalent, the Company has ascertained the operating cycle to be 12 months.

Functional and presentation currency:

These standalone financial statements are presented in Indian rupees, which is the Company's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded off to two decimal places to the nearest lakh, unless otherwise indicated.

Historical cost convention:

The standalone financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instrument) that are measured at fair value;
- defined benefit plans – plan assets measured at fair value.

b) **Use of Estimates and Judgements:**

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Ind AS requires use of estimates and assumptions for some items, which might have an effect on their recognition and measurement in the balance sheet and statement of profit and loss. The actual amounts realised may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and assumptions are required in particular for:

- **Determination of the estimated useful lives of Property Plant and Equipment**
Useful lives of property plant and equipment are based on the life prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. In cases, where the useful lives are different from that prescribed in Schedule II for plant and machinery and dies and moulds, they are based on technical advice, taking into account the nature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating conditions of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes, manufacturers' warranties and maintenance support.
- **Recognition and measurement of defined benefit obligations**
The obligation arising from defined benefit plan is determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions. Key actuarial assumptions include discount rate, trends in salary escalation, actuarial rates and life expectancy. The discount rate is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. The period to maturity of the underlying bonds correspond to the probable maturity of the post-employment benefit obligations.
- **Recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities**
Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences of temporary differences between the carrying values of assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases, and unutilized business loss and depreciation carry-forwards and tax credits. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses, depreciation carry-forwards and unused tax credits could be utilized.
- **Recognition and measurement of other provisions**
The recognition and measurement of other provisions are based on the assessment of the probability of an outflow of resources, and on past experience and circumstances known at the balance sheet date. The actual outflow of resources at a future date may therefore vary from the amount included in other provisions.
- **Discounting of long-term financial assets / liabilities**
All financial assets / liabilities are required to be measured at fair value on initial recognition. In case of financial liabilities / assets which are required to subsequently be measured at amortised cost, interest is accrued using the effective interest method.

b) Use of Estimates and Judgements: (Continued):

• **Segment reporting**

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker. The Company prepares its segment information in conformity with the accounting policies adopted for preparing and presenting the financial statements of the Company as a whole.

• **Fair value of financial instruments**

Derivatives are carried at fair value. Derivatives includes foreign currency forward contracts and interest rate swaps. Fair value of foreign currency forward contracts are determined using the fair value reports provided by respective merchant bankers. Fair value of interest rate swaps are determined with respect to current market rate of interest.

• **Measurement of fair values**

The Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values for financial instruments.

The Company has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. The management regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the management assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that such valuations meet the requirements of Ind AS, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which such valuations should be classified.

When measuring the fair value of a financial asset or a financial liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

- **Level 1:** quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- **Level 2:** inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- **Level 3:** inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

c) Standards issued but not yet effective

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification which would have been applicable from April 1, 2020.

d) Property, plant and equipment:

• **Recognition and measurement**

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises:

Its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates.

Any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

The initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located, the obligation for which an entity incurs either when the item is acquired or as a consequence of having used the item during a particular period for purposes other than to produce inventories during that period.

Income and expenses related to the incidental operations, not necessary to bring the item to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, are recognised in profit or loss.

Items such as spare parts, stand-by equipments and servicing that meets the definition of property, plant and equipment are capitalised at cost and depreciated over the useful life.

d) Property, plant and equipment (continued):

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted and depreciated for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss.

- **Subsequent expenditure**

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.

e) Depreciation:

- Depreciation on tangible assets is provided on the straight-line method over the useful lives of assets as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 except for plant and machinery and Dies and moulds which is based on technical evaluation. Management believes that these useful lives best represent the period over which management expects to use these assets. Hence the useful life for plant and machinery of 10 years and for Dies and Moulds of 6 years for continuous running is different from the useful life as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act 2013;

Useful life of property plant and equipment are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

- Cost of leasehold land is amortised over the period of lease;
- Depreciation on addition to assets or on sale /discardment of assets, is calculated pro rata from the date of such addition or upto the date of such sale/discardment, as the case may be;
- Assets like mobile phones, telephone instruments, etc. are fully depreciated in the year of purchase / acquisition;
- Individual assets except assets given on lease acquired for less than ₹15,000/- are depreciated entirely in the year of acquisition.

f) Intangible Fixed Assets:

Intangible assets, which are acquired by the Company and have finite useful lives are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All other expenditure, including expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands, is recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

g) Amortisation:

Software (Intangible assets) are amortised over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis but not exceeding the period of 36 months.

Useful life of Intangible assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

h) Financial Instruments:

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Financial instruments also include derivative contracts such as foreign currency foreign exchange forward contracts and, interest rate swaps and currency options; and embedded derivatives in the host contract.

Financial instruments also covers contracts to buy or sell a non-financial item that can be settled net in cash or another financial instrument, or by exchanging financial instruments, as if the contracts were financial instruments, with the exception of contracts that were entered into and continue to be held for the purpose of the receipt or delivery of a non-financial item in accordance with the entity's expected purchase, sale or usage requirements.

Derivatives are currently recognized at fair value on the date on which the derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period.

Cash Flow Hedges

The Company uses derivative financial instrument such as forward contracts and cross currency interest rate swaps to hedge its foreign currency risks and interest rate risks. Derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

h) Financial Instruments: (Continued)

Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to the Statement of Profit and Loss, except for the effective portion of cash flow hedge, which is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income and accumulated in Cash Flow Hedge Reserve included in the Reserves and Surplus while any ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

For the purpose of hedge accounting, hedges are classified as:

Fair value hedges when hedging the exposure to changes in the fair value of a recognised asset or liability.

Cash flow hedges when hedging exposure to variability in cash flows that is either attributable to particular risk associated with a recognised asset or liability.

At the inception of a hedge relationship, the Company formally designates and documents the hedge relationship to which the Company wishes to apply hedge accounting and the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. The documentation includes identification of the hedging instrument, the hedged item or transaction, the nature of the risk being hedged and how the entity will assess the effectiveness of changes in the hedging instrument's fair value in offsetting the exposure to changes in the hedged item's fair value or cash flows attributable to the hedged risk. Such hedges are expected to be highly effective in achieving offsetting changes in fair value or cash flows and are assessed on an ongoing basis to determine that they actually have been highly effective throughout the financial reporting periods for which they were designated.

Hedge accounting is discontinued from the last testing date when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated, or exercised, or no longer qualifies for hedge accounting. Cumulative gain or loss on such hedging instrument recognised in Cash Flow Hedge Reserve is retained there until the forecasted transaction occurs. If a hedged transaction is no longer expected to occur, the net cumulative gain or loss recognised in Cash Flow Hedge Reserve is transferred to Statement of Profit and Loss for the year.

Financial Assets

Classification

The Company shall classify financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss on the basis of its business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Debt instruments at amortised cost

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables. For more information on receivables, refer to Note 47.

Equity investments

All equity investments in scope of Ind-AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company decides to classify the same either as at FVOCI or FVTPL. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as FVOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognised in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to profit and loss, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

h) Financial Instruments: (Continued)

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the profit and loss.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Company of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- a) Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, and bank balance.
- b) Trade receivables - The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. Trade receivables are tested for impairment on a specific basis after considering the sanctioned credit limits, security like letters of credit, security deposit collected etc. and expectations about future cash flows.

Financial liabilities**Classification**

The Company classifies all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortised cost, except for financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Such liabilities, including derivatives that are liabilities, shall be subsequently measured at fair value.

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable and incremental transaction cost.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts and derivative financial instruments.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

h) Financial Instruments: (Continued)

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

i) Valuation of Inventories:

Inventories of Raw Materials, Packing Materials, Stores and Spares, Work-in Progress, Traded goods and Finished goods are valued 'at cost and net realisable value' whichever is lower. Cost comprises all cost of purchase, appropriate direct production overheads and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost formulae used is 'Weighted Average Cost'. Due allowance is estimated and made for defective and obsolete items, wherever necessary, based on the past experience of the Company. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Raw materials and other supplies held for use in the production of inventories are not written down below cost except in case where material prices have declined and it is estimated that the cost of the finished product will exceed its net realisable value.

j) Employee Benefits:

Short Term Employee Benefits

All employee benefits payable within twelve months of rendering the service are recognised in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

Post Employment / Retirement Benefits

Contribution to Defined Contribution Plans such as Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance Corporation, etc., are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

Defined Benefit Plans – The present value of the obligation under such plans, is determined based on an actuarial valuation by an independent actuary at the end of each year, using the Projected Unit Credit Method. In the case of gratuity, which is funded, the fair value of the plan assets is reduced from the gross obligation under the defined benefit plans, to recognise the obligation on net basis.

Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability, which comprises actuarial gains and losses and the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any excluding interest), are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income.

Other Long Term Employee Benefits

Compensated Absences

Accumulated compensated absences, which are expected to be availed or encashed within 12 months from the end of the year end are treated as short term employee benefits. The obligation towards the same is measured at the expected cost of accumulating compensated absences as the additional amount expected to be paid as a result of the unused entitlement as at the year end. Accumulated compensated absences, which are expected to be availed or encashed beyond 12 months from the end of the year end are treated as other long term employee benefits. The Company's liability is actuarially determined (using the Projected Unit Credit method) at the end of each year. Actuarial losses/ gains are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which they arise.

k) Foreign Exchange Transactions:

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currencies of the Company at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate when the fair value was determined. Foreign currency differences are generally recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary items that are measured based on historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate as at the date of the transaction.

l) Borrowing Costs:

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset till the date it is ready for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

m) Revenue Recognition:

The Company derives revenues primarily from sale of manufactured goods, traded goods and related services.

Revenue is recognised on satisfaction of performance obligation upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for those products or services. The performance obligations in our contracts are fulfilled at the time of dispatch, delivery or upon formal customer acceptance depending on customer terms.

Revenue is measured based on transaction price which is fair value of the consideration received or receivable, after deduction of any discounts, sales incentives / schemes and any taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government such as goods and services tax, etc. Accumulated experience is used to estimate the provision for such discounts and sales incentives / schemes. Revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable a significant reversal will not occur.

The Company recognises provision for sales return, based on the historical results, measured on net basis of the margin of the sale. An estimate is made of goods that will be returned and a liability is recognised for this amount using a best estimate based on accumulated experience.

Dividend income is recognized in statement of profit and loss only when the right to receive payment is established.

Export incentives receivable under various schemes are accounted on accrual basis.

Interest income is recognized using the effective interest rate method.

n) Leases:

Effective 1 April, 2019, Company adopted IND AS 116 - Leases. Company applied IND AS 116 using modified retrospective approach, under which the cumulative effect of initial application is recognized in retained earnings at 1st April 2019. The comparative information presented is not restated. It is presented as previously reported under IND AS 17.

Accounting policy applicable before 1st April 2019

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains a lease if fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in the arrangement.

As a lessee

Leases of assets where Company has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Minimum lease payments made under finance leases are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

The leased assets are measured initially at an amount equal to the lower of their fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the assets are accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.

Leases of assets under which significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Lease payments under operating leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless the payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases. Lease incentives received are recognised as an integral part of the total lease expense, over the term of the lease.

As lessor

Leases in which Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income from operating lease is recognized on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease unless such payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increase.

Accounting policy applicable from 1st April 2019

At the inception it is assessed, whether a contract is a lease or contains a lease. A contract is a lease or contains a lease if it conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, for a period of time, in exchange for consideration.

To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, Company assesses whether the contract involves the use of an identified asset. Use may be specified explicitly or implicitly.

n) Leases: (Continued)

- Use should be physically distinct or represent substantially all of the capacity of a physically distinct asset.
- If the supplier has a substantive substitution right, then the asset is not identified.
- Company has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use
- Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.
- In cases where the usage of the asset is predetermined the right to direct the use of the asset is determined when Company has the right to use the asset or Company designed the asset in a way that predetermines how and for what purpose it will be used.

At the commencement or modification of a contract, that contains a lease component, Company allocates the consideration in the contract, to each lease component, on the basis of its relative standalone prices. For leases of property, it is elected not to separate non-lease components and account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

As a Lessee:

Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date.

Right-of-use asset (ROU):

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost. Cost comprises of the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee, an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located less any lease incentives received.

After the commencement date, a lessee shall measure the right-of-use asset applying cost model, which is Cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses and also adjusted for certain re-measurements of the lease liability.

Right-of-use asset is depreciated using straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term. If the lease transfers the ownership of the underlying asset to the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects Company will exercise the purchase option, ROU will be depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset, which is determined based on the same basis as property, plant and equipment.

Lease liability:

Lease liability is initially measured at the present value of lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date. Discounting is done using the implicit interest rate in the lease, if that rate cannot be readily determined, then using Company's incremental borrowing rate. Incremental borrowing rate is determined based on entity's borrowing rate adjusted for terms of the lease and type of the asset leased.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprises of fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments), variable lease payments that depends on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate at the commencement date, amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, the exercise price under a purchase option that the Company is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Company is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

Lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Lease liability is re-measured when there is a change in the lease term, a change in its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option or a revised in-substance fixed lease payment, a change in the amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee and a change in future lease payments arising from change in an index or rate.

When the lease liability is re-measured corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset. If the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero it will be recorded in statement of profit and loss.

Right-of-use asset is presented under "Property, Plant & Equipment" and lease liabilities are presented under "Financial liabilities" in the balance sheet.

Company has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short term leases. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

n) Leases: (Continued)**Lessor**

At the commencement or modification of a contract, that contains a lease component, Company allocates the consideration in the contract, to each lease component, on the basis of its relative standalone prices.

At the inception of the lease, it is determined whether it is a finance lease or an operating lease. If the lease transfers substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset, then it is a financial lease, otherwise it is an operating lease.

If the lease arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, then the consideration in the contract is allocated using the principles of IND AS 115. The Company tests for the impairment losses at the year end. Payment received under operating lease is recognised as income on straight line basis, over the lease term.

The accounting policies applicable to the Company as a lessor, in the comparative period, were not different from IND AS 116.

Transitional impact:

On transition to IND AS 116, Company elected to apply practical expedients given by the standard as follows:

- (a) Company has not re-assessed whether a contract is, or contains, a lease at the date of initial application instead it applied the standard to those contracts that were previously identified as leases applying IND AS 17, Leases. Standard is not applied to those contracts that were not previously identified as containing a lease applying IND AS 17.
- (b) IND AS 116 is applied retrospectively, with the cumulative effect of initially applying the Standard, is recognised at the date of initial application. The same approach is adopted for all the leases.
- (c) Comparative information are not restated and it is presented as reported under IND AS 17. The cumulative effect of initially applying this Standard, is done as an adjustment, to the opening balance of retained earnings, at the date of initial application.
- (d) For the leases which is previously classified as operating lease, under IND AS 17, Company recognised the lease liability by measuring the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application.
- (e) Company recognised, Right-of-use asset, at the date of initial application, for leases previously classified as an operating lease applying IND AS 17. Right-of-use asset is measured, on a lease by lease basis, at carrying amount assuming the standard is applied since the commencement date. Discounting to arrive the value of asset is done based on the incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application. Company also assessed the Right-of-use asset for impairment as per IND AS 36, Impairment of assets, at the date of initial application.
- (f) During transition, no adjustments is made for leases for which the underlying asset is of low value.
- (g) Company has applied a single discount rate for portfolio of leases which has reasonably similar characteristics.
- (h) During transition, impact of IND AS 116 is not given for those leases for which the lease term ends within 12 months of the date of initial application. Those leases were accounted as short term leases as per IND AS 116.

o) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying values of assets/cash generating units at each balance sheet date are reviewed for impairment if any indication of impairment exists. If the carrying amount of the assets exceed the estimated recoverable amount, an impairment is recognised for such excess amount.

The recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and their value in use. Value in use is arrived at by discounting the future cash flows to their present value based on an appropriate discount factor.

When there is indication that an impairment loss recognised for an asset (other than a revalued asset) in earlier accounting periods which no longer exists or may have decreased, such reversal of impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, to the extent the amount was previously charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss. In case of revalued assets, such reversal is not recognised.

p) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with remaining maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

p) Impairment of non-financial assets (Continued)

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

q) Taxation:

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognised directly in equity or in OCI.

i) Current tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Current tax also includes any tax arising from dividends.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, the Company:

- a) has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
- b) intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for:

- temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss;
- temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries and associates to the extent that the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and
- taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if:

- a) The entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- b) The deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on the same taxable entity.

Deferred tax asset / liabilities in respect of on temporary differences which originate and reverse during the tax holiday period are not recognised. Deferred tax assets / liabilities in respect of temporary differences that originate during the tax holiday period but reverse after the tax holiday period are recognised.

r) Government Grants:

Grants received from the government are recognized at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Company will comply with the conditions.

Government grants related to income are deferred and recognized in the profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate and netted off with the expense in the statement of profit and loss.

Government grants related to purchase of property plant and equipment are recognised as deferred income and are credited to profit or loss on a straight line basis over expected life of the related asset and presented within other income.

s) Provisions, Contingent Assets and Contingent Liabilities:

Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost. A provision for onerous contracts is measured at the present value of the lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the expected net cost of continuing with the contract. Before a provision is established, the Company recognises any impairment loss on the assets associated with that contract.

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but will probably not, require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

A contingent asset is not recognised but disclosed in the financial statements where an inflow of economic benefit is probable.

36. Contingent Liabilities and commitments to the extent not provided for in respect of:**a) Contingent liabilities :-**

1)

(₹ in Lakhs)

Sr.no.	Particulars	31 st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
i)	Excise and Service Tax matters	290.31	550.88
ii)	Sales Tax matters *	1,117.23	1,114.03
iii)	On account of Cross Subsidy Surcharge on electricity	9.38	9.38

*Includes ₹ 972.61 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 972.61 lakhs) paid in full against the disputed Sales Tax liability under the Kerala General Sales Tax Act, 1963. The matter is pending for hearing in the Honorable Supreme Court of India.

Note: The Excise and Service Tax and Sales Tax demands are being contested by the Company at various levels. The Company has been legally advised that it has a good case and the demands by the authorities are not tenable. Future cash flows in respect of these are determinable only on receipt of judgements / decisions pending with various forums/ authorities.

2) In respect of Supreme Court judgement on which allowances paid to employees should be identified for inclusion in basic wages for the purposes of computation of provident fund contribution.

In view of the management based on legal advice obtained, the liability for the period from the date of the SC order to 31st March 2019 is not significant and has not been given effect to in the books of account.

b) Commitments

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (net of advances) ₹ 1,900.46 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 1,894.31 lakhs).

37. Provision for warranty and other provisions:

(₹ in Lakhs)

	31 st March, 2020	31 st March, 2020	31st March, 2019	31st March, 2019
	Warranty Provision	Other Provisions	Warranty Provision	Other Provisions
Opening Balance	604.73	100.00	548.34	100.00
Additions	496.86	0.00	559.45	0.00
Utilisations / Reversals	523.36	60.00	503.06	0.00
Closing Balance	578.23	40.00	604.73	100.00

Provision is estimated for expected warranty claim in respect of products sold during the year based on past experience regarding defective claim of products and cost of rectification or replacement. It is expected that most of this cost will be incurred over next 12 months which is as per warranty terms.

Other provisions are provisions in respect of probable claims, the outflow of which would depend on the cessation of the respective events.

38. Share capital

- a) **Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to Equity Shares:** The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.
- b) **Details of equity shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate equity shares in the Company:**

Name of the Shareholder	As at 31 st March, 2020		As at 31 st March, 2019	
	No. of shares held	% of Holding	No. of shares held	% of Holding
Hiten V. Parekh	1,892,258	12.68%	1,937,258	12.98%
Manish V. Parekh	1,551,563	10.40%	1,551,563	10.40%
Nayan S. Parekh	2,189,704	14.67%	2,234,704	14.98%
Nilkamal Builders Private Limited	1,464,000	9.81%	1,464,000	9.81%
Heirloom Finance Private Limited	912,000	6.11%	912,000	6.11%

c) Reconciliation of number of equity shares outstanding as at the beginning and closing of the year

Particulars	2019-20		2018-19	
	Number	₹ (in Lakhs)	Number	₹ (in Lakhs)
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	14,922,525	1,492.25	14,922,525	1,492.25
Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares bought back during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	14,922,525	1,492.25	14,922,525	1,492.25

39. Borrowings:

(A) Secured loans:

(a) Working Capital loans :

Working capital facilities of ₹ Nil (Previous year ₹ 685.73 Lakhs) from Banks are secured on first pari passu basis by way of hypothecation of current assets (inventories and trade receivables) of the Company, second pari passu charge by way of equitable mortgage on the Company's immovable property. Working Capital Loans repayable on Demand having Interest Rate from 9.25% to 9.60% p.a. (Previous Year 9.25% p.a. to 9.60% p.a).

(b) Foreign Currency Term loans:

Foreign currency term loans of ₹ 6634.60 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 5186.62 Lakhs) from the Banks are secured on first pari passu basis by way of equitable mortgage created on Company's moveable properties. These loans are repayable in equal quarterly installment, last installments due on March 2023 and February 2024 as per repayment schedules, having interest rate from 3 month LIBOR + 1.05% to 1.38% p.a. which are reset periodically.

- (B) Commercial Paper balance outstanding at year end ₹ Nil (Previous Year ₹ Nil). Maximum balance outstanding during the year ₹ Nil (Previous Year ₹ 5,000 Lakhs).

40. Derivative Instruments outstanding at the Balance Sheet date:

(a) Forward Contracts against imports:

Forward contracts to buy USD 10.52 Lakhs and CNY 5.00 Lakhs (Previous Year USD 30.00 Lakhs and Euro 15 Lakhs) amounting to ₹ 852.54 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 3,328.92 lakhs).

(b) Option Contracts against imports:

Option Contract to buy Nil (Previous Year Euro 15 Lakhs) amounting to ₹ Nil (Previous Year ₹ 1,170 Lakhs).

The above contracts / options have been undertaken to hedge against the foreign exchange exposures arising from transactions like import of goods.

(c) USD Floating rate/INR Floating rate cross-currency interest rate swap (CCIRS):

Outstanding USD/INR Floating rate cross-currency interest rate swap USD 87.68 Lakhs (Previous year USD 75 lakhs) amounting to ₹ 6,634.60 Lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 5,186.62 Lakhs).

The above contracts have been undertaken to hedge against the foreign exchange exposures arising from foreign currency loan and interest there on, resulting net loss recognised in cash flow Hedge reserve of ₹ 60.61 Lakhs.

41. Dues to micro and small suppliers

Under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, (MSMED) which came into force from 2 October 2006, certain disclosures are required to be made relating to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises. On the basis of the information and records available with the management, there are no outstanding dues to the Micro and Small enterprises as defined in the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

Particulars	31 st March, 2020	31 st March, 2019
Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the year end	-	-
Interest due thereon	-	-
Amount of interest paid by the Company in terms of section 16 of the MSMED, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the accounting year	-	-
Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED	-	-
Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	-	-

<p>42. Related Party Disclosures: Names of related parties and description of relationship</p>	
<p>I Subsidiaries where control exists</p>	<p>Nilkamal Eswaran Plastics Private Limited Nilkamal Eswaran Marketing Private Limited Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited with effect from 23rd August 2019 (formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited) Nilkamal Crates and Bins, FZE. Nilkamal Foundation (a Section 8 Company)</p>
<p>II Joint Ventures</p>	<p>Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited ceased to be joint venture effective from 22nd August 2019 (formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)</p>
	<p>Cambro Nilkamal Private Limited</p>
<p>III Key Management Personnel</p>	<p>Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh, Chairman Mr. Sharad V. Parekh, Managing Director Mr. Hiten V. Parekh, Joint Managing Director Mr. Manish V. Parekh, President and Executive Director – Furniture Mr. Nayan S. Parekh, President and Executive Director – Material Handling Mr. Mihir H. Parekh, Executive director (effective from 1st February, 2020)</p>
	<p>Independent Director:</p>
	<p>Mr. K. R. Ramamoorthy Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi Mr. Mufazzal S. Federal Mr. S. K. Palekar Ms. Hiroo Mirchandani Mr. Krishnamurthi Venkataraman</p>
<p>IV Relatives of Key Management Personnel</p>	<p>Mr. Mihir H. Parekh (effective from 1st February, 2020 became Executive Director) Ms. Priyanka H. Gandhi</p>
<p>V Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key Management Personnel or their relatives, where transactions have taken place</p>	<p>Nilkamal Crates & Containers M. Tech Industries Raga Plast Private Limited</p>

42. Related Party Disclosures (Continued):

	Subsidiaries	Joint Venture	Key Management Personnel	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives	Total	Subsidiaries	Joint Venture	Key Management Personnel	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives	Total	Subsidiaries	Joint Venture	Key Management Personnel	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives	Total
	2019-20	2019-20	2019-20	2019-20	2019-20	2019-20	2018-19	2019-20	2019-20	2019-20	2019-20	2019-20	2018-19	2018-19	2018-19	2018-19	2018-19	2018-19
Sales of Finished Goods / Others	796.24	1,594.47	-	-	-	2,656.70	1,012.78	1,809.42	-	-	239.47	3,061.67	1,012.78	1,809.42	-	-	239.47	3,061.67
Sales of Fixed Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	19.50	-	-	-	-	19.50	19.50	-	-	-	-	19.50
Purchases of raw materials, intermediaries and finished goods	159.07	270.68	-	-	-	3,208.45	0.21	546.87	-	-	2,463.01	3,010.08	0.21	546.87	-	-	2,463.01	3,010.08
Paid for services and labour charges	24.55	-	-	-	-	180.38	-	-	-	-	227.64	227.64	-	-	-	-	227.64	227.64
Received for services & labour charges	23.92	15.76	-	-	-	39.68	-	30.16	-	-	-	30.16	-	30.16	-	-	-	30.16
Deputation Charges	12.59	8.01	-	-	-	20.60	-	33.59	-	-	-	33.59	-	33.59	-	-	-	33.59
Technical and Management Fees received	347.63	656.05	-	-	-	1,008.68	28.97	873.83	-	-	-	902.80	28.97	873.83	-	-	-	902.80
Dividend received	163.99	42.00	-	-	-	205.99	384.77	130.80	-	-	-	515.57	384.77	130.80	-	-	-	515.57
Purchase of fixed assets	506.91	127.48	-	-	-	634.39	33.03	304.61	-	-	-	337.64	33.03	304.61	-	-	-	337.64
Rent paid	9.96	-	-	-	-	319.77	-	-	-	-	301.20	301.20	-	-	-	-	301.20	301.20
Remuneration to Directors	-	-	-	-	-	1,445.95	-	-	-	-	-	1,468.65	-	-	-	-	-	1,468.65
Salary Paid	-	-	-	-	-	32.53	-	-	-	-	-	40.69	-	-	-	-	-	40.69
Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses (CSR)	338.00	-	-	-	-	338.00	298.60	-	-	-	-	298.60	298.60	-	-	-	-	298.60
Board & Audit Committee sitting fees	-	-	-	-	-	52.60	-	-	-	-	-	28.00	-	-	-	-	-	28.00
Rent Received	8.31	30.78	-	-	-	39.09	7.28	23.88	-	-	-	31.16	7.28	23.88	-	-	-	31.16
Reimbursement of Expenses	30.60	28.13	-	-	-	58.73	6.41	81.75	-	-	76.88	165.04	6.41	81.75	-	-	76.88	165.04
Balances Outstanding at the year end:																		
Deposits Receivable	-	-	-	-	-	720.00	-	-	-	-	-	720.00	-	-	-	-	-	720.00
Trade and Other Receivables	648.47	316.37	-	-	-	983.79	167.88	525.72	-	-	131.72	825.32	167.88	525.72	-	-	131.72	825.32
Other Payables	60.71	27.88	-	-	-	184.57	-	8.33	-	-	63.47	71.80	-	8.33	-	-	63.47	71.80

Note: 1. The remuneration paid to key managerial personnel excludes gratuity and compensated absences as the provision is computed for the Company as a whole and separate figures are not available.

2. The sales to and purchases from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured.

43. Information on Joint Ventures:

Jointly Controlled Entities

Name of the Joint Venture	Country of Incorporation	Percentage of Ownership Interest
Nilkamal Bito Storage Systems Private Limited ceased to be Joint Venture effective from 22nd August 2019	India	50
Cambro Nilkamal Private Limited	India	50

Investment in Joint Ventures have been accounted at cost in the standalone financial statements.

44. In accordance with IND AS 108 – Operating Segment, segment information has been given in the Consolidated Financial Statement of Nilkamal Limited and therefore no separate disclosure on segment information is given in these financial statements.

45. Subsequent Events:

In March 2020, World Health Organisation (WHO) declared outbreak of Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) a global pandemic, consequent to this, Government of India declared lockdown on March 23, 2020 due to which the Company temporarily suspended all its operations i.e. manufacturing facilities, retail stores, depots, warehouses, regional offices and corporate office. This has affected the normal business operations of the Company by way of interruption in production, supply chain disruption, closure/lock down of production facilities etc. Since June 2020, the Company has commenced most of the operations. The Company has made detailed assessment of its liquidity position for the next year and the recoverability and carrying value of its assets comprising property plant and equipment, intangible assets, right of use assets, investments, inventory, trade receivables and other financial assets. Based on current indicators of future economic conditions, the Company expects to recover the carrying amount of these assets. The Company will continue to closely monitor any material changes arising of future economic conditions and impact on its business.

46. Corporate Social Responsibility:

As required by Section 135 of Companies Act, 2013 and rules therein, a Corporate social responsibility committee has been formed by the Company. The Company has spent the following amount during the year towards corporate social responsibility (CSR) for activities listed under schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013

- (a) Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year 2019-20 ₹ 337.93 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 335.81 lakhs).
- (b) Amount spent during the year on:

Particulars	(₹ in lakhs)	
	2019-20	2018-19
(i) Construction/ acquisition of any asset	-	-
(ii) On purpose other than (i) above	338.00	336.05

47 Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management

A. Accounting classification and fair values

Carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy, are presented below. It does not include the fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

(₹ in lakhs)

31st March, 2020	Carrying amount				Fair value			
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets								
Non Current								
Unquoted Equity Shares *	42.82	-	0.32	43.14	-	-	-	-
Employee Loans	-	-	332.17	332.17	-	-	-	-
Security Deposits	-	-	2,147.99	2,147.99	-	-	-	-
Other financial assets	-	-	65.77	65.77	-	-	-	-
Derivative asset	-	313.03	-	313.03	-	313.03	-	313.03
Current								
Investments	1,513.30	-	-	1,513.30	1,513.30	-	-	1,513.30
Trade receivables	-	-	26,228.38	26,228.38	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	1,032.85	1,032.85	-	-	-	-
Other bank balances	-	-	309.58	309.58	-	-	-	-
Loans	-	-	1,190.79	1,190.79	-	-	-	-
Other Current Financial Assets	-	-	1,491.32	1,491.32	-	-	-	-
	1,556.12	313.03	32,799.17	34,668.32	1,513.30	313.03	-	1,826.33
Financial liabilities								
Non-Current Borrowings	-	-	4,790.08	4,790.08	-	-	-	-
Current Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade and other payables	-	-	13,453.06	13,453.06	-	-	-	-
Other Non-Current financial liabilities	-	-	18,222.75	18,222.75	-	-	-	-
Other Current financial liabilities	-	-	6,987.61	6,987.61	-	-	-	-
	-	-	43,453.50	43,453.50	-	-	-	-

(₹ in lakhs)

31st March, 2019	Carrying amount				Fair value			
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets								
Non Current								
Unquoted Equity Shares *	42.82	-	0.32	43.14	-	-	-	-
Employee Loans	-	-	358.23	358.23	-	-	-	-
Security Deposits	-	-	2,137.28	2,137.28	-	-	-	-
Other financial assets	-	-	110.57	110.57	-	-	-	-
Current								
Trade receivables	-	-	29,870.61	29,870.61	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	479.29	479.29	-	-	-	-
Other bank balances	-	-	245.98	245.98	-	-	-	-
Loans	-	-	891.55	891.55	-	-	-	-
Other Current Financial Assets	-	-	1,073.63	1,073.63	-	-	-	-
	42.82	-	35,167.46	35,210.28	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities								
Non-Current Borrowings	-	-	4,441.81	4,441.81	-	-	-	-
Short term borrowings	-	-	685.73	685.73	-	-	-	-
Trade and other payables	-	-	13,139.43	13,139.43	-	-	-	-
Other Non-Current financial liabilities	-	-	5,326.15	5,326.15	-	-	-	-
Other Current financial liabilities	-	-	2,723.70	2,723.70	-	-	-	-
	-	-	26,316.82	26,316.82	-	-	-	-

* The fair value in respect of the unquoted equity investments is equal to the cost of the investments as per the contractual agreements.

47 Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management (Continued)

B. Measurement of fair values

Valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs

The following tables show the valuation techniques used in measuring Level 2 and Level 3 fair values, as well as the significant unobservable inputs used.

Financial instruments measured at fair value

Type	Valuation technique
Forward contracts	The fair value is determined using forward exchange rates at the reporting date.
Security Deposits	The valuation model considers present value of expected payments discounted using an appropriate discounting rate.
Interest rate swaps	Present value of the estimated future cash flows based on observable yield curves.

C. Financial risk management

The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- Credit risk ;
- Liquidity risk ; and
- Market risk

i. Risk management framework

The Company's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's Risk Management framework. The Board of Directors have adopted an Enterprise Risk Management Policy framed by the Company, which identifies the risk and lays down the risk minimization procedures. The Management reviews the Risk management policies and systems on a regular basis to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities, and the same is reported to the Board of Directors periodically. Further, the Company, in order to deal with the future risks, has in place various methods / processes which have been imbibed in its organizational structure and proper internal controls are in place to keep a check on lapses, and the same are been modified in accordance with the regular requirements.

The Audit Committee oversees how Management monitors compliance with the Company's Risk Management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company. The Audit Committee is assisted in its oversight role by the internal auditors.

ii. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers and loans and advances.

The carrying amount of following financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure:

Trade receivables and loans and advances.

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer in which it operates. Credit risk is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business.

The Risk Management Committee has established a credit policy under which each new customer is analysed individually for creditworthiness before the Company's standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Further for domestic sales, the company segments the customers into Distributors and Others for credit monitoring.

The Company maintains security deposits for sales made to its distributors. For other trade receivables, the company individually monitors the sanctioned credit limits as against the outstanding balances. Accordingly, the Company makes specific provisions against such trade receivables wherever required and monitors the same at periodic intervals.

47. Financial Instruments - Fair value & Risk Management (Continued)

The Company monitors each loans and advances given and makes any specific provision wherever required.

The Company establishes an allowance for impairment that represents its estimate of expected losses in respect of trade receivables and loans and advances.

Impairment

At 31st March, 2020, the ageing of trade receivables was as follows.

	Carrying Amount	
	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
Neither past due nor impaired	9,098.02	15,255.03
Past due 1-90 days	12,649.58	10,623.88
Past due 91-180 days	2,786.06	2,352.95
Past due 181-365 days	1,386.41	1,453.60
Past due 366 days	1,348.31	1,026.91
	27,268.38	30,712.37

(₹ in lakhs)

Management believes that the unimpaired amounts which are past due are collectible in full.

	Trade receivables Impairments	Loans
Balance as at 1 st April, 2018	645.02	52.05
Impairment loss recognised	617.55	-
Balance written back	(298.45)	-
Amounts written off	(122.36)	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2019	841.76	52.05
Impairment loss recognised	636.54	-
Balance written back	(314.86)	-
Amounts written off	(123.44)	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2020	1,040.00	52.05

Cash and cash equivalents and other Bank balances

The Company held cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances of ₹ 1,342.43 lakhs as on 31 March 2020 (Previous year ₹ 725.27 lakhs). The cash and cash equivalents are held with bank counterparties with good credit ratings.

Derivatives

The derivatives are entered into with bank counterparties with good credit ratings.

Loans and Other financial assets:

The Company held loans and other financial assets of ₹ 5,541.07 lakhs as on March 31, 2020 (Previous year ₹ 4,571.26 lakhs). The loans and other financial assets are in nature of rent deposit paid to landlords, bank deposits with maturity more than twelve months and others and are fully recoverable.

iii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

47. Financial Instruments - Fair value & Risk Management (Continued)

As of 31st March, 2020 and 31st March, 2019 the Company had unutilized credit limits from banks of ₹ 14,000 lakhs and ₹ 16,741 lakhs respectively.

Maturity profile of financial liabilities

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include estimated interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

31st March, 2020	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows (₹ in lakhs)					
		Total	Less than 6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Working Capital Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade and other payables	12,600.52	12,600.52	12,600.52	-	-	-	-
Lease Liabilities	15,510.16	15,510.16	1,602.38	1,605.37	3,225.72	6,638.15	2,438.54
Other financial liabilities	3,782.35	3,782.35	3,782.35	-	-	-	-
Derivative financial liabilities							
Cross currency interest rate swaps	6,634.60	6,634.60	917.99	917.99	1,835.99	2,962.62	-
Forward exchange contracts used for hedging - Outflow	852.54	852.54	852.54	-	-	-	-
31st March, 2019							
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Working Capital Borrowings	685.73	685.73	685.73	-	-	-	-
Trade and other payables	9,810.51	9,810.51	9,810.51	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	1,978.89	1,978.89	1,978.89	-	-	-	-
Derivative financial liabilities							
Interest rate swaps	5,186.62	5,186.62	-	533.92	1,271.23	3,381.47	-
Forward exchange contracts used for hedging - Outflow	3,328.92	3,328.92	3,328.92	-	-	-	-

The gross inflows/(outflows) disclosed in the above table represent the contractual undiscounted cash flows relating to the financial liabilities which are not usually closed out before contractual maturity. The disclosure shows net cash flow amounts for derivatives that are net cash-settled and gross cash inflow and outflow amounts for derivatives that have simultaneous gross cash settlement.

iv. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices – such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices – will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including foreign currency receivables and payables and long term debt. We are exposed to market risk primarily related to foreign exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and the market value of our investments. Thus, our exposure to market risk is a function of investing and borrowing activities and revenue generating and operating activities in foreign currency. The objective of market risk management is to avoid excessive exposure in our foreign currency revenues and costs.

Currency risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk on account of its borrowings and other payables in foreign currency. The functional currency of the Company is Indian Rupee. The Company uses forward exchange contracts to hedge its currency risk, most with a maturity of less than one year from the reporting date.

47. Financial Instruments - Fair value & Risk Management (Continued)

Exposure to currency risk (Exposure in different currencies converted to functional currency i.e. INR)

The currency profile of financial assets and financial liabilities as at 31st March, 2020 and 31st March, 2019 are as below:

(₹ in lakhs)

31st March, 2020	USD	EURO	GBP	CNY
Financial assets				
Trade and other receivables	1,939.50	209.78	3.73	9.17
Cash and Cash Equivalents	38.85	-	-	-
	1,978.35	209.78	3.73	9.17
Financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	1326.52	59.95	3.03	150.77
Forecasted Purchase	-	-	-	-
Less: Forward contracts	(799.20)	-	-	(53.34)
	527.32	59.95	3.03	97.43
Net Exposure	1451.03	149.83	0.70	(88.26)
31st March, 2019	USD	EURO	GBP	CNY
Financial assets				
Trade and other receivables	1,556.14	161.98	0.77	23.63
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2.61	-	-	-
	1,558.75	161.98	0.77	23.63
Financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	1,575.24	22.38	27.15	-
Less: Forward contracts	(2,164.02)	(1,164.90)	-	-
	(588.78)	(1,142.52)	27.15	-
Net Exposure	2,147.53	1,304.50	(26.38)	23.63

iv. Market risk

The following significant exchange rates have been applied during the year.

INR	Year-end spot rate	
	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
USD 1	75.67	69.16
EUR1	82.77	77.66
CNY	10.65	10.30
GBP1	93.36	90.50

Sensitivity analysis

A reasonably possible strengthening (weakening) of the foreign Currency against the Indian Rupee at 31st March would have affected the measurement of financial instruments denominated in foreign currencies and affected equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecast sales and purchases.

(₹ in lakhs)

	31st March, 2020		31st March, 2019	
	Profit or loss		Profit or loss	
Effect in INR	Strengthening	Weakening	Strengthening	Weakening
USD - 3% Movement	43.53	(43.53)	64.43	(64.43)
EUR - 3% Movement	4.49	(4.49)	39.13	(39.13)
CNY - 3% Movement	(2.65)	2.65	0.71	(0.71)
GBP - 3% Movement	0.02	(0.02)	(0.79)	0.79
	45.39	(45.39)	103.48	(103.48)

47. Financial Instruments - Fair value & Risk Management (Continued)

C. Financial risk management

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk can be either fair value interest rate risk or cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair values of fixed interest bearing investments because of fluctuations in the interest rates. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of floating interest bearing investments will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates.

Exposure to interest rate risk

Company's interest rate risk arises from borrowings. The interest rate profile of the Company's interest-bearing financial instruments as reported to the management of the Company is as follows.

(₹ in lakhs)

	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
Borrowings		
Fixed rate borrowings	-	-
Variable rate borrowings	6,634.60	5,872.35
Less: Interest rate Swaps	(6,634.60)	(5,186.62)
Total	-	685.73

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable-rate instruments

A reasonably possible change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased (decreased) profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency exchange rates, remain constant.

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	Profit or (loss)	
	100 bp increase	100 bp decrease
March 31, 2020		
Variable-rate instruments	(66.35)	66.35
Interest rate swaps	66.35	(66.35)
Cash flow sensitivity (net)	-	-
March 31, 2019		
Variable-rate instruments	(58.72)	58.72
Interest rate swaps	51.87	(51.87)
Cash flow sensitivity (net)	(6.85)	(6.85)

The risk estimates provided assume a parallel shift of 100 basis points interest rate across all yield curves. This calculation also assumes that the change occurs at the balance sheet date and has been calculated based on risk exposures outstanding as at that date. The period end balances are not necessarily representative of the average debt outstanding during the period.

48 Capital Management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued capital and other equity reserves. The primary objective of the Company's Capital Management is to maximise shareholders value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in the light of changes in economic environment and the requirements of the financial covenants.

The Company monitors capital using debt to equity ratio.

(₹ in lakhs)

	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Non-Current Borrowings	4,790.08	4,441.81
Current Borrowings	-	685.73
Current maturity of long term debt	1,844.52	744.81
Gross Debt	6,634.60	5,872.35
Total equity	95,358.70	88,438.48
Adjusted Gross debt to equity ratio	0.07	0.07

49 Employee Benefits

The Company contributes to the following post-employment defined benefit plans in India.

(i) Defined Contribution Plans:

The contributions to the Provident Fund and Family Pension Fund of certain employees are made to a Government administered Provident Fund and there are no further obligations beyond making such contribution.

The Company recognised ₹ 823.60 lakhs for year ended 31 March 2020 (Previous year ₹ 626.56 lakhs) provident fund contributions in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The contributions payable to these plans by the Company are at rates specified in the rules of the schemes.

(ii) Defined Benefit Plan:**A. Gratuity**

The Company participates in the Employees Gratuity scheme, a funded defined benefit plan for qualifying employees. Gratuity is payable to all eligible employees on death or on separation / termination in terms of the provisions of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.

The most recent actuarial valuation of plan assets and the present value of the defined benefit obligation for gratuity were carried out as at March 31, 2020. The present value of the defined benefit obligations and the related current service cost and past service cost, were measured using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	Gratuity	
	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
Defined benefit obligation	1,875.96	1,746.84
Fair value of Plan Assets at the end of the year	(1,807.26)	(1,748.97)
Net Obligation at the end of the year	68.70	(2.13)

B. Movement in net defined benefit (asset) liability

The following table shows a reconciliation from the opening balances to the closing balances for net defined benefit (asset)/ liability and its components

(₹ in lakhs)

	Gratuity					
	Defined benefit obligation		Fair value of plan assets		Net defined benefit	
	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
Opening balance	1,746.84	1,589.10	1,748.97	1,485.88	(2.13)	103.22
Included in profit or loss	-	-	123.18	121.34	(123.18)	(121.34)
Current service cost	214.77	209.04	-	-	214.77	209.04
Past service cost	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest cost (income)	118.80	122.36	-	-	118.80	122.36
	2,080.41	1,920.50	1,872.15	1,607.22	208.26	313.28
Included in OCI						
Remeasurement loss (gain):						
Actuarial loss (gain) arising from:	-	-	-	-	-	-
Demographic assumptions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial assumptions	(18.85)	-	-	-	(18.85)	-
Experience adjustment	(49.69)	19.90	-	-	(49.69)	19.90
Return on plan assets excluding interest income	-	-	(189.89)	(38.25)	189.89	38.25
	2,011.87	1,940.40	1,682.26	1,568.97	329.61	333.18
Other						
Contributions paid by the employer	-	-	125.00	180.00	(125.00)	(180.00)
Benefits paid	(135.91)	(193.56)	-	-	(135.91)	(193.56)
Closing balance	1,875.96	1,746.84	1,807.26	1,748.97	68.70	(40.38)
Represented by						
Net defined benefit asset					(1,807.26)	(1,748.97)
Net defined benefit liability					1,875.96	1,746.84
					68.70	(2.13)

(ii) Defined Benefit Plan:

C. Plan assets

Plan assets comprise the following:

(₹ in lakhs)

	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
Fund managed by Insurance Company	1,807.26	1,748.97

D. Defined benefit obligations

i. Actuarial assumptions

The following were the principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date (expressed as weighted averages).

	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
Discount rate	6.80%p.a.	7.70%p.a.
Expected Rate of Return on Plan Assets	6.80%p.a.	7.70%p.a.
Salary escalation rate	6.00%p.a.	7.00%p.a.
Employee Turnover	5.00% to 1.00 % p.a.	5.00% to 1.00 % p.a.
Mortality rate	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08)Ult.	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08) Ult.

Assumptions regarding future mortality have been based on published statistics and mortality tables.

ii. Sensitivity analysis

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation as follows.

(₹ in lakhs)

	31st March, 2020		31st March, 2019	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Discount rate (1% movement)	1,712.92	2,065.49	1,594.67	1,923.92
Future salary growth (1% movement)	2,065.11	1,710.33	1,923.39	1,592.40
Rate of employee turnover (1% movement)	1,886.08	1,864.60	1,750.41	1,743.07

The sensitivity analysis above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period.

Expected future cash flows

The expected future cash flows in respect of gratuity as at March 31, 2020 were as follows.

Expected contribution

The expected contributions for defined benefit plan for the next financial year will be in line with the contribution for the year ended March 31, 2020, i.e. ₹ 145.69 lakhs.

Expected future benefit payments

(₹ in lakhs)

31st March, 2021	145.69
31st March, 2022	143.08
31st March, 2023	137.25
31st March, 2024	127.52
Thereafter	1,322.42

Compensated Absences:

The Compensated Absences is payable to all eligible employees for each day of accumulated leave on death or on resignation. Compensated Absences debited to Statement of Profit and Loss during the year amounts to ₹ 265.31 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 297.59 lakhs) and is included in Note 30 - 'Employee benefits expenses'. Accumulated non-current provision for leave encashment aggregates ₹ 480.95 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 538.73 lakhs) and current provision aggregates ₹ 377.07 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 380.48 lakhs).

50 Hedge accounting

The Company's risk management policy is to hedge its estimated foreign currency exposure in respect of highly probable forecast purchases and foreign currency borrowings. The Company uses forward exchange contracts to hedge its currency risk and cross currency interest rate swap to hedge its interest rate and currency risk related to foreign currency borrowings. Such contracts are generally designated as cash flow hedges.

The Company determines the existence of an economic relationship between the hedging instrument and hedged item based on the currency, amount and timing of their respective cash flows. The Company assesses whether the derivative designated in each hedging relationship is expected to be and has been effective in offsetting changes in the cash flows of the hedged item using the hypothetical derivative method.

a. Disclosure of effects of hedge accounting on financial position**Cash flow hedge - Forward exchange contracts****31st March, 2020****(₹ in lakhs)**

Type of hedge and risks	Currency	Nominal Value Currency in lakhs)	Carrying amount of hedging instrument (in INR)		Line item in the statement of financial position where the hedging instrument is included	Maturity date	Hedge ratio	Weighted Average strike price/ rate	Changes in fair value of the hedging instrument	Change in the value of hedged item use as the basis for recognising hedge effectiveness
			Assets	Liabilities						
Cash flow hedge Forward and Option contracts					Liabilities		Apr-20			
	USD	10.52	-	0.62	Other current financial liabilities		1:1	74.74	(0.62)	0.62
	CNY	5.00	0.04	-	Other current financial liabilities			10.67	0.04	(0.04)
Cross Currency Interest Rate Swap	USD	87.68	313.61	-	Other non-current financial liabilities	March 2023 to February 2024	1:1		313.61	(313.61)

a. Disclosure of effects of hedge accounting on financial position (Continued)

Cash flow hedge - Forward exchange contracts

31st March, 2019

(₹ in lakhs)

Type of hedge and risks	Currency	Nominal Value Currency in lakhs)	Carrying amount of hedging instrument (in INR)		Line item in the statement of financial position where the hedging instrument is included	Maturity date	Hedge ratio	Weighted Average strike price/ rate	Changes in fair value of the hedging instrument	Change in the value of hedged item use as the basis for recognising hedge effectiveness
			Assets	Liabilities						
Cash flow hedge Forward and Option contracts	USD	29.95	21.37	52.43	Liabilities		Apr-20			
	EURO	30.00	21.37	-	Other current financial liabilities		1:1	71.13	(52.43)	52.43
					Other current financial liabilities			78.88	21.37	(21.37)
Cross Currency Interest Rate Swap	USD	75.00	-	192.68	Other current financial liabilities and Other non-current financial liabilities	March 2023 to February 2024	1:1		(192.68)	192.68

b. Disclosure of effects of hedge accounting on financial performance

31st March, 2020	Change in the value of the hedging instrument recognised in OCI	Hedge ineffectiveness recognised in profit or loss	Amount reclassified from cash flow hedging reserve to profit or loss	Line item affected in statement of profit or loss because of the reclassification
Cash flow hedge	(60.61)	-	92.15	Foreign exchange loss
31st March, 2019	Change in the value of the hedging instrument recognised in OCI	Hedge ineffectiveness recognised in profit or loss	Amount reclassified from cash flow hedging reserve to profit or loss	Line item affected in statement of profit or loss because of the reclassification
Cash flow hedge	(84.91)	-	7.24	Foreign exchange loss

c. The following table provides a reconciliation by risk category of components of equity and analysis of OCI items, net of tax, resulting from cash flow hedge accounting

Movements in cash flow hedging reserve

Balance at 1 April 2018	(7.24)
Add : Changes in the fair value of effective portion of outstanding cash flow derivative (net of settlement)	(141.13)
Less : Amounts reclassified to profit or loss	-
Less: Deferred tax	56.22
As at March 31, 2019	(92.15)
Add : Changes in the fair value of effective portion of outstanding cash flow derivative (net of settlement)	(62.51)
Less : Amounts reclassified to profit or loss	-
Less: Deferred tax	1.90
As at March 31, 2020	(152.76)

51 Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of Equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential Equity shares into Equity shares.

i. Profit attributable to Equity holders of Company

	(₹ in lakhs)	
	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company:		
Continuing operations	12,201.15	11,122.92
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company for basic earnings	12,201.15	11,122.92
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company adjusted for the effect of dilution	12,201.15	11,122.92

ii. Weighted average number of ordinary shares

	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
Issued ordinary shares at 1st April	1,49,22,525	1,49,22,525
Weighted average number of shares at 31st March for basic and Diluted EPS	1,49,22,525	1,49,22,525

Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share

	(Amount in ₹)	
	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
Basic earnings per share	81.76	74.54
Diluted earnings per share	81.76	74.54

52 Previous year figures have been re-group / reclassified wherever necessary.

As per our report of even date attached.
For B S R & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Rishabh Kumar
Partner
Membership No : 402877

Mumbai
June 28, 2020

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors of Nilkamal Limited
CIN : L25209DN1985PLC000162

Sharad V. Parekh
Managing Director
DIN : 00035747

Hiten V. Parekh
Joint Managing Director
DIN : 00037550

Paresh B. Mehta
Chief Financial Officer
Membership No : 44670
Mumbai
June 28, 2020

Priti P. Dave
Company Secretary
Membership No : 19469

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of Nilkamal Limited

Report on the Audit of Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Nilkamal Limited (hereinafter referred to as the 'Holding Company') and its subsidiaries (Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), its joint venture, which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 March 2020, and the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors on separate financial statements of such subsidiaries and joint venture as were audited by the other auditors, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group, and its joint venture as at 31 March 2020, of its consolidated profit and other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group and its joint venture in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in terms of the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the relevant provisions of the Act, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us along with the consideration of audit reports of the other auditors referred to in sub paragraph (a) of the "Other Matters" paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
<p>Revenue recognition</p> <p>(Refer to Significant Accounting Policy Note 35 (o) and Note 27 in the consolidated financial statements)</p> <p>Revenue of the Company mainly comprises of sale of material handling products and plastic moulded furniture to its customers.</p> <p>Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when control is transferred to the customers.</p> <p>There is a risk of revenue being overstated on account of variation in the timing of transfer of control due to the pressure to achieve performance targets at the reporting period end.</p> <p>Accordingly, timing of recognition of revenue is a key audit matter.</p>	<p>In view of the significance of the matter we applied the following audit procedures in this area, among others to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Evaluating the Company's accounting policies for revenue recognition, in terms of applicable accounting standards Testing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of the Company's general IT controls and key IT/manual application controls. These are in respect of the Company's systems which govern timing of recognition of revenue including creation of new customers in the system. Performing testing on selected statistical samples of customer contracts. Checked terms and conditions related to acceptance of goods, acknowledged delivery receipts and tested the transit time to deliver the goods and its revenue recognition. Our tests of details focused on substantive testing. It included year-end cut-off testing. We carried out audit procedures by selecting samples of revenue transactions recorded during the year and before and after the financial year end. We also selected samples of one off sales to customers, by verifying the underlying documents such as sales invoices/contracts and shipping documents. Performing substantive testing by verifying statistical samples of credit notes with underlying sales invoice and delivery documents Assessing manual journal entries posted to revenue on sample basis to identify unusual items of revenue recorded in the current year.

Key Audit Matters (Continued)

The key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
<p>Adoption of new lease accounting standard – Ind AS 116 (Refer to Significant Accounting Policy Note 35 (p) and Note 1 in the consolidated financial statements)</p> <p>The Company, as a lessee, has entered into lease contracts mainly relating to the depots, warehouses and retail stores of the Company with different contractual terms.</p> <p>As described in note 35 (p) to the consolidated financial statements, the Company has adopted Ind AS 116, Leases (Ind AS 116) in the current year using modified retrospective approach.</p> <p>Ind AS 116 provides a single lease accounting model, requiring lessees to recognise a right of use asset ("ROU asset") and a corresponding lease liability on the lease commencement date. The Company has recognized the operating lease liabilities based on the present value of the remaining minimum rental payments discounted using the incremental borrowing rate, with corresponding ROU assets on the balance sheet. The Company uses automated report developed in SAP system to compute the Ind AS 116 liabilities.</p> <p>We considered the first-time application of Ind AS 116 as a key audit matter due to the judgements needed in establishing the underlying key assumptions.</p>	<p>In view of the significance of the matter we applied the following audit procedures in this area, among others to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Evaluating the accounting policies regarding leases in terms of applicable accounting standard (Ind AS 116); Testing the manual and automated controls in respect of the lease accounting impact as computed under SAP system; Evaluating the method and adjustments of transition; Testing completeness of the lease data used for lease accounting. We reconciled the Company's operating lease commitments to data used in computing ROU asset and the lease liabilities. Selected a sample of lease contracts. We performed following procedures: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> evaluating the terms of the contract; evaluating the contract meeting the definition of a lease; evaluating the Company's assessment of identification of leases based on contractual agreements; checking the Company's determination of lease payments, based on the terms of the lease contract; evaluating the Company's determination of the lease term, which required consideration of which option periods are certain to be exercised; and Examining the Company's judgement in establishing the underlying assumptions. This includes assessing the discount rate used in determining the lease liability; Assessing and testing the presentation and disclosures relating to Ind AS 116 including, disclosures relating to transition.
The key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
<p>Accounting of Business Combination and Valuation of Net Assets acquired (Refer to Significant Accounting Policy Note 35 (q) and Note 43 in the consolidated financial statements)</p> <p>The Company completed the acquisition of balance 50% of the shares of Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited (NBSS) (now known as Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited) on 22 August 2019. The Group has accounted for this acquisition as a business combination as per Ind AS 103 with effect from 23 August 2019.</p> <p>It has recognised identifiable assets (including intangible assets), liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired at fair value by carrying out Purchase Price Allocation (PPA) as of the acquisition date along with recognizing resultant Goodwill on acquisition.</p> <p>The Company has involved external Valuation expert for determination of fair value for measurement of employee benefits provision, industrial land, facility buildings and other Property Plant and Equipment. Fair valuation measurement involves judgement towards use of key assumptions and the valuation methodology adopted and determination of discount rate.</p> <p>Due to the complexity in accounting the business acquisition and the level of judgement included in fair value measurements, this is considered to be a key audit matter.</p>	<p>In view of the significance of the matter we applied the following audit procedures in this area, among others to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence:</p> <p>Evaluating the Share Sale Agreement pertaining to the acquisition to understand the key terms and conditions of the acquisition.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Assessing the accounting policy of business combination by comparing with applicable accounting standards. Assessing the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the experts engaged by the Company. Inspecting the work of the experts by examining the valuation reports and the Company's evaluation. Assessing completeness of data provided to the experts for obtaining valuation reports. Involving valuation specialists in the audit work over valuation of Property Plant and Equipment. Examining and challenging the independent valuer's reports for the accuracy of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> fair valuation method under the market approach for the industrial land, depreciated replacement cost method under the cost approach for facility buildings and plant and machinery against comparable assumptions based on our knowledge of the Company and industry. Examining the Company's working for measurement of inventory valuation, deferred taxes and other assets and liabilities acquired including contingent liabilities. Testing the mathematical accuracy of the PPA working.

Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The Holding Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Holding Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed and based on the work done/ audit reports of other auditors, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibilities for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in term of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated state of affairs, consolidated profit and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group including its joint venture in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act. The respective Management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and its joint venture are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of each company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Management and Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and its joint venture are responsible for assessing the ability of each company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the respective Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and its joint venture is responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of each company.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls based on our audit.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management and Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management and Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of consolidated financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the appropriateness of this assumption. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its joint venture to cease to continue as a going concern.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of such entities or business activities within the Group and its joint venture to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of financial information of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion. Our responsibilities in this regard are further described in para (a) of the section titled 'Other Matters' in this audit report.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us along with the consideration of audit reports of the other auditors referred to in sub-paragraph (a) of the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matters

- (a) We did not audit the financial statements of four subsidiaries whose financial statements reflect total assets of Rs.5,166.28 lakhs as at 31 March 2020, total revenues of Rs.6,642.62 lakhs and net cash flows amounting to Rs.(184.34) lakhs for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net profit (and other comprehensive income) of Rs. 397.61 lakhs for the year ended 31 March 2020, in respect of one joint venture, whose financial statements have not been audited by us. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and joint venture, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries and joint venture is based solely on the audit reports of the other auditors.

Certain of these subsidiaries are located outside India whose financial statements and other financial information have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in their respective countries and which have been audited by other auditors under generally accepted auditing standards applicable in their respective countries. The Holding Company's management has converted the financial statements of such subsidiaries located outside India from accounting principles generally accepted in their respective countries to accounting principles generally accepted in India. We have audited these conversion adjustments made by the Holding Company's management. Our opinion in so far as it relates to the balances and affairs of such subsidiaries located outside India is based on the report of other auditors and the conversion adjustments prepared by the management of the Holding Company and audited by us.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the financial statements/financial information certified by the Management.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- A. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements of such subsidiaries and joint venture as were audited by other auditors, as noted in the 'Other Matters' paragraph, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements (Continued)

- c) The consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on 31 March 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies and joint venture incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies and joint venture incorporated in India is disqualified as on 31 March 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies and joint venture in India and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".
- B. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements of the subsidiaries and joint venture, as noted in the 'Other Matters' paragraph:
- i. The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations as at 31 March 2020 on the consolidated financial position of the Group and joint venture. Refer Note 36(a) to the consolidated financial statements.
 - ii. The Group and joint venture did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company or its subsidiary companies and joint venture incorporated in India during the year ended 31 March 2020.
 - iv. The disclosures in the consolidated financial statements regarding holdings as well as dealings in specified bank notes during the period from 8 November 2016 to 30 December 2016 have not been made in the consolidated financial statements since they do not pertain to the financial year ended 31 March 2020
- B. With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's report under section 197(16):
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and based on the reports of the statutory auditors of such subsidiary companies and joint venture incorporated in India which were not audited by us, the remuneration paid during the current year by the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies and joint venture to its directors is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act. The remuneration paid to any director by the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies and its joint venture is not in excess of the limit laid down under Section 197 of the Act. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under Section 197(16) which are required to be commented upon by us.

For B S R & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 101248W/W-100022

Mumbai
28 June 2020

Rishabh Kumar
Partner
Membership No: 402877
ICAI UDIN: 20402877AAAA BX7506

Annexure A to the Independent Auditors' report on the consolidated financial statements of Nilkamal Limited for the year ended 31 March 2020**Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the aforesaid consolidated financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013****(Referred to in paragraph ((A)(f)) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)****Opinion**

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended 31 March 2020, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of Nilkamal Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") and such companies incorporated in India under the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') which are its subsidiary companies and its joint venture companies, as of that date.

In our opinion, the Holding Company and such companies incorporated in India which are its subsidiary companies and joint venture companies (jointly controlled companies), have, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2020, based on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements criteria established by such companies considering the essential components of such internal controls stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management and the Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements were established and maintained and whether such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of the internal controls based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors of the relevant subsidiary companies and joint venture company (jointly controlled companies) in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial controls with Reference to consolidated Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with

Annexure A to the Independent Auditors' report on the consolidated financial statements of Nilkamal Limited for the year ended 31 March 2020 (Continued)**Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial controls with Reference to consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)**

reference to consolidated financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Other Matters

Our aforesaid reports under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements insofar as it relates to one subsidiary company and one joint venture company, which are companies incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such companies incorporated in India.

For **B S R & Co. LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 101248W/W-100022

Rishabh Kumar
Partner
Membership No: 402877
ICAI UDIN: 20402877AAAABX7506

Mumbai
28 June 2020

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH 2020

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2020			(₹ in Lakhs)		
Particulars			Note	As at 31st March 2020	As at 31st March 2019
I.	ASSETS				
1	Non-current Assets				
	(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	1	58,424.26	39,742.35	
	(b) Capital Work-in-Progress		2,662.48	1,384.37	
	(c) Goodwill	43	675.60	–	
	(d) Other Intangible assets	1	137.35	110.90	
	(e) Investment in Joint venture	2	1,715.37	4,983.12	
	(f) Financial Assets				
	(i) Investments	3	43.14	43.14	
	(ii) Loans	4	2,505.52	2,502.04	
	(iii) Others Financial Assets (Net)	5	406.42	110.57	
			2,955.08	2,655.75	
	(g) Other Non-current Assets	6	2,537.31	2,546.48	
	Total Non-current Assets		69,107.45	51,422.97	
2	Current Assets				
	(a) Inventories	7	40,634.73	39,290.36	
	(b) Financial Assets				
	(i) Investments	8	1,667.80	96.16	
	(ii) Trade Receivables	9	32,500.58	30,902.31	
	(iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	10	1,841.44	1,316.65	
	(iv) Bank Balances other than cash and cash equivalents	11	561.34	348.83	
	(v) Loans	12	1,216.78	891.55	
	(vi) Other Financial Assets	13	1,351.80	1,065.98	
			39,139.74	34,621.48	
	(c) Current Tax Assets (Net)		918.37	464.78	
	(d) Other Current Assets	14	5,292.68	3,572.15	
	Total Current Assets		85,985.52	77,948.77	
	Total Assets		1,55,092.97	1,29,371.74	
II.	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
1	Equity				
	(a) Equity Share Capital	15	1,492.25	1,492.25	
	(b) Other Equity	16	1,01,716.88	92,625.78	
	Total Equity attributable to Equity Owners of the Company		1,03,209.13	94,118.03	
2	Non-controlling Interests		90.47	723.36	
	Total Equity		1,03,299.60	94,841.39	
3	Non-current liabilities				
	(a) Financial Liabilities				
	(i) Borrowings	17	4,790.08	4,441.81	
	(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	18	18,328.61	5,333.28	
			23,118.69	9,775.09	
	(b) Provisions	19	710.06	735.05	
	(c) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	20	1,343.65	2,042.06	
	(d) Other Non-current Liabilities	21	–	377.02	
	Total Non-current Liabilities		25,172.40	12,929.22	
4	Current Liabilities				
	(a) Financial Liabilities				
	(i) Borrowings	22	1.73	701.49	
	(ii) Trade Payables	23			
	(a) Total Outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		3.64	–	
	(b) Total Outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		15,299.31	13,378.72	
	(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	24	7,066.29	2,723.70	
	(b) Other Current Liabilities	25	3,136.15	3,696.68	
	(c) Provisions	26	1,086.00	1,087.10	
	(d) Current Tax Liabilities (Net)		27.85	13.44	
	Total Current Liabilities		26,620.97	21,601.13	
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,55,092.97	1,29,371.74	

Significant accounting policies

35

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors of

Nilkamal Limited

CIN: L25209DN1985PLC000162

Rishabh Kumar

Partner

Membership No: 402877

Sharad V. Parekh

Managing Director

DIN: 00035747

Hiten V. Parekh

Joint Managing Director

DIN: 00037550

Paresh B. Mehta

Chief Financial Officer

Membership No. 44670

Priti P. Dave

Company Secretary

Membership No. 19469

Mumbai
June 28, 2020Mumbai
June 28, 2020

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2020

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Note	Year Ended 31st March 2020	Year Ended 31st March 2019
I. Revenue from operations	27	2,25,719.18	2,36,236.37
II. Other Income	28	1,441.89	1,299.41
III. Total Income (I+II)		2,27,161.07	2,37,535.78
IV. Expenses:			
Cost of Materials Consumed		75,086.94	89,663.55
Purchases of Stock in Trade		50,031.66	53,405.87
Changes in inventories of Finished Goods, Stock in Trade and Work-in-Progress	29	(413.49)	(3,866.68)
Employee Benefits Expenses	30	19,068.74	18,666.25
Finance Costs	31	2,610.47	1,583.76
Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	1	9,421.27	5,166.20
Other Expenses	32	53,825.94	57,027.55
Total Expenses		2,09,631.53	2,21,646.50
V. Profit Before share of Profit of Equity accounted Investee and Income Tax (III – IV)		17,529.54	15,889.28
VI. Shares of Profit in Joint Ventures (net of Tax)		628.07	705.93
VII. Profit before Tax (V + VI)		18,157.61	16,595.21
VIII. Income Tax Expense:			
Current tax	34	4,460.77	4,858.66
Deferred tax (Credit) / Charge	34	(545.91)	771.97
Taxation for earlier years (Credit) / Charges		–	(804.86)
Total Tax Expenses		3,914.86	4,825.77
IX. Net Profit After Tax (VII – VIII)		14,242.75	11,769.44
X. Other Comprehensive Income:			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurements of defined benefit (asset)		(122.92)	(58.15)
Income Tax effect on above		24.17	20.12
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Effective portion of (losses) on hedging instrument in a cash flow hedge		(62.51)	(141.13)
Income tax Effect on Above		1.90	56.22
Share of Other Comprehensive income in Joint Venture		(5.13)	(5.09)
Total Other Comprehensive Income for the year, Net of Income Tax		(164.49)	(128.03)
XI. Total Comprehensive Income (IX + X)		14,078.26	11,641.41
Profit for the year attributable to :			
Equity Shareholder of the Company		14,208.45	11,733.31
Non-Controlling Interests		34.30	36.13
Other Comprehensive income (net of tax) attributable to:			
Equity Shareholder of the Company		(164.49)	(128.03)
Non-Controlling Interests		–	–
Total Comprehensive income attributable to:			
Equity Shareholder of the Company		14,043.96	11,605.28
Non-Controlling Interests		34.30	36.13
XII. Earnings per equity share of ₹ 10 each (Previous Year ₹ 10 each)	50		
(1) Basic (in ₹)		95.21	78.63
(2) Diluted (in ₹)		95.21	78.63
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding		1,49,22,525	1,49,22,525
Significant accounting policies	35		
The notes referred in above form an integral part of the Consolidated financial statements.			

As per our report of even date attached.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors of

Nilkamal Limited

CIN: L25209DN1985PLC000162

Rishabh Kumar

Partner

Membership No: 402877

Sharad V. Parekh

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Joint Managing Director

DIN: 00037550

Paresh B. Mehta

Chief Financial Officer

Membership No. 44670

Priti P. Dave

Company Secretary

Membership No. 19469

Mumbai
June 28, 2020Mumbai
June 28, 2020

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2020

	Year ended on 31 March 2020	(₹ in lakhs) Year ended on 31 March 2019
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Profit before tax	17,529.54	15,889.28
Adjustments for :		
Depreciation and Amortisation	9,421.27	5,166.20
Unrealised Forex Loss on Forward Contract	(34.91)	22.45
(Profit) / Loss on sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	(287.51)	42.96
Non-cash expenses adjustment for Gratuity	(128.05)	(53.06)
Finance Costs	2,610.47	1,583.76
Interest Income	(386.55)	(537.19)
Gain on Cancellation of Lease	(36.16)	-
Provision for Rent Equalisation	(52.93)	28.65
Provision for doubtful debts and advances	186.96	199.28
Bad Debts Written off	218.17	123.98
Dividend Income on Equity Securities	(42.00)	-
Profit/revaluation of investment	(704.31)	-
Unrealised Foreign Currency Loss	26.94	29.05
	10,791.39	6,606.08
Operating Profit before Working Capital changes	28,320.93	22,495.36
Adjustments for :		
Decrease in Trade Receivables	1,737.46	2,779.53
Decrease in Other Receivables	2,024.98	532.55
(Increase) in Inventories	(870.58)	(1,352.31)
Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables	14.10	(3,751.67)
(Decrease) / Increase in Other Payables & Provisions	(999.42)	1,424.32
	1,906.54	(367.58)
Cash generated from operations	30,227.47	22,127.78
Direct Taxes Paid (Net of Refund)	(5,032.53)	(4,645.04)
	(5,032.53)	(4,645.04)
Net Cash Inflow from Operating Activities (A)	25,194.94	17,482.74
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest Received	253.30	323.06
Dividend Received	33.37	-
Proceeds from Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	808.51	299.58
Acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment	(9,954.32)	(11,447.98)
Investments in Subsidiary Company	(5,097.10)	-
Investments in Mutual Fund	(15,750.00)	-
Redemption of Mutual Fund	14,461.35	-
Share of profit from Joint Ventures	224.00	130.80
Investments in fixed deposits [Net]	(216.39)	48.40
Net Cash used in Investing Activities (B)	(15,237.28)	(10,646.14)
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Receipt / (Repayment) of Long term Borrowings	1,738.75	5,233.40
Repayment of Long term Borrowings	(855.14)	-
(Decrease) in Short Term borrowings (Net)	(699.76)	(8,615.12)
Interest paid other than on Lease liabilities	(1,232.34)	(1,593.12)
Principal payment of Lease Liabilities	(2,796.78)	-
Interest paid on Lease liabilities	(1,360.34)	-
Buyback of Share in Subsidiary Company	(505.13)	-
Dividends paid (including dividend distribution tax)	(4,259.78)	(2,279.06)
Net Cash used in Financing Activities (C)	(9,970.52)	(7,253.90)
Change In Foreign Currency Fluctuation Reserve Arising On Consolidation (D)	(38.31)	(11.43)
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C+D)	(51.17)	(428.73)
Cash and Cash Equivalents as at the beginning of the year	1,316.65	1,745.38
Increase in Cash and cash equivalents pursuant to the balance 50% acquisition stake in Subsidiary Company	575.96	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents as at the year end	1,841.44	1,316.65
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(51.17)	(428.73)

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2020

(₹ in lakhs)

Notes to the Cash Flow Statement

1. Components of cash and cash equivalents (Refer Note 10)

	Year ended on 31 March, 2020	Year ended on 31 March, 2019
(a) Cash on Hand	67.09	107.39
(b) Cheques on Hand / Remittance in Transit	136.10	92.60
(c) Balance in Current Accounts	1,251.23	540.24
(d) Bank Deposits with less than 3 months maturity	387.02	576.42
Cash and cash Equivalents	1,841.44	1,316.65

2. Debt reconciliation statement in accordance with Ind AS 7

Opening balances

Long-term borrowing (Refer Note 17)	4,441.81	—
Current maturities of Long term Borrowings (Refer Note 24)	744.81	—
Short-term borrowing (Refer Note 22)	701.49	9,316.61
	5,888.11	9,316.61

Movements

Long-term borrowing	883.61	5,233.40
Exchange Loss / (Gain) on restatement of Long Term Borrowings	564.37	(46.78)
Short-term borrowing	(699.76)	(8,615.12)
	748.22	(3,428.50)

Closing balances

Long-term borrowing (Refer Note 17)	4,790.08	4,441.81
Current maturities of Long term Borrowings (Refer Note 24)	1,844.52	744.81
Short-term borrowing (Refer Note 22)	1.73	701.49
	6,636.33	5,888.11

3 The Cash Flow statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in Accounting Standard (Ind As – 7) Statement of Cash Flows .

4 Previous year's figures have been regrouped / recasted wherever necessary.

As per our report of even date attached.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors of
Nilkamal Limited

CIN: L25209DN1985PLC000162

Rishabh Kumar

Partner

Membership No: 402877

ICAI UDIN NO: 20402877AAAABU4370

Sharad V. Parekh

Managing Director

DIN: 00035747

Hiten V. Parekh

Joint Managing Director

DIN: 00037550

Paresh B. Mehta

Chief Financial Officer

Membership No. 44670

Priti P. Dave

Company Secretary

Membership No. 19469

Mumbai
June 28, 2020

Mumbai
June 28, 2020

Statement of Changes in Equity (SOCIE) for the year ended 31st March, 2020

	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
(a) Equity share capital		
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	No. of Shares (₹ in lakhs)	No. of Shares (₹ in lakhs)
Changes in equity share capital during the year	1,49,22,525	1,49,22,525
Balance at the end of the reporting period	1,49,22,525	1,49,22,525

(b) Other Equity

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus					Other Reserve	Attributable to Equity Shareholders of the Company	Attributable to Non Controlling Interests	Total
	Retained Earnings	Securities Premium	General Reserve	Share of Profit in Joint Venture	Foreign Currency Translation Reserves	Effective portion of cash flow hedges			
Balance at April 1, 2018	41,728.65	6,448.96	35,032.04	418.24	(255.29)	(7.24)	83,365.36	723.71	84,089.07
Profit for the year	11,733.31	-	-	-	-	-	11,733.31	36.13	11,769.44
Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax)	(38.03)	-	-	-	-	(84.91)	(122.94)	-	(122.94)
Share of other comprehensive income of Joint Venture	(5.09)	-	-	-	-	-	(5.09)	-	(5.09)
Total comprehensive income for the year	11,690.19	-	-	-	-	(84.91)	11,605.28	36.13	11,641.41
Interim dividend declared and paid	(596.90)	-	-	-	-	-	(596.90)	-	(596.90)
DDT on interim and final dividend distributed	(339.15)	-	-	-	-	-	(339.15)	-	(339.15)
Final Dividend declared and paid	(1,343.03)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,343.03)	(1.85)	(1,344.88)
Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account	-	-	-	-	(65.78)	-	(65.78)	(34.63)	(100.41)
Balance at March 31, 2019	51,139.76	6,448.96	35,032.04	418.24	(321.07)	(92.15)	92,625.78	723.36	93,349.14
Profit for the year	14,208.45	-	-	-	-	-	14,208.45	34.30	14,242.75
Other comprehensive income for the year	(103.85)	-	-	-	-	(60.61)	(164.46)	-	(164.46)
Transition impact of INDAS 116	(872.87)	-	-	-	-	-	(872.87)	-	(872.87)
Share of Joint Venture of Transition impact of INDAS 116	(10.98)	-	-	-	-	-	(10.98)	-	(10.98)
Total comprehensive income for the year	13,220.75	-	-	-	-	(60.61)	13,160.14	34.30	13,194.44
Final Dividend declared and paid	(1,343.03)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,343.03)	(9.20)	(1,352.23)
Interim dividend declared and paid	(2,238.37)	-	-	-	-	-	(2,238.37)	(13.10)	(2,251.47)
Tax on Final Dividend / Interim Dividend	(663.87)	-	-	-	-	-	(663.87)	-	(663.87)
Adjustment relates to opening reserve of Nilkamal Foundation and Nilkamal Storage System Private Limited (Previously known as Nilkamal Bito Storage System Private Limited)	55.00	-	-	(52.29)	-	-	2.71	-	2.71
Buyback of a Non-controlling Interest (NCI)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(505.13)	(505.13)
Gain on Reduction of non-controlling interest on account of Buy back of shares	126.07	-	-	-	-	-	126.07	(126.07)	-
Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account	-	-	-	-	47.45	-	47.45	(13.69)	33.76
Balance at March 31, 2020	60,296.31	6,448.96	35,032.04	365.95	(273.62)	(152.76)	1,01,716.88	90.47	1,01,807.35

As per our report of even date attached.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors of

Nilkamal Limited

CIN: L25209DN1985PLC000162

Rishabh Kumar

Partner

Membership No: 402877

Mumbai

June 28, 2020

Sharad V. Parekh

Managing Director

DIN: 00035747

Mumbai

June 28, 2020

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DIN: 00037550

Paresh B. Mehta

Chief Financial Officer

Membership No. 44670

Priti P. Dave

Company Secretary

Membership No. 19469

1 Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets

Particulars	Property, Plant and Equipment										(₹ in lakhs)		
	Freehold Land	Leasehold Land	Buildings	Plant and Equipments	Furniture and Fixtures	Office Equipments	Vehicle	Leasehold Improvements	Lease Equipments	Right of Use	Total	Intangible Assets	TOTAL
Gross Block													
Balance as at 1st April, 2018	1,238.96	167.27	13,932.13	26,263.01	3,285.65	1,724.96	514.59	1,553.25	61.55	-	48,741.37	342.44	49,083.81
Addition during the year	-	-	803.05	9,023.02	496.96	340.79	67.06	81.52	-	-	10,812.40	84.95	10,897.35
Adjustments	-	-	(42.50)	(25.05)	55.43	10.22	-	42.50	(40.60)	-	-	-	-
Disposal	-	-	3.62	209.21	19.66	13.69	81.78	71.51	-	-	399.47	-	399.47
Exchange Translation	(5.82)	-	(37.59)	(66.34)	1.05	(0.82)	(2.74)	-	-	-	(112.26)	(2.34)	(114.60)
Balance as at 31st March, 2019	1,233.14	167.27	14,651.47	34,985.43	3,819.43	2,061.46	497.13	1,605.76	20.95	-	59,042.04	425.05	59,467.09
Balance as at 1st April, 2019	1,233.14	167.27	14,651.47	34,985.43	3,819.43	2,061.46	497.13	1,605.76	20.95	-	59,042.04	425.05	59,467.09
Additions On account of Transition to Ind As 116 – 1st April 2019	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,940.15	14,940.15	-	14,940.15
Addition on Acquisition of additional stake in Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited on 23rd August 2019 (Refer note 43)	252.00	-	1,115.19	1,628.60	10.00	12.00	12.29	-	-	122.23	3,152.31	-	3,152.31
Addition during the year	-	-	2,251.11	5,493.98	359.98	415.12	7.43	39.30	-	1,965.51	10,532.43	118.16	10,650.59
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	350.04	350.04	-	350.04
Disposal / Adjustments	13.52	-	245.18	684.59	57.59	80.42	74.49	84.77	-	247.59	1,488.15	-	1,488.15
Exchange Translation	0.42	-	2.71	5.20	2.84	1.30	8.73	-	-	-	21.20	0.17	21.37
Balance as at 31st March, 2020	1,472.04	167.27	17775.30	41,428.62	4,134.66	2,409.46	451.09	1,560.29	20.95	17,130.34	86,550.02	543.38	87,093.40
Amortisation:													
Balance as at 1st April, 2018	-	6.86	1,473.27	9,309.72	1,418.13	1,083.21	191.86	922.33	24.03	-	14,429.41	249.46	14,678.87
Amortisation for the year	-	2.18	588.08	3,581.14	410.54	294.83	68.30	151.98	3.81	-	5,100.86	65.34	5,166.20
Adjustments	-	-	(0.68)	9.24	2.91	7.80	-	0.68	(19.95)	-	-	-	-
Disposal / Adjustments	-	-	0.92	64.31	14.83	12.13	62.08	53.04	0.19	-	207.50	(0.02)	207.48
Exchange Translation	-	-	(5.16)	(19.06)	0.49	(0.46)	1.11	-	-	-	(23.08)	(0.67)	(23.75)
Balance as at 31st March, 2019	-	9.04	2,054.59	12,816.73	1,817.24	1,373.25	199.19	1,021.95	7.70	-	19,299.69	314.15	19,613.84
Balance as at 1st April, 2019	-	9.04	2,054.59	12,816.73	1,817.24	1,373.25	199.19	1,021.95	7.70	-	19,299.69	314.15	19,613.84
Amortisation for the year	-	2.18	657.58	4,416.76	379.11	330.01	58.18	128.73	3.81	3,353.16	9,329.52	91.75	9,421.27
Adjustment	-	-	-	(40.25)	0.07	(6.01)	-	-	-	-	(46.19)	-	(46.19)
Disposal / Adjustments	-	-	18.20	242.67	32.66	47.13	44.78	40.56	-	40.98	466.98	-	466.98
Exchange Translation	-	-	0.50	1.95	1.13	1.06	5.08	-	-	-	9.72	0.13	9.85
Balance as at 31st March, 2020	-	11.22	2,694.47	16,952.52	2,164.89	1,651.18	217.67	1,110.12	11.51	3,312.18	28,125.76	406.03	28,531.79
NET BOOK VALUE													
As at 31st March 2020	1,472.04	156.05	15080.83	24,476.10	1,969.77	758.28	233.42	450.17	9.44	13,818.16	58,424.26	137.35	58,561.61
As at 31st March 2019	1,233.14	158.23	12,596.88	22,168.70	2,002.19	688.21	297.94	583.81	13.25	-	39,742.35	110.90	39,853.25

Notes:-

- Leasehold Land acquisition value includes ₹ 0.01 lakhs (previous year : ₹ 0.01 lakhs) paid by way of subscription of shares for membership of co-operative housing society.
- Pending completion of the relevant formalities of the fixed assets having Gross block value ₹ 228.00 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 255.87 lakhs) and Net block value ₹ 205.54 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 235.83 lakhs) which vested in the name of Company pursuant to the scheme of amalgamation, such assets continue to be in the name of the erstwhile amalgamated companies.
- For capital commitment with regards to property plant and equipment refer note 36 (b).
- For Assets on hypothecation as security against borrowing refer note 39.

e) Details of Right of Use

(₹ in Lakhs)

	Land & Building	Computer Server	Vehicles	Total
Gross Block :				
Balance as at 1st April, 2019	–	–	–	–
Additions On account of Transition to Ind As 116 – 1st April 2019	14,027.14	399.55	513.45	14,940.14
Addition on Acquisition of Additional Stake of Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited on 23rd August ,2020 (refer note 43)	119.03	–	3.20	122.23
Additions	1,815.78	–	149.74	1,965.52
Adjustments *	* 350.04	–	–	350.04
Disposals	247.59	–	–	247.59
Balance as at 31st March, 2020	16,064.40	399.55	666.39	17,130.34
Amortisation				
Balance as at 1st April, 2019	–	–	–	–
Amortisation for the year	2,998.68	123.64	230.84	3,353.16
Disposals / Adjustments	40.98	0.00	0.00	40.98
Balance as at 31st March, 2020	2,957.70	123.64	230.84	3,312.18
Net Block :				
As at 31st March, 2020	13,106.70	275.91	435.55	13,818.16

* In accordance with Ind As 116 prepaid lease rental is regrouped from Other Non current asset to Right of Use asset amounting to ₹ 350.04 Lakhs

Notes :-

- a) The Group has adopted Ind AS 116 effective 1st April, 2019, using the modified retrospective method. The Group has applied the standard to its leases with the cumulative impact recognised on the date of initial application (1st April, 2019). Accordingly, previous period information has not been restated.
- This has resulted in recognising a right-of-use asset of ₹ 14,940.15 lakhs and a corresponding lease liability of ₹ 16,607.01 lakhs. The difference of ₹ 872.87 lakhs (net of deferred tax asset created of ₹ 469.89 lakhs and opening rent equalisation liability of ₹ 324.10 lakhs) has been adjusted to retained earnings as at 1st April 2019. In the statement of profit and loss for the current year, operating lease expenses which were recognised as other expenses in previous periods is now recognised as depreciation expense for the right-of-use asset and finance cost for interest accrued on lease liability. The adoption of this standard did not have any significant impact on the profit for the year and earnings per share. The weighted average incremental borrowing rate of 8.5% has been applied to lease liabilities recognised in the balance sheet at the date of initial application.
- b) The Group incurred ₹ 1,406.71 lakhs for the year ended 31st March, 2020 towards expenses relating to short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The total cash outflow for leases is ₹ 5,563.83 lakhs for the year ended 31st March, 2020, including cash outflow of short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. Interest on lease liabilities is ₹ 1,360.34 lakhs for the year.
- c) The Group's leases mainly comprise of land and buildings, Plant and equipment and Computer Server. The Group leases land and buildings for manufacturing and warehouse facilities.
- d) Maturity analysis Undiscounted Contractual Future lease Outflow are as follows.

(₹ in Lakhs)	
Period	Amount
Within one year	4,446.02
One to Five years	12,182.35
More than Five years	4,303.11

		(₹ in Lakhs)	
		As at 31st March 2020	As at 31st March 2019
2	Investments in Joint Venture		
	(Valued at cost unless stated otherwise)		
	Trade Investment (Unquoted)		
	(I) Investment in Equity instruments of Joint Ventures		
	(i) NIL (Previous year – 2,220,000) Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each of Nilkamal Bito Storage Systems Private Limited, fully paid up	–	2,215.50
	(ii) 105,000 (Previous year – 105,000) Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each of Cambro Nilkamal Private Limited, fully paid up	200.50	200.50
	Add : Shares of Profit in Joint Ventures	1,514.87	2,567.12
	Total	1,715.37	4,983.12
	Aggregate amount of unquoted other investments	1,715.37	4,983.12
3	Other Non-Current investments (Refer Note 46)		
	Unquoted		
	(a) Investment – Others		
	225,370 (Previous year – 225,370) Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each of Beta Wind Farm Private Limited fully paid up	42.82	42.82
	(b) Investment in Government Securities		
	National Savings Certificates (Pledged with Government authorities)	0.32	0.32
	Total	43.14	43.14
	Aggregate amount of unquoted other investments	43.14	43.14
4	Non-Current Loans		
	Unsecured, Considered good		
	(a) Employee Loans	342.84	364.76
	(b) Security Deposit		
	(i) With Other than related parties	1,442.68	1,417.28
	(ii) With related parties (Refer Note 42)	720.00	720.00
	Total	2,505.52	2,502.04
5	Other Non-Current Financial Assets		
	Unsecured, Considered good		
	(i) Bank Deposits with more than 12 months maturity	93.39	110.57
	(ii) Derivative Assets	313.03	–
	Total	406.42	110.57
6	Other Non-Current assets		
	Unsecured, Considered good		
	To parties other than related parties :		
	(i) Capital Advances	1,435.48	1,065.18
	(ii) Deposit with Government Authorities	1,101.83	1,134.71
	(iii) Other Loans and Advances		
	(a) Prepaid Lease Rental	–	346.59
	Total	2,537.31	2,546.48

		(₹ in Lakhs)	
		As at	As at
		31st March 2020	31st March 2019
7 Inventories			
(Valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value)			
(a) Raw Material (including Goods in Transit ₹ 483.11 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 493.65 lakhs)		7,654.84	6,933.56
(b) Work in Progress		3,231.70	3,387.87
(c) Finished Goods		10,794.72	10,357.59
(d) Stock in Trade (including Goods in Transit ₹ 695.39 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 750.20 lakhs)		16,654.08	16,521.57
(e) Stores and Spares		1,962.59	1,764.51
(f) Packing Material		336.80	325.26
Total		40,634.73	39,290.36
During the year an amount of ₹ 362.60 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 397.66 lakhs) was charged to the statement of Profit and loss on account of damage and Slow Moving Inventory.			
For inventories on hypothecation as security against borrowing refer note 39.			
8 Current Investments			
Investment in Mutual Funds			
Non Traded (Unquoted)			
(a) Sri Lankan Government Treasury Investment		154.50	96.16
Investment in Mutual Funds			
(a) 34,468.791 units (Previous year Nil) Kotak Liquid Fund-Growth Scheme		1,383.88	–
(b) 44,051.544 units (Previous Year Nil) ICICI Prudential Liquid Fund-Growth Scheme		129.42	–
Total		1,667.80	96.16
9 Trade Receivables			
(a) Considered good – Secured		4,067.18	4,666.12
(b) Considered good – Unsecured		28,433.40	26,236.19
(c) With significant increase in credit risk		–	–
(d) Credit impaired		1,173.61	866.84
		33,674.19	31,769.15
Less: Provision for Loss allowance (Refer Note 46)		(1,173.61)	(866.84)
Total		32,500.58	30,902.31
For Trade receivable on hypothecation as security against borrowing (Refer Note 39)			
Trade receivables (unsecured considered good) included ₹ 315.55 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 519.99 lakhs) due from joint venture companies (Refer Note 42)			
10 Cash and Cash Equivalents			
(a) Cash on Hand		67.09	107.39
(b) Cheques on Hand		136.10	92.60
(c) Balance with banks in Current Accounts		1,251.23	540.24
(d) Bank Deposits with less than 3 months maturity		387.02	576.42
Total		1,841.44	1,316.65
11 Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents			
(a) Bank Deposits with 3 to 12 months maturity		481.40	306.17
(b) Earmarked Balance with Banks (Unclaimed Dividend)		79.94	42.66
Total		561.34	348.83
12 Current Loans			
(a) Secured, Considered good		–	–
(b) Unsecured, Considered good		–	–
To parties other than related parties :			
Security Deposit		1,216.78	891.55
(c) With significant increase in Credit Risk		–	–
(d) Credit impaired		–	–
Security Deposits Considered Doubtful		53.05	52.05
Less: Provision for Loss Allowance		(53.05)	(52.05)
Total		1,216.78	891.55

		(₹ in Lakhs)
	As at 31st March 2020	As at 31st March 2019
13 Other Current Financial Assets		
(a) Interest Receivable	8.58	1.99
(b) Due from Related Parties (Refer Note 42)	0.82	8.73
(c) Discount Receivable	1,277.72	1,050.98
(d) Other Receivable	64.68	4.28
Total	1,351.80	1,065.98
14 Other Current Assets		
To parties other than related parties		
(a) Advances to Vendors	1,669.59	1,168.36
(b) Advances for Expenses	175.43	93.60
(c) Balance with authorities	2,549.85	1,589.15
(d) Prepaid Expenses	434.69	370.91
(e) Staff Loans	29.82	–
(g) Other than Related Parties	420.14	335.94
(h) Deposit	13.16	14.19
Total	5,292.68	3,572.15
15 Equity Share Capital		
Authorised		
22,000,000 (Previous year – 22,000,000) Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each	2,200.00	2,200.00
3,000,000 (Previous year – 3,000,000) Preference Shares of ₹ 10 each	300.00	300.00
Total	2,500.00	2,500.00
Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid up		
1,49,22,525 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each (Previous year – 1,49,22,525 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each) (Refer Note 38)	1,492.25	1,492.25
Total	1,492.25	1,492.25
16 Other Equities		
a. Retained Earnings		
At the Commencement of the year	51,139.76	41,728.65
Less: Transition impact of INDAS 116	(872.87)	–
Less: Share of Joint Venture transition impact of INDAS 116	(10.98)	–
Add: Net Profit for the year	14,208.45	11,733.31
Add : Other Comprehensive Income for the year	(98.72)	(38.03)
Add : Other Comprehensive Income of Joint Venture	(5.13)	(5.09)
Add: Adjustment of Previous Year *	55.00	–
Add : Gain on Reduction of non-controlling interest on account of Buy back of shares	126.07	–
Less: Appropriations		
Final Dividend 31st March, 2019 ₹ 9 per share (31st March 2018 ₹ 9 per share)	1,343.03	1,343.03
Interim Dividend	2,238.37	596.90
Tax on Final Dividend / Interim Dividend	663.87	339.15
	60,296.31	51,139.76
* Adjustment relates to opening reserve of Nilkamal Foundation and Nilkamal Storage System Private Limited (Previously known as Nilkamal Bito Storage System Private Limited)		
b. Securities Premium		
At the Commencement and at the end of the year	6,448.96	6,448.96
c. General Reserve		
At the Commencement and at the end of the year	35,032.04	35,032.04
d. Foreign Currency Translation Reserve		
At the Commencement of the year	(321.07)	(255.29)
Add/(Less): Exchange Difference during the year	47.45	(65.78)
At the end of the year	(273.62)	(321.07)
e. Share of Joint Venture		
At the Commencement of the year	418.24	–
Less: Share of joint venture transfer to retain earning on acquisition of 50% stake in Nilkamal Storage system private limited	(52.29)	418.24
At the end of the year	365.95	418.24
f. Cash Flow Hedge Reserve		
At the commencement of the year	(92.15)	(7.24)
Add : Net gain / (loss) recognised on Cash Flow Hedge (Refer Note 40)	(60.61)	(84.91)
At the end of the year	(152.76)	(92.15)
Total Other Equity	1,01,716.88	92,625.78

16 Other Equity (Continued)**Nature and purpose of reserves****1) Securities premium**

Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

2) General reserve

General reserve forms part of the retained earnings and is permitted to be distributed to shareholders as part of dividend.

3) Cash flow hedge reserve

For hedging foreign currency exposure, the Group uses forward contract swaps which is also designated as cash flow hedges. To the extent these hedges are effective; the change in fair value of the hedging instrument is recognised in the cash flow hedging reserve. Amount recognised in the cash flow hedging reserve is reclassified to profit or loss when the hedged item affects profit or loss.

	As at 31st March 2020	As at 31st March 2019
(₹ in Lakhs)		
17 Borrowings – Non-current Financial Liabilities		
Secured (For Security and terms of repayment : Refer Note 39)		
Foreign Currency Loan	4,790.08	4,441.81
Total	4,790.08	4,441.81
* Current maturities of Long Term Borrowings disclosed under Other Current Liabilities: Refer Note 24)	* 1844.52	* 744.81
18 Other Non-current Financial Liabilities		
(a) Security Deposit Received	5,925.01	5,333.28
(b) Lease liabilities	12,403.60	–
Total	18,328.61	5,333.28
19 Non-current Provisions		
Provision For Employee Benefits		
(a) Gratuity (Refer Note 48)	195.31	196.32
(b) Compensated Absences	514.75	538.73
Total	710.06	735.05
20 Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net) (Refer Note 34)		
Major components of deferred tax asset and liabilities on account of timing differences are:		
Deferred Tax Liabilities :		
Depreciation	5,841.98	2,661.38
Allowances under Income Tax Act	–	210.65
	5,841.98	2,872.03
Deferred Tax Assets:		
Disallowances under Income Tax Act:	330.35	535.83
Provision for Doubtful Debts	289.02	294.14
Allowances under Income Tax Act	3,878.96	–
	4,498.33	829.97
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	1,343.65	2,042.06
21 Other Non-current Liabilities		
Rent Equalisation	–	377.02
Total	–	377.02
22 Borrowings – Current Financial Liabilities		
Secured Loans (for securities and terms of prepayment (Refer Note 39)		
Working Capital Loan from Banks		
Rupee Loans	1.73	701.49
Total	1.73	701.49
23 Trade Payables		
(a) Total Outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (Refer note 41)	3.64	–
(b) Total Outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	15,299.31	13,378.72
Total	15,302.95	13,378.72

		(₹ in Lakhs)	
		As at	As at
		31st March 2020	31st March 2019
24 Other Current Financial Liabilities			
(a) Current maturities of Long-term debt			
(i) Foreign Currency Loan (Refer Note 39)		1,844.52	744.81
(b) Book overdraft		11.49	–
(c) Interest accrued but not due on borrowings		49.36	31.57
(d) Derivative Liability		–	223.73
(e) Lease Liabilities		3,244.38	–
(f) Unclaimed Dividends		79.94	42.66
(g) Payable for purchase of Property, Plant and Equipments		861.85	635.75
(h) Employee Benefits		974.75	1,045.18
Total		7,066.29	2,723.70
25 Other Current Liabilities			
(a) Advance received from customers		2,002.59	1,802.67
(b) Advance received against Property, Plant and Equipments		138.78	150.54
(c) Statutory Dues:			
(i) Sales Tax / Goods and Service Tax		232.76	1,268.67
(ii) Tax Deducted at Source		440.59	234.09
(iii) Employee Benefits		146.63	104.17
(d) Other Payables		182.80	136.54
Total		3,136.15	3,696.68
26 Current Provisions			
(a) Provision For Employee Benefits (Refer Note 48)			
(i) Gratuity		68.70	–
(ii) Compensated Absences		397.91	380.48
(b) Others Provisions (Refer Note 37)			
(i) Provision For Product Warranties		579.39	606.62
(ii) Provision for Others		40.00	100.00
Total		1,086.00	1,087.10
		(₹ in Lakhs)	
		Year Ended	Year Ended
		31st March 2020	31st March 2019
27 Revenue from Operations (refer note 33)			
(a) Sale of Products			
(i) Domestic		2,17,264.12	2,28,787.14
(ii) Export [including Deemed Exports of ₹ Nil (Previous year ₹ 114.00 lakhs)]		4,780.17	5,076.98
		2,22,044.29	2,33,864.12
(b) Sale of Services		812.75	737.90
(c) Other Operating Revenue			
(i) Sale of Scrap		669.55	409.12
(ii) Technical and Management Fees		556.62	740.04
(iii) Others		1,635.97	485.19
Revenue from Operations		2,25,719.18	2,36,236.37
28 Other Income			
(a) Interest Income		386.55	537.19
(b) Keymen Insurance Policy Refund		–	662.00
(c) Gain on Sales of Investments		224.64	–
(d) Gain on Cancellation/Modification of Lease		36.16	–
(e) Gain on Revaluation of Investment (refer note 43)		479.67	–
(f) Profit on Property, Plant and Equipments sold/discarded (net)		287.51	–
(g) Foreign Exchange Gain (net)		–	58.76
(h) Others		27.36	41.46
Total		1,441.89	1,299.41

	Year Ended 31st March 2020	(₹ in Lakhs) Year Ended 31st March 2019
29 Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods, Traded Goods and Work-in-Progress		
Opening Stock		
Work-in-Progress	3,387.87	3,754.78
Finished Goods	10,357.59	9,291.79
Stock in Trade	16,521.57	13,353.78
	<u>30,267.03</u>	<u>26,400.35</u>
Closing Stock		
Work-in-Progress	3,231.71	3,387.87
Finished Goods	10,794.72	10,357.59
Stock in Trade	16,654.09	16,521.57
	<u>30,680.52</u>	<u>30,267.03</u>
Total	<u>(413.49)</u>	<u>(3,866.68)</u>
30 Employee Benefits Expense		
(a) Salary, Wages and Bonus (Net)	17,042.41	16,617.69
(b) Contribution to Provident and Other funds (Refer Note 48)	918.68	691.85
(c) Workmen and Staff Welfare Expenses	1,107.65	1,356.71
Total	<u>19,068.74</u>	<u>18,666.25</u>
31 Finance Costs		
(a) Interest on Financial Liabilities	1,130.17	1,507.81
(b) Interest Expense on Lease Liabilities	1,367.85	–
(c) Other Borrowing Costs	112.45	75.95
Total	<u>2,610.47</u>	<u>1,583.76</u>
32 Other Expenses		
(a) Stores, Spare Parts Consumed	2,418.81	2,025.37
(b) Power and Fuel	4,751.82	4,922.54
(c) Repairs:		
(i) Building	243.72	191.37
(ii) Machinery	264.94	346.45
(iii) Others	1,074.31	1,229.08
(d) Erection Charges	1,340.68	–
(e) Labour Charges	11,284.33	12,263.39
(f) Rent	1,406.71	5,547.41
(g) Rates and Taxes	597.69	503.79
(h) Insurance	371.46	268.39
(i) Postage and Telephone Expenses	554.20	637.78
(j) Loss on Property, Plant and Equipments sold/discarded (net)	–	42.96
(k) Packing Material Consumed	2,292.02	2,506.85
(l) Travelling and Conveyance	1,947.98	1,836.86
(m) Commission	1,930.22	1,119.18
(n) Advertisements and Sales Promotion	3,678.27	2,797.81
(o) Computer Expenses	890.25	814.44
(p) Transportation and Forwarding Charges	13,800.19	15,520.90
(q) Security and Gaurds	536.69	513.63
(r) House Keeping Expenses	478.08	396.24
(s) Legal and Professional Fees	1,500.00	1,467.06
(t) Vehicle Expenses	595.26	695.05
(u) Printing and Stationary	141.90	182.61
(v) Board Meeting Fees	52.60	28.00
(w) Bad Debts written off/(back)	218.17	123.98
(x) Provision for Doubtful Debts and Advances	186.96	199.28
(y) Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses (Refer note 45)	–	37.45
(z) Foreign Exchange Loss (Net)	26.94	–
(aa) Bank Charges	273.93	249.41
(ab) Miscellaneous Expenses	967.81	560.27
Total	<u>53,825.94</u>	<u>57,027.55</u>

33 Revenue from Contract from Customer

A. Revenue Streams

The Group generates revenue primarily from the sale of Plastic articles and Life style furniture, Furnishings and Accessories to its customers. Other sources of revenue include Sale of services and Technical management fees.

(₹ in lakhs)

	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
Revenue from Contracts with Customers		
Sale of Goods	2,22,044.29	2,33,864.12
Sale of Services	812.75	737.90
Other Operating revenue		
Sale of Scrap	669.55	409.12
Technical and Management Fees	556.62	740.04
Others	1,635.97	485.19
Total revenue	2,25,719.18	2,36,236.37

B. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

In the following table, revenue from contracts with customers is disaggregated by primary geographical market, major products and service lines and timing of revenue recognition.

(₹ in lakhs)

For the year ended 31 March	Product Category				Total	
	Plastics		Life style Furniture, Furnishings and Accessories			
	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
Primary geographical markets						
Domestic Sales	1,99,427.70	2,10,070.39	21,511.31	21,089.01	2,20,939.01	2,31,159.39
Export sales	4,780.17	5,076.97	–	–	4,780.17	5,076.98
	2,04,207.87	2,15,147.36	21,511.31	21,089.01	2,25,719.18	2,36,236.37
Revenue types						
Sale of products	2,00,557.69	2,12,789.14	21,486.60	21,074.99	2,22,044.29	2,33,864.12
Sale of Services	812.75	737.89	–	–	812.75	737.90
Sale of Scrap	661.79	395.12	7.76	14.01	669.55	409.12
Technical and Management Fees	556.62	740.04	–	–	556.62	740.04
Others	1,619.02	485.18	16.95	0.01	1,635.97	485.19
	2,04,207.87	2,15,147.37	21,511.31	21,089.01	2,25,719.18	2,36,236.37
Timing of revenue recognition						
Products Transferred at a point in time	2,04,207.87	2,15,147.37	21,511.31	21,089.01	2,25,719.18	2,36,236.37
Revenue from contracts with Customers	2,04,207.87	2,15,147.37	21,511.31	21,089.01	2,25,719.18	2,36,236.37
External revenue as reported	2,04,207.87	2,15,147.37	21,511.31	21,089.01	2,25,719.18	2,36,236.37

C. Reconciliation of Revenue from operation with Contract price

(₹ in lakhs)

	Year ended 31st March, 2020	Year ended 31st March, 2019
Contract Price	2,50,316.81	2,60,730.38
Less: Sales Returns	3,331.49	3,359.44
Schemes and Discounts	21,266.14	21,134.57
Total Revenue from Operation	2,25,719.18	2,36,236.37

D. Contract balances

The following table provides information about receivables from contracts with customers

(₹ in lakhs)

	Note	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
Advance from Customer, which are included in 'other current liabilities'	25	2,002.59	1,802.67
Receivables, which are included in 'trade receivables'	9	32,500.58	30,902.31

34 Tax expense

(a) Amounts recognised in profit and loss

	Year ended 31 March, 2020	(₹ in lakhs) Year ended 31 March, 2019
Current income tax	4,460.77	4,858.66
Adjustment in respect of current income tax of previous year	-	(804.86)
Deferred income tax liability / (asset), net		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(179.30)	771.97
Reduction in tax rate	(498.07)	-
Transition impact of IND AS116	131.46	-
Tax expense for the year	3,914.86	4,825.77
Effective tax rate for the year	22.33%	29.72%

(b) Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2020			Year ended 31 March 2019		
	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	Net of tax	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	Net of tax
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss						
Remeasurements of defined benefit liability (asset)	(122.92)	24.17	(98.75)	(58.15)	20.12	(38.03)
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss						
Effective portion of Gain/(Loss) on hedging instrument in a cash flow hedge	(62.51)	1.90	(60.61)	(141.13)	56.22	(84.91)
Share of Comprehensive Income Jointly Controlled entity	(5.13)	-	(5.13)	(5.09)	-	(5.09)
	(190.56)	26.07	(164.49)	(204.37)	76.34	(128.03)

(c) Reconciliation of effective tax rate

	Year ended 31 March 2020	Year ended 31 March 2019
Profit before tax (₹ in lakhs)	17,529.54	15,889.28
Tax using the Company's domestic tax rate	25.17%	34.94%
Reduction in tax rate	(2.84%)	
Tax effect of:		
Tax impact of income not subject to tax	-	(0.29%)
Tax effects of amounts which are not deductible for taxable income	0.02%	0.89%
Adjustment for current tax of prior period	-	-
Deferred tax assets not recognized because realization is not probable	-	-
Effect of different tax rate	(0.35%)	(0.42%)
Tax deduction Under Chapter VI	(0.27%)	(0.43%)
Tax deduction u/s 80G	-	-
Adjustment for current tax of prior period	0.75%	(5.07%)
Additional tax paid on book profits	-	-
Others	(0.15%)	0.10%
	22.33%	29.72%

The applicable Indian corporate statutory rate for the year ended 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2019 is 25.17% and 34.94% respectively.

(d) Movement in deferred tax balances

(i) (₹ in lakhs)

	Net balance April 1, 2019	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in OCI	Charge in respect of earlier years	31st March, 2020		
					Net	Deferred tax asset	Deferred tax liability
Deferred tax asset / (liabilities)							
Property, plant and equipment	(2,661.38)	2,047.55	–	(5,228.15)	(5,841.98)	–	(5,841.98)
Employee benefits	404.09	(97.91)	24.17	–	330.35	330.35	–
Rent equilisation	131.75	(18.34)	–	(113.41)	–	–	–
Provision for Doubtful Debts / Advances	294.13	(7.01)	1.90	–	289.02	289.02	–
Other provisions	(210.65)	(1,721.83)	–	5,811.44	3,878.96	3,878.96	–
Tax assets (Liabilities)	(2,042.06)	202.46	26.07	469.88	(1,343.65)	4,498.33	(5,841.98)
Set off tax							
Net tax assets / (liabilities)	(2,042.06)	202.46	26.07	469.88	(1,343.65)	4,498.33	(5,841.98)

(ii)

(₹ in lakhs)

	Net balance April 1, 2018	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in OCI	Charge in respect of earlier years	31st March, 2019		
					Net	Deferred tax asset	Deferred tax liability
Deferred tax asset / (liabilities)							
Property, plant and equipment	(1,878.26)	(756.63)	–	(26.49)	(2,661.38)	–	(2,661.38)
Employee benefits	451.25	(57.11)	20.12	(10.17)	404.09	404.09	–
Rent equilisation	95.06	36.69	–	–	131.75	131.75	–
Provision for Doubtful Debts / Advances	225.40	12.51	56.22	–	294.13	294.13	–
Other provisions	(189.29)	(7.43)	–	(13.93)	(210.65)	–	(210.65)
Tax assets (Liabilities)	(1,295.84)	(771.97)	76.34	(50.59)	(2,042.06)	829.97	(2,872.03)
Set off tax							
Net tax assets / (liabilities)	(1,295.84)	(771.97)	76.34	(50.59)	(2,042.06)	829.97	(2,872.03)

- The Group offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.
- Management judgment is required in determining provision for income tax, deferred income tax assets and liabilities and recoverability of deferred income tax assets. The recoverability of deferred income tax assets is based on estimates of taxable income in which the relevant entity operates and the period over which deferred income tax assets will be recovered.
- The Group have elected to exercise the option permitted under Section 115BAA of the Income Tax Act, 1961 as introduced by the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2019. Accordingly, the Group have recognised provision for income tax for the year ended 31st March 2020 and re-measured its deferred tax balances basis the rate prescribed in the said Section. The full impact of this change has been recognised in the statement of profit and loss account for the year ended 31st March 2020.
The group has reviewed its income tax treatments in order to determine whether Appendix C of Ind AS 12 effective from April 1, 2019 could have an impact on the financial statements and concluded that it has no material impact on the Group's financial statements

35 Significant accounting policies**a) Basis of preparation of consolidated Financial Statements:**

The Consolidated Financial Statements comprise the financial statements of Nilkamal Limited ("the holding Company") and its subsidiaries ("the holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred as the Group") and the group's interest in joint ventures. Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) to comply with the section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 ("the Act"), and read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2016. The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Holding Company's Board of Directors on 28th June 2020.

All the assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non current as per the Group's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in Schedule III to the Act. Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalent, the Group has ascertained the operating cycle to be 12 months.

b) Principles of Consolidation:

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of Nilkamal Limited ("the Holding Company"), its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred as "the Group") and the group's interest in joint ventures.

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including special purpose entities) that are controlled by the Company. Control exists when the Company is exposed to, or has the ability to affect those returns through power over the entity. In assessing control, potential voting rights are considered only if the rights are substantive. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in these consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. The financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries have been consolidated using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances as mentioned in those policies.

Upon loss of control, the Group derecognizes the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, any non-controlling interests and the other components of equity related to the subsidiary. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. If the Company retains any interest in the previous subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost. Subsequently, it is accounted for as an equity accounted investee depending on the level of influence retained.

Joint ventures (equity accounted investees)

Joint arrangements are those arrangements over which the Company has joint control, established by contractual agreement and requiring unanimous consent for strategic financial and operating decisions. Investments in jointly controlled entities are accounted for using the equity method (equity accounted investees) and are initially recognized at cost. The carrying value of the Company's investment includes goodwill identified on acquisition, net of any accumulated impairment losses. The Company does not consolidate entities where the non-controlling interest ("NCI") holders have certain significant participating rights that provide for effective involvement in significant decisions in the ordinary course of business of such entities. Investments in such entities are accounted by the equity method of accounting. When the Company's share of losses exceeds its interest in an equity accounted investee, the carrying amount of that interest (including any long-term investments) is reduced to zero and the recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Company has an obligation or has made payments on behalf of the investee.

Transactions eliminated on consolidation:

Intra-Group balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from intra-Group transactions, are eliminated in full while preparing these consolidated financial statements. Unrealized gains or losses arising from transactions with equity accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Company's interest in the investee.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries and the joint ventures used for the purpose of consolidation are drawn upto the same reporting date as that of the Holding Company, i.e. 31 March 2020.

The Subsidiary Companies and Joint ventures considered in the consolidated financial statements are:

Name of the Company	Country of Incorporation	% of Ownership held as at 31 st March, 2020	% of Ownership held as at 31 st March, 2019
Subsidiaries:			
Nilkamal Eswaran Plastics Private Limited (after 15 th January 2020)	Sri Lanka	96.28%	76%
Nilkamal Eswaran Marketing Private Limited (after 15 th January, 2020)	Sri Lanka	96.28%	76%
Nilkamal Crates and Bins FZE	Ajman, UAE,	100%	100%
Nilkamal Foundation * (after 23 rd August 2019)	India	99%	98%
Nilkamal Storage System Private Limited (formerly known as Nilkamal Storage System Private Limited) (On acquisition of additional 50% stake from 23 rd August 2019)	India	100%	50%
Joint Ventures:			
Cambro Nilkamal Private Limited	India	50%	50%

"Non-controlling interest" represents the amount of equity attributable to Non-controlling shareholders at the date on which investment in the subsidiary is made and its share of movements in the equity since the date the parent subsidiary relationship comes into existence.

* These companies are private companies limited by shares formed under section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013. No dividend can be proposed and paid to the shareholder by these companies. In the event of winding up or dissolution of these companies, after the satisfaction of all its debts and liabilities, any property whatsoever shall be given or transferred to some other institution(s) having object similar to the objects of these companies, to be determined by the members of this company at or before the time of dissolution or in default thereof by the High Court. The carrying amount of the assets and liabilities included within the consolidated financial statements to which these restrictions apply is ₹ 401.08 lakhs (previous year ₹ 380.68 lakhs) and ₹ 117.14 lakhs (previous year ₹ 100.46 lakhs).

Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian rupees in lakhs, which is the Holding Company's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded off to two decimal places to the nearest lakh, unless otherwise indicated.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances.

Historical cost convention

The Consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- certain consolidated financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instrument) that are measured at fair value;
- defined benefit plans – plan assets measured at fair value

c) Use of Estimates and Judgements:

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with Ind AS requires use of estimates and assumptions for some items, which might have an effect on their recognition and measurement in the consolidated balance sheet and consolidated statement of profit and loss. The actual amounts realised may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and assumptions are required in particular for:

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Ind AS requires use of estimates and assumptions for some items, which might have an effect on their recognition and measurement in the balance sheet and statement of profit and loss. The actual amounts realised may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and assumptions are required in particular for:

- **Determination of the estimated useful lives of Property, plant and equipment**

Useful lives of Property plant and equipment are based on the life prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. In cases, where the useful lives are different from that prescribed in Schedule II

for plant and machinery and dies and moulds, they are based on technical advice, taking into account the nature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating conditions of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes, manufacturers' warranties and maintenance support.

- **Recognition and measurement of defined benefit obligations**

The obligation arising from defined benefit plan is determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions. Key actuarial assumptions include discount rate, trends in salary escalation, actuarial rates and life expectancy. The discount rate is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. The period to maturity of the underlying bonds correspond to the probable maturity of the post-employment benefit obligations.

- **Recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities**

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences of temporary differences between the carrying values of assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases, and unutilized business loss and depreciation carry-forwards and tax credits. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses, depreciation carry-forwards and unused tax credits could be utilized.

- **Recognition and measurement of other provisions**

The recognition and measurement of other provisions are based on the assessment of the probability of an outflow of resources, and on past experience and circumstances known at the balance sheet date. The actual outflow of resources at a future date may therefore vary from the amount included in other provisions.

- **Discounting of long-term financial assets / liabilities**

All financial assets / liabilities are required to be measured at fair value on initial recognition. In case of financial liabilities/assets which are required to subsequently be measured at amortised cost, interest is accrued using the effective interest method.

- **Segment reporting**

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker. The Group prepares its segment information in conformity with the accounting policies adopted for preparing and presenting the consolidated financial statements of the Group as a whole.

- **Fair value of financial instruments**

Derivatives are carried at fair value. Derivatives includes foreign currency forward contracts and interest rate swaps. Fair value of foreign currency forward contracts are determined using the fair value reports provided by respective merchant bankers. Fair value of interest rate swaps are determined with respect to current market rate of interest.

Measurement of fair values

The Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values for financial instruments.

The Group has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. The management regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the management assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that such valuations meet the requirements of Ind AS, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which such valuations should be classified.

When measuring the fair value of a financial asset or a financial liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

- **Level 1:** quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- **Level 2:** inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- **Level 3:** inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).
- If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value

hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

- The Group recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

(d) Standards issued but not yet effective

- Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification which would have been applicable from April 1, 2020.

e) Property, plant and equipment:

i. Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises:

- a) Its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates.
- b) Any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.
- c) The initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located, the obligation for which an entity incurs either when the item is acquired or as a consequence of having used the item during a particular period for purposes other than to produce inventories during that period.

Income and expenses related to the incidental operations, not necessary to bring the item to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, are recognised in consolidated profit or loss.

Items such as spare parts, stand-by equipments and servicing that meets the definition of property, plant and equipment are capitalised at cost and depreciated over the useful life

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted and depreciated for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss.

Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group.

f) Depreciation

- Depreciation on Property, plant and equipment is provided on the straight-line method over the useful lives of assets as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 except for plant and machinery and Dies and moulds which is based on technical evaluation. Management believes that these useful lives best represent the period over which management expects to use these assets. Hence the useful life for plant and machinery of 10 years and for Dies and Moulds of 6 years for continuous running is different from the useful life as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act 2013;
- Useful life of property plant and equipment are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate
- Cost of leasehold land is amortised over the period of lease;
- Depreciation on addition to assets or on sale /discardment of assets, is calculated pro rata from the date of such addition or upto the date of such sale/discardment, as the case may be;
- Assets like mobile phones, telephone instruments, etc. are fully depreciated in the year of purchase / acquisition;
- Individual assets except assets given on lease acquired for less than ₹ 15,000/ – are depreciated entirely in the year of acquisition.

g) Intangible Fixed Assets

Intangible Fixed assets, which are acquired by the Group and have finite useful lives are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All other expenditure, including expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands, is recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

h) **Goodwill on Consolidation**

Goodwill on acquisition of subsidiaries is not amortised but it is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the asset may be impaired, and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

i) **Amortisation**

Software (Intangible assets) are amortised over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis but not exceeding the period of 36 months.

Useful life of Intangible assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate

j) **Financial Instruments**

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Financial instruments also include derivative contracts such as foreign currency foreign exchange forward contracts and, interest rate swaps and currency options; and embedded derivatives in the host contract.

Financial instruments also covers contracts to buy or sell a non-financial item that can be settled net in cash or another financial instrument, or by exchanging financial instruments, as if the contracts were financial instruments, with the exception of contracts that were entered into and continue to be held for the purpose of the receipt or delivery of a non-financial item in accordance with the entity's expected purchase, sale or usage requirements.

Derivatives are currently recognized at fair value on the date on which the derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period.

Cash Flow Hedges

The Group uses derivative financial instrument such as forward contracts and cross currency interest rate swaps to hedge its foreign currency risks and interest rate risks. Derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to the Statement of Profit and Loss, except for the effective portion of cash flow hedge, which is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income and accumulated in Cash Flow Hedge Reserve included in the Reserves and Surplus while any ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

For the purpose of hedge accounting, hedges are classified as:

Fair value hedges when hedging the exposure to changes in the fair value of a recognised asset or liability.

Cash flow hedges when hedging exposure to variability in cash flows that is either attributable to particular risk associated with a recognised asset or liability.

At the inception of a hedge relationship, the Group formally designates and documents the hedge relationship to which the Group wishes to apply hedge accounting and the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. The documentation includes identification of the hedging instrument, the hedged item or transaction, the nature of the risk being hedged and how the entity will assess the effectiveness of changes in the hedging instrument's fair value in offsetting the exposure to changes in the hedged item's fair value or cash flows attributable to the hedged risk. Such hedges are expected to be highly effective in achieving offsetting changes in fair value or cash flows and are assessed on an ongoing basis to determine that they actually have been highly effective throughout the financial reporting periods for which they were designated.

Hedge accounting is discontinued from the last testing date when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated, or exercised, or no longer qualifies for hedge accounting. Cumulative gain or loss on such hedging instrument recognised in Cash Flow Hedge Reserve is retained there until the forecasted transaction occurs. If a hedged transaction is no longer expected to occur, the net cumulative gain or loss recognised in Cash Flow Hedge Reserve is transferred to consolidated statement of Profit and Loss for the year.

Financial assets

Classification

The Group shall classify financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other

comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss on the basis of its business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Debt instruments at amortised cost

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables. For more information on receivables, refer to Note 46.

Equity investments

All equity investments in scope of Ind-AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Group decides to classify the same either as at FVOCI or FVTPL. The Group makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Group decides to classify an equity instrument as FVOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to profit and loss, even on sale of investment. However, the Group may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the profit and loss.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Group's balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Group applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- a) Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, and bank balance.
- b) Trade receivables – The application of simplified approach does not require the Group to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. Trade receivables are tested for impairment on a specific basis after considering the sanctioned credit limits, security like letters of credit, security deposit collected etc. and expectations about future cash flows.

- **Financial liabilities**

Classification

The Group classifies all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortised cost, except for financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Such liabilities, including derivatives that are liabilities, shall be subsequently measured at fair value.

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable and incremental transaction cost.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts and derivative financial instruments.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

k) Valuation of Inventories:

Inventories of Raw Materials, Packing Materials, Stores and Spares, Work-in Progress, Traded goods and Finished goods are valued 'at cost and net realisable value' whichever is lower. Cost comprises all cost of purchase, appropriate direct production overheads and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost formulae used is 'Weighted Average Cost'. Due allowance is estimated and made for defective and obsolete items, wherever necessary, based on the past experience of the Group. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Raw materials and other supplies held for use in the production of inventories are not written down below cost except in case where material prices have declined and it is estimated that the cost of the finished product will exceed its net realisable value.

l) Employee Benefits:

All employee benefits payable within twelve months of rendering the service are recognised in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

Contribution to Defined Contribution Plans such as Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance Corporation, etc., are charged to the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

Defined Benefit Plans – The present value of the obligation under such plans, is determined based on an actuarial valuation by an independent actuary at the end of each year, using the Projected Unit Credit Method. In the case of gratuity, which is funded, the fair value of the plan assets is reduced from the gross obligation under the defined benefit plans, to recognise the obligation on net basis.

Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability, which comprises actuarial gains and losses and the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any excluding interest), are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income.

Other Long Term Employee Benefits

Compensated Absences

Accumulated compensated absences, which are expected to be availed or encashed within 12 months from the end of the year end are treated as short term employee benefits. The obligation towards the same is measured at the expected cost of accumulating compensated absences as the additional amount expected to be paid as a result of the unused entitlement as at the year end. Accumulated compensated absences, which are expected to be availed or encashed beyond 12 months from the end of the year end are treated as other long term employee benefits. The Group's liability is actuarially determined (using the Projected Unit Credit method) at the end of each year. Actuarial losses/ gains are recognised in the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which they arise.

m) **Foreign Exchange Transactions:**

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currencies of the Group at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate when the fair value was determined. Foreign currency differences are generally recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary items that are measured based on historical cost in a foreign currency are not translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transactions.

Translation of financial statements of foreign entities

On consolidation, the assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into ₹ (Indian Rupees) at the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date and their statements of profit and loss are translated at exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. For practical reasons, the group uses an average rate to translate income and expense items, if the average rate approximates the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. The exchange differences arising on translation for consolidation are recognised in Foreign Currency Translation Reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of Foreign Currency Translation Reserve relating to that particular foreign operation is reclassified to Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

n) **Borrowing Costs:**

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset till the date it is ready for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

o) **Revenue Recognition:**

The Company derives revenues primarily from sale of manufactured goods, traded goods and related services.

Revenue is recognised on satisfaction of performance obligation upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for those products or services. The performance obligations in our contracts are fulfilled at the time of dispatch, delivery or upon formal customer acceptance depending on customer terms.

Revenue is measured based on transaction price which is fair value of the consideration received or receivable, after deduction of any discounts, sales incentives / schemes and any taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government such as goods and services tax, etc. Accumulated experience is used to estimate the provision for such discounts and sales incentives / schemes. Revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable a significant reversal will not occur.

The Company recognises provision for sales return, based on the historical results, measured on net basis of the margin of the sale. An estimate is made of goods that will be returned and a liability is recognised for this amount using a best estimate based on accumulated experience.

Dividend income is recognized in statement of profit and loss only when the right to receive payment is established.

Export incentives receivable under various schemes are accounted on accrual basis.

Interest income is recognized using the effective interest rate method.

p) **Leases**

Effective 1 April, 2019, Company adopted IND AS 116 – Leases. Company applied IND AS 116 using modified retrospective approach, under which the cumulative effect of initial application is recognized in retained earnings at 1st April 2019. The comparative information presented is not restated. It is presented as previously reported under IND AS 17.

Accounting policy applicable before 1st April 2019

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains a lease if fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in the arrangement.

As a lessee

Leases of assets where Company has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Minimum lease payments made under finance leases are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

The leased assets are measured initially at an amount equal to the lower of their fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the assets are accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.

Leases of assets under which significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Lease payments under operating leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless the payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases. Lease incentives received are recognised as an integral part of the total lease expense, over the term of the lease.

As lessor

Leases in which Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income from operating lease is recognized on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease unless such payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increase.

Accounting policy applicable from 1st April 2019

At the inception it is assessed, whether a contract is a lease or contains a lease. A contract is a lease or contains a lease if it conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, for a period of time, in exchange for consideration.

To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, Company assesses whether the contract involves the use of an identified asset. Use may be specified explicitly or implicitly.

- Use should be physically distinct or represent substantially all of the capacity of a physically distinct asset.
- If the supplier has a substantive substitution right, then the asset is not identified.
- Company has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use
- Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.
- In cases where the usage of the asset is predetermined the right to direct the use of the asset is determined when Company has the right to use the asset or Company designed the asset in a way that predetermines how and for what purpose it will be used.

At the commencement or modification of a contract, that contains a lease component, Company allocates the consideration in the contract, to each lease component, on the basis of its relative standalone prices. For leases of property, it is elected not to separate non-lease components and account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

As a Lessee:

Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date.

Right-of-use asset (ROU):

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost. Cost comprises of the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee, an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located less any lease incentives received.

After the commencement date, a lessee shall measure the right-of-use asset applying cost model, which is Cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses and also adjusted for certain re-measurements of the lease liability.

Right-of-use asset is depreciated using straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term. If the lease transfers the ownership of the underlying asset to the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects Company will exercise the purchase option, ROU will be depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset, which is determined based on the same basis as property, plant and equipment.

Lease liability:

Lease liability is initially measured at the present value of lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date. Discounting is done using the implicit interest rate in the lease, if that rate cannot be readily determined, then using Company's incremental borrowing rate. Incremental borrowing rate is determined based on entity's borrowing rate adjusted for terms of the lease and type of the asset leased.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprises of fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments), variable lease payments that depends on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate at the commencement date, amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, the exercise price under a purchase option that the Company is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Company is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

Lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Lease liability is re-measured when there is a change in the lease term, a change in its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option or a revised in-substance fixed lease payment, a change in the amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee and a change in future lease payments arising from change in an index or rate.

When the lease liability is re-measured corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset. If the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero it will be recorded in statement of profit and loss.

Right-of-use asset is presented under "Property Plant and Equipment" and lease liabilities are presented under "Financial liabilities" in the balance sheet.

Company has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short term leases. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Lessor

At the commencement or modification of a contract, that contains a lease component, Company allocates the consideration in the contract, to each lease component, on the basis of its relative standalone prices.

At the inception of the lease, it is determined whether it is a finance lease or an operating lease. If the lease transfers substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset, then it is a financial lease, otherwise it is an operating lease.

If the lease arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, then the consideration in the contract is allocated using the principles of IND AS 115. The Company tests for the impairment losses at the year end. Payment received under operating lease is recognised as income on straight line basis, over the lease term.

The accounting policies applicable to the Company as a lessor, in the comparative period, were not different from IND AS 116.

Transitional impact:

On transition to IND AS 116, Company elected to apply practical expedients given by the standard as follows:

(a) Company has not re-assessed whether a contract is, or contains, a lease at the date of initial application instead it applied the standard to those contracts that were previously identified as leases applying IND AS 17, Leases. Standard is not applied to those contracts that were not previously identified as containing a lease applying IND AS 17.

(b) IND AS 116 is applied retrospectively, with the cumulative effect of initially applying the Standard, is recognised at the date of initial application. The same approach is adopted for all the leases.

(c) Comparative information are not restated and it is presented as reported under IND AS 17. The cumulative effect of initially applying this Standard, is done as an adjustment, to the opening balance of retained earnings, at the date of initial application.

(d) For the leases which is previously classified as operating lease, under IND AS 17, Company recognised the lease liability by measuring the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application.

(e) Company recognised, Right-of-use asset, at the date of initial application, for leases previously classified as an operating lease applying IND AS 17. Right-of-use asset is measured, on a lease by lease basis, at carrying amount assuming the standard is applied since the commencement date. Discounting to arrive the value of asset is done based on the incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application. Company also assessed the Right-of-use asset for impairment as per IND AS 36, Impairment of assets, at the date of initial application.

(f) During transition, no adjustments is made for leases for which the underlying asset is of low value.

(g) Company has applied a single discount rate for portfolio of leases which has reasonably similar characteristics.

(h) During transition, impact of IND AS 116 is not given for those leases for which the lease term ends within 12 months of the date of initial application. Those leases were accounted as short term leases as per IND AS 116.

q) **Business Combination:**

The Group applies the acquisition method in accounting for business combinations. The consideration transferred by the Group to obtain control of a business is calculated as the sum of the fair values of assets transferred and liabilities assumed as at the acquisition date i.e. date on which it obtains control of the acquiree, which includes the fair value of any asset or liability arising from a contingent consideration arrangement. Acquisition-related costs are recognised in the statement of profit and loss as incurred, except to the extent related to the issue of debt or equity securities.

Where the consideration transferred exceeds the fair value of the net assets acquired and liabilities assumed, the excess is recorded as goodwill. Alternatively, in case of bargain purchase wherein the consideration transferred is lower than the fair value of the net identifiable assets and liabilities assumed, the difference as a gain in other comprehensive income and accumulate the gain in equity as capital reserve

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values on acquisition-date.

Intangible Assets acquired in a Business Combination and recognised separately from Goodwill are initially recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost).

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets acquired in a Business Combination are reported at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, on the same basis as intangible assets that are acquired separately.

r) **Impairment of non-financial assets**

Goodwill and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortization and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired.

The carrying values of assets/cash generating units at each balance sheet date are reviewed for impairment if any indication of impairment exists. If the carrying amount of the assets exceed the estimated recoverable amount, an impairment is recognised for such excess amount.

The recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and their value in use. Value in use is arrived at by discounting the future cash flows to their present value based on an appropriate discount factor.

When there is indication that an impairment loss recognised for an asset (other than a revalued asset) in earlier accounting periods which no longer exists or may have decreased, such reversal of impairment loss is recognised in the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, to the extent the amount was previously charged to the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. In case of revalued assets, such reversal is not recognised. An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not subsequent reversed.

s) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the consolidated balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Group's cash management.

t) Taxation:

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognised directly in equity or in OCI.

i. Current tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Current tax also includes any tax arising from dividends.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, the Group:

- a) has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
- b) intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

ii. Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for:

- temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss;
- temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries and associates to the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and
- taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if:

- a) the entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- b) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on the same taxable entity.

Deferred tax asset / liabilities in respect of on temporary differences which originate and reverse during the tax holiday period are not recognised. Deferred tax assets / liabilities in respect of temporary differences that originate during the tax holiday period but reverse after the tax holiday period are recognised.

u) Government grants

Grants received from the government are recognized at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with the conditions.

Government grants related to income are deferred and recognized in the profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate and netted off with the expense in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

Government grants related to purchase of property plant and equipment are recognised as deferred income and are credited to profit or loss on a straight line basis over expected life of the related asset and presented within other income.

v) **Provisions, Contingent Assets and Contingent Liabilities:**

Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost. A provision for onerous contracts is measured at the present value of the lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the expected net cost of continuing with the contract. Before a provision is established, the Group recognises any impairment loss on the assets associated with that contract.

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but will probably not, require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

A contingent asset is not recognised but disclosed in the consolidated financial statements where an inflow of economic benefit is probable.

36. Contingent Liabilities and commitments to the extent not provided for in respect of:

a) **Contingent liabilities :-**

1) (₹ in lakhs)

Sr.no.	Particulars	31 st March, 2020	31 st March, 2019
i)	Excise and Service Tax matters	292.71	550.88
ii)	Sales Tax matters *	1,117.23	1,114.03
iii)	On account of Cross Subsidy Surcharge on electricity	9.38	9.38

* Includes ₹ 972.61 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 972.61 lakhs) paid in full against the disputed Sales Tax liability under the Kerala General Sales Tax Act, 1963. The matter is pending for hearing in the Honorable Supreme Court of India.

2) In respect of Supreme Court Judgement on which allowances paid to the employees should be identified for inclusion in basic wages for the purposes of computation of Provident Fund contribution.

In view of the management, based on legal advice obtained, the liability for the period from the date of the SC order to 31 March 2019 is not significant and has not been given effect to in the books of account.

b) **Commitments**

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (net of advances) ₹ 1,900.46 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 1,894.31 lakhs).

37. Provision for warranty and other provisions:

(₹ in lakhs)

	31 st March, 2020	31 st March, 2020	31 st March, 2019	31 st March, 2019
	Warranty Provision	Other Provisions	Warranty Provision	Other Provisions
Opening Balance	606.62	100.00	552.43	100.00
Additions	496.86	-	559.45	-
Utilisations / Reversals	524.09	60.00	505.26	0.00
Closing Balance	579.39	40.00	606.62	100.00

Provision is estimated for expected warranty claim in respect of products sold during the year based on past experience regarding defective claim of products and cost of rectification or replacement. It is expected that most of this cost will be incurred over next 12 months which is as per warranty terms.

Other provisions are provisions in respect of probable claims, the outflow of which would depend on the cessation of the respective events.

38. Share capital

- a) **Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to Equity Shares:** The Company has only one class of equity shares having a value of ₹ 10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

- b) **Details of equity shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate equity shares in the Company:**

Name of the Shareholder	As at 31 st March, 2020		As at 31 st March, 2019	
	No. of shares held	% of Holding	No. of shares held	% of Holding
Hiten V. Parekh	1,892,258	12.68%	1,937,258	12.98%
Manish V. Parekh	1,551,563	10.40%	1,551,563	10.40%
Nayan S. Parekh	2,189,704	14.67%	2,234,704	14.98%
Nilkamal Builders Private Limited	1,464,000	9.81%	1,464,000	9.81%
Heirloom Finance Private Limited	9,12,000	6.11%	912,000	6.11%

- c) **Reconciliation of number of equity shares outstanding as at the beginning and closing of the year**

Particulars	2019-20		2018-19	
	Number	(₹ in lakhs)	Number	(₹ in lakhs)
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	14,922,525	1,492.25	14,922,525	1,492.25
Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares bought back during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	14,922,525	1,492.25	14,922,525	1,492.25

39. Borrowings:

(A) Secured loans:

(a) Working Capital loans :

Working capital facilities of ₹ NIL lakhs (Previous year ₹ 685.73 lakhs) from Banks are secured on first pari passu basis by way of hypothecation of current assets (inventories and trade receivables) of the Company, second pari passu charge by way of equitable mortgage on the Company's immoveable property. Working Capital Loans repayable on Demand having Interest Rate from 9.25 % to 9.60 % p.a. (Previous Year 9.25% p.a to 9.60% p.a).

Subsidiary Companies

Working Capital loans:

Working capital facilities of ₹ 1.73 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 13.53 lakhs) from Banks are secured on first pari passu basis by way of hypothecation of current assets of the Company, second pari passu charge by way of equitable mortgage on the Company's immoveable property. Working Capital Loans repayable on Demand having Interest Rate 10.97% (Previous Year 14.75% p.a) .

Lease loans of ₹ NIL lakhs (Previous year ₹ 2.23 lakhs) is secured against the company specific assets.

b) Foreign Currency Term Loans:

Foreign currency term loans of ₹ 6,634.60 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 5,186.62 lakhs) from the Banks are secured on first pari passu basis by way of equitable mortgage created on Company's moveable properties. These loans are repayable in equal quarterly installment, last installments due on March 2023 and February 2024 as per repayment schedules, having interest rate from 3 month LIBOR +1.05% to 1.38% p.a. which are reset periodically.

- (B)** Commercial Paper balance outstanding at year end ₹ Nil (Previous Year ₹ Nil). Maximum balance outstanding during the year ₹ Nil lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 5,000 lakhs).

40 Derivative Instruments outstanding at the Balance Sheet date:

(a) Forward Contracts against imports:

Forward contracts to buy USD 10.52 lakhs and CNY 5.00 lakhs (Previous Year USD 30 lakhs and Euro 15 lakhs) amounting to ₹ 852.54 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 3,328.92 lakhs).

(b) Option Contracts against imports:

Option Contract to buy NIL (Previous Year EURO 15 lakhs) amounting to ₹ NIL (Previous Year ₹ 1,170 lakhs).

The above contracts / options have been undertaken to hedge against the foreign exchange exposures arising from transactions like import of goods.

(c) USD Floating rate/INR Floating rate cross-currency interest rate swap (CCIRS):

Outstanding USD/INR Floating rate cross-currency interest rate swap USD 87.68 lakhs (Previous year USD 75 lakhs) amounting to ₹ 6,634.60 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 5,186.62 lakhs).

The above contracts have been undertaken to hedge against the foreign exchange exposures arising from foreign currency loan and interest there on, resulting net loss recognised in Cash flow Hedge Reserve of ₹60.61 lakhs.

41. Dues to micro and small suppliers

Under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, (MSMED) which came into force from 2 October 2006, certain disclosures are required to be made relating to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises. On the basis of the information and records available with the management, there are no outstanding dues to the Micro and Small enterprises as defined in the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

Particulars	31 st March, 2020	31 st March, 2019
Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the year end	3.64	-
Interest due thereon	-	-
Amount of interest paid by the Company in terms of section 16 of the MSMED, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the accounting year	-	-
Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED	-	-
Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	-	-

42. Related Party Disclosures:**Names of related parties and description of relationship**

I	Joint Ventures	Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited ceased to be joint venture effective from 22nd August 2019 (formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)
II	Key Management Personnel	Cambro Nilkamal Private Limited Mr. Vamanrai V. Parekh, Chairman Mr. Sharad V. Parekh, Managing Director Mr. Hiten V. Parekh, Joint Managing Director Mr. Manish V. Parekh, President and Executive Director – Furniture Mr. Nayan S. Parekh, President and Executive Director – Material Handling Mr. Mihir H. Parekh, Executive Director(effective from 1 st February, 2020) Independent Director: Mr. K. R. Ramamoorthy Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi Mr. Mufazzal S. Federal Mr. S. K. Palekar Ms. Hiroo Mirchandani Mr. Krishnamurthi Venkataraman
III	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Mr. Mihir H. Parekh(effective from 1 st February, 2020 became Executive Director) Ms. Priyanka H. Gandhi
IV	Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key Management Personnel or their relatives, where transactions have taken place	Nilkamal Crates & Containers M. Tech Industries Raga Plast Private Limited

42. Related Party Disclosures (Continued):

(₹ in lakhs)

	Joint Venture	Key Management Personnel	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives	Total	Joint Venture	Key Management Personnel	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives	Total
	2019 - 20					2018 - 19				
Sales of Finished Goods / Others	1,594.47	-	-	265.99	1,860.46	1,809.42	-	-	239.47	2,048.89
Purchases of raw materials, intermediaries and finished goods	270.68	-	-	2,778.70	3,049.38	546.87	-	-	2,463.01	3,009.88
Paid for services and labour charges	-	-	-	155.83	155.83	-	-	-	227.64	227.64
Received for services & labour charges	15.76	-	-	-	15.76	30.16	-	-	-	30.16
Deputation Charges	8.01	-	-	-	8.01	33.59	-	-	-	33.59
Technical and Management Fees received	656.05	-	-	-	656.05	873.83	-	-	-	873.83
Dividend received	42.00	-	-	-	42.00	130.80	-	-	-	130.80
Purchase of fixed assets	127.48	-	-	-	127.48	304.61	-	-	-	304.61
Rent paid	-	-	-	309.81	309.81	-	-	-	301.20	301.20
Remuneration to Directors	-	1,445.95	-	-	1,445.95	-	1,468.65	-	-	1,468.65
Salary Paid	-	-	32.53	-	32.53	-	-	40.69	-	40.69
Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Expenses	-	-	-	-	-	36.20	-	-	-	36.20
Board & Audit Committee sitting fees	-	52.60	-	-	52.60	-	28.00	-	-	28.00
Reimbursement of Expenses	28.13	-	-	-	28.13	81.75	-	-	76.88	158.63
Rent Received	30.78	-	-	-	30.78	23.88	-	-	-	23.88
Balances Outstanding at the year end:										
Deposits Receivable	-	-	-	720.00	720.00	-	-	-	720.00	720.00
Trade and Other Receivables	316.37	-	-	18.95	335.32	525.72	-	-	131.72	657.44
Other Payables	27.88	-	-	95.98	123.86	8.33	-	-	63.47	71.80

- Note: 1. The remuneration paid to key managerial personal excludes gratuity and compensated absences as the provision is computed for the Holding Company as a whole and separate figures are not available.
2. The sales to and purchases from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured.

43. Acquisition of additional stake in Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited (formerly known as Nilkamal Bito Storage Systems Private Limited)

- a) During the year Company entered into agreement with Bito Lagertechnik Bittmann GmbH (Germany) to acquire balance 50% shareholding in Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited (formerly known as Nilkamal Bito Storage Systems Private Limited), a Joint Venture Company in India. Post transfer of shares said Company became the wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. The agreement was effective from 23rd August, 2019 and a cash consideration of ₹ 5,097.10 lakhs was paid to Bito Lagertechnik Bittmann GmbH (Germany) under this agreement. Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited is in the business of Material handling storage systems of metal (racking and shelving).

b) Acquired Receivables

As on date of acquisition, gross contractual amount of the acquired Trade receivables was ₹ 2,014.19 lakhs against which no provisions had been considered since fair value of the acquired receivables were equal to carrying value as on the date of acquisition.

- c) **50% Fair value of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed as on the date of acquisition is as below.**

Particulars	Amount
Property, Plant and Equipment	3,152.30
Capital Work-In-Progress	58.78
Non Current Financial Assets	14.93
Current Tax Assets	42.00
Other Non Current Assets	72.57
Inventories	3,081.83
Trade Receivables	4,028.38
Cash & Cash Equivalents	351.13
Bank Balances other than above	224.83
Current Loans	29.27
Other Current Financial Assets	12.06
Other Current Assets	1,165.23
Total Asset (A)	12,233.30
Non-Current Provision	36.53
Deferred Tax Liabilities	362.87
Trade Payables	1,883.19
Other Current Financial Liabilities	83.82
Other Current Liabilities	758.49
Current Provisions	37.48
Current tax liabilities	139.46
Contingent liabilities	96.42
Total Liabilities (B)	3,398.26
Total Fair Value of Net Assets (A – B)	8,835.04
Less: Fair value of 50% Investment already held	4,417.52
Fair Value of Balance 50% acquired	4,417.52
Less: Consideration Paid	5,097.10
Goodwill Recognised	675.60

- d) Acquisition-related costs amounting to ₹ 18.53 lakhs on legal fees, valuation fees etc have been recognised as legal and professional expense in the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss within other expenses.

- e) The fair value of 50% equity interest already held before the acquisition date is ₹ 4,417.52 lakhs. The amount of gain ₹ 479.67 lakhs as a result of remeasuring already held 50% investment is recognised as other income in the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

- f) From the date of acquisition, Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited (formerly known as Nilkamal Bito Storage Systems Private Limited) contributed ₹ 13,081.95 lakhs to revenue from operations and a profit of ₹ 398.85 lakhs to the consolidated profit before tax on a pre-consolidation adjustments basis.

Had these business combination been effected at April 1, 2019, the revenue of the Group from continuing operations would have been higher by ₹ 8,293.59 lakhs and profit from continuing operations would have been higher by ₹ 347.65 lakhs on a pre-consolidation adjustments basis.

44. Subsequent Events:

In March 2020, World Health Organisation (WHO) declared outbreak of Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) a global pandemic, consequent to this, Government of India declared lockdown on March 23, 2020 due to which Company temporarily suspended all its operations i.e. manufacturing facilities, retail stores, depots, warehouses, regional offices and corporate office. This has affected the normal business operations of the Company by way of interruption in production, supply chain disruption, closure/lock down of production facilities etc. Since June 2020, the Company has commenced most of the operations. The Company has made detailed assessment of its liquidity position for the next year and the recoverability and carrying value of its assets comprising property plant and equipment, intangible assets, right of use assets, investments, inventory, trade receivables and other financial assets. Based on current indicators of future economic conditions, the Company expects to recover the carrying amount of these assets. The Company will continue to closely monitor any material changes arising of future economic conditions and impact on its business.

45. Corporate Social Responsibility

As required by Section 135 of Companies Act, 2013 and rules therein, a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) committee has been formed by the Holding Company. The Group has spent the following amount during the year towards corporate social responsibility (CSR) for activities listed under schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013

- (a) Gross amount required to be spent by the Group during the year 2019-20 ₹ 358.24 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 335.81 lakhs).
- (b) Amount spent during the year on:

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
(i) Construction/ acquisition of any asset	-	-
(ii) On purpose other than (i) above	* 358.50	* 336.05

* Amount of ₹ 358.50 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 298.60 lakhs) paid to Nilkamal Foundation for CSR activities which has been eliminated on Consolidation.

46 Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management**A. Accounting classification and fair values**

Carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy, are presented below. It does not include the fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

March 31, 2020	Carrying amount				Fair value			
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets								
Non Current								
Unquoted Equity Shares *	42.82	-	0.32	43.14	-	-	-	-
Employee Loans	-	-	342.84	342.84	-	-	-	-
Security Deposits	-	-	2,162.68	2,162.68	-	-	-	-
Other financial assets	-	-	93.39	93.39	-	-	-	-
Derivative Asset	-	313.03	-	313.03	-	313.03	-	313.03
Current								
Current Investments	1,667.80	-	-	1,667.80	1,667.80	-	-	1,667.80
Trade receivables	-	-	32,500.58	32,500.58	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	1,841.44	1,841.44	-	-	-	-
Other bank balances	-	-	561.34	561.34	-	-	-	-
Loans	-	-	1,216.78	1,216.78	-	-	-	-
Other Current Financial Assets	-	-	1,351.80	1,351.80	-	-	-	-
	1,710.62	313.03	40,071.17	42,094.82	1,667.80	313.03	-	1,980.83
Financial liabilities								
Non-Current Borrowings	-	-	4,790.08	4,790.08	-	-	-	-
Current Borrowings	-	-	1.73	1.73	-	-	-	-
Trade and other payables	-	-	15,302.95	15,302.95	-	-	-	-
Other Non-Current financial liabilities	-	-	18,328.61	18,328.61	-	-	-	-
Other Current financial liabilities	-	-	7,066.29	7,066.29	-	-	-	-
	-	-	45,489.66	45,489.66	-	-	-	-

46 Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management (Continued)**A. Accounting classification and fair values (Continued)**

March 31, 2019	Carrying amount				Fair value			
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets								
Non Current								
Unquoted Equity Shares *	42.82	–	0.32	43.14	–	–	–	–
Loans to Employees	–	–	364.76	364.76	–	–	–	–
Security Deposits	–	–	2,137.28	2,137.28	–	–	–	–
Other financial assets	–	–	110.57	110.57	–	–	–	–
Current								
Trade receivables	–	–	30,902.31	30,902.31	–	–	–	–
Cash and cash equivalents	–	–	1,316.65	1,316.65	–	–	–	–
Current Investments	96.16	–	–	96.16	96.16	–	–	96.16
Other bank balances	–	–	348.83	348.83	–	–	–	–
Loans	–	–	891.55	891.55	–	–	–	–
Other Current Financial Assets	–	–	1,065.98	1,065.98	–	–	–	–
	138.98	–	37,138.25	37,277.23	96.16	–	–	96.16
Financial liabilities								
Long term borrowings	–	–	4,441.81	4,441.81	–	–	–	–
Short term borrowings	–	–	701.49	701.49	–	–	–	–
Trade and other payables	–	–	13,378.72	13,378.72	–	–	–	–
Other Non-Current financial liabilities	–	–	5,333.28	5,333.28	–	–	–	–
Other Current financial liabilities	–	–	2,723.70	2,723.70	–	–	–	–
	–	–	26,579.00	26,579.00	–	–	–	–

* The fair value in respect of the unquoted equity investments is equal to the cost of the investments as per the contractual agreements.

B. Measurement of fair values**Valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs**

The following tables show the valuation techniques used in measuring Level 2 and Level 3 fair values, as well as the significant unobservable inputs used

Financial instruments measured at fair value

Type	Valuation technique
Fixed rates long term borrowings	The valuation model considers present value of expected payments discounted using an appropriate discounting rate.
Forward contracts	The fair value is determined using forward exchange rates at the reporting date.
Security Deposits	The valuation model considers present value of expected payments discounted using an appropriate discounting rate.
Interest rate swaps	Present value of the estimated future cash flows based on observable yield curves.

C. Financial risk management

The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- * Credit risk ;
- * Liquidity risk ; and
- * Market risk

i. Risk management framework

The Company's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's Risk Management Policy framework. The Board of Directors have adopted an Enterprise Risk Management Policy framed by the Group, which identifies the risk and lays down the risk minimisation procedures. The Management reviews the Risk Management Policies and systems on a regular basis to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities, and the same is reported to the Board of Directors periodically. Further, the Group, in order to deal with the future risks, has in place various methods / processes which have been imbibed in its organisational structure and proper internal controls are in place to keep a check on lapses, and the same are been modified in accordance with the regular requirements.

The audit committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Group's Risk Management Policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the Risk Management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Group. The audit committee is assisted in its oversight role by internal auditors.

ii. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the group's receivables from customers and loans and advances.

The carrying amount of following financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure:

Trade receivables and loans and advances.

The group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer in which it operates. Credit risk is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the group grants credit terms in the normal course of business.

The Risk Management Committee has established a credit policy under which each new customer is analysed individually for creditworthiness before the group's standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Further for domestic sales, the group segments the customers into Distributors and Others for credit monitoring.

The group maintains security deposits for sales made to its distributor. For other trade receivables, the company individually monitors the sanctioned credit limits as against the outstanding balances. Accordingly, the group makes specific provisions against such trade receivables wherever required and monitors the same at periodic intervals.

The group monitors each loans and advances given and makes any specific provision wherever required.

The group establishes an allowance for impairment that represents its estimate of expected losses in respect of trade receivables and loans and advances.

Impairment

At 31st March, 2020, the ageing of trade receivables was as follows

		(₹ in lakhs)
	31 March, 2020	31 March, 2019
Neither past due nor impaired	10,313.82	15,094.80
Past due 1-90 days	15,798.79	11,741.21
Past due 91-180 days	3,983.27	2,415.40
Past due 181-365 days	1,920.03	1,471.59
Past due 365 days	1,658.28	1,046.15
	33,674.19	31,769.15

Management believes that the unimpaired amounts which are past due are collectible in full.

		(₹ in lakhs)
	Trade receivables Impairments	Loans and advances
Balance as at 1 April, 2018	667.50	52.05
Impairment loss recognised	618.66	-
Balance written back	(297.87)	-
Amounts written off	(121.45)	-
Balance as at 31 March, 2019	866.84	52.05
Impairment loss recognised	745.07	1.00
Balance written back	(314.86)	-
Amounts written off	(123.44)	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2020	1,173.61	53.05

Cash and cash equivalents:

The Group held Cash and Cash equivalents of ₹ 2402.78 lakhs (Previous year: ₹ 1,665.48 lakhs). The cash and cash equivalents are held with bank counterparties with good credit ratings.

Derivatives:

The derivatives are entered into with bank. Counterparties with good credit rating.

Loans and Advances:

The Group held loan and advances of ₹ 5,480.52 lakhs as on 31st March 2020 (Previous year: ₹ 4,570.14 lakhs). The loans and advances are in nature of rent deposit paid to landlords, bank deposits with maturity more than twelve months and others, the same are fully recoverable.

iii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

As of 31 March, 2020 and 31 March, 2019 the Group had unutilised credit limits from banks of ₹ 16,099.70 lakhs, ₹ 18,058.36 lakhs respectively.

Maturity profile of financial liabilities

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include estimated interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

(₹ in lakhs)

31st March 2020	Contractual cash flows						
	Carrying amount	Total	Less than 6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Working Capital Borrowings	1.73	1.73	1.73	—	—	—	—
Trade and other payables	14,450.41	14,450.41	14,450.41	—	—	—	—
Lease Liabilities	15,647.98	15,647.98	1,620.41	1,624.69	3,257.48	6,652.18	2,493.22
Other financial liabilities	5221.77	5221.77	5221.77	—	—	—	—
Derivative financial liabilities							
Cross currency interest rate swaps	6,634.60	6,634.60	917.99	917.99	1,835.99	2,962.62	—
Forward exchange contracts used for hedging							
– Outflow	852.54	852.54	852.54	—	—	—	—

(₹ in lakhs)

31st March 2019	Contractual cash flows						
	Carrying amount	Total	Less than 6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Working Capital Borrowings	701.49	701.49	701.49	—	—	—	—
Trade and other payables	12,526.18	12,526.18	12,526.18	—	—	—	—
Other financial liabilities	2,723.70	2,723.70	2,723.70	—	—	—	—
Derivative financial liabilities							
Cross currency interest rate swaps	5,186.62	5,186.62	216.13	533.92	1,271.23	3,165.34	—
Forward exchange contracts used for hedging							
– Outflow	3,328.92	3,328.92	3,328.92	—	—	—	—

The gross inflows/(outflows) disclosed in the above table represent the contractual undiscounted cash flows relating to the financial liabilities which are not usually closed out before contractual maturity. The disclosure shows net cash flow amounts for derivatives that are net cash-settled and gross cash inflow and outflow amounts for derivatives that have simultaneous gross cash settlement.

iv. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices – such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices – will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including foreign currency receivables and payables and long term debt. We are exposed to market risk primarily related to foreign exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and the market value of our investments. Thus, our exposure to market risk is a function of investing and borrowing activities and revenue generating and operating activities in foreign currency. The objective of market risk management is to avoid excessive exposure in our foreign currency revenues and costs.

Currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk on account of its borrowings and other payables in foreign currency. The functional currency of the Group is Indian Rupee (₹). The Group uses forward exchange contracts to hedge its currency risk, most with a maturity of less than one year from the reporting date.

The currency profile of financial assets and financial liabilities as at March 31, 2020, March 31, 2019 are as below:

	31st March, 2020			
	USD	EURO	GBP	CNY
Financial assets:				
Trade and Other Receivables	1,615.85	226.86	3.73	9.17
Cash and Cash Equivalents	38.85	–	–	–
	1,654.70	226.86	3.73	9.17
Financial liabilities:				
Trade and Other Payables	1,448.14	159.62	3.03	150.77
Forecasted purchase	–	–	–	–
Less: Forward contracts	(799.20)	–	–	(53.34)
	648.94	159.62	3.03	97.43
Net Exposure	1,005.76	67.24	0.70	(88.26)

(₹ in lakhs)

	31st March, 2019			
	USD	EURO	GBP	CNY
Financial assets:				
Trade and Other Receivables	1,433.00	161.98	0.77	23.63
	2.33	–	–	–
	1,435.33	161.98	0.77	23.63
Financial liabilities:				
Trade and Other Payables	1,710.50	36.98	27.15	–
Forecasted Purchase	454.00	1,127.92	–	–
Less: Forward contracts	(2,164.02)	(1,164.90)	–	–
	–	–	27.15	–
Net Exposure	1,435.33	161.98	(26.38)	23.63

(₹ in lakhs)

The following significant exchange rates have been applied during the year.

	Year-end spot rate	
	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
Indian Rupee (₹)		
USD 1	75.67	69.16
EUR1	82.77	77.66
CNY1	10.65	10.30
GBP1	93.36	90.50

Sensitivity analysis

A reasonably possible strengthening (weakening) of the Foreign Currency against the Indian Rupee (₹) at 31st March would have affected the measurement of financial instruments denominated in foreign currencies and affected equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecast sales and purchases.

	31st March, 2020		31st March, 2019	
	Profit or (loss)		Profit or (loss)	
Effect in INR	Strengthening	Weakening	Strengthening	Weakening
USD – 3% Movement	30.17	(30.17)	43.06	(43.06)
EUR – 3% Movement	2.02	(2.02)	4.86	(4.86)
GBP – 3% Movement	0.02	(0.02)	(0.79)	0.79
CNY – 3% Movement	(2.65)	2.65	0.71	(0.71)
	29.56	(29.56)	47.84	(47.84)

Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk can be either fair value interest rate risk or cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair values of fixed interest bearing investments because of fluctuations in the interest rates. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of floating interest bearing investments will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates.

Exposure to interest rate risk

Group's interest rate risk arises from borrowings. The interest rate profile of the Group's interest-bearing financial instruments as reported to the management of the Group is as follows:

	(₹ in lakhs)	
	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
Borrowings		
Fixed rate borrowings	–	–
Variable rate borrowings	6,636.33	5,888.11
Less: Interest rate swap	(6,634.60)	(5,186.62)
Total	1.73	701.49

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed-rate instruments

The Group does not account for any fixed-rate financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

The Group manages its cash flow interest rate risk by using floating-to-fixed interest rate swaps. Under these swaps, the Group agrees with other parties to exchange, the difference between fixed contract rates and floating rates interest amounts calculated by reference to the agreed notional principal amounts

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable-rate instruments

A reasonably possible change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased (decreased) profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency exchange rates, remain constant.

	(₹ in lakhs)	
	Profit or (loss)	
31st March, 2020	100 bp increase	100 bp decrease
Variable-rate instruments	(66.36)	66.36
Interest rate swaps	66.35	(66.35)
Cash flow sensitivity (net)	(0.01)	0.01
31st March, 2019		
Variable-rate instruments	(58.88)	58.88
Interest rate swaps	51.87	(51.87)
Cash flow sensitivity (net)	(7.01)	7.01

The risk estimates provided assume a parallel shift of 100 basis points interest rate across all yield curves. This calculation also assumes that the change occurs at the balance sheet date and has been calculated based on risk exposures outstanding as at that date. The period end balances are not necessarily representative of the average debt outstanding during the period.

47 Capital Management

For the purpose of the Group's capital management, capital includes issued capital and other equity reserves. The primary objective of the Group's Capital Management is to maximise shareholders value. The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in the light of changes in economic environment and the requirements of the financial covenants.

The Group monitors capital using debt to equity ratio.

	(₹ in lakhs)	
	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Non-Current Borrowings	4,790.08	4,441.81
Current Borrowings	1.73	701.49
Bank Overdraft	11.49	–
Current maturity of long term debt	1,844.52	744.81
Gross Debt	6,647.82	5,888.11
Total Equity	1,03,209.13	94,118.03
Adjusted Gross debt to equity ratio	0.06	0.06

48 Employee Benefits

The Group contributes to the following post-employment defined benefit plans in India.

(i) Defined Contribution Plans:

The contributions to the Provident Fund and Family Pension Fund of certain employees are made to a Government administered Provident Fund and there are no further obligations beyond making such contribution.

The Group recognised ₹ 918.68 lakhs (Previous year: ₹ 691.85 lakhs) Provident fund contributions in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The contributions payable to these plans by the Group are at rates specified in the rules of the schemes.

(ii) Defined Benefit Plan:**A. Gratuity**

The Group participates in the Employees Gratuity scheme, a funded defined benefit plan for qualifying employees. Gratuity is payable to all eligible employees on death or on separation / termination in terms of the provisions of the respective applicable Gratuity rules.

The most recent actuarial valuation of plan assets and the present value of the defined benefit obligation for gratuity were carried out as at 31st March, 2020. The present value of the defined benefit obligations and the related current service cost and past service cost, were measured using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

	(₹ in lakhs)	
	Gratuity	
	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
Defined benefit obligation	2,169.17	1,943.15
Fair value of Plan Assets at the end of the year	(1,906.32)	(1,748.97)
Net Obligation at the end of the year	262.85	194.18

B. Movement in net defined benefit (asset) liability

The following table shows a reconciliation from the opening balances to the closing balances for net defined benefit (asset) liability and its components :

	Gratuity					
	Defined benefit obligation		Fair value of plan assets		Net defined benefit (asset) liability	
	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
Opening balance	1,943.15	1,772.70	1,748.97	1,485.88	194.18	286.82
Addition on account of acquisition of additional stake of Nilkamal Storage Systems Private limited	102.93	–	90.83	–	12.10	–
Included in profit or loss	–	–	127.16	121.34	(127.16)	(121.34)
Current service cost	232.65	221.71	–	–	232.65	221.71
Past service cost	–	–	–	–	–	–
Interest cost (income)	133.68	132.13	–	–	133.86	132.13
	2,412.41	2,126.54	1,966.96	1,607.22	445.45	519.32
Included in OCI						
Remeasurement loss (gain):						
Actuarial loss (gain) arising from:	–	–	–	–	–	–
Demographic assumptions	–	–	–	–	–	–
Financial assumptions	(18.85)	–	–	–	(18.85)	–
Experience adjustment	(64.94)	19.90	–	–	(64.94)	19.90
Return on plan assets excluding interest income	–	–	(200.64)	(38.25)	200.64	38.25
	2,328.62	2,146.44	1,766.32	1,568.97	562.30	577.47
Other						
Contributions paid by the employer	–	–	140.00	180.00	(140.00)	(180.00)
Benefits paid	(159.45)	(203.29)	–	–	(159.45)	(203.29)
Closing balance	2,169.17	1,943.15	1,906.32	1,748.97	262.85	194.18
Represented by						
Net defined benefit asset					(1,906.32)	(1,748.97)
Net defined benefit liability					2,169.17	1,943.15
					262.85	194.18

C. Plan assets

Plan assets comprise the following:

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Fund managed by Insurance Group	1,906.32	1,748.97

D. Defined benefit obligations**i. Actuarial assumptions**

The following were the principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date (expressed as weighted averages).

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Discount rate	6.80% p.a. – 9.5% p.a.	7.70% p.a. – 11% p.a.
Expected Rate of Return on Plan Assets	6.80% p.a.	7.70% p.a.
Salary escalation rate	6.00% p.a. – 7.5% p.a.	7.00% p.a. – 10% p.a.
Employee Turnover	10.00% p.a. – 1.00% p.a.	5.00% p.a. – 10% p.a.
Mortality rate	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08) Ult.	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08) Ult.

Assumptions regarding future mortality have been based on published statistics and mortality tables

ii. Sensitivity analysis

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below.

	31 March, 2020		31 March, 2019	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Discount rate (1% movement)	1,798.94	2,177.68	1,594.67	1,923.92
Future salary growth (1% movement)	2,177.27	1,796.17	1,923.39	1,592.40
Rate of employee turnover (1% movement)	1,984.93	1,961.44	1,750.41	1,743.07

The sensitivity analysis above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period.

Expected future cash flows

The expected future cash flows in respect of gratuity as at March 31, 2020 were as follows:

Expected contribution

The expected contributions for defined benefit plan for the next financial year will be in line with the contribution for the year ended 31 March, 2020: ₹ 145.69 lakhs

Expected future benefit payments

	(₹ in lakhs)
March 31, 2021	148.29
March 31, 2022	146.75
March 31, 2023	140.88
March 31, 2024	130.94
Thereafter	1,346.32

Compensated Absences:

The Compensated Absences is payable to all eligible employees for each day of accumulated leave on death or on resignation. Compensated Absences debited to Statement of Profit and Loss during the year amounts to ₹ 307.83 lakhs (Previous year: ₹ 297.59 lakhs) and is included in Note 30 – 'Employee benefits expenses'. Accumulated non-current provision for leave encashment aggregates ₹ 514.76 lakhs (Previous year: ₹ 538.73 lakhs) and current provision aggregates ₹ 397.91 lakhs (Previous year : ₹ 380.43 lakhs).

49 Hedge accounting

The Group's risk management policy is to hedge its estimated foreign currency exposure in respect of highly probable forecast purchases and foreign currency borrowings. The Holding Company uses forward exchange contracts to hedge its currency risk and cross currency interest rate swap to hedge its interest rate and currency risk related to foreign currency borrowings. Such contracts are generally designated as cash flow hedges.

The Holding Company determines the existence of an economic relationship between the hedging instrument and hedged item based on the currency, amount and timing of their respective cash flows. The Company assesses whether the derivative designated in each hedging relationship is expected to be and has been effective in offsetting changes in the cash flows of the hedged item using the hypothetical derivative method.

a. Disclosure of effects of hedge accounting on financial position

i) Cash flow hedge – Forward exchange contracts

31st March, 2020

(₹ in lakhs)

Type of hedge and risks	Currency	Nominal Value	Carrying amount of hedging instrument (in INR)		Line item in the statement of financial position where the hedging instrument is included	Maturity date	Hedge ratio	Weighted Average strike price/ rate	Changes in fair value of the hedging instrument	Change in the value of hedged item used as the basis for recognising hedge effectiveness
			Assets	Liabilities						
Cash flow hedge					Liabilities					
Forward and Option contracts	USD CNY	10.52 5.00	– 0.04	0.62 –	Other current financial liabilities	Apr-20	1:1	74.74 10.67	(0.62) 0.04	0.62 (0.04)
Cross Currency Interest Rate Swap	USD	87.68	313.61	–	Other current financial liabilities and Other non-current financial liabilities	March 2023 to February 2024	1:1		313.61	(313.61)

31st March, 2019

(₹ in lakhs)

Type of hedge and risks	Currency	Nominal Value	Carrying amount of hedging instrument (in INR)		Line item in the statement of financial position where the hedging instrument is included	Maturity date	Hedge ratio	Weighted Average strike price/ rate	Changes in fair value of the hedging instrument	Change in the value of hedged item used as the basis for recognising hedge effectiveness
			Assets	Liabilities						
Cash flow hedge					Liabilities					
Forward and Option contracts	USD EURO	29.95 30.00	– 21.37	52.43 –	Other current financial liabilities	April 2019 to June 2019	1:1	71.13 78.88	(52.43) 21.37	52.43 (21.37)
Cross Currency Interest Rate Swap	USD	75.00		192.68	Other current financial liabilities and Other non-current financial liabilities	March 2023 to February 2024	1:1		(192.68)	192.68

b. Disclosure of effects of hedge accounting on financial performance

(₹ in lakhs)

31st March, 2020	Change in the value of the hedging instrument recognised in OCI	Hedge ineffectiveness recognised in profit or loss	Amount reclassified from cash flow hedging reserve to profit or loss	Line item affected in statement of profit or loss because of the reclassification
Cash flow hedge	(60.61)	–	92.15	Foreign exchange loss
31st March, 2019	Change in the value of the hedging instrument recognised in OCI	Hedge ineffectiveness recognised in profit or loss	Amount reclassified from cash flow hedging reserve to profit or loss	Line item affected in statement of profit or loss because of the reclassification
Cash flow hedge	(84.91)	–	7.24	Foreign exchange loss

- c. The following table provides a reconciliation by risk category of components of equity and analysis of OCI items, net of tax, resulting from cash flow hedge accounting

Movements in cash flow hedging reserve

Balance at 1 April 2018	(7.24)
Add : Changes in the fair value of effective portion of outstanding cash flow derivative (net of settlement)	(141.13)
Less : Amounts reclassified to profit or loss	–
Less: Deferred tax	56.22
As at March 31, 2019	(92.15)
Add : Changes in the fair value of effective portion of outstanding cash flow derivative (net of settlement)	(62.51)
Less : Amounts reclassified to profit or loss	–
Less: Deferred tax	1.90
As at March 31, 2020	(152.76)

50 Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Holding Company by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of Equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential Equity shares into Equity shares.

i. Profit attributable to Equity holders of Company

	(₹ in lakhs)	
	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company:		
Continuing operations	14,208.45	11,733.31
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company for basic earnings	14,208.45	11,733.31
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company adjusted for the effect of dilution	14,208.45	11,733.31

ii. Weighted average number of ordinary shares

	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
Issued ordinary shares at April 1	1,49,22,525	1,49,22,525
Weighted average number of shares at 31st March for basic and Diluted EPS	1,49,22,525	1,49,22,525

Basic and Diluted earnings per share in ₹

	(Amount in ₹)	
	31st March 2020	31st March 2019
Basic earnings per share	95.21	78.63
Diluted earnings per share	95.21	78.63

51 SEGMENT INFORMATION

Segment Wise Revenue, Results and Other Information

A Business Segment:

The Group has organized businesses into 2 categories viz Plastics and Lifestyle Furniture, Furnishings and Accessories. Accordingly the Group has reported its segmental results for these categories.

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	2019-20			2018-19		
	Plastics	Lifestyle Furniture, Furnishings & Accessories	Total	Plastics	Lifestyle Furniture, Furnishings & Accessories	Total
1 Revenue from Operations	2,04,620.89	21,511.31	2,26,132.20	2,15,550.24	21,089.00	2,36,639.24
Less: Inter Segment Revenue	413.02		413.02	402.87		402.87
Net Revenue from Operations	2,04,207.87	21,511.31	2,25,719.18	2,15,147.37	21,089.00	2,36,236.37
2 Segment Result before Tax & interest	20,812.77	(152.36)	20,660.41	17,643.80	126.32	17,770.12
Less: Unallocated expense(Net of Unallocated Income)			520.40			297.08
Operating Profit			20,140.01			17,473.04
Less: Finance Costs			2,610.47			1,583.76
Add/(Less): Exceptional Income / (Expenses)			–			–
Add/(Less): Prior Period Adjustment			–			–
Profit Before Tax			17,529.54			15,889.28
Less: Provision for Taxes(Net)			3,914.86			4,825.77
Net Profit after Tax before share of profit of Joint ventures			13,614.68			11,063.51
Share of net profit / (loss) from Joint venture accounted for using equity method			628.07			705.93
Profit for the Year			14,242.75			11,769.44
Less: Non Controlling Interests			34.30			36.13
Profit for the Year			14,208.45			11,733.31
3 Other Information						
Segment Assets	1,31,689.55	16,240.96	1,47,930.51	1,11,474.13	10,625.71	1,22,099.84
Add: Unallocated Assets			7,162.46			7,271.90
Total Assets			1,55,092.97			1,29,371.74
Segment Liabilities	33,002.73	10,523.01	43,525.74	22,503.30	3,658.40	26,161.70
Add: Minority Interest	90.47	–	90.47	723.36	–	723.36
	33,093.20	10,523.01	43,616.21	23,226.66	3,658.40	26,885.06
Add: Unallocated Liabilities			8,267.62			8,368.65
Total liabilities			51,883.83			35,253.71
Capital Expenditure	9,922.07	41.12	9,963.19	11,275.91	127.41	11,403.32
Depreciation and Amortisation	7,714.02	1,707.25	9,421.27	4,826.56	339.64	5,166.20
Significant Non Cash Expenses other than Depreciation and Amortisation	1,772.98	–	1,772.98	323.26	–	323.26

The segment Revenues, Results, Assets and Liabilities include the respective amounts identifiable to each of the segment and amounts allocated on a reasonable basis.

The accounting policies adopted for segment reporting are in conformity with the accounting policies adopted for the Holding Company.

B Geographical Segment:

Although the Group's operations are managed by product area, we provide additional information based on geographies.

Sr. No.	Particulars	Year Ended 31st March, 2020			Year Ended 31st March, 2019		
		India	Rest of The World	Total	India	Rest of The World	Total
1	Segment Revenue (Net Sales)	2,14,841.04	10,878.14	2,25,719.18	2,25,121.96	11,114.41	2,36,236.37
2	Carrying cost of Segment Assets	1,43,421.72	4,508.79	1,47,930.51	1,17,693.33	4,406.51	1,22,099.84

Revenue from Major Customers

The Group is not reliant on revenues from transactions with any single external customer and does not receive 10% or more of its revenues from transactions with any single external customer.

52 Investment in Joint Ventures

Name of the Joint Venture	Country of Incorporation	Percentage of Ownership Interest
Nilkamal Storage System Private Limited (formerly known as Nilkamal Bito Storage System Private Limited).*	India	50
Cambro Nilkamal Private Limited	India	50

* Joint Venture until 22 August 2019.

The Holding Company has no material Joint Ventures as at 31st March, 2020. The aggregate summarized financial information in respect of the Holding Company's immaterial Joint Ventures that is accounted for using the equity method is set forth below.

Particulars	(₹ in lakhs)	
	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
Carrying amount of the Company's interest in Joint Ventures	1,715.37	4,983.12
Company's share of profit/(loss) in Joint Ventures	628.07	705.93
Company's share of other comprehensive income in Joint Ventures	(5.13)	(5.09)
Company's share of total comprehensive income in Joint Ventures	622.94	700.84

53 Additional Information to be given as required under Schedule III of to the 2013, of enterprises consolidated as Subsidiary and Joint Venture

Sr. No.	Name of the Entity	31st March, 2020					31st March, 2019					(₹ in lakhs)	
		Net Assets (i.e. Total Assets Minus Total Liabilities)		Share in Profit		Total Comprehensive Income	Other Comprehensive Income		Total Comprehensive Income	Net Assets (i.e. Total Assets Minus Total Liabilities)		Total Comprehensive Income	As % of consolidated Total Comprehensive Income
		As % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount		Amount	As % of consolidated OCI		As % of consolidated net assets	Amount		
	Parent												
	Nilkamal Limited												
	Foreign Subsidiaries												
1	Nilkamal Eswaran Plastics Private Limited	90.65%	93,643.32	81.26%	11,573.11	81.10%	11,417.17	87.99%	83,455.37	88.52%	10,418.31	96.02%	88.44%
	Indian Subsidiaries												
	Nilkamal Foundation	2.14%	2,208.26	1.02%	145.73	1.04%	145.73	2.33%	2,210.77	0.80%	93.90		0.81%
2	Nilkamal Eswaran Marketing Private Limited	0.11%	112.11	0.22%	30.78	0.22%	30.78	0.09%	81.90	0.16%	19.07		0.16%
3	Nilkamal Crates and Bins FZE	0.88%	905.84	1.32%	187.81	1.33%	187.81	0.72%	681.06	1.86%	218.36		1.88%
	Minority Interest												
	Nilkamal Eswaran Plastics Private Limited (with effect from 23rd August 2019)	0.27%	281.10	0.03%	3.69	0.03%	3.69	0.29%	274.6	0.71%	83.03		0.71%
1	Nilkamal Eswaran Plastics Private Limited	0.05%	54.28	0.19%	26.61	0.19%	26.61	0.73%	691.89	0.24%	28.41		0.24%
2	Nilkamal Eswaran Marketing Private Limited	0.03%	33.35	0.05%	7.65	0.05%	7.65	0.03%	25.86	0.05%	6.02		0.05%
3	Nilkamal Foundation	0.00%	2.84	0.00%	0.04	0.00%	0.04	0.01%	5.60	0.01%	1.69		0.01%
	Joint Venture												
	Nilkamal Bito Storage Systems Private Limited (upto 23rd August 2019)	1.57%	223.73	1.57%	223.73	1.59%	223.73	3.81%	3,617.67	2.57%	302.02		2.59%
	Cambro Nilkamal Private Limited	1.66%	1,715.37	2.84%	404.34	2.85%	401.46	1.44%	1,365.45	3.43%	403.91		3.47%
	Eliminations	-5.12%	(5,293.05)	5.91%	841.56	5.96%	839.31	2.56%	2,431.21	1.65%	194.72	-5.09	1.63%
		100.00%	1,03,299.60	100.00%	14,242.75	100.00%	14,078.26	100.00%	94,841.39	100.00%	11,769.44	100.00%	100.00%

The above figures are after eliminating intra group transactions and intra group balances as at 31st March, 2020

54 Previous year figures have been re-group / reclassified wherever necessary.

As per our report of even date attached.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Nilkamal Limited

CIN: L25209DN1985PLC000162

Rishabh Kumar

Partner

Membership No: 402877

Sharad V. Parekh

Managing Director

DIN: 00035747

Hiten V. Parekh

Joint Managing Director

DIN: 00037550

Pareesh B. Mehta

Chief Financial Officer

Membership No. 44670

Priti P. Dave

Company Secretary

Membership No. 19469

Mumbai

June 28, 2020

Mumbai

June 28, 2020

Salient features of the financial statements of Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures

[Pursuant to the first proviso to sub-section (3) of Section 129 read with rules 5 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 – AOC – 1]

Part "A" : Subsidiaries

(₹ in lakhs)						
Sr. No.	Name of the Subsidiaries	Nilkamal Eswaran Plastics Private Limited, Sri Lanka	Nilkamal Eswaran Marketing Private Limited, Sri Lanka	Nilkamal Crates and Bins – FZE (Ajman – UAE)	Nilkamal Foundation	Nilkamal Storage System Private Limited *
1	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	1st April 2019 to 31st March 2020	1st April 2019 to 31st March 2020	1st April 2019 to 31st March 2020	1st April 2019 to 31st March 2020	23rd August 2019 to 31.03.2020
2	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries.	1 SLR= ₹ 0.38625	1 SLR= ₹ 0.38625	1 AED= ₹ 20.43776	INR	INR
3	Share Capital	58.71	0.00	37.81	0.01	444.00
4	Reserve and Surplus	2,149.56	112.11	868.03	281.09	9,192.18
5	Total Assets	3,208.76	273.87	1,282.57	401.08	12,376.04
6	Total Liabilities (Excluding Minority interest)	815.08	128.40	376.74	117.14	2,719.01
7	Investment other than investment in Subsidiary	–	–	–	–	–
8	Turnover, Income and Other Income	3,580.79	305.84	2,362.03	387.96	13,083.78
9	Profit Before Taxation	240.45	61.16	187.81	3.72	1,000.84
10	Provision for Taxation (incl Deferred Tax)	69.29	22.73	–	–	203.13
11	Profit after Tax	171.16	38.44	187.81	3.72	797.70
12	Dividend	130.15	–	–	–	–
13	% of shareholding (** change during the year)	** 96.28%	** 96.28%	100.00%	* 99.00%	100.00%

* Subsidiary with effect from 23.08.2019

** Change in shareholding with effect from 15th January 2020

Part "B" : Joint Ventures

(₹ in lakhs)		
Sr. No.	Name of Joint Ventures	Cambro Nilkamal Private Limited, India
1	Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	31st March 2020
2	Shares of Associate/Joint Ventures held by the company on the year end	50.00%
3	No. of Share fully paid up of ₹ 10 each	2,10,000
4	Amount of Investment in Associates/Joint Venture	200.50
5	Extend of Holding %	50.00%
6	Description of how there is significant influence	Joint Venture
7	Reason why the Joint Venture is not consolidated	Consolidated
8	Net worth attributable to Shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet (₹ in lakhs)	1,715.37
9	Profit for the year	
	a Consider in Consolidation	404.34
	b Not consider in Consolidation	Nil

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors of Nilkamal Limited

CIN : L25209DN1985PLC000162

Sharad V. Parekh
Managing Director
DIN : 00035747

Hiten V. Parekh
Executive Director
DIN : 00037550

Paresh B. Mehta
Chief Financial Officer
Membership No : 44670
Mumbai
June 28,2020

Priti P. Dave
Company Secretary
Membership No : 19469

Performance at a glance

(₹ In lakhs)

Particulars	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
Net Sales	1,85,759	1,95,665	2,10,796	2,30,418	2,08,147
Profit Before Tax	15,466	16,892	17,876	15,868	15,820
Profit After Tax	10,478	11,845	11,711	11,123	12,201
Share Capital	1,492	1,492	1,492	1,492	1,492
Reserves and Surplus	57,028	68,221	78,225	86,946	93,866
Shareholder's Funds	58,520	69,713	79,718	88,438	95,359
Loan Funds	7,445	8,281	9,291	5,872	6,635
Total Capital Employed	65,965	77,994	89,008	94,311	1,01,993
Long Term Liabilities and Provisions	4,506	5,472	5,874	6,242	18,704
Deferred Tax Liability	970	522	1,072	1,780	872
Gross Block	73,607	78,980	87,382	97,316	1,22,651
Net Block	26,544	28,841	33,547	39,703	56,995
Investments	2,562	2,568	2,568	2,572	7,688
Long Term Loans and Advances and other					
Current non current Assets	5,059	5,001	4,723	5,153	5,396
Net Current Assets	40,332	47,578	55,117	54,905	51,490
RATIO					
Financial Performance %	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
Domestic Turnover/Total Revenue	94.96	94.98	96.35	97.05	96.98
Exports/Total Revenue	4.54	4.41	3.28	2.22	2.50
Other Income/Total Revenue	0.51	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.52
Raw Material/Total Revenue	57.55	57.45	55.05	58.50	54.60
Overheads/Total Revenue	23.12	23.50	25.85	24.18	23.90
Interest/Total Revenue	0.97	0.59	0.59	0.68	1.23
Profit Before Tax/Total Revenue	8.28	8.58	8.45	6.84	7.56
Depreciation//Total Revenue	2.84	2.48	2.29	2.14	4.33
Net Profit After Tax /Total Revenue	5.61	6.02	5.54	4.79	5.83
Return on Capital Employed	16.88	17.07	14.91	13.23	13.02
Return on Net Worth	19.32	18.47	15.67	13.23	13.28
Balance Sheet Ratios					
Debtors Turnover (days)	44	47	48	40	36
Inventory Turnover	58	61	64	60	65
Current Ratio	3.09	3.47	3.51	3.79	3.31
Asset Turnover	7.00	6.78	6.28	5.80	3.65
Debt-Equity	0.18	0.12	0.12	0.07	0.07
Per Share Data - ₹					
EPS	70.22	79.38	78.48	74.54	81.76
CEPS	105.78	112.09	110.96	107.80	142.42
Book Value	392.16	467.17	534.21	592.65	639.03
Shareholder Statitics					
DPS	7	11	13	13	15
Dividend (%)	70	110	130	130	150
Dividend Payout (₹)	1,141	1,812	2,247	2,279	4,245
Dividend Payout (%)	11	15	19	20	35

**NILKAMAL
STORAGE SYSTEMS
PRIVATE LIMITED**

**BALANCE SHEET
F.Y. 2019-2020**

BSR & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

5th Floor, Lodha Excelus,
Apollo Mills Compound
N. M. Joshi Marg, Mahalaxmi
Mumbai - 400 011
India

Telephone +91 (22) 4345 5300
Fax +91 (22) 4345 5399

Private and confidential

The Board of Directors
Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited
(formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)
Nilkamal House, 77 & 78, Street No. 13/14,
MIDC, Andheri (East)
Mumbai 400 093

16 March 2020

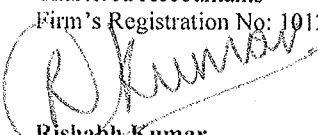
Dear Sirs

Re-appointment as the auditors of Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited

Thank you for your letter dated 3 October 2019. We are pleased to accept re-appointment as the auditors of Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited for the year ending 31 March 2020.

Yours sincerely

For BSR & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 101248W / W-100022



Rishabh Kumar
Partner
Membership No: 402877

BSR & Co (a partnership firm with
Registration No. BA61223) converted into
BSR & Co. LLP (a Limited Liability Partnership
with LLP Registration No. AAB-8181)
with effect from October 14, 2013

Registered Office:
5th Floor, Lodha Excelus
Apollo Mills Compound
N. M. Joshi Marg, Mahalaxmi
Mumbai - 400 011, India

B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

5th Floor, Lodha Excelus,
Apollo Mills Compound
N. M. Joshi Marg, Mahalaxmi
Mumbai - 400 011
India

Telephone +91 (22) 4345 5300
Fax +91 (22) 4345 5399

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of
Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited
(formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited *(Formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)* ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 March 2020, and the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as "financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2020, and profit and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

B S R & Co. (a partnership firm with Registration No. BA61223) converted into B S R & Co. LLP (a Limited Liability Partnership with LLP Registration No. AAB-8181) with effect from October 14, 2013

Registered Office:
5th Floor, Lodha Excelus
Apollo Mills Compound
N. M. Joshi Marg, Mahalaxmi Mumbai -
400 011 - India

Independent Auditors' Report (Continued)

Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited

(formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon (Continued)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, profit/loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



Independent Auditors' Report (Continued)

Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited

(formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement (Continued)

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures in the financial statements made by the Management and Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management and Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of section 143 (11) of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. (A) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.



Independent Auditors' Report (Continued)

Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited

(formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements (Continued)

2. (A) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that: *(Continued)*

- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".

(B) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at 31 March 2020 on its financial position in its financial statements - Refer Note 34a to the financial statements;
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
- iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company;
- iv. The disclosures in the financial statements regarding holdings as well as dealings in specified bank notes during the period from 8 November 2016 to 30 December 2016 have not been made in these financial statements since they do not pertain to the financial year ended 31 March 2020.

(C) With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditors' Report under section 197(16):

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is incorporated as a Private Company and thus the provisions of Section 197(16) of the Act are not applicable to the Company.

Mumbai
25 June 2020

For B S R & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.101248W/W-100022



Rishabh Kumar
Partner

Membership No: 402877
ICAI UDIN: 20402877AAAAABR6421

Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited

(formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)

Annexure A to the Independent Auditors' Report – 31 March 2020

With reference to the Annexure A referred to in the Independent Auditors' Report to the members of Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited (Formerly known as Nilkamal BITO storage Systems Private Limited) ('the Company') on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020, we report the following:

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
- (b) The Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its fixed assets by which the fixed assets are verified by the management according to a phased programme designed to cover all the items over a period of three years. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. In accordance with the programme, the Company has physically verified certain fixed assets during the year and we are informed that no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties as disclosed in Note 3 to the financial statements, are held in the name of the Company.
- (ii) The inventory except goods in transit has been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable. In respect of stocks lying with third parties at the year-end, written confirmations have been obtained. The discrepancies noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records were not material and have been adequately dealt with in books of account.
- (iii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') during the year. Accordingly, paragraphs 3 (iii) (a) and (b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not given any loans, or made any investments or provided any guarantees or securities to the parties covered under Section 185 of the Act. The Company has complied with the provisions of Section 186 of the Act in respect of the investments made by the Company.
- (v) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted deposits from public in accordance with provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed thereunder. Accordingly, paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) According to information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act for any of the products of the Company.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Provident fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Goods and Service tax, Duty of Customs, Cess and other material statutory dues have been generally regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities.

RK

Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited

(formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)

Annexure A to the Independent Auditors' Report – 31 March 2020 (Continued)

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales-tax, Goods and Service tax, Service tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2020 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of Income-tax, Sales tax, Service tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise and Value added tax as at 31 March 2020 which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute, except as stated below:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where the dispute is pending	
The Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise Duty (including penalty)	61.85	FY 2011-12 to 2015-16	Commissioner Appeals	-
Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise Duty (including penalty)	9.94	FY 2011-12 to 2015-16	Commissioner Appeals	-
The Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise Duty (including penalty)	15.91	FY 2016-17	Commissioner Appeals	-
The Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise Duty (including penalty)	7.93	FY 2016-17	Commissioner Appeals	-
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax (including interest)	3.20	FY 2016-17	Commissioner Appeals	-

- (viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings to banks. The Company does not have any loans or borrowings from financial institutions or government or dues to debenture holders during the year.
- (ix) According to the information and explanations give to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and has not obtained any term loans during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(ix) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (x) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
- (xi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, no managerial remuneration has been paid or provided by the Company.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

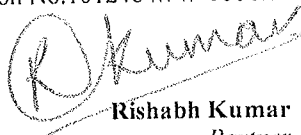
B S R & Co. LLP

Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited
(formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)

Annexure A to the Independent Auditors' Report – 31 March 2020
(Continued)

- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has entered into transactions with related parties in compliance with the provisions of Sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and the details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations give to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations give to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with them. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-1A of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

For B S R & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.101248W/W-100022


Rishabh Kumar
Partner

Membership No: 402877
ICAI UDIN: 20402877AAAABR6421

Mumbai
25 June 2020

Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited

(formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)

Annexure B to the Independent Auditors' report on the financial statements of Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited for the period ended 31 March 2020

Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the aforesaid financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013

(Referred to in paragraph (2(A)(f)) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Opinion

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited *(Formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)* ("the Company") as of 31 March 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2020, based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note")

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management and the Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act").

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and whether such controls operated effectively in all material respects.



B S R & Co. LLP

Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited

(formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)

Annexure B to the Independent Auditors' report on the financial statements of Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited for the period ended 31 March 2020 (Continued)

Auditors' Responsibility (Continued)

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial controls with Reference to Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial controls with Reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For B S R & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 101248W/W-10022


Rishabh Kumar
Partner

Mumbai
25 June 2020

Membership No: 402877
ICAI UDIN: 20402877AAAAABR6421

Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited
(Formerly known as Nilkamal BTO Storage Systems Private Limited)

Balance Sheet

as at 31 March 2020

(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

	Note	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
ASSETS			
Non-Current assets :			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	3	1,975.37	1,986.95
(b) Capital work-in-Progress		34.48	11.52
(c) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	4	0.00	0.00
(ii) Loans	5	14.69	22.11
(iii) Others	6	2.00	23.73
(d) Advance tax assets (net)	7	112.19	37.08
(e) Other non-current assets	8	-	29.11
Total Non-Current Assets		2,138.73	2,110.50
Current assets :			
(a) Inventories	9	2,546.58	2,418.01
(b) Financial Assets			
(i) Trade receivables	10	5,567.37	3,275.07
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	11	155.50	417.54
(iii) Bank balance other than (ii) above	12	27.38	205.51
(iv) Loans	13	29.57	32.27
(v) Others	14	1.86	14.96
(c) Other current assets	15	868.16	1,129.08
Total Current Assets		9,196.42	7,492.44
Total		11,335.15	9,602.94
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity :			
(a) Equity share capital	16	444.00	444.00
(b) Other equity	17	8,437.97	6,967.66
Total equity		8,881.97	7,411.66
Non-Current liabilities			
(a) Provisions			
(b) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	18	33.81	30.22
(c) Financial Liabilities	19	37.13	57.24
Total Non-Current Liabilities	20	98.69	-
Current liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings			
(ii) Trade payables	21	-	24.98
a) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	22	3.64	-
b) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		1,921.93	1,474.12
(iii) Other financial liabilities	23	109.62	59.18
(b) Other current liabilities	24	222.20	519.27
(c) Provisions	25	20.84	22.86
(d) Current tax liabilities (net)		5.32	3.41
Total Current Liabilities		2,283.55	2,103.82
Total		11,335.15	9,602.94

Significant accounting policies

The notes referred to above form an integral part of these financial statements

2
1 to 46

As per our report of even date attached.

For **BSR & Co. LLP**

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No : 101248W/W-100022



Rishabh Kumar

Partner

Membership No: 402877

Mumbai

25 June 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited

(Formerly known as Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited)

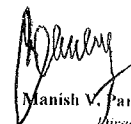
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Nayan S. Parekh

Director

DIN : 00037597



Manish V. Parekh

Director

DIN : 00037724

Mumbai

25 June 2020

Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited
(Formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)


Statement of Profit and Loss
for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

	Note	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
I Income			
Revenue from operations	26	21,375.54	19,008.92
Other Income	27	19.39	14.41
Total Income		21,394.93	19,023.33
II Expenses			
Cost of material consumed	28	10,324.59	10,049.66
Purchases of stock-in-trade		2,060.38	1,310.66
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work in progress and stock-in-trade	29	37.44	(264.21)
Employee benefits expense	30	1,199.70	1,264.85
Finance costs	31	44.41	65.94
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	3	248.77	186.63
Other expenses	32	5,487.07	5,524.25
Total expenses		19,402.36	18,137.78
III Profit before tax (I - II)		1,992.57	885.55
IV Tax expenses	34(a)		
Current tax	34(a)	(510.43)	(190.00)
Deferred tax (charge)/credit (incl. Minimum alternate tax credit entitlement)/(Utilisation)	34(b)	10.87	(63.70)
V Profit for the year (III - IV)		1,493.01	631.85
VI Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss:			
- Remeasurement losses on post employment defined benefits plans		(1.45)	(14.73)
- Income tax effect on above		0.36	4.29
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)		(1.09)	(10.44)
VII Total comprehensive income for the year		1,491.92	621.41
VIII Earning per equity share	39		
Nominal Value of Rs. 10 (Previous Year Rs.10)			
Basic and diluted earnings per share (in Rs.)		33.63	14.23
Significant accounting policies	2		
The notes referred to above form an integral part of these financial statements	1 to 46		

As per our report of even date attached.

For BSR & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022


Rishabh Kumar
Partner
Membership No: 402877

Mumbai
25 June 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited
(Formerly known as Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited)
CIN: U63020MH2006PTC161327


Nayan S. Parekh
Director
DIN : 00037597


Manish V. Parekh
Director
DIN : 00037724

Mumbai
25 June 2020

Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited

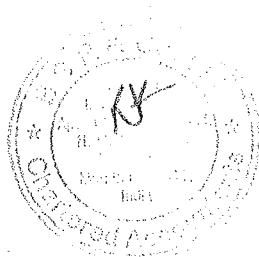
(Formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)

Cash Flow Statement

for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before tax for the year	1,992.57	885.55
Adjustments for :		
Depreciation and amortisation expense	248.77	186.63
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment (Net)	20.01	0.18
Non-cash expenses adjustment for Gratuity	(1.45)	(14.73)
Finance Costs	44.41	65.94
Provision for doubtful trade receivables and advances	2.60	40.02
Bad Debts Written off / (Back)	70.82	27.43
Interest Income	(19.39)	(14.41)
Provision for Rent Equalisation	2.16	0.09
	<u>367.93</u>	<u>291.15</u>
Operating Profit before Working Capital changes	2,360.50	1,176.70
Working capital adjustments:		
(Increase) in inventories	(128.57)	(192.77)
(Increase) in trade receivables	(2,365.72)	937.04
Decrease / (Increase) in Other Receivables	272.81	(234.08)
Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables	451.42	(196.01)
(Decrease) / Increase in Other Liabilities & Provisions	(289.53)	184.80
	<u>(583.63)</u>	<u>(255.04)</u>
Cash generated from / (used in) operation	(2,059.59)	498.98
Taxes Paid (Net of Refund)	<u>(583.63)</u>	<u>(255.04)</u>
	<u>(583.63)</u>	<u>(255.04)</u>
Net cash from operating activities (A)	<u>(282.72)</u>	<u>1,420.64</u>
B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest Received	19.50	14.48
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	20.75	0.11
Purchase of property, plant and equipment (net of Capital Advances and Capital Creditors)	(124.33)	(226.49)
Investment in Fixed Deposit (Net)	<u>199.86</u>	<u>(202.18)</u>
Net cash used in investing activities (B)	115.78	(414.08)
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
(Decrease) in Short Term borrowings (Net)	(24.98)	(342.31)
Interest on lease liabilities	(12.93)	-
Repayment of lease liabilities	(31.60)	-
Interest paid (net)	(25.59)	(60.30)
Dividends paid (including dividend distribution tax)	-	(214.11)
Net cash flow used in financing activities (C)	<u>(95.10)</u>	<u>(616.72)</u>
Net Increase/ (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	<u>(262.04)</u>	<u>389.84</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	417.54	27.70
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	<u>155.50</u>	<u>417.54</u>
Net (Decrease) / Increase in cash and cash equivalents	<u>(262.04)</u>	<u>389.84</u>



Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited
(Formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)

Cash Flow Statement (Continued)
for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

31 March 2020

31 March 2019

Notes to the cash flow statement

1. Components of cash and cash equivalents

(a) Balance in Current Accounts	143.20	169.23
(b) Cash on Hand	12.30	7.36
(c) Bank Deposits with less than 3 months maturity	0.00	240.95
Cash and cash equivalents	155.50	417.54

2. Debt reconciliation statement in accordance with Ind AS 7

Opening balances			
Short-term borrowing	24.98	367.29	
	24.98		367.29
Movements			
Short-term borrowing	(24.98)	(342.31)	
	(24.98)		(342.31)
Closing balances			
Short-term borrowing	-	24.98	
	-		24.98

3 The Cash Flow statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in Accounting Standard (Ind AS -7).

As per our report of even date attached.

For BSR & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022



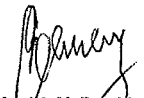
Rishabh Kumar
Partner
Membership No: 402877

Mumbai
25 June 2020



Nayan S. Parekh
Director
DIN : 00037597

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited
(Formerly known as Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited)
CIN: U63020MH2006PTC161327



Manish V. Parekh
Director
DIN : 00037724

Mumbai
25 June 2020

Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited
(Formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)

Statement of Changes in Equity (SOCIE)
for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

(a) Equity share capital

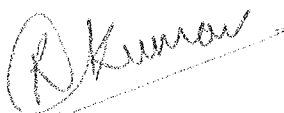
	31 March 2020		31 March 2019	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Balance at the beginning of the year	44,40,000	444.00	44,40,000	444.00
Balance at the end of the year	44,40,000	444.00	44,40,000	444.00

(b) Other equity

Particulars	Reserves & Surplus			Total other equity
	Retained Earnings	Securities Premium	General Reserve	
Balance as at 31 March 2018	2,543.36	3,987.00	30.00	6,560.36
Profit for the year	631.85	-	-	631.85
Other comprehensive income for the year	(10.44)	-	-	(10.44)
Total comprehensive income for the year	621.41	-	-	621.41
Dividend	(177.60)	-	-	(177.60)
Corporate tax on dividend	(36.51)	-	-	(36.51)
Balance as at 31 March 2019	2,950.66	3,987.00	30.00	6,967.66
Profit for the year	1,493.01	-	-	1,493.01
Other comprehensive income for the year	(1.09)	-	-	(1.09)
Transition impact of IND AS 116	(21.61)	-	-	(21.61)
Total comprehensive income for the year	1,470.31	-	-	1,470.31
Balance as at 31 March 2020	4,420.97	3,987.00	30.00	8,437.97

As per our report of even date attached.

For BSR & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022



Rishabh Kumar
Partner
Membership No: 402877

Mumbai
25 June 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited
(Formerly known as Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited)
CIN: U63020MH2006PTC161327



Nayan S. Parekh
Director
DIN : 00037597



Manish V. Parekh
Director
DIN : 00037724

Mumbai
25 June 2020

Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited

(Formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

1 Background

Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited ("the Company") was incorporated on 24 April 2006 as a Private Limited Company. Previously it was a 50:50 Joint venture between Nilkamal Limited and Bito Lagertechnik Bittmann, Germany. On 22 August 2019, Nilkamal Limited acquired balance 50% stake in Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited, and now it is a wholly owned subsidiary of Nilkamal Limited w.e.f. 23 August 2019. The Company has changed its name from Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited to Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited w.e.f. 24 October 2019. The Company is engaged in the business of Material Handling Storage Systems.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

a) Basis of preparation of financial statements

The Financial Statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) to comply with the section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 ("the 2013 Act"), read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015, and as amended from time to time. The financial statements were approved by the Company's board of directors on 25th June 2020.

Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian rupees, which is the Company's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded off to two decimal places to the nearest lakh, unless otherwise indicated.

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- A) Certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) that are measured at fair value
- B) Defined benefit plans-plan assets measured at fair value

Current/ non-current classification

The Schedule III of the Act requires assets and liabilities to be classified as either current or non-current.

Assets

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a. it is expected to be realised in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the entity's normal operating cycle;
- b. it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c. it is expected to be realised within twelve months after the balance sheet date; or
- d. it is cash or a cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the balance sheet date.

Current assets include the current portion of non-current financial assets.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

Liabilities

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a. it is expected to be settled in, the entity's normal operating cycle;
- b. it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c. it is due to be settled within twelve months after the balance sheet date; or
- d. the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of a

liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Current liabilities include the current portion of non-current financial liabilities.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Operating cycle

Operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash or cash equivalents. Based on the nature of services and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current – non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Ind AS requires use of estimates and assumptions for some items, which might have an effect on their recognition and measurement in the balance sheet and statement of profit and loss. The actual amounts realised may differ from these estimates.

Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited

(Formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

b) Use of accounting estimates and judgments

Such estimates are reviewed at each reporting period and impact if any is given in current and future periods.

Estimates and assumptions are required in particular for:

(i) Determination of the estimated useful lives of tangible assets

Useful lives of tangible assets are based on the life prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. In cases, where the useful lives are different from that prescribed in Schedule II for plant and machinery, they are based on technical advice, taking into account the nature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating conditions of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes, manufacturers' warranties and maintenance support.

(ii) Recoverability of deferred income tax assets

In determining the recoverability of deferred income tax assets, the Company primarily considers current and expected profitability of applicable operating business segments and their ability to utilise any recorded tax assets. The Company reviews its deferred income tax assets at every reporting period end, taking into consideration the availability of sufficient current and projected taxable profits, reversals of taxable temporary differences and tax planning strategies.

(iii) Measurement of defined benefit obligations and other employee benefit obligations

The Company's net obligation in respect of gratuity benefit scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods; that benefit is discounted to determine its present value, and the fair value of any plan assets is deducted.

Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related services are recognised as a liability at the present value of the other long-term employment benefits.

The present value of the obligation is determined based on actuarial valuation at the balance sheet date by an Independent actuary using the Projected Unit Credit Method, which recognises each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures. The obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The discount rates used for determining the present value of the obligation under defined benefit plan, are based on the market yields on Government securities as at the balance sheet date.

(iv) Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker (CODM). Based on the internal reporting viewed by CODM, the Company is considered to be a single segment company – engaged in the manufacture of 'Material Handling Storage Systems of metal'. Consequently, the Company has, in its primary segment, only one reportable business segment.

c) Standards issued, but not yet effective

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification which would have been applicable from April 1, 2020.

d) Property, plant and equipment

Measurement at recognition

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably and is measured at cost. Subsequent to recognition, all items of property, plant and equipment (except for freehold land) are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

If the cost of an individual part of property, plant and equipment is significant relative to the total cost of the item, the individual part is accounted for and depreciated separately.

The cost of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price plus any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management and the initial estimate of decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities, if any. Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.

Items such as spare parts, stand-by equipments and servicing that meets the definition of property, plant and equipment are capitalised at cost and depreciated over the useful life. Cost of repairs and maintenance are recognised in the statement of profit and loss as and when incurred.

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(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

d) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation on tangible assets is provided on the straight-line method over the useful lives of assets as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Act except for plant and machinery which is based on independent technical evaluation carried out by an external valuer and the management believes that the useful lives as given above best represent the period over which management expects to use these assets. Hence the useful life for plant and machinery of 10 years for continuous running is different from the useful life as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Act.

Cost of Leasehold land is amortised over the period of lease.

Depreciation on additions / deletions is calculated on a pro-rata basis from the date of addition / upto the date of deletion.

Individual assets acquired for less than Rs. 15,000 are entirely depreciated in the year of acquisition.

Capital work in progress and Capital advances

Assets under Capital Work in Progress includes the cost of property, plant and equipment that are not ready to use at the balance sheet date. Advances paid to acquire property, plant and equipment before the balance sheet date are disclosed under Other Non Current Assets. Assets under Capital Work in Progress are not depreciated as these assets are not yet available for use.

Derecognition

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and is recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the period the asset is derecognised.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.

Measurement at recognition

Intangible assets comprise primarily of computer software. Intangible assets are initially recorded at cost and subsequent to recognition, intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

e) Intangible assets

Amortisation

Software (intangible assets) is amortised on a straight-line basis over a period of 36 months from the date of its implementation or based on the management's estimate of useful life over which the economic benefits will be derived.

Derecognition

An item of intangible asset is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on derecognition of an item of intangible asset is measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and is recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the period the asset is derecognised.

f) Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

(i) Non-derivative financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

The Company recognises a financial asset in its balance sheet when it become party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Where the fair value of a financial asset at initial recognition is different from its transaction price, the difference between the fair value and the transaction price is recognised as a gain or loss in the statement of profit and loss at initial recognition if the fair value is determined through quoted market price in an active market for an identical asset (i.e level 1 input) or through a valuation technique that uses data from observable markets (i.e level 2 input).

In case the fair value is not determined using a level 1 or level 2 input as mentioned above, the difference between the fair value and transaction price is deferred appropriately and recognised as a gain or loss in the statement of profit and loss only to the extent that such gain or loss arises due to a change in factor market participants take into account when pricing the financial asset.

However, trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at transaction price irrespective of the fair value on initial recognition.

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Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

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(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

f) Financial Instruments (Continued)

(i) Non-derivative financial assets (Continued)

Subsequent measurement:

For subsequent measurement, the Company classifies a financial asset in accordance with the below criteria:

- (i) The Company's business model for managing the financial asset and
- (ii) The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Based on the above criteria, the Company classifies its financial assets into the following categories:

- (i) Financial assets measured at amortised cost.
- (ii) Financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL).

(i) Financial assets measured at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at the amortised cost if both the conditions are met :

- (a) The Company's business model objective for managing the financial asset is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows.
- (b) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

This category applies to cash and bank balances, trade receivables, loans, deposits and other financial assets of the Company. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The amortised cost of a financial asset is also adjusted for loss allowance, if any.

(ii) Financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL).

A financial asset is measured at FVTPL unless it is measured at amortised cost or at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI). Equity investments are measured at FVTPL unless the Company opts for an irrevocable option to measure them at FVOCI at inception. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value changes are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Derecognition:

A financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount and the consideration received is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Impairment of financial assets:

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- (a) Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, and bank balance.
- (b) Trade receivables - The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. Trade receivables are tested for impairment on a specific basis after considering the sanctioned credit limits, security like letters of credit, security deposit collected etc. and expectations about future cash flows.

(ii) Non-derivative financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised initially on the trade date at which the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value minus, in the case of financial liabilities not recorded at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial liabilities.

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the initial carrying value and the redemption value is recognised in the statement of profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest rate method. Other financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs.

Non-derivative financial liabilities of the Company comprise long-term borrowings, short-term borrowings, bank overdrafts and trade and other payables.

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(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

f) Financial Instruments (Continued)

(ii) Non-derivative financial liabilities (Continued)

Subsequent measurement:

Subsequent to initial recognition these financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition:

The Company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced from the same lender on substantially different terms, or terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

(iii) Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

g) Fair Value

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value in accordance with the accounting policies mentioned above. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- (i) in the principal market for the asset or liability or
- (ii) in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy that categorises into three levels, as described as follows, the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure value. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 inputs) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 inputs).

Level 1 : quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 : inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or Indirectly

Level 3 : inputs that are unobservable for the asset or liability

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation at the end of each reporting period.

h) Valuation of Inventories:

Inventories of Raw Materials, Packing Materials, Stores and Spares, Work-in Progress, Traded goods and Finished goods are valued 'at cost and net realisable value' whichever is lower. Cost comprises all cost of purchase, appropriate direct production overheads and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost formulae used is 'Weighted Average Cost'. Due allowance is estimated and made for defective and obsolete items, wherever necessary, based on the past experience of the Company. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Raw materials and other supplies held for use in the production of inventories are not written down below cost except in case where material prices have declined and it is estimated that the cost of the finished product will exceed its net realisable value.

i) Statement of cash flows

The Company's statement of cash flows are prepared using the Indirect method, whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature if any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank balances and short-term fixed bank deposits that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These also include bank overdrafts and cash credit facility that form an integral part of the Company's cash management.

j) Foreign Currency Transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currencies of the Company at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate when the fair value was determined. Foreign currency differences are generally recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary items that are measured based on historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate as at the date of the transaction.

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Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

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2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

k) Employee benefits

(i) Short Term employee benefits

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related services are recognised in respect of employees services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amount expected to be paid when liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

(ii) Other long term employee benefit obligations

The liabilities for earned leave and sick leave are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are therefore measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the market yields at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in profit or loss.

(iii) Defined Benefit Plans

The liability or asset recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefits gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefits obligations at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation denominated in INR is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the statement of profit and loss.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet.

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognised immediately in profit or loss as past service cost

Defined Contribution plans

The Company pays provident fund contributions to government administered provident funds as per local regulations. The company has no further payment obligations once the contribution have been paid. The contributions are accounted for as defined contribution plans and the contribution are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

Bonus Plan

The Company recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses. The company recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

l) Government grants:

Grants received from the government are recognized at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Company will comply with the conditions.

Government grants related to income are deferred and recognized in the profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate and are netted off with the expense in the statement of Profit and Loss.

Government grants related to purchase of property plant and equipment are included as deferred income and are credited to profit or loss on a straight line basis over expected life of the related asset and presented within other income.

m) Borrowing costs

Borrowing cost are interest and other cost incurred in connection with the borrowing of the funds. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised. Qualifying assets, are assets which necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use. Other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

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2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

n) Revenue Recognition

The Company derives revenues primarily from sale of manufactured goods, traded goods and related services.

Effective April 1, 2018, the Company has applied Ind AS 115: Revenue from Contracts with Customers which establishes a comprehensive framework for determining whether, how much and when revenue is to be recognised. Ind AS 115 replaces Ind AS 18 Revenue. The impact of the adoption of the standard on the financial statements of the Company is insignificant.

Revenue is recognised on satisfaction of performance obligation upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for those products or services. The Performance Obligations in our contracts are fulfilled at the time of dispatch, delivery or upon formal customer acceptance depending on customer terms.

Revenue is measured based on transaction price which is fair value of the consideration received or receivable, after deduction of any discounts and any taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government such as goods and services tax, etc. Revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable a significant reversal will not occur.

Interest income is recognized using the effective interest rate method.

o) Leases

Effective 1 April, 2019, the Company adopted IND AS 116 - Leases. The Company applied IND AS 116 using modified retrospective approach, under which the cumulative effect of initial application is recognized in retained earnings at 1st April 2019. The comparative information presented is not restated. It is presented as previously reported under IND AS 17.

Accounting policy applicable before 1st April 2019

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in the arrangement.

As a lessee

Leases of assets where the Company has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Minimum lease payments made under finance leases are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

The leased assets are measured initially at an amount equal to the lower of their fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the assets are accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.

Leases of assets under which significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Lease payments under operating leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless the payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases. Lease incentives received are recognised as an integral part of the total lease expense, over the term of the lease.

Accounting policy applicable from 1st April 2019

At the inception it is assessed, whether a contract is a lease or contains a lease. A contract is a lease or contains a lease if it conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, for a period of time, in exchange for consideration.

To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether the contract involves the use of an identified asset. Use may be specified explicitly or implicitly.

- Use should be physically distinct or represent substantially all of the capacity of a physically distinct asset.
- If the supplier has a substantive substitution right, then the asset is not identified.
- The Company has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use
- The Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.
- In cases where the usage of the asset is predetermined the right to direct the use of the asset is determined when the Company has the right to use the asset or the Company designed the asset in a way that predetermines how and for what purpose it will be used.

At the commencement or modification of a contract, that contains a lease component, the Company allocates the consideration in the contract, to each lease component, on the basis of its relative standalone prices. For leases of property, it is elected not to separate non-lease components and account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

As a Lessee:

The Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date.

Right-of-use asset (ROU):

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost. Cost comprises of the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee, an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located less any lease incentives received.

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Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

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2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

o) Leases (Continued)

Accounting policy applicable from 1st April 2019 (Continued)

As a Lessee: (Continued)

After the commencement date, a lessee shall measure the right-of-use asset applying cost model, which is Cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses and also adjusted for certain re-measurements of the lease liability.

Right-of-use asset is depreciated using straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term. If the lease transfers the ownership of the underlying asset to the the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects the Company will exercise the purchase option, ROU will be depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset, which is determined based on the same basis as property, plant and equipment.

Lease liability:

Lease liability is initially measured at the present value of lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date. Discounting is done using the implicit interest rate in the lease, if that rate cannot be readily determined, then using the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Incremental borrowing rate is determined based on entity's borrowing rate adjusted for terms of the lease and type of the asset leased.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprises of fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments), variable lease payments that depends on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate at the commencement date, amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, the exercise price under a purchase option that the the Company is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the the Company is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

Lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Lease liability is re-measured when there is a change in the lease term, a change in its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option or a revised in-substance fixed lease payment, a change in the amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee and a change in future lease payments arising from change in an index or rate.

When the lease liability is re-measured corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset. If the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero it will be recorded in statement of profit and loss.

Right-of-use asset is presented under "Plant & Equipment" and lease liabilities are presented under "Financial liabilities" in the balance sheet.

The Company has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short term leases. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Transitional impact:

On transition to IND AS 116, the Company elected to apply practical expedients given by the standard as follows:

- (a) The Company has not re-assessed whether a contract is, or contains, a lease at the date of initial application instead it applied the standard to those contracts that were previously identified as leases applying IND AS 17, Leases. Standard is not applied to those contracts that were not previously identified as containing a lease applying IND AS 17.
- (b) IND AS 116 is applied retrospectively, with the cumulative effect of initially applying the Standard, is recognised at the date of initial application. The same approach is adopted for all the leases.
- (c) Comparative information are not restated and it is presented as reported under IND AS 17. The cumulative effect of initially applying this Standard, is done as an adjustment, to the opening balance of retained earnings, at the date of initial application.
- (d) For the leases which is previously classified as operating lease, under IND AS 17, the Company recognised the lease liability by measuring the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application.
- (e) The Company recognised, Right-of-use asset, at the date of initial application, for leases previously classified as an operating lease applying IND AS 17. Right-of-use asset is measured, on a lease by lease basis, at carrying amount assuming the standard is applied since the commencement date. Discounting to arrive the value of asset is done based on the incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application. The Company also assessed the Right-of-use asset for impairment as per IND AS 36, Impairment of assets, at the date of initial application.
- (f) During transition, no adjustments is made for leases for which the underlying asset is of low value.
- (g) The Company has applied a single discount rate for portfolio of leases which has reasonably similar characteristics.
- (h) During transition, impact of IND AS 116 is not given for those leases for which the lease term ends within 12 months of the date of initial application. Those leases were accounted as short term leases as per IND AS 116.

p) Taxes on Income

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

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2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

p) Taxes on Income (Continued)

i) Current tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year/period as per the provisions of tax laws enacted in India and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years/periods. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on deductible temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the balance sheet and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable income, the carry forward of unused tax losses and the carry forward of unused tax credits.

The Company reviews the carrying amount of deferred tax assets at the end of each reporting period and reduce amounts to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable income will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Presentation of current and deferred tax :

Current and deferred tax are recognised as income or an expense in the statement of profit and loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income/ Equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax income/ expense are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income/ Equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

q) Earnings per share

The basic earnings per share ('EPS') is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to equity shareholders for the period, by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted EPS is computed using the weighted average number of equity and dilutive (potential) equity equivalent shares outstanding during the period except where the results would be anti-dilutive.

r) Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A provision is recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and in respect of which reliable estimate can be made. At each Balance Sheet date, the carrying value of provisions is reviewed and adjusted to reflect the best current estimate. Contingent liabilities are not recognized but disclosed in the financial statements.

s) Investment and other financial assets

(i) Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- a. those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
- b. those measured at amortised cost

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income.

(ii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

t) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying values of assets/cash generating units at each balance sheet date are reviewed for impairment if any indication of impairment exists. If the carrying amount of the assets exceed the estimated recoverable amount, an impairment is recognised for such excess amount.

Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited

(Formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

i) Impairment of non-financial assets (Continued)

The recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and their value in use. Value in use is arrived at by discounting the future cash flows to their present value based on an appropriate discount factor.

When there is indication that an impairment loss recognised for an asset (other than a revalued asset) in earlier accounting periods which no longer exists or may have decreased, such reversal of impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, to the extent the amount was previously charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss. In case of revalued assets, such reversal is not recognised.

15/03/2020
KV

Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited
(Formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)
as at 31 March 2020

(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

3 Property, plant and equipment

	Leasehold Land	Building	Plant and Machinery	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicles	Office Equipments	Right to Use Asset	Computers	Total
Gross Block :									
Balance as at 1st April 2018	65.01	867.70	1,595.58	53.81	15.51	26.26	-	16.32	2,640.19
Additions	-	59.72	84.16	86.74	6.59	7.89	-	2.61	247.71
Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	1.64	-	-	-	-	-	1.64
Balance as at 31st March 2019	65.01	927.42	1,678.10	140.55	22.10	34.15	-	18.93	2,886.26
Balance as at 1st April 2019	65.01	927.42	1,678.10	140.55	22.10	34.15	-	18.93	2,886.26
Additions On account of Transition to Ind As 116 - 1st April 2019	-	-	-	-	-	-	132.71	-	132.71
Additions	-	14.99	63.58	19.84	1.37	36.45	6.23	0.16	142.62
Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.61	-	2.61
Disposals	-	-	66.90	2.18	3.06	7.19	-	1.80	81.13
Balance as at 31 March 2020	65.01	942.41	1,674.78	158.21	20.41	63.41	141.55	17.29	3,083.07
Depreciation :									
Balance as at 1st April 2018	2.40	94.22	547.19	37.19	9.23	13.30	-	10.50	714.03
Depreciation for the year	0.80	35.58	132.52	5.78	2.88	4.57	-	4.50	186.63
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	1.35	-	-	-	-	-	1.35
Balance as at 31st March 2019	3.20	129.80	678.36	42.97	12.11	17.87	-	15.00	899.31
Balance as at 1st April 2019	3.20	129.80	678.36	42.97	12.11	17.87	-	15.00	899.31
Depreciation for the year	0.80	36.96	136.05	12.49	2.45	20.98	36.14	2.90	248.77
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	30.28	0.31	2.81	5.27	-	1.71	40.38
Balance as at 31 March 2020	4.00	166.76	784.13	55.15	11.75	33.58	36.14	16.19	1,107.70
Net Block :									
As at 31st March 2019	61.81	797.62	999.74	97.58	9.99	16.38	-	3.93	1,986.95
As at 31 March 2020	61.01	775.65	890.65	103.06	8.66	29.83	105.41	1.10	1,975.37

Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited
(Formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)
as at 31 March 2020

(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

3 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Details of Right of Use :

	Leasehold Land	Building	Vehicles	Total
Gross Block :				
Balance as at 1st April 2019	-	-	-	-
Additions on account of transition to Ind AS 116	17.24	112.27	3.20	132.71
Additions	-	6.23	-	6.23
Adjustment	-	2.61	-	2.61
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2020	17.24	121.11	3.20	141.55
Depreciation :				
Balance as at 1st April 2018	-	-	-	-
Depreciation for the year	-	-	-	-
Adjustments :	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March 2020	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 1st April 2019	-	-	-	-
Depreciation for the year	0.20	34.95	0.99	36.14
Adjustments :	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2019	0.20	34.95	0.99	36.14
Net Block :				
As at 31st March 2019	-	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2020	17.04	86.16	2.21	105.41

* - In accordance with Ind AS 116 prepaid lease rental is regrouped from Other Non current asset to Right of Use asset amounting to Rs.2.61 lakhs

Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited
(Formerly known as Nilkamal BTO Storage Systems Private Limited)

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)
as at 31 March 2020

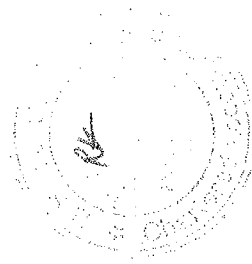
(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

3 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Notes :-

- a) The Company has adopted Ind AS 116 effective 1st April, 2019, using the modified retrospective method. The Company has applied the standard to its leases with the cumulative impact recognised on the date of initial application (1st April, 2019). Accordingly, previous period information has not been restated.
- b) This has resulted in recognising a right-of-use asset of Rs.138.94 lakhs and a corresponding lease liability of Rs.169.42 lakhs. The difference of Rs.21.61 lakhs (net of deferred tax asset created of Rs.8.87 lakhs) has been adjusted to retained earnings as at 1st April 2019.
- c) In the statement of profit and loss for the current year, operating lease expenses which were recognised as other expenses in previous periods is now recognised as depreciation expense for the right-of-use asset and finance cost for interest accrued on lease liability. The adoption of this standard did not have any significant impact on the profit for the year and earnings per share. The weighted average incremental borrowing rate of 8.5% has been applied to lease liabilities recognised in the balance sheet at the date of initial application.
- The Company incurred Rs.49.19 lakhs for the year ended 31st March, 2020 towards expenses relating to short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The total cash outflow for leases is Rs.93.72 lakhs for the year ended 31st March, 2020, including cash outflow of short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. Interest on lease liabilities is Rs.12.93 lakhs for the year.
- The Company's leases comprise of land, buildings and vehicles. The Company leases land and buildings for manufacturing and warehouse facilities.
- d) Maturity analysis of Undiscounted Contractual Future lease Outflow are as follows.

Period	Amount
Within one year	47.65
One to Five years	73.44
More than Five years	1,083.24



Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited

(Formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2020

(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
4 Investments (at cost)		
Investment in Nilkamal Foundation*	0.00	0.00
(March 31, 2020 : 1 Share of Rs. 10/-, March 31, 2019 : 1 Share of Rs. 10/-)		
	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>
All Investment in shares are fully paid up		
Aggregate amount of unquoted Investments *	0.00	0.00
* The amount represent below Rs. 1000		
5 Non-current loans		
Unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated		
a Security deposits	14.69	22.11
	<u>14.69</u>	<u>22.11</u>
6 Other non-current financial assets		
Bank Deposit (Maturity after 12 months from reporting date)*	2.00	23.73
	<u>2.00</u>	<u>23.73</u>
*Deposits earmarked with electricity board as earnest money deposit	-	23.73
*Deposits earmarked as earnest money deposits.	1.00	-
7 Advance tax assets (net)		
Taxes paid in advance (net of provision of Rs 931.70 lakhs)	112.19	37.08
	<u>112.19</u>	<u>37.08</u>
8 Other non current assets		
Capital advances	-	26.95
Prepaid lease rent	-	2.16
	<u>-</u>	<u>29.11</u>
9 Inventories		
(valued at lower of cost and net realisable value)		
a Raw materials and components	1,455.57	1,289.30
Goods in transit	1.22	0.84
	<u>1,456.79</u>	<u>1,290.14</u>
b Work -in-progress	112.86	114.60
c Finished goods (material handling storage systems of metal)	911.50	947.70
d Stock in Trade (lean lifts and others)	26.76	26.26
e Stores, consumables and packing material	38.67	39.31
	<u>2,546.58</u>	<u>2,418.01</u>

For inventories on hypothecation as security against borrowing (refer note 21)

During the year an amount of Rs.117.79 lakhs (Previous year - Rs.52.75 lakhs) was charged to the statement of profit and loss on account of Damage and Slow Moving Inventory.

Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited
(Formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)
as at 31 March 2020

(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
10 Trade receivables		
(a) Considered good - Secured	-	-
Receivables outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment	-	-
(b) Considered good - Unsecured	5,567.37	3,275.07
(c) With significant increase in credit risk	-	-
(d) Credit impaired	107.39	98.69
	<u>5,674.76</u>	<u>3,373.75</u>
	(107.39)	(98.69)
Less: Provision for loss allowance	<u>5,567.37</u>	<u>3,275.07</u>
For trade receivables on hypothecation as security against borrowing (refer note 21)		
Trade receivables (unsecured, considered good) includes Rs. 50.57 Lakhs (31 March 2019 Rs. 15.39 Lakhs)		
due from related parties (refer note 45)		
11 Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash and cash equivalents	12.30	7.36
a Cash on hand		
b Balances with banks	3.58	16.26
- in current accounts	139.62	152.97
- in cash credit accounts	-	240.95
- in deposit accounts with original maturity of 3 months or less		
	<u>155.50</u>	<u>417.54</u>
12 Bank balance other than those included in cash and cash equivalents		
(ii) Other bank balances	27.38	205.51
Other bank deposits with 3 to 12 months maturity*	<u>27.38</u>	<u>205.51</u>
*Deposits earmarked as earnest money deposits.	-	1.47
*Deposits earmarked with electricity board as earnest money deposit	25.62	-
13 Current loans (Unsecured, considered good)		
a Employee Loans	29.57	32.27
	<u>29.57</u>	<u>32.27</u>
14 Other current financial assets (Unsecured, considered good)		
Interest subsidy receivable	1.82	7.71
Interest accrued on fixed deposits	0.04	0.15
Insurance subsidy receivable	-	7.10
	<u>1.86</u>	<u>14.96</u>



Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited

(Formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2020

(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
15 Other Current Assets		
To parties other than related parties		
a Earnest money deposits considered good	3.45	16.26
Earnest money deposits considered doubtful	1.00	7.11
Less: Provision for earnest money deposits considered doubtful	(1.00)	(7.11)
	<u>3.45</u>	<u>16.26</u>
b Balance with Government authorities	582.66	834.94
c Advances to vendors	141.58	143.12
d Prepaid lease rent	-	0.99
e Advance for expenses	100.74	89.97
f Others	39.73	43.80
	<u>868.16</u>	<u>1,129.08</u>

16 Equity Share Capital

Authorised

5,000,000 (Previous year - 5,000,000) equity shares of Rs.10 each

500.00 500.00

500.00 500.00

Equity share capital

Issued, subscribed and paid up

4,440,000 (Previous year - 4,440,000) equity shares of Rs.10 each, fully paid up

444.00 444.00

444.00 444.00

Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of reporting year

	31 March 2020		31 March 2019	
Equity shares	No. of Shares held	No. of Shares held	No. of Shares held	No. of Shares held
At the commencement and at the end of the year	44,40,000	44,40,000	44,40,000	44,40,000

Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity share having a par value of Rs 10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share. The dividend, if Board of Directors is subject to the approval of shareholders except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are remaining assets of the Company in proportion to their shareholding.

Shares held by holding / ultimate holding company (i.e. parent of the group) and/or their subsidiaries/associates

Name of shareholder	31 March 2020		31 March 2019	
	No. of shares held	Amount	No. of shares held	Amount
Nilkamal Limited (Holding Company)	44,39,999	4,43,99,990	22,20,000	2,22,00,000
Bito Lagertechnik Bittmann, GmbH	-	-	22,20,000	2,22,00,000
	<u>44,39,999</u>	<u>4,43,99,990</u>	<u>44,40,000</u>	<u>4,44,00,000</u>

Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company

Name of shareholder	31 March 2020		31 March 2019	
	No. of shares held	% of holding	No. of shares held	% of holding
Nilkamal Limited	44,39,999	99.99	22,20,000	50
Bito Lagertechnik Bittmann, GmbH	-	-	22,20,000	50

Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited
(Formerly known as Nilkamal BTO Storage Systems Private Limited)

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)
as at 31 March 2020

(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
17 Other equity		
(a) Securities Premium		
At the commencement and end of the year	3,987.00	3,987.00
	<u>3,987.00</u>	<u>3,987.00</u>
(b) General Reserve		
At the commencement and end of the year	30.00	30.00
	<u>30.00</u>	<u>30.00</u>
(c) Retained Earnings		
At the commencement of the year	2,950.66	2,543.36
Profit during the year	1,493.01	631.85
Items of other comprehensive Income recognised directly in retained earnings		
- Remeasurement losses on post employment defined benefits plans, net of tax	(1.09)	(10.44)
Equity dividend (dividend for March 31, 2018 Rs. 4.00 per share)	-	(177.60)
Transition impact of IND AS 116	(21.61)	-
Corporate tax on dividend	-	(36.51)
	<u>4,420.97</u>	<u>2,950.66</u>
	<u>8,437.97</u>	<u>6,967.66</u>
18 Non-Current Provisions		
Provision for employee benefits :		
Compensated absences	33.81	30.22
	<u>33.81</u>	<u>30.22</u>
19 Deferred liabilities (net)		
Deferred tax liabilities		
Excess of depreciation / amortisation on fixed assets under income tax law over depreciation / amortisation provided in books of account.	88.52	108.49
	<u>88.52</u>	<u>108.49</u>
Deferred tax assets		
Gratuity	-	0.59
Compensated absences	11.94	11.95
Provision for doubtful debts	27.28	30.81
Transition impact of IND AS 116	8.16	-
Bonus payable	3.44	3.98
Minimum alternate tax credit entitlement	-	3.65
Others	0.57	0.27
	<u>51.39</u>	<u>51.25</u>
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	<u>(37.13)</u>	<u>(57.24)</u>
20 Other Non-Current Financial Liabilities		
a Lease liabilities	98.69	-
	<u>98.69</u>	<u>-</u>

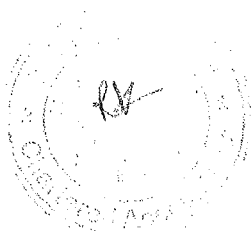
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Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited
(Formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)
as at 31 March 2020

(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
21 Borrowings - Non Current Financial Liabilities		
<u>Secured Loans</u>		
Cash credit facility from banks *	-	24.98
	<u>-</u>	<u>24.98</u>
(Cash credit facility from banks carries interest rates computed on daily basis based on utilization)	8.25% - 10.00%	9.50% - 10.55%
	p.a.	p.a.
<u>*Security</u>		
Cash credit facility from bank are secured by a first charge on entire current assets of the Company and second charge (residual) on pari passu basis on the Company's fixed assets.		
22 Trade payables		
a due to micro and small enterprises (refer note 36)	3.64	-
b due to others	1,921.93	1,474.12
	<u>1,925.57</u>	<u>1,474.12</u>
23 Other financial liabilities		
a. Capital creditors	38.18	30.10
b. Employee benefits payable	32.32	29.08
c. Lease Liabilities	39.12	-
	<u>109.62</u>	<u>59.18</u>
24 Other current liabilities		
a Advance from customers	174.76	482.07
b. Statutory dues payable		
i Tax deducted at source	30.76	28.90
ii Provident fund, ESIC, profession tax	9.80	8.30
iii GST	3.76	-
d Others	3.12	-
	<u>222.20</u>	<u>519.27</u>
25 Current Provisions		
a Provision for employee benefits (refer note 44)		
Gratuity	-	2.04
Compensated absences	20.84	20.82
	<u>20.84</u>	<u>22.86</u>



Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited
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Notes to the financial statements (Continued)
for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
26 Revenue from operations (refer note 33)		
Sale of products		
(i) Manufactured goods (material handling storage systems of metal)		
Local	16,907.43	15,322.59
Export	4.85	82.92
(ii) Traded goods (lean lifts and others)	2,680.11	1,678.71
Sale of services		
Erection charges	1,337.80	1,331.12
Commission	29.53	79.80
Other operating revenues		
Process waste sale	106.51	111.44
Others	309.31	402.34
	21,375.54	19,008.92
27 Other Income		
Interest income on fixed deposits	15.25	7.84
Interest income others	3.47	5.39
Unwinding of discount on security deposit	0.67	1.18
	19.39	14.41
28 Cost of materials consumed		
Raw materials and components	10,324.59	10,049.66
Opening stock	1,290.14	1,376.62
Add Purchases	10,491.24	9,963.18
	11,781.38	11,339.80
Less Closing stock	1,456.79	1,290.14
	10,324.59	10,049.66
29 Changes in inventories of finished goods, work in progress and stock-in-trade		
Opening stock		
Finished goods (material handling storage systems of metal)	947.70	727.98
Work in progress	114.60	78.50
Stock in trade (lean lifts and others)	26.26	17.87
	1,088.56	824.35
Closing Stock		
Finished goods (material handling storage systems of metal)	911.50	947.70
Work in progress	112.86	114.60
Stock in trade (lean lifts and others)	26.76	26.26
	1,051.12	1,088.56
	37.44	(264.21)

Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited
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Notes to the financial statements (Continued)
for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
30 Employee benefits expense		
Salaries, wages and bonus	1,087.86	1,116.87
Contribution to provident and other funds (refer note 44)	62.10	54.49
Staff welfare expenses	49.74	93.49
	<u>1,199.70</u>	<u>1,264.85</u>
31 Finance costs		
Interest on Financial Liabilities	4.15	21.04
Interest on working capital loan	-	16.94
Other interest	4.45	6.85
Interest Expense on Lease Liabilities	12.93	-
Other borrowing cost	22.88	21.11
	<u>44.41</u>	<u>65.94</u>
32 Other expenses		
(a) Consumption of stores and spares, etc.	943.84	887.74
(b) Power and fuel	106.51	99.32
(c) Labour charges	411.41	304.82
(d) Erection charges	2,073.92	1,813.74
(e) Carriage outward	446.62	799.06
(f) Technical and management fees	521.33	579.52
(g) Rent	47.70	54.55
(h) Repairs and maintenance		
(i) Machinery	-	2.34
(ii) Buildings	1.26	16.15
(iii) Others	54.20	67.03
(i) Insurance	23.36	26.54
(j) Rates and taxes	2.89	1.91
(k) Travelling and conveyance	428.26	472.34
(l) Lease rent	1.49	1.35
(m) Payment to auditors		
-Audit fees	8.00	8.00
-In other capacity	0.21	0.58
-Reimbursement of expenses	0.60	0.58
(n) Bank charges	42.91	61.51
(o) Legal and professional fees	69.91	45.74
(p) Bad debts written off	70.82	27.43
(q) Provision for doubtful trade receivables and advances	2.60	40.02
(r) Net loss on account of foreign exchange fluctuations	9.09	9.93
(s) Deputation charges	17.45	28.47
(t) Loss on sale of fixed assets (net)	20.01	0.18
(u) Corporate social responsibility expenses	20.50	24.60
(v) Miscellaneous expenses	162.18	150.80
	<u>5,487.07</u>	<u>5,524.25</u>

Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited
(Formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)
for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

33 Revenue from Contract from Customer

A. Revenue Streams

The Company generates revenue primarily from the sale of Storage Systems of Metal and Accessories to its customers. Other sources of revenue include Sale of services.

	Note	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Revenue from Contracts with Customers	26		
Sale of Products		19,592.39	17,084.22
Sale of Services		1,367.33	1,410.92
Other Operating revenue			
Sale of Scrap		106.51	111.44
Others		309.31	402.34
Total revenue		21,375.54	19,008.92

B. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

In the following table, revenue from contracts with customers is disaggregated by primary geographical market, major products and service lines and timing of revenue recognition.

For the year ended 31 March	Product Category		Total	
	Storage Systems of Metal and Accessories, Related Trading & Services & Commission Services			
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Primary geographical markets				
Domestic Sales	19,587.54	17,001.30	19,587.54	17,001.30
Export sales	4.85	82.92	4.85	82.92
	19,592.39	17,084.22	19,592.39	17,084.22
Revenue types				
Sale of products	19,592.39	17,084.22	19,592.39	17,084.22
Sale of Services	1,367.33	1,410.92	1,367.33	1,410.92
Sale of Scrap	106.51	111.44	106.51	111.44
Others	309.31	402.34	309.31	402.34
	21,375.54	19,008.92	21,375.54	19,008.92
Timing of revenue recognition				
Products Transferred at a point in time	21,375.54	19,008.92	21,375.54	19,008.92
Revenue from contracts with customers	21,375.54	19,008.92	21,375.54	19,008.92
External revenue as reported	21,375.54	19,008.92	21,375.54	19,008.92

C. Reconciliation of Revenue from operation with Contract price

	Year ended 31st March, 2020	Year ended 31st March, 2019
Contract Price	21,410.85	19,103.40
Less: Discounts	35.31	94.48
Total Revenue from Operation	21,375.54	19,008.92

D. Contract balances

The following table provides information about receivables from contracts with customers.

	Note	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
Advance from customer, which are included in 'Other Current Liabilities'	24	174.76	482.07
Receivables, which are included in 'trade receivables'	10	5,567.37	3,275.07

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Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)
for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

34 (a) Tax expense

(a) Amounts recognised in profit and loss

	For the year ended 31 March 2020	For the year ended 31 March 2019
Current Year		
Adjustment in respect of current income tax of previous year	510.43	190.00
Current income tax (net)	-	-
	510.43	190.00
Deferred income tax liability / (asset), net		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(5.01)	63.70
Reduction in tax rate	(7.06)	-
Transition impact of IND AS116	1.20	-
Deferred tax expense/ (credit)	(10.87)	63.70
Tax expense for the year	499.56	253.70
Effective tax rate for the year	25.07%	28.64%

(b) Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income

	For the year ended 31 March 2020			For the year ended 31 March 2019		
	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	Net of tax	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	Net of tax
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss						
Remeasurements of defined benefit liability (asset)	(1.45)	0.36	(1.09)	(14.73)	4.29	(10.44)
	(1.45)	0.36	(1.09)	(14.73)	4.29	(10.44)

(c) Reconciliation of effective tax rate

	For the year ended 31 March 2020	For the year ended 31 March 2019
Profit before tax	1,992.57	885.55
Tax using the Company's domestic tax rate	25.17%	27.82%
Reduction in tax rate	-0.35%	0.00%
Tax effect of:		
Tax impact of income not subject to tax	0.00%	0.00%
Tax effects of amounts which are not deductible for taxable	1.03%	0.00%
Adjustment for current tax of prior period	0.00%	0.00%
Deferred tax assets not recognized because realization is not	0.00%	0.77%
Effect of different tax rate	0.00%	0.30%
Tax deduction Under Chapter VIA	-0.22%	-0.65%
Excess Provision for tax in respect of previous years written	0.00%	0.00%
Transition impact of IND AS116	0.06%	0.00%
Others	-0.61%	0.40%
	25.07%	28.64%

The applicable Indian corporate statutory tax rate for the year ended 31 March, 2020 is 25.168% and March, 2019 is 27.82%.

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Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)
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(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

34 (b)

(a) Movement in deferred tax balances

	Net balance April 1, 2019	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	31 March 2020		Deferred tax liability
				Net	Deferred tax asset	
Deferred tax asset / (liabilities)						
Property, plant and equipment	(108.49)	19.97	-	(88.52)	-	(88.52)
Employee benefits	16.52	(1.52)	0.36	15.37	15.37	-
Provision for Doubtful Debts / Advances	30.81	(3.53)	-	27.28	27.28	-
MAT credit entitlement **	3.65	(3.65)	-	0.00	0.00	-
Other provisions	0.27	8.46	-	8.74	8.74	-
Tax assets (Liabilities)	(57.24)	19.73	0.36	(37.13)	51.39	(88.52)
Set off tax						
Net tax assets / (liabilities)	(57.24)	19.73	0.36	(37.13)	51.39	(88.52)

(b) Movement in deferred tax balances

	Net balance 1 April 2019	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	31 March 2019		Deferred tax liability
				Net	Deferred tax asset	
Deferred tax asset / (liabilities)						
Property, plant and equipment	(94.51)	(13.99)	-	(108.49)	-	(108.49)
Employee benefits	19.73	(7.50)	4.29	16.52	16.52	-
Provision for Doubtful Debts / Advances	19.15	11.66	-	30.81	30.81	-
MAT credit entitlement **	57.73	(54.08)	-	3.65	3.65	-
Other provisions	0.06	0.21	-	0.27	0.27	-
Tax assets (Liabilities)	2.16	(63.70)	4.29	(57.24)	51.25	(108.49)
Set off tax						
Net tax assets / (liabilities)	2.16	(63.70)	4.29	(57.24)	51.25	(108.49)

** Previous year's figures have been regrouped or reclassified, to conform to the current year's presentation wherever considered necessary.

The Company offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

Management judgment is required in determining provision for income tax, deferred income tax assets and liabilities and recoverability of deferred income tax assets. The recoverability of deferred income tax assets is based on estimates of taxable income in which the relevant entity operates and the period over which deferred income tax assets will be recovered.

The Company have elected to exercise the option permitted under Section 115BAA of the Income Tax Act, 1961 as introduced by the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2019. Accordingly, the Company have recognised provision for income tax for the year ended 31st March 2020 and re-measured its deferred tax balances basis the rate prescribed in the said Section. The full impact of this change has been recognised in the statement of profit and loss account for the year ended 31st March 2020.

The Company has reviewed its income tax treatments in order to determine whether Appendix C of Ind AS 12 effective from April 1, 2019 could have an impact on the financial statements and concluded that it has no material impact on the Company's financial statements

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Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

35 Contingent liabilities and commitments

a) Contingent liabilities

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Income Tax Matters	3.20	-
Excise matters	95.62	71.78

The Excise and Income tax demands are being contested by the Company at various levels. The Company has been legally advised that it has a good case and demands by the authorities are not tenable. Future cash flows in respect of these are determinable only on receipt of judgements/ decisions pending with various forums/ authorities.

b) Note on Provident Fund

There has been a Supreme Court (SC) judgement dated 28th February 2019, relating to components of salary structure that need to be taken into account while computing the contribution to provident fund under the EPF Act. There are interpretative aspects related to the judgement including the effective date of application. In view of the management, the liability for the period from date of the SC to 31 March 2019 is not significant and has not been provided in the books of accounts. The Company will continue to assess any further developments in this matter for the implications on financial statement, if any.

c) Commitments

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Estimated net amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (net of advances)	-	126.64

36 Dues Micro and Small Enterprises

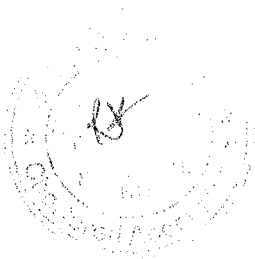
Under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, (MSMED) which came into force from 2 October 2006, certain disclosures are required to be made relating to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises. On the basis of the information and records available with the management, there are no outstanding dues to the Micro and

Small enterprises as defined in the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

Particulars	31 st March, 2020	31 st March, 2019
Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the year end	3.64	-
Interest due thereon	-	-
Amount of interest paid by the Company in terms of section 16 of the MSMED, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the accounting year	-	-
Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED	-	-
Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting	-	-

37 Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker (CODM). Based on the internal reporting viewed by CODM, the Company is considered to be a single segment company – engaged in the manufacture of 'Material Handling Storage Systems of metal'. Consequently, the Company has, in its primary segment, only one reportable business segment. Revenue from One customers is Rs.4,683.93 Lakhs (previous year revenue from One customer: Rs. 2,045.18 Lakhs) which is more than 10% of the company's total revenue.



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Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)
for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

38 Capital Management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued capital and all other equity reserves. The primary objective of the Company's Capital Management is to maximise shareholders value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in the light of changes in economic environment and the requirements of the financial covenants.

The Company monitors capital using debt to equity ratio.

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Total Debt	-	24.98
Total equity	8,881.97	7,411.66
Debt to equity ratio	0%	0%

39 Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year.

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
i. Profit attributable to Equity holders of Company		
Face value per share	10	10
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company:	1,493.01	631.85
ii. Weighted average number of ordinary shares		
Weighted average number of shares at March 31 for basic EPS	44.40	44.40
Basic and Diluted earnings per share	33.63	14.23

40 Operating Lease :

Operating Lease in respect of property and other assets taken on Lease:

Particulars	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Lease payments recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	49.19	55.90

The Company's leasing arrangements are in respect of operating leases for premises, offices, warehouses and vehicles. Most of these leasing arrangements are cancellable and are usually renewable by mutual consent on mutually agreeable terms. Cancellable lease rentals are accounted for on accrual basis over the term of the lease and charged to statement of Profit and Loss.

41 Transfer pricing regulations

Transactions with overseas related parties are governed by transfer pricing regulations of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1961. The Company's international and domestic transactions with related parties are at arm's length as per the independent accountants report for the year ended 31 March 2019. Management believes that the Company's international and domestic transactions with related parties post 31 March 2019 continue to be at arm's length and that the transfer pricing legislation will not have any impact on the financial statements, particularly on the amount of tax expense and that of provision for taxation.

42 Corporate social responsibility

As required by Section 135 of Companies Act, 2013 and rules therein, a Corporate social responsibility committee has been formed by the Company. The Company has spent amount during the year towards corporate social responsibility (CSR) for activities listed under schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
(a) Gross amount required to be spent by the Company	20.31	24.57
(b) Amount spent by the Company on:		
(i) Construction / acquisition of any asset	-	-
(ii) On purpose other than (i) above	20.50	24.60

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Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)
for the year ended 31 March 2020

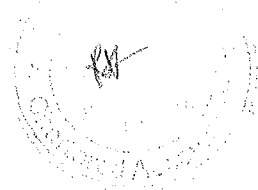
(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

A. Accounting classification and fair values

Carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy, are presented below. It does not include the fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

March 31, 2020								
	Carrying amount				Fair value			
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets								
Non Current								
Investments								
Equity Shares	0.00	-	-	0.00	-	-	-	-
Loans								
Security Deposits	-	-	14.69	14.69	-	14.69	-	14.69
Other Non current financial assets	-	-	2.00	2.00	-	-	-	-
Current								
Trade receivables	-	-	5,567.37	5,567.37	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	155.50	155.50	-	-	-	-
Other bank balances	-	-	27.38	27.38	-	-	-	-
Loans								
Loans to Employees	-	-	29.57	29.57	-	-	-	-
Other current financial assets	-	-	1.86	1.86	-	-	-	-
	0.00	-	5,798.37	5,798.37		14.69		14.69
Financial liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade payables	-	-	1,925.56	1,925.56	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	-	109.62	109.62	-	-	-	-
	-	-	2,035.18	2,035.18	-	-	-	-

March 31, 2019								
	Carrying amount				Fair value			
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets								
Non Current								
Investments								
Equity Shares	0.00	-	-	0.00	-	-	-	-
Loans								
Security Deposits	-	-	22.11	22.11	-	22.11	-	22.11
Other Non current financial assets	-	-	23.73	23.73	-	-	-	-
Current								
Trade receivables	-	-	3,275.07	3,275.07	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	417.54	417.54	-	-	-	-
Other bank balances	-	-	205.51	205.51	-	-	-	-
Loans								
Loans to Employees	-	-	32.27	32.27	-	-	-	-
Other current financial assets	-	-	14.96	14.96	-	-	-	-
	0.00	-	3,991.19	3,991.19		22.11		22.11
Financial liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	24.98	24.98	-	-	-	-
Trade payables	-	-	1,474.12	1,474.12	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	-	59.18	59.18	-	-	-	-
	-	-	1,558.28	1,558.28	-	-	-	-



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Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)
for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

43 Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management

B. Measurement of fair values

Valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs

The following tables show the valuation techniques used in measuring Level 2 fair values

Financial instruments measured at fair value

Type	Valuation technique
Security Deposits	The valuation model considers present value of expected payments discounted using an appropriate discounting rate.

C. Financial risk management

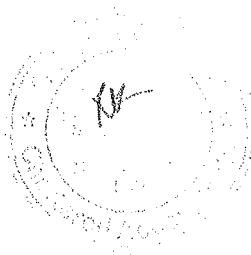
The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- Credit risk ;
- Liquidity risk ; and
- Market risk

i. Risk management framework

The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The board of directors is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies.

The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.



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Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2020

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43 Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management (Continued)

ii. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers and loans and advances.

The carrying amount of following financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure:

Trade receivables and loans and advances.

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer and the geography in which it operates. Credit risk is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business.

Credit risk is limited to the risk arising from the inability of a customer to make payment when due. It is the Company's policy to provide credit terms only to creditworthy customers. These debts are continually monitored and therefore, the Company does not expect to incur material credit

The Company establishes an allowance for impairment that represents its estimate of expected losses in respect of trade receivables and loans and advances.

Impairment

The ageing of trade receivables was as follows.

	Carrying amount	
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Neither past due nor impaired		
Past due 1-90 days	1,772.45	673.32
Past due 91-180 days	2,148.05	1,407.60
Past due 181-270 days	981.02	261.23
Past due 271-360 days	401.17	144.78
More than 361 days	85.63	402.01
	286.44	484.82
	<u>5,674.76</u>	<u>3,373.76</u>

The loans and advances consist of mainly Security deposits with landlords and employee loans and are fully recoverable

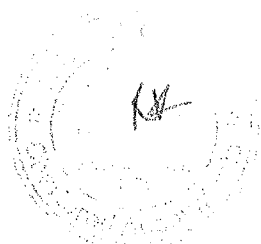
Credit risk exposure

Management believes that the unimpaired amounts which are past due are collectible in full.

	Trade receivables Impairments
Balance as at 31 March 2018	
Impairment loss recognised	65.77
Balance written back	77.98
Amounts written off	(10.09)
Balance as at 31 March 2019	(27.87)
Impairment loss recognised	105.79
Balance written back	86.58
Amounts written off	(8.27)
Balance as at 31 March 2020	(75.71)
	<u>108.39</u>

Cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances:

The Company held cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances of Rs.182.88 Lakhs as on 31 March 2020 (31 March 2019: Rs. 623.05 Lakhs). The cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances are held with bank with good credit ratings.



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Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

43 Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management (Continued)

iii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

As of 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2019 the Company had unutilized credit limits from banks of Rs. 765 Lakhs and Rs.765 Lakhs respectively.

Maturity profile of financial liabilities

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include estimated interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

31 March 2020	Carrying amount	Total	Less than 6 months	Contractual cash flows			
				6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Working Capital loans from banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade and other payables	1,921.93	1,921.93	1,921.93	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	137.82	137.82	18.03	19.33	31.76	14.03	54.67
Other financial liabilities	70.50	70.50	70.50	-	-	-	-

31 March 2019	Carrying amount	Total	Less than 6 months	Contractual cash flows			
				6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Working Capital loans from banks	24.98	24.98	24.98	-	-	-	-
Trade and other payables	1,474.12	1,474.12	1,474.12	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	59.18	59.18	59.18	-	-	-	-

The gross outflows / (inflows) disclosed in the above table represent the contractual undiscounted cash flows relating to the financial liabilities which are not usually closed out before contractual maturity.

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Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

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43 Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management (Continued)

iv. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices – such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices – will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including foreign currency receivables and payables and long term debt. We are exposed to market risk primarily related to foreign exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and the market value of our investments. Thus, our exposure to market risk is a function of investing and borrowing activities and revenue generating and operating activities in foreign currency. The objective of market risk management is to avoid excessive exposure in our foreign currency revenues and costs.

Currency risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk on account of its trade payables in foreign currency. The functional currency of the Company is Indian Rupee.

Exposure to currency risk (Exposure in different currencies converted to functional currency i.e. Rupees)

The currency profile of financial assets and financial liabilities as at 31 March 2020, 31 March 2019 are as below:

	31 March 2020 EURO	31 March 2020 USD	31 March 2020 GBP
Financial assets			
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-
	-	-	-
Financial liabilities			
Trade payables	99.67	10.96	-
	99.67	10.96	-

	31 March 2019 EURO	31 March 2019 USD	31 March 2019 GBP
Financial assets			
Trade and other receivables	35.99	-	-
	35.99	-	-
Financial liabilities			
Trade payables	23.54	(41.94)	0.27
	23.54	(41.94)	0.27

The following significant exchange rates have been applied during the year.

	Year-end spot rate	
	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
INR		
USD 1	75.67	69.160
EUR 1	82.77	77.660
GBP 1	93.36	90.500

Sensitivity analysis

A reasonably possible strengthening (weakening) of the foreign currency against the Indian Rupees at March 31 would have affected the measurement of financial instruments denominated in foreign currencies and affected equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecast sales and purchases.

Effect in Rupees	31 March 2020 Profit or loss		31 March 2019 Profit or loss	
	Strengthening	Weakening	Strengthening	Weakening
USD - 3% Movement	(0.33)	0.33	1.26	(1.26)
EUR - 3% Movement	(2.99)	2.99	0.37	(0.37)
GBP - 3% Movement	-	-	(0.01)	0.01

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Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)
for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

43 Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management (Continued)

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk can be either fair value interest rate risk or cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair values of fixed interest bearing investments because of fluctuations in the interest rates. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of floating interest bearing investments will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates.

Exposure to interest rate risk

Company's interest rate risk arises from borrowings. The interest rate profile of the Company's interest-bearing financial instruments as reported to the management of the Company is as follows.

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Borrowings		
Fixed rate borrowings	-	-
Variable rate borrowings	-	24.98
Total	<u>-</u>	<u>24.98</u>

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed-rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed-rate financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable-rate instruments

A reasonably possible change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased (decreased) profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency exchange rates, remain constant.

	Profit or (loss)	
	100 bp increase	100 bp decrease
31 March 2020		
Variable-rate instruments	-	-
Cash flow sensitivity (net)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
31 March 2019		
Variable-rate instruments	(0.25)	0.25
Cash flow sensitivity (net)	<u>(0.25)</u>	<u>0.25</u>

The risk estimates provided assume a parallel shift of 100 basis points interest rate across all yield curves. This calculation also assumes that the change occurs at the balance sheet date and has been calculated based on risk exposures outstanding as at that date. The period end balances are not necessarily representative of the average debt outstanding during the period.

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Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)
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(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

44 Employment benefits obligation

The Company contributes to the following post-employment defined benefit plans in India.

(i) Defined Contribution Plans:

The contributions to the Provident Fund and Family Pension Fund of certain employees are made to a Government administered Provident Fund and there are no further obligations beyond making such contribution. The Company recognised Rs.62.10 Lakhs (Previous Year Rs. 54.49 Lakhs) for provident and other fund contributions in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The contributions payable to these plans by the Company are at rates specified in the rules of the schemes.

(ii) Defined Benefit Plan:

A. Gratuity

The Company participates in the Employees' Gratuity scheme, a funded defined benefit plan for qualifying employees. Gratuity is payable to all eligible employees on death or on separation / termination in terms of the provisions of the Payment of Gratuity (Amendment) Act, 1997, or as per the Company's scheme whichever is more beneficial to the employees.

The most recent actuarial valuation of plan assets and the present value of the defined benefit obligation for gratuity were carried out as at March 31, 2020. The present value of the defined benefit obligations and the related current service cost and past service cost, were measured using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

	Gratuity	
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Defined benefit obligation	97.91	93.15
Fair value of Plan Assets at the end of the year	99.06	91.11
Net Obligation at the end of the year	(1.15)	2.04

B. Movement in net defined benefit (asset) liability

The following table shows a reconciliation from the opening balances to the closing balances for net defined benefit (asset) liability and its components

	Defined benefit obligation		Gratuity		Net defined benefit (asset) liability	
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	Fair value of plan assets			
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Opening balance	93.15	79.50	91.11	73.78	2.04	5.73
Included in statement of profit or loss	-	-	6.71	6.25	(6.71)	(6.25)
Current service cost	15.90	14.31	-	-	15.90	14.31
Interest cost	6.34	6.12	-	-	6.34	6.12
	115.39	99.93	97.82	80.03	17.57	19.91
Included in OCI						
Remeasurement loss (gain):	-	-	-	-	-	-
Actuarial loss (gain) arising from:	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial assumptions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Experience adjustment	(12.31)	10.81	-	-	(12.31)	10.81
Return on plan assets excluding interest income	-	-	(13.76)	(3.92)	13.76	3.92
	(12.31)	10.81	(13.76)	(3.92)	1.45	14.73
Other						
Contributions paid by the employer	-	-	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00
Benefits paid	5.17	17.59	-	-	5.17	17.59
Closing balance	5.17	17.59	15.00	15.00	20.17	32.59
Represented by						
Net defined benefit liability	97.91	93.15	99.06	91.11	(1.15)	2.04

Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited
(Formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)
for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

44 Employment benefits obligation

(ii) **Defined Benefit Plan: (Continued)**

C. Plan assets

Plan assets comprise the following:

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Fund managed by Insurance Company	99.06	91.11
	99.06	91.11

D. Defined benefit obligations

i. Actuarial assumptions

The following were the principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date (expressed as weighted averages % p.a.).

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Discount rate	6.80%	7.70%
Expected Rate of Return on Plan Assets	6.80%	7.70%
Salary escalation rate	6.00%	7.00%
Employee Turnover	5.00%	5.00%
Mortality rate	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08) Ult.	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08) Ult.

Assumptions regarding future mortality have been based on published statistics and mortality tables.

ii. Sensitivity analysis

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below.

	31 March 2020		31 March 2019	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Discount rate (1% movement)	86.02	112.19	82.38	106.10
Future salary growth (1% movement)	112.16	85.84	106.06	82.23
Rate of employee turnover (1% movement)	98.85	96.84	93.51	92.77

The sensitivity analysis above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period.

Expected future cash flows

The expected future cash flows in respect of gratuity as at 31 March 2020 were as follows

Expected contribution

The expected (undiscounted) contributions for defined benefit plan for the next financial year will be in line with the contribution for the year ended 31 March 2019.

Expected future benefit payments

	(₹ in lakhs)
31st March, 2021	2.60
31st March, 2022	3.67
31st March, 2023	3.63
31st March, 2024	3.42
Thereafter	84.59

Compensated Absences:

The Compensated absences is payable to all eligible employees for each day of accumulated leave on death or on resignation. Compensated absences debited to Statement of Profit and Loss during the year amounts to Rs.15.21 Lakhs (Previous Year Rs.19.01 Lakhs) and is included in Note 30 - 'Employee benefits expenses'. Accumulated non-current provision for leave encashment aggregates Rs.33.81 Lakhs (Previous Year: Rs.30.22 Lakhs) and current provision aggregates Rs. 20.84 Lakhs (Previous Year: Rs.20.82 Lakhs).

Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited
(Formerly known as Nilkamal BITO Storage Systems Private Limited)

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency : Rupees in Lakhs)

45 Related Party Disclosures:

Names of related parties and description of relationship

- I Holding Company w.e.f. 23.08.2019 Nilkamal Limited
Joint Venture till 22.08.2019 50:50 Between Nilkamal LTD & Bito Lagertechnik Bittmann
- II Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by the Joint Venture Partners, Nilkamal Foundation where transactions have taken place. Cambro Nilkamal Private Limited
- III Key Management Personnel Mr. Amol Pradhan
Mr. Hiten V. Parekh
Mr. Manish V. Parekh
Mr. Nayan S. Parekh
- IV Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by directors, where transactions have taken place Nilkamal Crates & Container
Raga Plast Private Limited


Particulars	31 March 2020			31 March 2019		
	Holding Company	Others Related Party	Total	Joint Venture	Others Related Party	Total
1 Purchase of Capital Assets	-	-	-	13.43	-	13.43
2 Purchase of Raw Material, Component etc.	36.79	-	36.79	69.89	3.84	73.73
3 Technical and Management Fees	614.38	-	614.38	664.66	-	664.66
4 Deputation Charges	20.60	-	20.60	33.59	-	33.59
5 Reimbursement of Expenses incurred	42.06	0.07	42.13	53.25	1.36	54.61
6 Contribution towards CSR Expenses	-	20.50	20.50	-	24.60	24.60
7 Dividend Paid	-	-	-	177.60	-	177.60
8 Investment in Equity Share	-	-	-	-	0.00	0.00
9 Erection Charges	37.91	-	37.91	30.16	-	30.16
10 Rent Expense	11.33	-	11.33	4.72	-	4.72
1 Sale of Finished Goods	759.26	-	759.26	552.61	26.89	579.50
2 Sale of Assets	148.45	2.74	151.19	-	-	-
3 Erection Charges Received	29.76	10.83	40.59	-	11.04	11.04
Balances Outstanding at the year end:						
a) Other Receivable	50.50	0.07	50.57	4.55	10.84	15.39
b) Other Payables	282.84	-	282.84	236.36	1.14	237.50
c) Investment in Equity Share	-	-	-	-	-	-

The sales to and purchases from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables.

46 Subsequent Events:

In March 2020, World Health Organisation (WHO) declared outbreak of Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) a global pandemic, consequent to this, Government of India declared lockdown on March 23, 2020 and the Company temporarily suspended all its operations at manufacturing facilities, depots, warehouses, regional offices and corporate office. This has affected the normal business operations of the Company by way of interruption in production, supply chain disruption, closure/lock down of production facilities etc. during the lock-down period. Since June 2020, the Company has commenced most of the operations. The Company has made detailed assessment of its liquidity position for the next year and the recoverability and carrying value of its assets comprising property plant and equipment, intangible assets, right of use assets, investments, inventory, trade receivables and other financial assets. Based on current indicators of future economic conditions, the Company expects to recover the carrying amount of these assets. The Company will continue to closely monitor any material changes arising of future economic conditions and impact on its business.


For BSR & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No : 101248W/W-100022


Rishabh Kumar
Partner
Membership No: 402877

Mumbai
25 June 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited
(Formerly known as Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited)
CIN: U63020MH2006PTC161327


Nayan S. Parekh
Director
DIN : 00037597


Manish V. Parekh
Director
DIN : 00037724

Mumbai
25 June 2020

NILKAMAL FOUNDATION

BALANCE SHEET

F. Y. 2019 - 2020

A.Y. 2020 - 2021

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SHETH DOCTOR & ASSOCIATES

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

B 401, Shree Ramdev Apartments
Dr. Dalvi Road, Near Bank Of India,
Kandivali (W) Mumbai 400067

Telephone : (022) 28058438

Mob: 9819748438

E-mail: doctor_paresh@yahoo.co.in

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Members of
NILKAMAL FOUNDATION

Report on the Financial Statements

* We have audited the accompanying financial statements of NILKAMAL FOUNDATION (a Company not for Profit and Limited by Shares registered under Section 8 of the Companies Act 2013), which comprises Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2020, the Statement of Income and Expenditure Account and Cash Flow statement for the year ended 31st March 2020, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India :

- (a) In the case of the Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2020
- (b) In the case of the Profit and Loss Account, of the Profit for the year ended on that date.
- (c) In the case of Cash Flow Statement, of its Cash flow during the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements' Section of our Report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

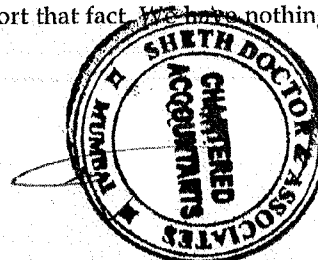
Information other than the financial statements and Auditors report thereon ('Other information')

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the financial statements and auditor's report thereon.

Our Opinion on the financial statements does not cover the information and we do not express any form of assurance or conclusions thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Managements' Responsibility for the Financial Statements



The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position and financial performance in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management and the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibility for the audit of the financial statements

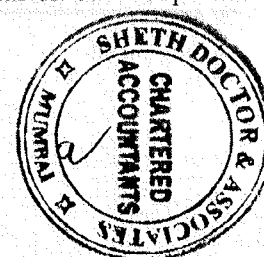
Our objective are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that include our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but it is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatement can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decision of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during an audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

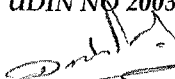


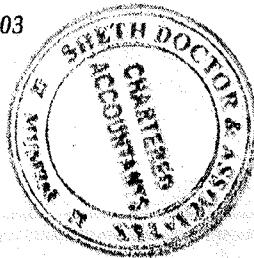
From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public communication in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. The Companies (Auditor's Report) Order,2016 ("the CARO 2016 Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of the Section 143(11) of the Act, is not applicable to the Company in terms of Clause 1(2)(iii) of the CARO 2016 Order.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that :
 - a. We have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of audit .
 - b. In our opinion proper books of accounts as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books .
 - c. The Balance Sheet, Statement of Income and Expenditure Account, Cash Flow Statement and other notes thereon dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of accounts.
 - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the accounting standards referred to in the Section 133 of the Companies Act,2013 and read with Rule No 7 of the Companies Accounting Rules 2014.
 - e. On the basis of representations received from the directors as on Mar 31, 2020 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on Mar 31,2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f. With respect to other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules,2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. As per the information and explanations given to us there are no pending litigations other than those disclosed in the financial statements.
 - ii In the opinion of the company no provision is required under any law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any , on long term contracts including derivative contracts.
 - iii There are no amounts to be transferred to Investor Education & Protection Fund during the year.

For M/s Sheth Doctor and Associates
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Regn No. 124822W)
UDIN NO 20036056AAAABA2803


Paresh S Doctor
Proprietor
Membership No. 036056



Mumbai.
Date : 25/5/2020

NILKAMAL FOUNDATION

BALANCE SHEET

As AT 31st MARCH, 2020

(All amounts are stated in
Rupees, Unless otherwise
stated)

	Note	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash & Cash Equivalents	1	14,757,508	27,397,256
Other Current Assets	2	25,350,623	10,670,471
TOTAL ASSETS		40,108,131	38,067,727
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			
Equity Share Capital	3	1,000	1,000
Other Equity	4	28,393,107	28,020,687
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Other Payables	5	1,699,024	17,700
Other current Liabilities	6	10,015,000	10,028,340
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		40,108,131	38,067,727

Basis of Preparation, measurement
and significant accounting policies

11

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date

FOR SHETH DOCTOR & ASSOCIATES
Firm Registration No. 0124822W
Chartered Accountants

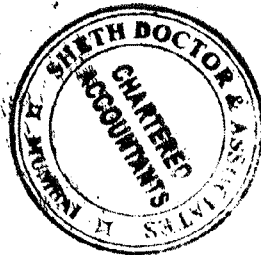
Paresh S. Doctor
Proprietor
Membership No. 36056

Place : Mumbai
Date: 25th May, 2020
UDIN NO : 20036056AAAABA2803

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of
Nilkamal Foundation
CIN : U74999MH2016NPL284394

V.V.P.
Vamanrai V. Parekh
Director
DIN : 00037519

SVP
Sharad V. Parekh
Director
DIN : 00035747



NILKAMAL FOUNDATION

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2020


(All Amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)			
	Note	Year Ended 31st March, 2020	Year Ended 31st March, 2019
INCOME			
Donation received	7	37,450,000	33,480,000
Other Income	8	1,345,664	1,449,135
TOTAL INCOME		38,795,664	34,929,135
EXPENDITURE			
Program Expense	9	38,383,013	26,417,756
Other Expense	10	38,607	38,449
Finance Expenses	11	1625	-
TOTAL EXPENSES		38,423,245	26,456,205
Excess / (Shortfall) of income over expenditure [A]		372,419	8,472,930
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR [B]			-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR [A-B]		372,419	8,472,930
Earnings/ (Loss) per equity share			
Basic & Diluted		3,724.19	84,729.30
(Face Value of Rs. 10 each)			
Basis of preparation, measurement and significant accounting policies	12		

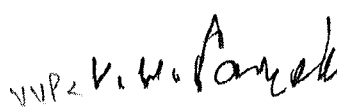
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

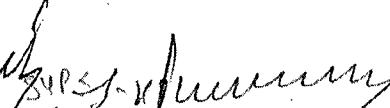
As per our report of even date

FOR SHETH DOCTOR & ASSOCIATES
Firm Registration No. 0124822W
Chartered Accountants

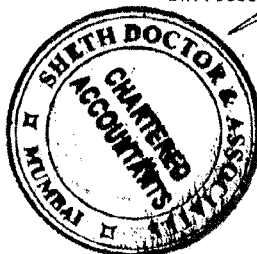
For and on behalf of Board of Directors of
Nilkamal Foundation
CIN : U74999MH2016NPL284394


Pares S. Doctor
Proprietor
Membership No. 36056


Vamanrai V. Parekh
Director
DIN : 00037519


Sharad V. Parekh
Director
DIN : 00035747

Place : Mumbai
Date: 25th May, 2020
UDIN NO : 20036056AAAAA2803



NILKAMAL FOUNDATION

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2020

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)		
	Year Ended	Year Ended
	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
A. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Excess/ (Shortfall) of income over expenditure	372,419	8,472,930
Adjustments for:		
Interest Income	-1,345,664	-1,449,135
Interest on Delayed payment	1,625	
Changes in Working Capital		
Increase/ (Decrease) in current assets	-14,688,672	-2,714,284
Increase/ (Decrease) in current liabilities	1,667,984	40,140
Direct Taxes Paid	-127,107	-102,151
Net cash generated from/ (used in) operating activities - [A]	-14,119,415	4,247,500
B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES - [B]		
Interest Received	1,481,292	1,217,437
	1,481,292	1,217,437
C. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Interest paid	-1,625	
Net cash (used in)/ generated from financing activities - [C]	-1,625	-
Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Cash And Cash equivalents - [A + B + C]	-12,639,748	5,464,937
ADD: Cash and Cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	27,397,256	21,932,319
Cash And Cash equivalents at the end of the year	14,757,508	27,397,256

Note: The above Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in the Ind AS 7. 'Statement of Cash Flows'

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date

FOR SHETH DOCTOR & ASSOCIATES
Firm Registration No. 0124822W
Chartered Accountants

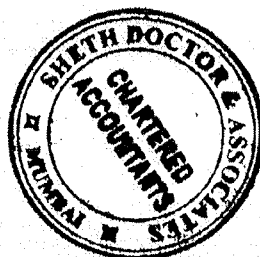
For and on behalf of Board of Directors of
Nilkamal Foundation
CIN : U74999MH2016NPL284394

(Signature)
Paresh S. Doctor
Proprietor
Membership No. 36056

(Signature)
Director
Vamanrai V. Parekh
DIN : 00037519

(Signature)
Director
Sharad V. Parekh
DIN : 00035747

Place : Mumbai
Date: 25th May, 2020
UDIN NO : 20036056AAAABA2803



NILKAMAL FOUNDATION

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2020

1] CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Balances with banks	3,741,123	1,378,465
Cash On hand	16,385	18,791
Bank Deposits of less than 3 months maturity	11,000,000	26,000,000
	14,757,508	27,397,256

2] OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Interest Receivable	96,070	231,698
Income Tax Paid	245,206	118,099
Bank Deposit with 3-12 month	25,000,000	10,285,327
Advance recoverable in csh or in Kind	9,347	35,347
	25,350,623	10,670,471

3] EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

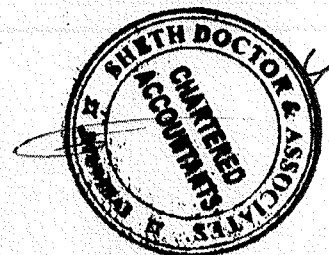
	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Authorised 100 equity shares of Rs. 10 each	1,000	1,000
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up 100 equity shares of Rs. 10 each	1,000	1,000
	1,000	1,000

a) Reconciliation of the number of shares

	As at 31st March, 2020		As at 31st March, 2019	
Equity shares	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	-	-	-
Add / (Less):	100	1,000	100	1,000
Balance at the end of the year	100	1,000	100	1,000

b) Rights, preference and restrictions attached to the shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value Rs. 10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. As the Company is a private company limited by shares of formed under section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013 , no dividend is to be proposed and paid to the shareholders. In the event of winding up or dissolution of the company , after the satisfaction of all its debts and liabilities , any property whatsoever shall be given or transferred to some other institution(s) having obect similar to the objects of the Company, to be determined by the members of the company at or before the time of dissolution or In default thereof by the High Court .



c) Shares held by holding company and subsidiary of holding company in aggregate

	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Equity shares of Rs.10 each held by:		
98 shares are held by Nilkamal Limited, the holding company	980	980
1 share is held by Nilkamal Bitos Storage System Private Limited	10	10
1 share is held by Cambro Nilkamal Private Limited	10	10

d) Details of equity shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the company

	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Number of shares of Rs. 10 each held by:		
Nilkamal Limited, the holding company	980	980
% of holding	98%	98%

4) OTHER EQUITY

	Retained Earnings	Retained Earnings
As at 1st April, 2018	28,020,687	19,547,757
Excess of Income over expenditure for the year	372,419	8,472,930
As at 31st March, 2019	28,393,107	28,020,687

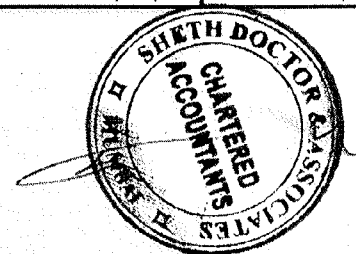
5) OTHER PAYABLES

	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Trade Payables	1,699,024	17,700
	1,699,024	17,700

	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Principal outstanding of amount payable as on 31st March 2016 relating to suppliers registered as Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006	-	-
Interest due thereon	-	-
Amount of interest paid alongwith the amount of payments made beyond the amount day	-	-
Amount of interest due and payable (where the principal is already paid but interest has not been paid)	-	-
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.	-	-
	-	-

6) OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Fund held in corpus donation	10,000,000	10,000,000
Statutory Dues	15,000	28,340
	10,015,000	10,028,340



7] DONATIONS RECEIVED

	For the period ended 31st March, 2020	For the period ended 31st March, 2019
Voluntary Contributions (From holding Company & Associates - Note No. 3(b))	37,450,000	33,480,000
	37,450,000	33,480,000

8] OTHER INCOME

	For the period ended 31st March, 2020	For the period ended 31st March, 2019
INTEREST RECEIVED - FD	1,271,072	1,004,506
INTEREST RECEIVED - SB	74,592	444,629
	1,345,664	1,449,135

9] PROGRAM EXPENSES

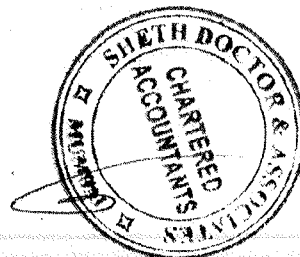
	For the period ended 31st March, 2020	For the period ended 31st March, 2019
Donations Paid	5,027,000	7,939,773
Program Expenses	33,356,013	18,477,983
	38,383,013	26,417,756

10] OTHER EXPENSES

	For the period ended 31st March, 2020	For the period ended 31st March, 2019
Bank Charges	590	-
ROC Fees	18,817	16,802
Audit Fees	17,700	17,700
Other expense		697
Professional Fees	1,500	3,250
	38,607	38,449

11) FINANCE EXPENSES

	For the period ended 31st March, 2020	For the period ended 31st March, 2019
Interest on Delayed payment	1,625	-
	1,625	-



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NILKAMAL FOUNDATION

12. NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2020

1. COMPANY OVERVIEW

Nilkamal Foundation ("The Company"), a not for profit company, within the meaning of section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013 was incorporated in India on August 3, 2016. Pursuant to the enactment of Companies Act, 2013 and section 135 of The Companies Act, 2013, the Company as an implementing agency, would carry out Corporate Social Responsibility ('CSR') activities as per CSR policy adopted by Nilkamal Limited and its group companies in line with schedule VII of The Companies Act, 2013. The Company would primarily focus on CSR activities in undertaking programs/projects majority in the field of education, health, and environmental sustainability, Relief and Rehabilitation. However, the company shall also undertake any the activities as suggested under section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, and which are also mentioned in the main object clause of the Memorandum of Association of the company, as and when the Company feels it necessary to expand.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION, MEASUREMENT AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND MEASUREMENT

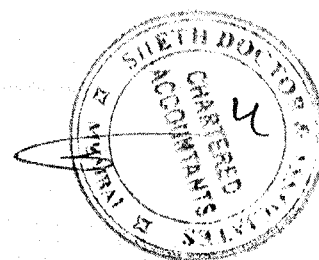
a) BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standard [hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS'] as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 3 of the Companies [Indian Accounting Standards] Rules, 2015 that are notified and other relevant provisions of the Act.

The financial statements have been prepared on the accrual and going concern basis. All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the division II-Ind AS Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. The Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current or non current classification of assets and liabilities.

b) BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

These financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise indicated.



2.2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Revenue Recognition

I) Voluntary Contribution:

Contributions received other than for corpus donations are recognized as income in the year of receipt.

Contributions received as corpus donations with future commitment for CSR expenses, are credited to 'Fund held in corpus donation' in the Balance sheet under the head of other current liabilities, and will be disbursed as per the direction of the donar for carrying out the CSR activities of the Company.

II) Interest Income on Fixed Deposits are accounted on accrual basis.

b. Expenses

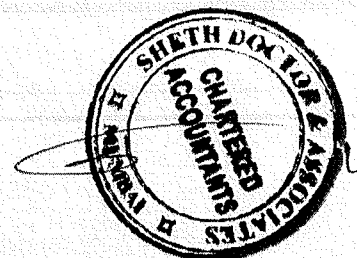
All expenses are accounted for on accrual basis and provision is made for all known losses and liabilities.

c. Program Expenses

The said expenses represents various expenditure incurred by the company on activities and projects covered by "Corporate Social Responsibility " (CSR) as specified under Section 135 of the Companies Act 2013. Expenditure on projects are written off in the respective year of it's spending irrespective of it's stage of completion. The same is accounted for as & when paid.

d. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net excess/ (shortfall) for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period and for all periods presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares, that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.



e. Cash And Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash on hand, cash in bank and deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition) highly liquid investments that are readily convertibles into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

f. Income Tax

The company has been granted exemption from Income tax under section 12A read with section 12AA of the Income Tax Act , 1961 .

3. CONTINGENT LIABILITY AT YEAR END : NIL

4. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Enterprises exercising control

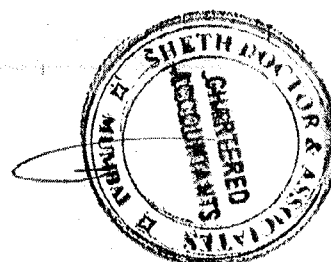
a. Holding Company: Nilkamal Limited

b. Other related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year:

Associates:	a. Nilkamal Storage System Private Limited
	b. Cambro Nilkamal Private Limited

Disclosure of transactions between the company and related parties and the status of outstanding balance as in 31st March, 2020

Name of The Party	Year ended 31 st March, 2020	Year ended 31 st March, 2019
a. Holding Company		
Nilkamal Limited		
Subscription to shares	Rs. 980/-	Rs. 980/-
Donations received	Rs. 3,38,00,000/-	Rs. 2,98,60,000/-
Fund Held in Corpus Donation	Rs. 1,00,00,000/-	Rs. 1,00,00,000/-
Purchase for Project	Rs.16,81,324/-	--
b. Associates		
i) Nilkamal Storage Systems Private Limited		
Subscription to shares	Rs. 10/-	Rs. 10/-
Donations Received	Rs. 20,50,000/-	Rs. 24,60,000/-
ii) Cambro Nilkamal Private Limited		
Subscription to Shares	Rs. 10/-	Rs. 10/-
Donations Received	Rs. 16,00,000/-	Rs.11,60,000/-



5. EARNINGS PER SHARE HAS BEEN COMPUTED AS UNDER

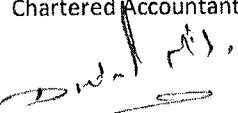
	Year Ended 31 st March, 2020 (Rs.)	Year Ended 31 st March, 2019 (Rs.)
Excess/ (Shortfall) of income over expenditure for the year	3,72,419	84,72,930
Weighted average number of equity share outstanding	100	100
Earnings per share (Rs.) – basic and diluted (face value of Rs 10 per share)	3724.19	84,729.30

6. The company has incurred further expenditure on renovation of old school building at Shri Prabhudas Ramji Parekh Prathmik Shala situated at Mota Khuntwada Mahuva Bhavnagar amounting to Rs 3,33,56,013/-and the same is handed over to concerned local authority upon it's completion .

As per our report of even date

FOR SHETH DOCTOR & ASSOCIATES

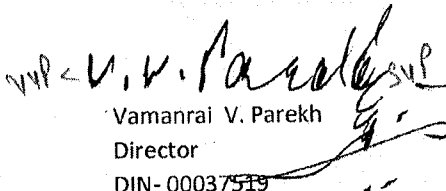
Firm Registration No. 0124822W
Chartered Accountants

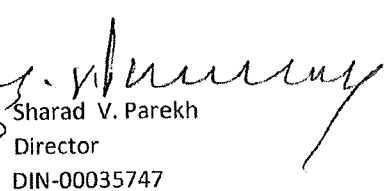

Paresh S. Doctor
Proprietor
Membership No. 36056

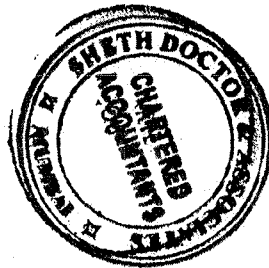
Place : Mumbai
Date: 25th May, 2020
UDIN NO :0036056AAAABA2803

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of
Nilkamal Foundation

CIN - U74999MH2016NPL284394


Vamanrai V. Parekh
Director
DIN- 00037519


Sharad V. Parekh
Director
DIN-00035747



**NILKAMAL CRATES
& BINS FZE**

Financial Statements

31 March 2020

Registered office:

Warehouses C-15 to 17,
Ajman Free Zone,
P. O. Box 21008,
Ajman, U.A.E.

NILKAMAL CRATES & BINS FZE

Financial Statements 31 March 2020

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NILKAMAL CRATES & BINS FZE

Manager's Report

The manager submits his report and accounts for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Results and dividend

The profit for the year amounted to AED 794,460/-.

To conserve the financial resources of the establishment, no dividend is proposed by the directors for the year 31st March 2020.

Review of the business

The company is registered to carry out activity of general trading / import and export. During the year, the company has mainly traded in various plastic crates, pallets, material handling equipment, racking systems, bins and related products.

Events since the end of the year

The outbreak of Novel Coronavirus (COVID 19) continues to progress and evolve. Therefore, it is challenging now, to predict the full extent of its duration and its economic impact on the business of the company. The extent and duration of such impacts remain uncertain and dependent on future developments that cannot be accurately predicted at this time.

Given the ongoing economic uncertainty, a reliable estimate of the impact cannot be made at the date of authorization of these financial statements. However, these developments could impact our future financial results, cash flows and financial condition.

Shareholder and its interest

The sole shareholder, at 31 March 2020 and its interest, as of that date, in the share capital of the company, was as follows:

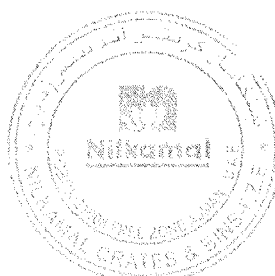
<i>Name of the shareholder</i>	<i>Country of incorporation</i>	<i>No. of share</i>	<i>AED</i>
Nilkamal Limited (Represented by Mr. Saumil Mukund Mehta)	India	1	185,000

Auditors

A resolution to re-appoint **KSI Shah & Associates** as auditors and fix their remuneration will be put to the board of directors at the annual general meeting.

S. M. Mehta

Mr. Saumil Mukund Mehta
Manager



PAGE 2

Independent Auditors' Report to the Shareholder of NILKAMAL CRATES & BINS FZE

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **NILKAMAL CRATES & BINS FZE** (the "Company"), which comprises of the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2020, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and explanatory notes.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects the financial position of the company as of 31 March 2020 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UAE, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter:

Without qualifying our audit opinion, we draw attention to notes 7a to the financial statement which states, inventories as on the reporting date were verified by the management. We were unable to observe physical stock count process at the end of the year due to restrictions on movement as result of Covid-19. However, we have performed alternative tests to satisfy ourselves concerning the inventory quantities held at 31 March 2020, the valuation of which is stated in note 7a to the financial statements at AED 2,125,263. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. Other information comprises the manager's report, which we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report. The other information does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Shareholder of NILKAMAL CRATES & BINS FZE

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements (contd.)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we concluded that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged With Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:


- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Shareholder of NILKAMAL CRATES & BINS FZE

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements (contd.):

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with Those Charged with Governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.


For KSI Shah & Associates
Dubai, U.A.E.

Signed by:

Sonal P. Shah (Registration No. 123)

12 May 2020



NILKAMAL CRATES & BINS FZE

Statement of Financial Position

At 31 March 2020

	Notes	2020 AED	2019 AED
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Fixed assets	6	<u>163,657</u>	<u>296,626</u>
Current assets			
Inventories	7	2,125,263	1,427,619
Trade and other receivables	8	2,961,127	2,117,972
Prepayments		46,623	66,978
Cash and cash equivalents	9	<u>978,836</u>	<u>1,253,891</u>
		<u>6,111,849</u>	<u>4,866,460</u>
TOTAL ASSETS		<u>6,275,506</u>	<u>5,163,086</u>
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Share capital	10	185,000	185,000
Statutory reserve	11	92,500	92,500
Accumulated profits		<u>4,154,672</u>	<u>3,360,212</u>
Total equity		<u>4,432,172</u>	<u>3,637,712</u>
Non-current liability			
Staff end of service gratuity		<u>322,744</u>	<u>288,690</u>
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	12	<u>1,520,590</u>	<u>1,236,684</u>
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		<u>6,275,506</u>	<u>5,163,086</u>

The accompanying notes 1 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

The Independent Auditors' Report is set forth on pages 2 to 4.

Approved by the board of directors on 12th May 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

For NILKAMAL CRATES & BINS FZE

S. M. Mehta
Mr. Saumil Mukund Mehta
 Manager



NILKAMAL CRATES & BINS FZE

Statement of Comprehensive Income
for the year ended 31 March 2020

	<i>Notes</i>	<i>2020</i> <i>AED</i>	<i>2019</i> <i>AED</i>
Sales		12,251,220	14,513,479
Cost of sales	13	(9,089,137)	(11,055,618)
Gross profit		3,162,083	3,457,861
Expenses	14	(2,423,067)	(2,452,544)
Profit from operating activities for the year		739,016	1,005,317
Other income	15	55,444	65,380
Profit for the year		794,460	1,070,697
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income		<u>794,460</u>	<u>1,070,697</u>

The accompanying notes 1 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

NILKAMAL CRATES & BINS FZE

Statement of Changes in Equity
for the year ended 31 March 2020

	<i>Share capital AED</i>	<i>Statutory reserve AED</i>	<i>Accumulated profits AED</i>	<i>Total AED</i>
As at 31 March 2018	185,000	92,500	4,289,515	4,567,015
Interim dividend	-	-	(2,000,000)	(2,000,000)
Profit for the year	-	-	1,070,697	1,070,697
As at 31 March 2019	185,000	92,500	3,360,212	3,637,712
Profit for the year	-	-	794,460	794,460
As at 31 March 2020	<u>185,000</u>	<u>92,500</u>	<u>4,154,672</u>	<u>4,432,172</u>

The accompanying notes 1 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

NILKAMAL CRATES & BINS FZE

Statement of Cash Flows
for the year ended 31 March 2020

	2020	2019
Notes	AED	AED
<u>Cash flows from operating activities</u>		
Profit for the year	794,460	1,070,697
Adjustment for:		
Provision for staff end of service gratuity	34,054	(4,918)
Interest income	(1,650)	(15,281)
Loss on disposal of assets	31,095	-
Depreciation	73,635	90,735
Operating profit before working capital changes	931,594	1,141,233
Changes in inventories	(697,644)	46,000
Changes in trade and other receivables	(843,155)	290,190
Changes in prepayments	20,354	7,956
Changes in trade and other payables	283,908	(985,275)
Net cash (used in)/ from operating activities	(304,943)	500,104
<u>Cash flow from investing activities</u>		
Purchase of fixed assets	(28,349)	(28,948)
Proceeds on sale of fixed assets	56,587	-
Changes in margin and time deposit accounts	-	1,000,000
Interest income	1,650	15,281
Net cash from investing activities	29,888	986,333
<u>Cash flow from financing activities</u>		
Interim dividend paid	-	(2,000,000)
Net cash (used in) financing activities	-	(2,000,000)
Net changes in cash and cash equivalents	(275,055)	(513,563)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	1,253,891	1,767,454
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	978,836	1,253,891

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The accompanying notes 1 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

NILKAMAL CRATES & BINS FZE

(Incorporated in the Ajman Free Zone, Emirate of Ajman, U.A.E.)

(Registration No. 26166)

Notes to the Financial Statements*for the year ended 31 March 2020***1. Legal status and business activity**

- a) **NILKAMAL CRATES & BINS FZE** ("The Company") is a Free Zone Establishment registered with the Ajman Free Zone, Ajman, U.A.E. on 09 August 2003 under the commercial license No. 1252.
- b) The company is registered to carry out activity of general trading / import and export. During the year, the company has mainly traded in various plastic crates, pallets, material handling equipment, racking systems, bins and related products.

2. Basis of preparation**a) Statement of compliance**

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards issued or adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and which are effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019 and the implementing rules and regulations of Ajman Free Zone.

b) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange of assets.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

c) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in U.A.E. Dirhams, which is the company's functional and presentation currency.

3. Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

NILKAMAL CRATES & BINS FZE

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

As a result of the COVID-19 and the resulting disruptions to the social and economic activities, the Company continues to assess regularly the impact of COVID-19 on its business, in particular the reduction of sales and the estimation of expected credit loss/fair value and collectability of trade receivables. The management considered several foreseeable areas of operational risk and implemented various measures to ensure the continuity of the operations and the ability of the organization to cope with the lock-down situation.

Judgments made in applying accounting policies

The significant judgments made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements are as follows:

Revenue from contracts with customers

Sale of goods- local and export

■ Timing for transfer of control of goods:

In case of performance obligation satisfied at point in time, the control of goods is transferred, when physical delivery of the goods to the agreed location has occurred, as a result, the company has a present right to payment and retains none of the significant risks and rewards of the goods.

■ Financing components

The Company does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, the Company does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

■ Determining the transaction price:

The company's revenue from sale of goods is derived from fixed price contracts with customers and therefore the amount of revenue to be earned from each contract is determined by reference to those fixed prices. Based on the historical performance of the company, it is highly probable that there will not be reversal of previously recognized revenue on account of the return of goods or volume rebates.

■ Allocating the transaction prices:

There is a fixed unit price for each item sold to the customer. Therefore, there is no judgment involved in allocating the contract price to each unit ordered in contracts with customers. Where a customer orders more than one item, the company is able to determine the split of the total contract price between each item by reference to each product's standalone selling prices (all product lines are capable of being, and are, sold separately).

■ Provision of rights to return goods, volume rebates and other similar obligations:

The company reviews its estimate of expected returns at each reporting date on basis of the historical data for the returns, rebates and other similar obligations and updates the amounts of the asset and liability accordingly.

NILKAMAL CRATES & BINS FZE**Notes to the Financial Statements**
*for the year ended 31 March 2020****Impairment of non-financial assets***

At each reporting date, management conducts an assessment of fixed assets to determine whether there are any indications that they may be impaired. In the absence of such indications, no further action is taken. If such indications do exist, an analysis of each asset is undertaken to determine its net recoverable amount and, if this is below its carrying amount, a provision is made.

Financial assets at amortized cost

The company classifies its financial assets as at amortized cost only if both of the following criteria are met:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and
- the contractual terms give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest

Key sources of estimation uncertainty and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty and assumptions at the reporting date, that have significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

Residual values of fixed assets

Residual values are assumed to be zero unless a reliable estimate of the current value can be obtained for similar assets of ages and conditions that are reasonably expected to exist at the end of the assets' estimated useful lives.

Estimated useful life of fixed assets

Management determines the estimated useful lives and depreciation charge for its fixed assets at the time of addition of the assets and is reviewed on annual basis.

Inventory provision

Management regularly undertakes a review of the company's inventory, in order to assess the likely realization proceeds, taking in account purchase and replacement prices, age, likely obsolescence, the rate at which goods are being sold and the physical damage. Based on the assessment assumptions are made as to the level of provisioning required.

Staff end-of-service gratuity

The company computes the provision for the liability to staff end-of-service gratuity assuming that all employees were to leave as of the reporting date. The management is of the opinion that no significant difference would have arisen had the liability been calculated on an actuarial basis as salary inflation and discount rates are likely to have approximately equal and opposite effects.

NILKAMAL CRATES & BINS FZE

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

Impairment of financial assets

The loss allowance for financial assets is based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgment in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

4a. Adoption of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards

a) New and revised International Financial Reporting Standards and amendments

The following International Financial Reporting Standards, amendments thereto and interpretations issued by IASB that became effective for the current reporting period:

- IFRS 16 - Leases
- Amendments to IFRS 9 - Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation.
- Amendment to IAS 19- Employee Benefits Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement
- Amendments to IAS 28 -Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures: Relating to long term interests in Associates and Joint Ventures.
- IFRIC 23-Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments
- Annual improvements to IFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle -Amendments to IFRS 3 Business Combinations, IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements, IAS 12 Income Taxes, IAS 23 Borrowing costs

During the current year, the management has adopted the above standards and amendments to the extent applicable to them from the financial reporting year commencing on or after 1 April 2019.

The significant impacts of IFRS 16 and other amendments as listed above on the amounts reported and their presentation are disclosed wherever applicable.

b) International Financial Reporting Standards issued but not effective

IFRS17 -Insurance Contracts- The effective date of the standard is set for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021 (likely to be extended to 1 January 2022).

Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8-Definition of Material- The effective date of the amendment is set for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020.

Amendments to IFRS 3-Definition of a Business- The effective date of the amendment is set for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020.

Revised Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting- The effective date of the revised framework is set for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020.

The Company has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

NILKAMAL CRATES & BINS FZE

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

4b. Significant Changes in the current reporting period

IFRS 16 Leases:

The Company has adopted IFRS 16 Leases issued in January 2016 with the date of initial application of 1 January 2019. IFRS 16 introduces significant changes to lessee accounting. It removes the distinction between operating and finance leases under IAS 17 and requires a lease to recognize a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at lease commencement for all leases, except for short term leases and leases of low value assets.

Lessee accounting

The Company has elected to apply the expedient allowed by IFRS 16 on its general requirements to short-term leases (i.e. one that does not include a purchase option and has a lease term at commencement date of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets. For this the Company recognises the lease payments associated with those leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term or another systematic basis if that basis is representative of the pattern of the lessee's benefits, similar to the current accounting for operating leases.

The Company has assessed that the impact of IFRS 16 is not material on the financial statements of the company as at the adoption date and the reporting date.

5. Significant accounting policies:

a) Depreciation of fixed assets

The cost of fixed assets is depreciated by equal annual instalments over their estimated useful lives as under:

Furniture and office equipment	3 - 10 years
Vehicles	8 years

The useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed periodically to ensure that the method and period of depreciation are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from these assets.

Depreciation on addition is calculated on a pro-rata basis from the month of addition and on disposal to and including the month of disposal of the asset.

b) Financial instruments

i. Recognition and Initial measurement

The company recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets and liabilities are measured at fair value on initial recognition. Transaction costs that are directly attributable in relation to financial assets and financial liabilities, other than those carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), are added to the fair value on initial recognition.

NILKAMAL CRATES & BINS FZE**Notes to the Financial Statements**
*for the year ended 31 March 2020***ii. Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets**

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified as follows:

Financial assets at amortized cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest are subsequently measured at amortized cost less impairments, if any. Interest income calculated using effective interest rate (EIR) method and impairment loss, if any are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

The company's financial assets at amortised cost include trade and other receivables, and cash and bank balances. Due to the short term nature of these financial assets, their carrying amounts are considered to be the same as their fair value.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income with recycling of cumulative gains and losses (debt instruments)

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both holding the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest and by selling the financial assets, are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. Changes in fair value are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI) and on derecognition, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified to the statement of profit and loss. Interest income calculated using EIR method and impairment loss, if any are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Financial assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments)

The investments in equity instruments, which are strategic in nature and held on a long-term basis are initially measured at fair value. Accordingly, the Company has elected irrevocable option to measure such investments at FVOCI. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. Pursuant to such irrevocable option, changes in fair value are recognised in the OCI and is subsequently not reclassified to the statement of profit and loss.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss. Changes in fair value and income on these assets are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost or at fair value through OCI, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

NILKAMAL CRATES & BINS FZE

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (contd.):

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term.

Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

iii. Classification and subsequent measurement of financial liabilities

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial liabilities are classified as follows:

- Amortised cost - Financial liabilities are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost by default. Interest expense calculated using EIR method is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.
- Fair values through profit or loss (FVTPL) - Financial liabilities are classified as FVTPL if it is held for trading, or is designated as such on initial recognition. Changes in fair value and interest expense on these liabilities are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

The company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables. The carrying amounts of these financial liabilities are considered as to be the same as their fair values, due to their short term nature.

iv. Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets are de-recognised when, and only when,

- The contractual rights to receive cash flows expire or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either
 - a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
 - b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

NILKAMAL CRATES & BINS FZE**Notes to the Financial Statements**
*for the year ended 31 March 2020***v. Offsetting of financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position, if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

vi. Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognizes an allowance for expected credit losses for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. Expected credit losses are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

Expected credit losses are recognized in two stages.

- For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, expected credit losses are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months.
- For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default.

For trade receivables, the Company applies a simplified approach in calculating expected credit losses. The Company does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime expected credit losses at each reporting date.

c) Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost using the weighted average method or net realizable value.

Cost comprises invoice value plus applicable direct costs such as freight and custom duty.

Net realizable value is based on estimated selling price less further cost expected to be incurred for disposal.

d) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted into U.A.E. Dirhams at the rate of exchange ruling on the date of the transaction. Assets and liabilities expressed in foreign currencies are translated into U.A.E. Dirhams at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Resulting gain or loss is taken to the Statement of comprehensive income.

NILKAMAL CRATES & BINS FZE**Notes to the Financial Statements***for the year ended 31 March 2020***e) Impairment of non-financial assets**

The company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that a non-financial asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the company estimates the asset's recoverable amount.

Where the carrying amount of an asset or cash generating units exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses of continuing operations are recognized in the Statement of comprehensive income in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. Such reversal is recognized in the Statement of comprehensive income.

f) Value Added Tax (VAT)

The revenue, expenses and assets are recognized net of value-added tax (VAT). In case Input VAT paid to the supplier of asset or expense is not recoverable from the Federal Tax Authority, it is disclosed as part of asset acquired or expense incurred.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of VAT receivable or payable. The net amount of VAT recoverable from or VAT payable to FTA is disclosed as other payable or other receivable under current liabilities or current assets respectively in the statement of financial position.

g) Provision

Provisions are recognized when the company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount can be reliably estimated.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period, using a rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation.

When some or all the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognized as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of receivable can be measured reliably.

h) Staff end of service benefits

Provision is made for end-of-service gratuity payable to the staff, subject to the completion of a minimum service period, at the reporting date in accordance with the local labour laws.

NILKAMAL CRATES & BINS FZE**Notes to the Financial Statements**
*for the year ended 31 March 2020***i) Contingencies**

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements. They are disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. A contingent asset is not recognized in the financial statements but disclosed when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

j) Short term leases

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of office premises and staff accommodations (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). Lease payments on short-term leases assets are recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

k) Revenue recognition**Sales of goods**

The company has mainly traded in plastic crates, pallets, material handling equipment, racking systems, bins and related products.

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized at a point in time when control of the goods has transferred to the customer. This is generally when the goods are delivered to the customers and have been accepted by the customers at their premises and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect customer's acceptance of the goods. Delivery occurs when the goods have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer or the company has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

The amount of revenue is shown as net of discounts, returns, other similar obligations and VAT as per the performance obligations determined as per the provisions of the contracts with customers.

Interest income

Interest income from a financial asset at FVPL is included in the net fair value gains or loss on these assets. Interest income on financial assets at amortized cost and at FVOCI calculated using the effective interest method is recognized in statement of profit or loss as other income.

Interest income is presented as financial income where it is earned from financial asset that are held for cash management purposes.

l) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the cash flow statement comprise of cash and cheques on hand, bank balance in current accounts, deposits free of encumbrance with a maturity date of three months or less from the date of deposit and highly liquid investments with a maturity date of three months or less from the date of investment.

NILKAMAL CRATES & BINS FZE

Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 March 2020

m) Dividend

Dividend is paid out of accumulated profits, when declared.

6. Fixed assets	<i>Furniture and office equipment</i>	<i>Vehicles</i>	<i>Total</i>
	<i>AED</i>	<i>AED</i>	<i>AED</i>
Cost			
As at 01.04.2019	344,483	672,278	1,016,761
Additions during the year	28,349	-	28,349
Disposal/ sold during the year	(53,464)	(421,144)	(474,608)
As at 31.03.2020	<u>319,368</u>	<u>251,134</u>	<u>570,502</u>
Depreciation			
As at 01.04.2019	234,173	485,962	720,135
Charge for the year	25,179	48,456	73,635
Related to disposal/ sales	(51,178)	(335,747)	(386,925)
As at 31.03.2020	<u>208,174</u>	<u>198,671</u>	<u>406,845</u>
Net book value			
As at 31.03.2020	<u>111,194</u>	<u>52,463</u>	<u>163,657</u>
As at 31.03.2019	<u>110,310</u>	<u>186,316</u>	<u>296,626</u>

In the opinion of the management, there was no impairment in respect of the above fixed assets. Hence the carrying values of the fixed assets as at 31 March 2020 approximates to their net book values.

	<i>2020</i>	<i>2019</i>
	<i>AED</i>	<i>AED</i>
7. Inventories		
Inventories	* 2,325,263	1,225,610
Provision for slow moving inventories	<u>(200,000)</u>	<u>(200,000)</u>
	<u>2,125,263</u>	<u>1,025,610</u>
Goods in transit	-	402,009
	<u>2,125,263</u>	<u>1,427,619</u>

** The inventories as of the reporting date is valued, verified and certified by the management due to restrictions of movement as result of COVID-19.*

8. Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables	2,793,372	1,941,915
Advance to suppliers	56,216	56,268
Staff advance	1,250	-
Deposits	110,289	119,789
	<u>2,961,127</u>	<u>2,117,972</u>

NILKAMAL CRATES & BINS FZE

Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 March 2020

	2020 <u>AED</u>	2019 <u>AED</u>
9. Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand	5,562	15,364
Bank balances in:		
Current accounts	<u>973,274</u>	<u>1,238,527</u>
	<u>978,836</u>	<u>1,253,891</u>
10. Share capital		
Authorized, issued and paid up:		
1 share of AED 185,000/-	<u>185,000</u>	<u>185,000</u>
11. Statutory reserve		
As required by Article 103 of the U.A.E. Commercial Companies Law No. 2 of 2015, statutory reserve is created by allocating 10% of the net profit of the company. The company has discontinued such annual transfers as this reserve totals 50% of the paid up share capital. The reserve is not available for distribution except as provided in the Federal Law.		
	2020 <u>AED</u>	2019 <u>AED</u>
12. Trade and other payables		
Trade payables (refer note 16)	1,432,520	1,112,515
Advance from customers	4,581	91,414
Accruals	41,238	24,579
Other payable	<u>42,251</u>	<u>8,176</u>
	<u>1,520,590</u>	<u>1,236,684</u>
13. Cost of sales		
Inventories at beginning of the year	1,225,610	1,233,756
Purchases (refer note 16)	9,151,029	10,219,579
Other direct costs	1,037,761	827,893
Inventories at the end of the year	<u>(2,325,263)</u>	<u>(1,225,610)</u>
	<u>9,089,137</u>	<u>11,055,618</u>
14. Expenses		
Manager's remuneration (refer note 16)	298,033	286,572
Staff salaries and benefits	892,655	909,059
Rent	297,460	318,226
Other administration expenses	861,284	847,952
Depreciation (refer note 6)	<u>73,635</u>	<u>90,735</u>
	<u>2,423,067</u>	<u>2,452,544</u>

NILKAMAL CRATES & BINS FZE

Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 March 2020

	<i>2020</i>	<i>2019</i>
	<i>AED</i>	<i>AED</i>
15. Other income		
Interest income	1,650	15,281
Miscellaneous income	<u>53,794</u>	<u>50,099</u>
	<u>55,444</u>	<u>65,380</u>

16. Related party transactions

For the purpose of this financial statement, parties are considered to be related to the company, if the company has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making that party's financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the company and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related party may be individuals or other entities.

The nature and amount of significant transactions during the year are as under:

	<i>Key Managerial Personnel 2020 AED</i>	<i>Parent company 2020 AED</i>	<i>Common management control 2020 AED</i>	<i>Total 2020 AED</i>	<i>Total 2019 AED</i>
Purchases (refer note 13)	-	3,349,650	1,124,993	4,474,643	5,137,697
Manager's remuneration (refer note 14)	298,033	-	-	298,033	286,572

At the reporting date, balances with related parties were as follows:

	<i>Common management control 2020 AED</i>	<i>Parent company 2020 AED</i>	<i>Total 2020 AED</i>	<i>Total 2019 AED</i>
Included in current liabilities:				
Trade payables (refer note 12)	259,404	891,961	1,151,365	769,356

17. Financial instruments: Credit, interest rate, liquidity risk and exchange rate risk exposures

The company has exposure to the following risks from its use financial instruments:

- a) Credit risk
- b) Market risk
- c) Liquidity risk

NILKAMAL CRATES & BINS FZE

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

a) Credit risk

Financial assets, which potentially expose the company to concentrations of credit risk, comprise principally of trade and other receivables and bank balances.

Trade receivables

As at 31 March 2020, the company's maximum exposure to credit risk from trade receivables situated within U.A.E. amounted to AED 688,493/- due from five customers (*previous year AED 288,846/- due from one customer*) and situated outside U.A.E. amounted to AED 145,161/- due from one customer (*previous year AED NIL*).

There are no significant concentrations of credit risk from trade receivables situated outside the industry in which the company operates.

Bank balances

The company's bank balances in current accounts are placed with high credit quality financial institutions.

b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices, such as currency risk, interest rate risk and equity prices risk, which will affect the company's income or the value of its holding of financial instruments.

Interest rate risk

Since the company does not have any deposits or borrowings, interest rate risk is minimum.

Exchange rate risk

There are no significant exchange rate risks as substantially all financial assets and financial liabilities are denominated in U.A.E. Dirhams or US Dollars to which the U.A.E. Dirham is fixed.

c) Liquidity risk

The following are the contractual maturities of the company's financial liabilities as of 31 March 2020.

	<i>Carrying amounts AED</i>	<i>Payable within next 12 months AED</i>	<i>Payable after 12 months AED</i>
<i>Non-derivative financial liabilities</i>			
Staff end of service gratuity	322,744	-	322,744
Trade and other payables:			
Trade payables	1,432,520	1,432,520	-
Advance from customers	4,581	4,581	-
Accruals	41,238	41,238	-
Other payable	42,251	42,251	-

NILKAMAL CRATES & BINS FZE**Notes to the Financial Statements**
*for the year ended 31 March 2020***18. Financial instruments: Fair values**

The fair values of the company's financial assets, comprising of trade and other receivables and bank balances and financial liabilities comprising of staff end of service gratuity and trade and other payables approximate to their carrying values.

19. Contingent liability

There was no contingent liability of a significant amount outstanding as at the reporting date.

20. Comparative figures

Previous years figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary to conform to the presentation adopted in the current year.

**NILKAMAL ESWARAN MARKETING (PVT) LTD
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31 MARCH 2020**



KPMG
(Chartered Accountants)
32A, Sir Mohamed Macan Markar Mawatha,
P. O. Box 186,
Colombo 00300, Sri Lanka.

Tel : +94 - 11 542 6426
Fax : +94 - 11 244 5872
+94 - 11 244 6058
Internet : www.kpmg.com/lk



KPMG
(Chartered Accountants)
32A, Sir Mohamed Macan Markar Mawatha,
P. O. Box 186,
Colombo 00300, Sri Lanka.

Tel : +94 - 11 542 6426
Fax : +94 - 11 244 5872
+94 - 11 244 6058
Internet : www.kpmg.com/lk

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF NILKAMAL ESWARAN MARKETING (PVT) LTD

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Nilkamal Eswaran Marketing (Pvt) Ltd ("the Company"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2020, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2020, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standard for Small and Medium-Sized Entities.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards (SLAuSs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by CA Sri Lanka (Code of Ethics) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. These financial statements do not comprise other information.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standard for Small and Medium-Sized Entities, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

KPMG, a Sri Lankan partnership and a member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Cooperative ("KPMG International"), a Swiss entity.

MR. Mithul FCA	P.Y.S. Perera FCA	CP. Jayatilake FCA
T.J.S. Rajakumar FCA	W.W.J.C. Perera FCA	Ms. S. Joseph FCA
Ms. S.M.B. Jayasekara ACA	W.K.D.C. Abeyratne FCA	S.T.D.L. Perera FCA
G.A.U. Karunaratne FCA	R.M.D.B. Rajapakse FCA	Ms. B.K.D.T.N. Rodrigo FCA
R.H. Rajan FCA	M.N.M. Shamsel ACA	Ms. C.T.K.N. Perera ACA
A.M.R.P. Alahakoon ACA		

Principals - S.R.I. Perera FCMA(UK), LLB, Attorney-at-Law, H.S. Goonewardene ACA
Ms. P.M.K. Sumanasekara FCA



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SLAuSs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at Sri Lanka Accounting and Auditing Standards website at: <http://slaasc.com/auditing/auditorsresponsibility.php>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by section 163 (2) of the Companies Act No. 07 of 2007, we have obtained all the information and explanations that were required for the audit and, as far as appears from our examination, proper accounting records have been kept by the Company.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'KMP'.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Colombo, Sri Lanka

12 June 2020

NILKAMAL ESWARAN MARKETING (PVT) LTD
STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

<i>For the year ended 31 March,</i>	Notes	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.
Revenue	5	79,360,157	62,913,319
Cost of sales		(55,485,252)	(42,793,256)
Gross profit		23,874,905	20,120,063
Administrative expenses		(890,297)	(1,217,952)
Distribution expenses		(7,690,456)	(5,073,201)
Profit from operations	6	15,294,152	13,828,910
Net finance income/(expenses)	7	204,787	(148,487)
Profit before taxation		15,498,939	13,680,423
Income tax expense	8	(5,852,572)	(4,915,134)
Profit for the year		9,646,367	8,765,289
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		9,646,367	8,765,289
Basic earnings per share	9	96,464	87,653

The annexed notes to the Financial Statements form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

Figures in bracket indicate deductions.



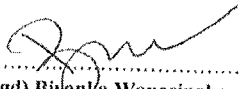
NILKAMAL ESWARAN MARKETING (PVT) LTD
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 March,

	Notes	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Inventories			
Trade and other receivables	10	46,670,341	50,932,074
Related party receivables	11	23,182,606	24,823,218
Cash and cash equivalents	12	45,512	56,974
Total current assets	13	1,006,486	188,493
		<u>70,904,945</u>	<u>76,000,759</u>
TOTAL ASSETS		<u>70,904,945</u>	<u>76,000,759</u>
EQUITY			
Stated capital			
Retained earnings	14	1,000	1,000
Total equity		<u>37,659,818</u>	<u>28,013,451</u>
		<u>37,660,818</u>	<u>28,014,451</u>
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	15	12,878,813	13,974,420
Related party payables	16	18,107,581	27,000,180
Current taxation	17	2,257,733	3,494,861
Bank overdraft	13	-	3,516,847
Total current Liabilities		<u>33,244,127</u>	<u>47,986,308</u>
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		<u>70,904,945</u>	<u>76,000,759</u>

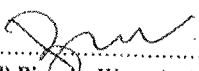
The annexed notes to the Financial Statements form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

These Financial Statements are in compliance with the requirements of Companies Act No 7 of 2007.

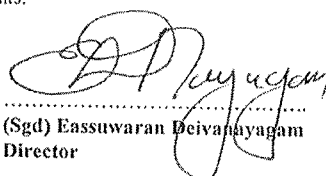


 (Sgd) Biyanika Wanasinghe
 Deputy General Manager - Finance

The Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of these Financial Statements.
 Approved and signed for and on behalf of the Board:

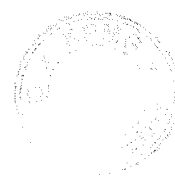


 (Sgd) Biyanika Wanasinghe
 Director



 (Sgd) Eassuwaran Deivanayagam
 Director

12 June 2020
 Colombo



NILKAMAL ESWARAN MARKETING (PVT) LTD
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31 March 2020

	Stated Capital Rs.	Retained Earnings Rs.	Total Rs.
Balance as at 1 April 2018	1,000	21,248,162	21,249,162
Total comprehensive income for the year			
Profit for the year		8,765,289	8,765,289
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	8,765,289	8,765,289
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity			
Final dividend for 2018/19	-	(2,000,000)	(2,000,000)
Total transactions with owners of the Company	-	(2,000,000)	(2,000,000)
Balance as at 31 March 2019	1,000	28,013,451	28,014,451
Balance as at 1 April 2019	1,000	28,013,451	28,014,451
Total comprehensive income for the year			
Profit for the year		9,646,367	9,646,367
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	9,646,367	9,646,367
Balance as at 31 March 2020	1,000	37,659,818	37,660,818

The annexed notes to the Financial Statements form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

Figures in bracket indicate deductions.



NILKAMAL ESWARAN MARKETING (PVT) LTD
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

<i>For the year ended 31 March,</i>	2020	2019
	Rs.	Rs.
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit before taxation	15,498,939	13,680,423
Adjustment for:		
Provision for slow moving inventories	5,780,312	4,163,880
(Reversal)/ provision for impairment of trade debtors	(228,860)	335,892
Interest expense	107,111	61,858
Operating profit before working capital changes	21,157,502	18,242,053
Increase in inventories	(1,518,579)	(15,738,461)
Decrease/ (increase) in trade and other receivables	1,206,732	(3,222,676)
Decrease in related party receivables	11,462	60,256
Increase/(Decrease) in trade and other payables	(1,095,607)	8,885,762
Decrease in related party payables	(8,892,599)	(3,009,674)
Cash generated from operations	10,868,911	5,217,260
Current tax paid	(6,426,960)	(2,379,250)
Interest paid	(107,111)	(61,858)
Net cash from operating activities	4,334,840	2,776,152
Cash flows from financing activities		
Dividend paid	-	(2,000,000)
Net cash used in financing activities	-	(2,000,000)
Cash flows from investing activities	-	-
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	4,334,840	776,152
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	(3,328,354)	(4,104,506)
Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the year (Note 13)	1,006,486	(3,328,354)

The annexed notes to the financial statements form an integral part of these financial statements.

Figures in bracket indicate deductions.



NILKAMAL ESWARAN MARKETING (PRIVATE) LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. REPORTING ENTITY

1.1 Domicile and Legal Form

Nilkamal Eswaran Marketing (Private) Limited ('the Company') is a limited liability company incorporated in and domiciled in Sri Lanka. The registered office of the Company and the principal place of business are located at 328, Madapatha Road, Batakettera, Piliyandala.

1.2 Principal Activities and Nature of Operations

The principal activity of the Company is buying and selling of all kinds of furniture's and crates.

1.3 Parent Entity and Ultimate Parent Entity

The Company's parent entity and ultimate parent entity are Nilkamal Eswaran Plastics (Pvt) Limited and Nilkamal Limited - India respectively.

1.4 Number of Employees

The number of employees of the Company as at 31 March 2020 are as follow:

Company	Nil (2019- Nil)
---------	-----------------

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1. Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements of the Company comprise the Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows together with accounting policies and Notes to the Financial Statements.

The Financial Statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standard for Small and Medium Sized – Entities (SLFRS for SMEs), issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Sri Lanka (ICASL) and comply with the requirements of Companies Act, No. 7 of 2007 and amendments thereto.

2.2 Basis of Measurement

The Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis and applied consistently with no adjustments being made for inflationary factors affecting the Financial Statements.

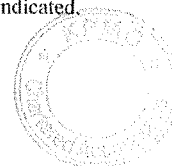
These Financial Statements have been prepared on the basis that the Company would continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future.

2.3 Comparative Figures

Where necessary, comparative figures have been rearranged to conform with the current year's presentation.

2.4 Functional and Presentation Currency

All values presented in the Financial Statements are in Sri Lankan Rupees (Rs.) unless otherwise indicated.



2.5 Use of Estimate and Judgment

The preparation of the Financial Statements are in conformity with SLFRS for SMEs requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the Financial Statements is included in the following notes:

- Current taxation (Note 3.2.a)
- Deferred taxation (Note 3.2.b)
- Impairment of financial assets (Note 3.5.3)
- Impairment of Non-financial assets (Note 3.6)
- Provisions and contingencies (Note 3.8 and Note 3.9)

2.6 Materiality and Aggregation

Each material class of similar items is presented separately in the Financial Statements. Items of a dissimilar nature or function are presented separately unless they are immaterial.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these Financial Statements.

3.1. Foreign Currency Transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date.

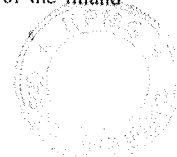
The foreign currency gain or loss on monetary items is the difference between amortised cost in the functional currency at the beginning of the period, adjusted for effective interest and payments during the period, and the amortised cost in foreign currency translated at the exchange rate at the end of the reporting period. Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

3.2. Income Tax Expense

Income tax expenses comprise of current & deferred tax expenses recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

(a) Current Taxation

The Company's liability to taxation has been computed in accordance with the provisions of the Inland Revenue Act No. 24 of 2017 and subsequent gazette notifications.



NILKAMAL ESWARAN MARKETING (PRIVATE) LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(b) Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is provided on the liability method for all temporary differences as at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes. The balance in the deferred taxation account represents income tax applicable to the difference between the written down values for tax purpose of the assets on which tax depreciation has been claimed and the net book value of such asset, offset by the provision for employee benefit which is deductible for tax purpose only on payment.

Currently the Company does not hold any deferred tax assets nor liabilities as at reporting date due to availability of assets or liabilities arising in temporary differences.

3.3. Events occurring after the reporting date

The materiality of the events occurring after the reporting date have been considered and appropriate adjustments or disclosures have been made in the Financial Statements where necessary.

ASSETS AND BASES OF THEIR VALUATION

3.4. Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost or net realizable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items. Net realizable value is the price at which inventories can be sold in the normal course of business after allowing for cost of realization and/or cost of conversion from their existing state to saleable condition.

Finished Goods - At purchase cost on first-in-first-out (FIFO) basis
Goods in Transit - At purchase cost

3.5. Financial Assets

An entity shall recognise a financial asset or a financial liability only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

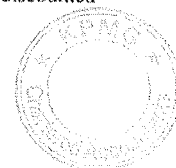
3.5.1. Initial measurement

When a financial asset or financial liability is recognised initially, an entity shall measure it at the transaction price (including transaction costs) unless the arrangement constitutes, in effect, a financing transaction. A financing transaction may take place in connection with the sale of goods or services, for example, if payment is deferred beyond normal business terms or is financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate. If the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the entity shall measure the financial asset or financial liability at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument

3.5.2. Subsequent measurement

At the end of each reporting period, an entity shall measure financial instruments as follows, without any deduction for transaction costs the entity may incur on sale or other disposal.

Debt instruments shall be measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Cash and debt instruments that are classified as current assets or current liabilities shall be measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received (i.e., net of impairment) unless the arrangement constitutes, in effect, a financing transaction. If the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the entity shall measure the debt instrument at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.



Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables and due from Related Parties are initially recognized at costs. Trade receivable and other receivables are stated at the amounts they are estimated to realize net of impairment for bad and doubtful receivables.

If receivables extend beyond the normal credit terms, those receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate at the end of each reporting period.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are cash in hand, demand deposits and short-term highly liquid investments, readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand and deposits in banks net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

3.5.3. Impairment of financial assets measured at cost or amortised cost

At the end of each reporting period, an entity shall assess whether there is objective evidence of impairment of any financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost. If there is objective evidence of impairment, the entity shall recognize an impairment loss in profit or loss immediately. Objective evidence that a financial asset or group of assets is impaired includes observable data that come to the attention of the entity about the loss events.

3.5.3.1. Measurement

An entity shall measure an impairment loss on financial assets measured at cost or amortised cost as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If such a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

3.5.4. Derecognition of a financial asset

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

3.6. Impairment of Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets such as deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. For intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives or that are not yet available for use, the recoverable amount is estimated each year at the same time.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss.



NILKAMAL ESWARAN MARKETING (PRIVATE) LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LIABILITIES AND PROVISIONS

Liabilities classified as Current Liabilities on the Statement of Financial Position are those obligations payable on demand or within one year from the Statement of Financial Position. Items classified as non-current liabilities are those obligations, which expire beyond a period of one year from the reporting date.

All known liabilities have been accounted for in preparing the Financial Statements. Provisions and liabilities are recognized when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

3.7. Non-derivative financial liabilities

The Company initially recognises debt securities issued and subordinated liabilities on the date that they are originated. All other financial liabilities (including liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss) are recognised initially on the trade date at which the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expire.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the Statement of Financial Position when, and only when, the Company has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The non – derivative financial liabilities comprises only with trade and other payables

Such financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition these financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

3.8. Provisions and liabilities

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount rate is recognised as a finance cost.

3.9. Contingencies and Capital Commitments

All material capital commitments and contingencies, which exist as at the reporting date, are disclosed in the respective notes to the Financial Statements.

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

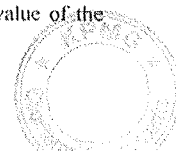
3.10. Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and that revenue and associated costs incurred or to be incurred can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of trade discounts and sales taxes.

The following specific criteria are used for the purpose of recognition of revenue.

(a) Sale of Goods

Revenue from the sale of goods in the course of ordinary activities is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns, trade discounts and volume rebates.



NILKAMAL ESWARAN MARKETING (PRIVATE) LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Revenue is recognized when significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the customers, usually on dispatch of the goods.

(b) Other Income

Other income is recognized on an accrual basis.

Net gains and losses of a revenue nature on the disposal of non-current assets are accounted for in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, having deducted from proceeds on disposal, the carrying amount of the assets and related selling expenses.

Gains and losses arising from incidental activities to main revenue generating activities and those arising from a group of similar transactions which are not material, are aggregated, reported and presented on a net basis.

3.11. Expenditure Recognition

(a) Operating Expenses

Expenses are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income on the basis of a direct association between the cost incurred and the earning specific items of income. All expenditure incurred in the running of the business and in maintaining the property, plant and equipment in a state of efficiency has been charged to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

(b) Finance Income and Expense

Interest income and expenses are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts or payments throughout the expected life of the financial asset or liabilities (or, where appropriate, a shorter period) to the carrying amount of the financial asset or liabilities. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates future cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument, but not future credit losses.

The calculation of the effective interest rate includes all transaction costs and fees and points paid or received that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Transaction costs include incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of a financial asset or liability.

(c) Borrowing cost

All borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

3.12 Related Party Transactions

Disclosures has been made in respect of the transactions in which one party has the liability to control or exercise significant influence over the financial and operating decisions/policies of the other, irrespective of a price being charged.

4. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

The Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared using the Indirect Method.

For cash flow purposes, cash and cash equivalents are presented net of bank overdrafts.



NILKAMAL ESWARAN MARKETING (PVT) LTD
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March,

	2020	2019
	Rs.	Rs.
5. Revenue		
Sale of goods	79,360,157	62,913,319
	<u>79,360,157</u>	<u>62,913,319</u>

Revenue comprises the invoiced value of goods dispatched and accepted by the customers outside the group during the year and there were no sales within the group.

Following Coronavirus "COVID-19" outbreak in Sri Lanka, the Government announced a lockdown position with curfew since 20 March 2020. Therefore the business operations and activities of the Company were impacted. The operations of the Company were temporarily suspended due to the lockdown since 20 March 2020. The Company has resumed its operation with a limited number of staff from 17 April 2020

6. Profit from operations

Profit from operations is stated after charging all the expenses including the following.

Directors' emoluments	Nil	Nil
Auditors fees and expenses	223,000	210,000
Secretarial Fees	72,655	74,570
Provision for impairment of slow moving stock (Note 10.1)	5,780,312	4,163,880
Sales Incentives-Institutional (Note 6.1)	1,164,306	-

6.1 Provision for Sales Incentives-Institutional

This has been given as an incentive in relation to sales made with the Ministry of Education of Sri Lanka during the year ended 31 March 2020.

7. Net finance income/(expense)

Finance income

Exchange gain	418,322	25,334
	<u>418,322</u>	<u>25,334</u>

Finance expense

Interest expense	(107,111)	(61,858)
Bank charges	(106,424)	(111,963)
	<u>(213,535)</u>	<u>(173,821)</u>
	<u>204,787</u>	<u>(148,487)</u>

8. Income tax expense

Current tax (Note 8.1)	5,853,676	5,090,455
Over provision in relation to prior years	(1,104)	(175,321)
	<u>5,852,572</u>	<u>4,915,134</u>

8.1 Reconciliation of the accounting profit and the income tax expense

Profit before taxation	15,498,939	13,680,423
Disallowable expenses	5,407,047	4,499,772
Taxable income	<u>20,905,986</u>	<u>18,180,195</u>

Income liable at 28%	5,853,676	5,090,455
Current tax expense	<u>5,853,676</u>	<u>5,090,455</u>

8.2 As instructed by the Ministry of Finance on 31 January 2020 and on 5 March 2020, a change in the income tax rate of a company from 28% to 24% has been proposed to the Inland Revenue Act No. 24 of 2007 (IRA), pending formal amendments being made to the Act and to be implemented with effect from 1 January 2020. Since the new tax rate of 24% has not been published through a gazette by the Parliament as at the date these Financial Statements have been approved, the new tax rate has not been considered to be substantially enacted as at that date. Accordingly, the prevailing income tax rate of 28% has been used for the current tax computation for the year ended 31 March 2020.

9. Basic earnings per share

Calculation of basic earning per share is based on the net profit attributable to Ordinary Shareholders divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding as at the reporting date.

	2020	2019
Profit for the year (Rs.)	9,646,367	8,765,289
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	100	100
Basic earnings per share (Rs.)	<u>96,464</u>	<u>87,653</u>



NILKAMAL ESWARAN MARKETING (PVT) LTD
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at 31 March,

	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.
10. Inventories		
Finished goods - Furniture	5,319,786	9,190,448
- Crates	55,023,880	49,325,411
Local Outsourcing Products	1,727,521	2,036,749
	62,071,187	60,552,608
Less : Provision for slow moving inventories (Note 10.1)	(15,400,846)	(9,620,534)
	<u>46,670,341</u>	<u>50,932,074</u>
10.1. Movement in Provision for Slow Moving Inventories		
Balance as at the beginning of the year	9,620,534	5,456,654
Provision for the year	5,780,312	4,163,880
Balance as at the end of the year	<u>15,400,846</u>	<u>9,620,534</u>

Although the Company had not made sales at its usual capacity post COVID-19 due to the lockdown condition, the Board of Directors were confident that the Selling price will not be reduced and the cost to complete may not show a significant increase. Accordingly, the computation of Net Realisable Value was not modified as at Reporting date.

The Company has assessed the potential impairment loss of inventory as at 31 March 2020. Based on the assessment, no further impairment provision was required to be made in the financial statements as at the reporting date.

11. Trade and other receivables

Financial

Trade receivables (Note 11.1)	13,988,426	15,495,603
Refundable Deposits	32,273	70,119
	<u>14,020,699</u>	<u>15,565,722</u>

Non-Financial

Prepayments	45,782	45,079
VAT receivables	9,116,125	8,995,314
ESC Receivables	-	217,103
	<u>9,161,907</u>	<u>9,257,496</u>

Trade and Other Receivables

	<u>23,182,606</u>	<u>24,823,218</u>
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11.1. Trade Receivables

Trade receivables - Eswaran Brothers Export Pvt Ltd	112,066	-
Trade receivables - others	14,570,319	16,562,827
Provision for impairment of trade receivables (Note 11.1.1)	(693,959)	(1,067,224)
	<u>13,988,426</u>	<u>15,495,603</u>

11.1.1. Provision for Impairment of Trade Receivables

Balance as at the beginning of the year	1,067,224	735,273
Provision/(Reversal) during the year	(228,860)	335,892
Write-off during the year	(144,405)	(3,941)
Balance as at the end of the year	<u>693,959</u>	<u>1,067,224</u>

The Company has specific criteria which have been used for the assessment of specific debtors who are not covered by Bank guarantees. No additional provisions over and above the existing provisioning approach was required due to COVID 19 implication, based on the internal assessment.

12. Related party receivables

Good Value Eswaran (Pvt) Ltd	45,512	56,974
	<u>45,512</u>	<u>56,974</u>

13. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash in hand	3,679	85,723
Cash at bank	1,002,807	102,770
	<u>1,006,486</u>	<u>188,493</u>
Bank overdraft	-	(3,516,847)
Cash & cash equivalents as per the statement of cash flows	<u>1,006,486</u>	<u>(3,328,354)</u>

NILKAMAL ESWARAN MARKETING (PVT) LTD
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<i>As at 31 March,</i>	2020	2019
	Rs.	Rs.
14. Stated capital		
Issued and fully paid		
100 ordinary shares	<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,000</u>
15. Trade and other payables		
Financial		
Trade payables - (Note 15.1)	<u>2,280,254</u>	<u>13,298,205</u>
	<u>2,280,254</u>	<u>13,298,205</u>
Non-Financial		
Other payables	2,324	1,527
NBT payable	-	117,392
Advances from customers (Note 15.2)	9,216,251	148,290
Accrued expenses (Note 15.3)	<u>1,379,984</u>	<u>409,006</u>
	<u>10,598,559</u>	<u>676,215</u>
Trade and other payables	<u>12,878,813</u>	<u>13,974,420</u>
15.1. Trade payables		
Trade payables - Nilkamal Limited - India	2,008,754	4,103,110
Trade payables - Cambro Nilkamal (Pvt) Ltd	-	3,877,346
Trade payables - Other	<u>271,500</u>	<u>5,317,749</u>
	<u>2,280,254</u>	<u>13,298,205</u>
15.2 Advances from customers of the Company as at 31 March 2020 include an advance received from Distilleries Company of Sri Lanka PLC amounting to Rs.8,909,676/-.		
15.3 Accrued expense		
Provision for Audit Fee	240,000	325,718
Provision for Sales Institutional	<u>1,139,984</u>	<u>83,288</u>
	<u>1,379,984</u>	<u>409,006</u>
16. Related party payables		
Nilkamal Eswaran Plastics (Pvt) Ltd	<u>18,107,581</u>	<u>27,000,180</u>
	<u>18,107,581</u>	<u>27,000,180</u>
17. Current taxation		
Balance as at the beginning of the year	3,494,861	1,356,167
Over provision in relation to prior years	(1,104)	(175,321)
Provision for current year	5,853,676	5,090,455
Payment made during the year	(6,426,960)	(2,379,250)
ESC set-off against current tax liability	<u>(662,740)</u>	<u>(397,190)</u>
Balance as at the end of the year	<u>2,257,733</u>	<u>3,494,861</u>

18. Related party disclosures

The Company carried out transactions in the ordinary course of its business with parties who are defined as related parties as per the section 33 of Sri Lanka Accounting Standards for SME - 'Related Party Disclosures', the details of

18.1 Parent and Ultimate Parent Party

The Company's parent entity is Nilkamal Eswaran Plastics (Pvt) Ltd. In the opinion of Directors, the ultimate parent party is Nilkamal Limited which is incorporated in India.

18.2 Key Management Personnel (KMP)

According to Sri Lanka Accounting Standard for SMEs, Key Management Personnel are those having authority and responsibility for planning, directing, and controlling the activities of the entity. Accordingly, the Directors of the Company, Directors of Nilkamal Eswaran Plastics (Pvt) Ltd ("the Parent") ultimate parent entity's Directors and other members of the management team who hold significant authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the entity's activities have been classified as KMP of the Company.

NILKAMAL ESWARAN MARKETING (PVT) LTD
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2020

Compensation paid to Key Management Personnel

	2020	2019
	Rs.	Rs.
Short Term Benefits	Nil	Nil
Post Employee Benefits	Nil	Nil

18. Related party disclosures

18.3. Transactions with Related Entities

Name of the Related Party	Relationship	Nature of the Transaction	Transaction Amount 2019/20	Transaction Amount 2018/19
			Rs.	Rs.
Nilkamal Limited - India	Ultimate Parent	Purchase of goods from Nilkamal Limited	26,888,256	17,374,984
Nilkamal Eswaran Plastics (Pvt) Ltd	Immediate Parent	Net fund transfers to/(from) Plastics	(14,811,771)	(10,200,000)
		Net customer deposits	-	7,190,336
		Sale of furniture	(108,820)	-
		Dues the Company settled to NEPPL	(21,260,851)	-
		Dues NEPPL settled to the Company	27,288,838	-
Cambro Nilkamal (Pvt) Ltd	Affiliate Company	Purchase of goods	-	7,183,805
Good Value Eswaran (Pvt) Ltd	Companies	Purchases	168,376	673,242
	significantly	Settlements	(179,838)	(733,498)
Eswaran Brothers Export Pvt Ltd	influenced by KMP and their	Purchases	223,856	55,262
		Settlements	(236,850)	(55,262)
Eswaran Brothers Export Pvt Ltd-Trading	close family members	Purchases	225,867	(26,634)
		Settlements	(100,803)	(30,484)

Amounts receivable from and due to related entities as at 31 March 2020 are disclosed in the Note 12 and 16 respectively. Trade receivables and payables to related entities are disclosed in Note 11 and Note 15 respectively.

19. Financial risk management

Overview

The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

1. Credit risk
2. Liquidity risk
3. Market risk
4. Operational risk.

This note presents information about the Company's exposure to each of the above risks, the Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the Company's management of capital. Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout this financial statement.

Risk management framework

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Board is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.



NILKAMAL ESWARAN MARKETING (PVT) LTD
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2020

19.1. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers, related parties, short term investments and cash and cash equivalents.

The Company trades with own distributors with bank guarantee and trades maximum up to the guarantee value. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that the Company's exposure to bad debts is not significant. Cash and cash equivalents are held with banks which have good ratings based on Fitch ratings.

19. Financial risk management (Cont.)

19.1. Credit risk (Cont.)

19.1.1 Credit risk exposure and managing the risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was as follows;

As at 31 March,

	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.
Trade and other receivables	14,020,699	15,565,722
Related party receivables	45,512	56,974
Cash & cash equivalents	1,006,486	188,493
	<u>15,072,697</u>	<u>15,811,189</u>

19.2 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

Maturity

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments.

As at 31 March 2020

	Within 1 Year Rs.	Between 1-2 Years Rs.	More than 2 Years Rs.	Total Rs.
Trade payables	2,280,254	-	-	2,280,254
Related party payables	18,107,581	-	-	18,107,581
	<u>20,387,835</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>20,387,835</u>

As at 31 March 2019

	Within 1 Year Rs.	Between 1-2 Years Rs.	More than 2 Years Rs.	Total Rs.
Trade payables	13,298,205	-	-	13,298,205
Related party payables	27,000,180	-	-	27,000,180
Bank overdraft	3,516,847	-	-	3,516,847
	<u>43,815,232</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>43,815,232</u>

19.3 Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

19.3.1 Currency Risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk arising mainly from foreign currency denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currencies of Company. The currencies in which these transactions primarily are denominated in USD.

NILKAMAL ESWARAN MARKETING (PVT) LTD
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2020

19. Financial risk management (Cont.)

19.3 Market Risk (Cont)

19.3.1 Currency Risk (Cont.)

The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk is as follows:

	<i>As at 31 March 2020</i>		<i>As at 31 March 2019</i>	
	USD	Converted to Rs.	USD	Converted to Rs.
Trade payables-related party	10,864	2,008,754	44,571	8,062,888
	<u>10,864</u>	<u>2,008,754</u>	<u>44,571</u>	<u>8,062,888</u>

In respect of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, the Company ensures that its net exposure is kept to an acceptable level by buying or selling foreign currencies at spot rates when necessary to address short-term imbalances.

19.3.2 Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk to the Company's earnings and economic value of equity ("EVE") arising from adverse movements in interest rates.

Management of Interest Rate Risk

The Company's investment decisions in interest bearing assets are controlled by the higher level authorities appointed by the Board of Directors and they are advised and guided only to invest in secured and regulated investment sources.

19.4 Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a wide variety of causes associated with the Company's processes, personnel, technology and infrastructure, and from external factors other than credit, market and liquidity risks such as those arising from legal and regulatory requirements and generally accepted standards of corporate behavior. Operational risks arise from all of the Company's operations. The primary responsibility for the development and implementation of controls to address operational risk is assigned to senior management within each business unit. This responsibility is supported by the development of overall Company standards for the management of operational risk in the following areas:

- Requirements for appropriate segregation of duties, including the independent authorization of transactions.
- Requirements for the reconciliation and monitoring of transactions.
- Requirements for the reporting of operational losses and proposed remedial action.
- Development of contingency plans.
- Training and professional development.
- Ethical and business standards.
- Risk mitigation, including insurance when this is effective.
- Compliance with regulatory and other legal requirements.

20. Fair values of financial instruments

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities, together with the carrying amounts shown in the statement of financial position, are as follows:

	<i>As at 31 March,</i>			
	2020		2019	
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Financial assets at amortised cost				
Trade and other receivables	14,020,699	14,020,699	15,565,722	15,565,722
Related party receivables	45,512	45,512	56,974	56,974
Cash and cash equivalents	1,006,486	1,006,486	188,493	188,493
	<u>15,072,697</u>	<u>15,072,697</u>	<u>15,811,189</u>	<u>15,811,189</u>

NILKAMAL ESWARAN MARKETING (PVT) LTD
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2020

20. Fair values of financial instruments (Cont.)

<i>As at 31 March,</i>	2020		2019	
	Carrying amount Rs.	Fair value Rs.	Carrying amount Rs.	Fair value Rs.
Financial liabilities at amortised cost				
Trade payables	2,280,254	2,280,254	13,298,205	13,298,205
Related party payables	18,107,581	18,107,581	27,000,180	27,000,180
Bank overdraft	-	-	3,516,847	3,516,847
	20,387,835	20,387,835	43,815,232	43,815,232

The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair values of the financial instruments are as follows:

- a) Cash and cash equivalents – The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents approximate its fair value due to the relatively short maturity of the financial instruments.
- b) Trade and other receivables, Related party receivables, Trade payables, Related party payables and Bank overdraft – The carrying amount of these financial assets and liabilities approximate its fair value due to the relatively short maturity of the financial instruments.

21. Capital Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

There were no contract for capital expenditure of material amounts approved or contracted for as at the reporting date. There have been no material Contingent Liabilities outstanding as at the reporting date.

21.1. Litigation and claim

There were no pending litigation or claims as at the reporting date.

22. Comparative figures

Where necessary, comparative figures have been rearranged to conform with the current year's presentation.

23. Events Occurring after the Reporting date

There were no material events occurring after the reporting date as at 31 March 2020 that require adjustments to or disclosure in the Financial Statements, other than the following:

- a). On 11 March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the Coronavirus COVID-19 outbreak to be a pandemic in recognition of its rapid spread across the globe with over 150 countries now affected. Businesses may be negatively impacted due to the overall negative economic conditions caused by the pandemic. The financial reporting effects of the COVID-19 outbreak have been considered as adjusting events.

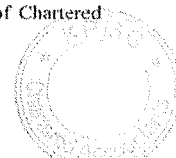
In light of the COVID-19 outbreak, the Company has been taking various precautionary measures to protect employees and workmen, their families, and the eco system in which they interact, while at the same time ensuring business continuity. As a step in this direction and taking into account the directives issued by the Government of Sri Lanka, the Company had suspended operations on 20 March 2020 and restarted in a limited manner from 17 April 2020 with skeleton staff. The Company is regularly monitoring the situation and operations are being increased up to full capacity level in a phased manner.

On the 30 April 2020, the Board of Directors of the Company approved revised forecasts for the year ending 31 March 2021. These new forecasts incorporated the potential impact of COVID 19 outbreak on the business. Although these forecasts do reflect a decrease in profitability compared to pre COVID 19 budgets, the management is confident that such a decrease will not affect the going concern ability of the Company. The Company will continue to monitor any material changes on future economic conditions and amend the forecasts accordingly.

The Directors are unable to fully estimate the potential impact the outbreak could have on the Company's financial position, as of date of authorising these financial statements.

24. Board of Director's responsibility for financial reporting

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these Financial Statements in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards for small and medium-sized entities laid down by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Sri Lanka and the Companies Act No. 7 of 2007.



NILKAMAL ESWARAN MARKETING (PVT) LTD
DETAILED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

For the year ended 31 March,

	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.
Revenue	79,360,157	62,913,319
Cost of sales	(55,485,252)	(42,793,256)
Gross profit	23,874,905	20,120,063
Administrative expenses	(890,297)	(1,217,952)
Distribution expenses	(7,690,456)	(5,073,201)
Profit from operations	15,294,152	13,828,910



NILKAMAL ESWARAN MARKETING (PVT) LTD
DETAILED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

For the year ended 31 March,

	2020	2019
	Rs.	Rs.
<u>COST OF SALES</u>		
Purchases - Furniture	4,470,038	11,642,788
Purchase - Crates & bins	33,619,488	25,084,472
Purchase - Local furniture	1,408,810	2,760,865
Import related expenses	64,510	94,283
Purchase - Local furniture - sofa	-	150,400
Purchases - Cambro products	8,713,006	10,730,757
Purchases - Cambro products - china	8,478,920	7,841,483
Increase of inventory	(1,518,579)	(15,738,462)
Purchase - Crates - Bubble Guard	-	173,659
Purchases - GS Products	-	(40,989)
Purchase Sofa Import	249,059	-
Purchases - Local	-	94,000
	<u>55,485,252</u>	<u>42,793,256</u>
<u>ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES</u>		
Legal & Consultance Fees	6,900	6,900
Audit fees	167,984	458,405
Container washing & cleaning charges	44,815	34,321
Insurance charges	93,262	77,795
Licence fees	3,500	6,900
Maintenance-Office	-	300
NBT on Revenue A/C	436,363	543,982
Postage, Stamp & Courier	55,343	3,326
Secretarial fees	72,655	74,570
Stamp duty	9,475	9,350
Miscellaneous Expenses	-	2,103
	<u>890,297</u>	<u>1,217,952</u>

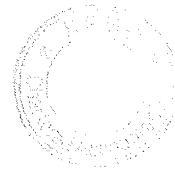


NILKAMAL ESWARAN MARKETING (PVT) LTD
DETAILED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

For the year ended 31 March,

	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.
<u>DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES</u>		
Settlement discounts	12,322	-
Field Sales expenses - crate	63,730	81,980
Promotion & events	72,960	244,500
Transport charges-crate	543,254	-
VAT on free issues & sample issues	2,304	4,763
Distributor sales incentives	17,013	65,586
Tender expenses	108,136	65,454
Provision for slow moving inventory	5,780,312	4,163,880
Sales incentives	-	24,600
Written off unclaimed VAT 11%	-	(10,294)
Written off unclaimed VAT 15%	5,191	23,282
Bad debts	(228,860)	-
Bad Debts Account - Crate	-	132
Bad Debts Account - Furniture	-	335,760
Settlement discounts (2 to 30 Days)-1.5%	-	3,790
Settlement discounts (Immediately)-2.5%	-	17,744
Sales Incentives - Cambro	61,000	15,000
Sales Incentives - Crate - Institutional	-	19,702
Sales Incentives- Institutional	-	10,122
Bad Debts Account	(1,952)	-
Travelling Expenses - Crate	180	-
Sales Incentives-Institutional	1,164,306	-
Transport Charges-Furniture	90,560	7,200
	<u>7,690,456</u>	<u>5,073,201</u>

Note 6.1



**NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31 MARCH 2020**



KPMG
(Chartered Accountants)
32A, Sir Mohamed Macan Markar Mawatha,
P. O. Box 186,
Colombo 00300, Sri Lanka.

Tel : +94 - 11 542 6426
Fax : +94 - 11 244 5872
+94 - 11 244 6058
Internet : www.kpmg.com/lk

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Nilkamal Eswaran Plastics (Pvt) Ltd ("the Company") and the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2020, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements of the Company and the Group give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and the Group as at 31 March 2020, and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standard for Small and Medium-Sized Entities.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards (SLAuSs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics issued by CA Sri Lanka (Code of Ethics) that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. These financial statements do not comprise other information.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standard for Small and Medium-Sized Entities, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the company's and Group's financial reporting process.

KPMG, a Sri Lankan partnership and a member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Cooperative ("KPMG International"), a Swiss entity.

MR. Mahulur FCA	P.Y.S. Perera FCA	C.P. Jayatilake FCA
T.J.S. Rajakarier FCA	W.W.J.C. Perera FCA	Ms. S. Joseph FCA
Ms. S.M.B. Jayasekara ACA	W.K.D.C. Abeyratne FCA	S.T.D.L. Perera FCA
G.A.U. Karunaratne FCA	R.M.D.B. Rajapaksa FCA	Ms. B.K.D.I.M. Rodrigo FCA
R.H. Rajan FCA	M.N.M. Shanmugan ACA	Ms. C.T.K.N. Perera ACA
A.M.R.P. Atahakoon ACA		

Principals - S.R.I. Perera FCA(UK), LL.B., Attorney-at-Law, H.S. Ganesawardene ACA
Ms. P.M.K. Sumanasekara FCA

**Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SLAuSs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at Sri Lanka Accounting and Auditing Standards website at: <http://slaasc.com/auditing/auditorsresponsibility.php>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by section 163 (2) of the Companies Act No. 07 of 2007, we have obtained all the information and explanations that were required for the audit and, as far as appears from our examination, proper accounting records have been kept by the Company.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'K. R. R.' or similar, written in a cursive style.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Colombo, Sri Lanka

12 June 2020

NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS & OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

<i>For the year ended 31st March,</i>	Notes	Group		Company	
		2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.
Revenue	5	996,444,327	1,035,799,907	917,084,170	972,886,588
Cost of sales		(706,307,579)	(751,393,466)	(650,822,327)	(708,600,210)
Gross Profit		290,136,748	284,406,441	266,261,843	264,286,378
Other income	6	7,989,040	5,724,112	7,989,040	7,444,112
Administrative expenses		(78,470,247)	(81,840,727)	(77,579,951)	(80,622,820)
Distribution expenses		(159,819,502)	(168,478,787)	(152,129,045)	(163,405,586)
Profit from Operations	7	59,836,039	39,811,039	44,541,887	27,702,084
Net finance income	8	13,427,692	10,075,404	13,222,905	10,223,891
Profit Before Taxation		73,263,731	49,886,443	57,764,792	37,925,975
Income tax expense	9	(22,588,246)	(14,829,608)	(16,735,674)	(9,634,474)
Profit for the Year		50,675,485	35,056,835	41,029,118	28,291,501
Other Comprehensive Income for the Year		-	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year		50,675,485	35,056,835	41,029,118	28,291,501
Basic Earnings per Share (Rs.)	10	26.51	17.53	21.47	14.15

Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

The notes to the Financial Statements form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

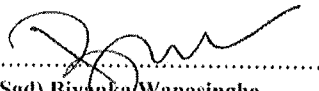


NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 March,		Group		Company	
	Notes	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.
ASSETS					
Non-Current Assets					
Property, plant and equipment	11	286,050,792	332,234,378	286,050,792	332,234,378
Intangible assets	12	2,754,008	4,905,379	2,754,008	4,905,379
Investment in subsidiary	13	-	-	1,000	1,000
Total Non-Current Assets		288,804,800	337,139,757	288,805,800	337,140,757
Current Assets					
Inventories	14	203,103,045	229,524,360	156,432,703	178,592,286
Trade and other receivables	15	197,565,142	246,078,563	174,382,539	220,298,337
Current taxation	24	-	2,873,843	-	2,873,843
Related party receivables	16	2,495,612	56,974	20,557,681	27,000,185
Cash and cash equivalents	17	119,064,455	110,432,673	118,057,968	110,244,180
Total Current Assets		522,228,254	588,966,413	469,430,891	539,008,831
Total Assets		811,033,054	926,106,170	758,236,691	876,149,588
EQUITY & LIABILITIES					
Equity					
Stated capital	18	20,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000
Retained earnings		583,988,187	714,742,952	546,328,372	686,729,504
Total Equity		603,988,187	734,742,952	566,328,372	706,729,504
Non-Current Liabilities					
Deferred taxation	19	45,141,238	43,939,269	45,141,238	43,939,269
Employee benefits	20	33,488,230	36,987,302	33,488,230	36,987,302
Total Non Current Liabilities		78,629,468	80,926,571	78,629,468	80,926,571
Current Liabilities					
Trade and other payables	21	85,381,850	100,228,711	72,503,035	85,297,285
Related party payables	22	36,753,728	2,615,392	36,753,728	2,615,392
Lease creditors	23	-	580,836	-	580,836
Current taxation	24	5,833,211	3,494,861	3,575,478	-
Bank overdraft	17	446,610	3,516,847	446,610	-
Total Current Liabilities		128,415,399	110,436,647	113,278,851	88,493,513
Total Liabilities		207,044,867	191,363,218	191,908,319	169,420,084
Total Equity and Liabilities		811,033,054	926,106,170	758,236,691	876,149,588

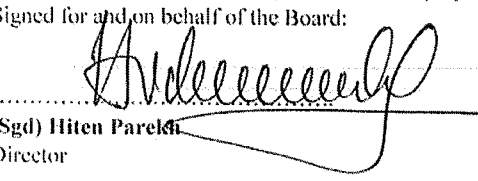
The notes to the Financial Statements form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

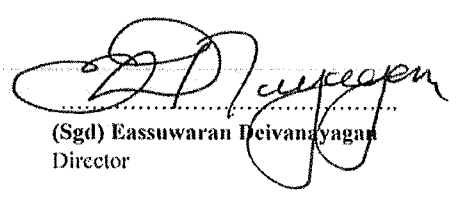
These Financial Statements have been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act No 07 of 2007.


 (Sgd) Biyanka Wanasinghe
 Deputy General Manager - Finance

The Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements.

Signed for and on behalf of the Board:


 (Sgd) Hiten Parekh
 Director


 (Sgd) Eassuwaran Deivanayagam
 Director

12 June 2020
 Colombo

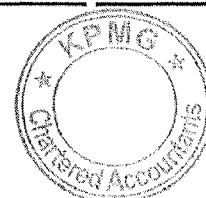


NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31 March 2020

Group	Stated Capital Rs.	Retained Earnings Rs.	Total Rs.
Balance as at 1 April 2018	20,000,000	679,686,117	699,686,117
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year			
Profit for the year	-	35,056,835	35,056,835
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year	-	35,056,835	35,056,835
Balance as at 31 March 2019	20,000,000	714,742,952	734,742,952
Balance as at 1 April 2019	20,000,000	714,742,952	734,742,952
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year			
Profit for the year	-	50,675,485	50,675,485
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year	-	50,675,485	50,675,485
Transactions with Owners, Recorded Directly in Equity			
Final dividend for 2018/19	-	(10,000,000)	(10,000,000)
Interim dividend for 2019/20	-	(35,000,000)	(35,000,000)
Share re-purchase (Note 18.1)	-	(136,012,500)	(136,012,500)
Share re-purchase cost (Note 18.1.1)	-	(417,750)	(417,750)
Total Transactions with Owners, Recorded Directly in Equity	-	(181,430,250)	(181,430,250)
Balance as at 31 March 2020	20,000,000	583,988,187	603,988,187

Company	Stated Capital Rs.	Retained Earnings Rs.	Total Rs.
Balance as at 1 April 2018	20,000,000	658,438,003	678,438,003
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year			
Profit for the year	-	28,291,501	28,291,501
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year	-	28,291,501	28,291,501
Balance as at 31 March 2019	20,000,000	686,729,504	706,729,504
Balance as at 1 April 2019	20,000,000	686,729,504	706,729,504
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year			
Profit for the year	-	41,029,118	41,029,118
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year	-	41,029,118	41,029,118
Transactions with Owners, Recorded Directly in Equity			
Final dividend for 2018/19	-	(10,000,000)	(10,000,000)
Interim dividend for 2019/20	-	(35,000,000)	(35,000,000)
Share re-purchase (Note 18.1)	-	(136,012,500)	(136,012,500)
Share re-purchase cost (Note 18.1.1)	-	(417,750)	(417,750)
Total Transactions with Owners, Recorded Directly in Equity	-	(181,430,250)	(181,430,250)
Balance as at 31 March 2020	20,000,000	546,328,372	566,328,372



NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

<i>For the year ended 31 March,</i>	Group		Company	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Profit Before Taxation	73,263,731	49,886,443	57,764,792	37,925,975
<i>Adjustment for :</i>				
Depreciation on property, plant & equipment	58,031,283	59,456,624	58,031,283	59,456,624
Amortisation of intangible assets	2,206,371	2,265,457	2,206,371	2,265,457
Provision for gratuity	2,067,780	5,029,094	2,067,780	5,029,094
Provision for slow moving inventories	7,296,712	4,630,118	1,516,400	466,238
Provision for trade receivables	1,677,975	1,023,826	1,906,835	687,934
Gain on disposal of property, plant & equipment	(962,567)	(1,293,464)	(962,567)	(1,293,464)
Trade Receivable write-off	(1,264,299)	-	(1,264,299)	-
Dividend income	-	-	-	(1,720,000)
Interest income	(11,012,151)	(8,559,432)	(11,012,151)	(8,559,432)
Interest expense on lease liabilities	9,784	177,465	9,784	177,465
Other interest expenses	385,984	804,689	278,873	742,831
	131,700,603	113,420,820	110,543,101	95,178,722
(Increase)/ decrease in inventories	19,124,603	(17,305,035)	20,643,183	(1,566,574)
(Increase)/ decrease in trade and other receivables	38,352,621	(40,551,101)	36,188,878	(37,264,989)
Decrease in related party receivables	(2,438,638)	60,256	6,442,504	3,009,664
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables	(14,846,861)	3,007,230	(12,794,250)	(5,941,913)
Increase/ (decrease) in related party payables	(861,664)	103,163	(861,664)	103,163
Cash Generated from Operations	171,030,664	58,735,333	160,161,752	53,518,073
Employee benefit paid	(5,566,852)	(570,205)	(5,566,852)	(570,205)
Interest paid	(385,984)	(804,689)	(278,873)	(742,831)
Current tax paid	(6,426,960)	(2,659,250)	-	-
Net Cash Generated from Operating Activities	158,650,868	54,701,189	154,316,027	52,205,037
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(13,607,747)	(35,452,804)	(13,607,747)	(35,452,804)
Acquisition of intangible assets	(55,000)	(165,386)	(55,000)	(165,386)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	2,722,617	8,348,011	2,722,617	8,348,011
Dividend received	-	-	-	1,720,000
Interest received	11,012,151	8,559,432	11,012,151	8,559,432
Net Cash from/ (used in) Investing Activities	72,021	(18,710,747)	72,021	(16,990,747)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities				
Lease rentals paid	(590,620)	(1,771,860)	(590,620)	(1,771,860)
Dividend paid	(10,000,000)	-	(10,000,000)	-
Share re-purchase	(136,430,250)	-	(136,430,250)	-
Net Cash used in Financing Activities	(147,020,870)	(1,771,860)	(147,020,870)	(1,771,860)
Net increase in Cash & Cash Equivalents	11,702,019	34,218,582	7,367,178	33,442,430
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	106,915,826	72,697,244	110,244,180	76,801,750
Cash & Cash Equivalents at the end of the year (Note 17)	118,617,845	106,915,826	117,611,358	110,244,180

The notes to the Financial Statements form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. REPORTING ENTITY

1.1 Domicile and Legal Form

Nilkamal Eswaran Plastics (Private) Limited ('the Company') is a limited liability company incorporated in and domiciled in Sri Lanka. The registered office of the Company and the principal place of business is located at 328, Madapatha Road, Batakettera, Piliyandala.

The Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group as at and the year ended 31 March 2020 comprise the Company and its subsidiary (together referred to as the "Group" and individually as "Group entities"). The Company has a fully owned subsidiary, Nilkamal Eswaran Marketing (Private) Limited.

1.2 Principal Activities and Nature of Operations

The principal activities of the Group were as follows;

Nilkamal Eswaran Plastics (Pvt) Ltd	Manufacturing of injection molded plastic articles and sofa
Nilkamal Eswaran Marketing (Pvt) Ltd	Importing and selling of all kinds of plastic articles

1.3 Parent Entity and Ultimate Parent Entity

The Group's parent entity and ultimate parent entity is Nilkamal Limited, which is incorporated in India.

1.4 Number of Employees

The number of employees of the Group and Company as at 31 March 2020 are as follow:

Group	111 (2019- 118)
Company	111 (2019- 118)

The subsidiary Nilkamal Eswaran Marketing (Pvt) Limited did not have any employees as at 31 March 2020.

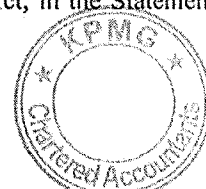
2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1. Statement of Compliance

The Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group and the separate Financial Statements of the Company, which comprise the Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Profit or Loss and Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows together with accounting policies and notes to the Financial Statements of the Company and Group as at 31 March 2020 and for the year then ended have been prepared in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standard for Small and Medium Sized – Entities (SLFRS for SMEs), issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Sri Lanka (ICASL) and comply with the requirements of Companies Act, No. 7 of 2007 and amendments thereto.

2.2 Basis of Measurement

The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis and applied consistently with no adjustments being made for inflationary factors affecting the Financial Statements, except for the retirement benefit liability for employee benefits recognized based on the Gratuity Act, in the Statement of Financial Position.



NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared on the basis that the Group would continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future.

2.3 Comparative Figures

Where necessary, comparative figures have been rearranged to conform with the current year's presentation

2.4 Functional and Presentation Currency

All values presented in the Financial Statements are in Sri Lankan Rupees (Rs.) unless otherwise indicated.

2.5 Use of Estimate and Judgment

The preparation of the Financial Statements in conformity with SLFRS for SMEs requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the Financial Statements is included in the following notes:

- Impairment of financial assets (Note 3.9.4)
- Impairment of Non-financial assets (Note 3.10)
- Current taxation (Note 3.3.a)
- Deferred taxation and utilization of tax losses (Note 3.3.b)
- Measurement of Employee benefits (Note 3.11)
- Provisions and contingencies (Note 3.13 and Note 3.14)

2.6 Materiality and Aggregation

Each material class of similar items is presented separately in the Financial Statements. Items of a dissimilar nature or function are presented separately unless they are immaterial.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

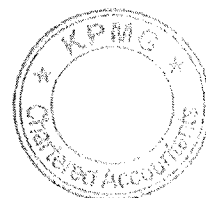
3.1. Basis of Consolidation

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these Financial Statements, unless otherwise indicated. The accounting policies have been applied consistently by the Group.

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are those enterprises controlled by the Company. Control exists when the Company has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of that enterprise so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that presently are exercisable are taken into account. The Financial Statements of subsidiary is included in the Consolidated Financial Statements from the date that control effectively commences until the date that control effectively ceases. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed when necessary to align them with the policies adopted by the Company.

All companies in the Group have a common financial year, which ends on 31 March.



NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Loss of Control

Upon the loss of control, the Group derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, any non-controlling interests and the other components of equity related to the subsidiary. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognised in profit or loss. If the Group retains any interest in the previous subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost. Subsequently it is accounted for as an equity-accounted investee or in accordance with the Group's Accounting Policy for financial assets (see Accounting Policy 3.9 below) depending on the level of influence retained.

Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealized gains and losses or income and expenses arising from the intra-group transactions are eliminated in preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Accounting for investment in subsidiaries

When separate Financial Statements are prepared, investments in subsidiaries are accounted for using the cost method. Investments in subsidiaries are stated in the Company's Statement of Financial Position at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

3.2. Foreign Currency Transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date.

The foreign currency gain or loss on monetary items is the difference between amortised cost in the functional currency at the beginning of the period, adjusted for effective interest and payments during the period, and the amortized cost in foreign currency translated at the exchange rate at the end of the reporting period.

Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

3.3. Income Tax Expense

Income tax expenses comprise of current & deferred tax expenses recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

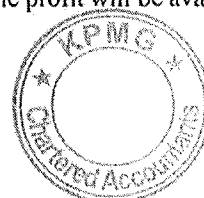
(a) Current Taxation

The Group's liability to taxation has been computed in accordance with the provisions of the Inland Revenue Act No. 24 of 2017 and subsequent gazette notifications.

(b) Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all temporary differences as at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their respective carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes. The balance in the deferred taxation account represents income tax applicable to the difference between the written down values for tax purpose of the assets on which tax depreciation has been claimed and the net book value of such asset, offset by the provision for employee benefit which is deductible for tax purpose only on payment.

Deferred tax assets, including those related to temporary tax effect of income tax losses and credits available to be carried forward are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available



NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

against which the assets can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

3.4. Events occurring after the reporting date

The materiality of the events occurring after the reporting date have been considered and appropriate adjustments to or disclosure have been made in the Financial Statements where necessary.

ASSETS AND BASES OF THEIR VALUATION

3.5. Property, Plant and Equipment

a) Cost and Valuation

Property, plant & equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation, less accumulated impairment losses if any.

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labor, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to a working condition for its intended use, and the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located. Where an item of property, plant and equipment comprises major components having different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items of property, plant and equipment.

Items of property, plant and equipment are derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or losses arising on de-recognition of the asset is included in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognized.

b) Subsequent Cost

Expenditure incurred to replace a component of an item of property, plant and equipment that is accounted for separately, including major inspection and overhaul costs, is capitalised. Other subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the item of property, plant and equipment. All other expenditure is recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income as an expense as incurred.

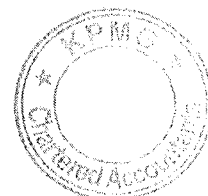
c) Depreciation

The provision for depreciation is calculated by using straight line method on all property, plant and equipment in order to write off such amounts over the following estimated useful economic lives by equal installments.

Buildings on Freehold Land	20 years
Plant and Machinery	9.67 years
Moulds	6.17 years
Office Equipment	5 years
Computer Equipment and Software	5 years
Furniture and Fittings	10 years
Motor Vehicles	5 years

Freehold land is not depreciated.

Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e. when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Depreciation of an asset ceases at the earlier of the date that the asset is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale) and the date that the asset is derecognized.



NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

d) Impairment of Property Plant and Equipment

The carrying value of property plant and equipment is reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the carrying value exceed the estimated recoverable amount, the assets are written down to their recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income unless it reverses a previous revaluation surplus for the same asset.

3.6. Intangible Assets

All computer software costs incurred, licensed for use by the Group, which are not integrally related to associate hardware, and can be clearly identified, reliably measured and it is probable that they will lead to future economic benefits are included in the Statement of Financial Position under the category Intangible Assets and carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses if any.

a) Subsequent Expenditure

Expenditure incurred on intangible assets are capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure is expensed as incurred.

b) Amortization

Intangible assets are amortized on a straight line basis over a period of 5 years except goodwill in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income from the date when the asset is available for use, over the best estimate of its useful economic life.

3.7. Leased assets

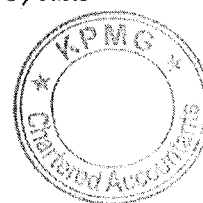
Leased in terms of which the Group assumes substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. On initial recognition, the leased asset is measured at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to property, plant and equipment.

Other leases are operating leases and are not recognized in the Group's Statement of Financial Position.

3.8. Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost or net realizable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items. Net realizable value is the price at which inventories can be sold in the normal course of business after allowing for cost of realization and/or cost of conversion from their existing state to saleable condition.

Raw Materials	- At actual cost on first-in first-out (FIFO) basis
Finished Goods	- At the cost of direct materials, direct labor and an appropriate proportion of fixed production overheads based on normal operating capacity
Work in Progress	- based on the standard costing which included all direct expenditure and production overheads
Consumables and Spares	- At purchase cost on first-in first-out (FIFO) basis
Goods in Transit	- At purchase cost



NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3.9. Financial Assets

A financial instrument is a contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

3.9.1. Initial recognition of financial assets and liabilities

An entity shall recognise a financial asset or a financial liability only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

3.9.2. Initial measurement

When a financial asset or financial liability is recognised initially, an entity shall measure it at the transaction price (including transaction costs) unless the arrangement constitutes, in effect, a financing transaction. A financing transaction may take place in connection with the sale of goods or services, for example, if payment is deferred beyond normal business terms or is financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate. If the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the entity shall measure the financial asset or financial liability at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

3.9.3. Subsequent measurement

At the end of each reporting period, an entity shall measure financial instruments as follows, without any deduction for transaction costs the entity may incur on sale or other disposal.

- Debt instruments shall be measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Cash and debt instruments that are classified as current assets or current liabilities shall be measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received (i.e., net of impairment) unless the arrangement constitutes, in effect, a financing transaction. If the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the entity shall measure the debt instrument at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.
- Investments in shares shall be measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. For shares traded in an active market the best evidence of fair value is the quoted price for those shares in that active market.

Trade and other receivables

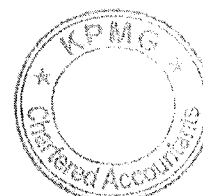
Trade and other receivables and due from related parties are initially recognized at cost. Trade receivable and other receivables are stated at the amounts they are estimated to realize net of impairment for bad and doubtful receivables.

If receivables extend beyond the normal credit terms, those receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate at the end of each reporting period.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are cash in hand, demand deposits and short-term highly liquid investments, readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand and deposits in banks net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Investments with short maturities i.e. three months or less from the date of acquisition are also treated as cash equivalents.



NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3.9.4. Impairment of financial assets measured at cost or amortised cost

At the end of each reporting period, an entity shall assess whether there is objective evidence of impairment of any financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost. If there is objective evidence of impairment, the entity shall recognize an impairment loss in profit or loss immediately. Objective evidence that a financial asset or group of assets is impaired includes observable data that come to the attention of the entity about the loss events.

3.9.4.1. Measurement

The Group measure an impairment loss on financial assets measured at cost or amortised cost as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If such a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

3.9.5. Derecognition of a financial asset

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

3.10. Impairment of Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets such as deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. For intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives or that are not yet available for use, the recoverable amount is estimated each year at the same time.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets.

Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss.

LIABILITIES AND PROVISIONS

Liabilities classified as Current Liabilities on the Statement of Financial Position are those obligations payable on demand or within one year from the reporting date. Items classified as non-current liabilities are those obligations, which expire beyond a period of one year from the reporting date.

All known liabilities have been accounted for in preparing the Financial Statements. Provision and liabilities are recognized when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

3.11. Employee benefits

(a) Defined Contribution Plan - Employees' Provident Fund & Employees' Trust Fund

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which an entity pays fixed contributions into an approved Employees' Provident Fund and to the Employees' Trust Fund, and will have no legal or



NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

constructive obligation to pay further amounts. The Group contributes 12% and 3% of gross emoluments of employees as Provident Fund and Trust Fund contribution respectively.

(b) Defined Benefit Plans– Retirement Gratuity

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan.

Provision has been made for retirement gratuities from the first year of service for all employees, in conformity with SLFRS for SMEs (Section 28- Employee Benefits). The liability recognised in the Financial Statements in respect of defined benefit plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation as at the reporting date. The computation of the provision is based only on Gratuity Act requirement. The Group measures the present value of retirement benefits of gratuity using an internally generated model based on formula annually. However, under the Payment of Gratuity Act No. 12 of 1983, the liability to an employee arises only on completion of 5 years of continued service.

The liability is not externally funded nor actuarially valued.

3.12. Non-derivative financial liabilities

The Group initially recognises debt securities issued and subordinated liabilities on the date that they are originated. All other financial liabilities (including liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss) are recognised initially on the trade date at which the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Group derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expire.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the Statement of Financial Position when, and only when, the Group has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The Group has the following non-derivative financial liabilities: loans and borrowings, bank overdrafts, and trade and other payables.

Such financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition these financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Trade payables

Trade payables are obligations on the basis of normal credit terms and do not bear interest. Trade payables denominated in a foreign currency are translated into Sri Lankan rupees using the exchange rate at the reporting date. Foreign exchange gains or losses are included in other income.

3.13. Provisions and liabilities

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost.

Provision for Warrantee Liability



NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company offers warranties on Sofa products on its own account and warranty is provided by giving a warranty period of 1 year from the date of sale for the fabric and 15 years from the date of sale for the frame. A provision for warranty is recognised when the underlying products are sold. The quantum of the provision is based on the historical experience. The said extended warranty provision will be reversed upon expiration of warranty period if unutilised as at that date.

The provision is included under other liabilities.

3.14. Contingencies and Capital Commitments

All material capital commitments and contingencies, which exist as at the reporting date, are disclosed in the respective notes to the Financial Statements.

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

3.15. Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and that revenue and associated costs incurred or to be incurred can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of trade discounts and sales taxes and after eliminating sales within the Group.

The following specific criteria are used for the purpose of recognition of revenue.

(a) Sale of Goods

Revenue from the sale of goods in the course of ordinary activities is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns, trade discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer normally at the point of good dispatch; with the Group retaining neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold.

(b) Others

Other income is recognized on an accrual basis.

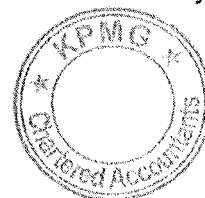
Net gains and losses of a revenue nature on the disposal of property, plant & equipment and other non-current assets including investments are accounted for in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, having deducted from proceeds on disposal, the carrying amount of the assets and related selling expenses.

Gains and losses arising from incidental activities to main revenue generating activities and those arising from a group of similar transactions which are not material, are aggregated, reported and presented on a net basis.

3.16. Expenditure Recognition

(a) Operating Expenses

Expenses are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income on the basis of a direct association between the cost incurred and the earning specific items of income. All expenditure incurred in the running of the business and in maintaining the property, plant and equipment in a state of efficiency has been charged to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.



NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(b) Finance income and expense

Interest income and expenses are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liabilities (or, where appropriate, a shorter period) to the carrying amount of the financial asset or liabilities. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Group estimates future cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument, but not future credit losses.

The calculation of the effective interest rate includes all transaction costs and fees and points paid or received that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Transaction costs include incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of a financial asset or liability.

(c) Borrowing cost

All borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

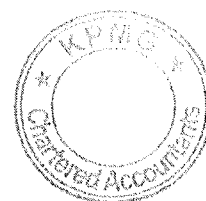
3.17. Related Party Transactions

Disclosures has been made in respect of the transactions in which one party has the liability to control or exercise significant influence over the financial and operating decisions/policies of the other, irrespective of a price being charged.

4. Statement of Cash Flows

The Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared using the Indirect Method.

For cash flow purposes, cash and cash equivalents are presented net of bank overdrafts.



NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<i>For the year ended 31 March,</i>	Group		Company	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
5 Revenue				
Local sales	1,011,658,994	1,046,503,982	932,183,479	983,590,663
Export sales	1,645,056	5,701,265	1,645,056	5,701,265
	<u>1,013,304,050</u>	<u>1,052,205,247</u>	<u>933,828,535</u>	<u>989,291,928</u>
Trade discounts	(16,859,723)	(16,405,340)	(16,744,365)	(16,405,340)
	<u>996,444,327</u>	<u>1,035,799,907</u>	<u>917,084,170</u>	<u>972,886,588</u>

Following Coronavirus "COVID-19" outbreak in Sri Lanka, the Government announced a lockdown position with curfew since 20 March 2020. Therefore, the business operations and activities of the Group were impacted. The operations of the Group were temporarily suspended due to the lockdown since 20 March 2020 and restarted its operation in limited manner from 17 April 2020 with skeleton staff. However, the Group currently manufactures only confirmed orders since post COVID-19 period.

6 Other Income

Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	962,567	1,293,464	962,567	1,293,464
Dividend income	-	-	-	1,720,000
Interest on staff loan	226,031	211,497	226,031	211,497
Scrap sales (Note 6.1)	4,350,342	4,219,151	4,350,342	4,219,151
Mould Lease Income (Note 6.2)	2,450,100	-	2,450,100	-
	<u>7,989,040</u>	<u>5,724,112</u>	<u>7,989,040</u>	<u>7,444,112</u>

6.1 This includes sales of scraps relating to raw Material, Sofa and other inventories.

6.2 This includes the income earned by renting moulds to Nilkamal Limited in India.

7 Profit from Operations

Profit from operating activities is stated after charging all expenses including the following.

Directors' emoluments	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Audit fees and expenses				
- Audit and audit related services	1,284,000	1,129,770	1,061,000	898,770
- Non audit services	315,000	536,100	315,000	287,695
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	58,031,283	59,456,624	58,031,283	59,456,624
Amortisation of intangible assets	2,206,371	2,265,457	2,206,371	2,265,457
Provision for impairment of trade receivables (Note 15.1.2)	1,677,975	1,023,826	1,906,835	687,934
Provision for inventories (Note 14.1)	7,296,712	4,630,118	1,516,400	466,238
Staff and related costs (Note 7.1)	142,458,548	156,523,704	142,458,548	156,523,704

7.1 Staff and related costs

- Salaries, wages & other related cost	125,303,969	135,309,995	125,303,969	135,309,995
- Defined contribution plans - EPF & ETF	15,086,799	16,184,615	15,086,799	16,184,615
- Defined benefit plan cost	2,067,780	5,029,094	2,067,780	5,029,094
	<u>142,458,548</u>	<u>156,523,704</u>	<u>142,458,548</u>	<u>156,523,704</u>

NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<i>For the year ended 31 March,</i>	Group		Company	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
8 Net Finance Income				
Finance Income				
Interest income from investments in securities purchased under resale agreements	2,704,930	1,302,274	2,704,930	1,302,274
Gain on translation of foreign currency	3,603,002	3,408,414	3,184,680	3,383,080
Interest income from Fixed Deposits	8,307,221	7,257,158	8,307,221	7,257,158
Total Finance Income	14,615,153	11,967,846	14,196,831	11,942,512
Finance Expense				
Interest on lease liabilities	9,784	177,465	9,784	177,465
Interest on short term borrowings	165,984	804,689	58,873	742,831
Bank Charges	791,693	910,288	685,269	798,325
Interest on distributor cash deposits	220,000	-	220,000	-
Total Finance Expense	1,187,461	1,892,442	973,926	1,718,621
Net Finance Income	13,427,692	10,075,404	13,222,905	10,223,891

9 Income Tax Expense

Current Tax Expense / (Reversal)

Current tax for the year (Note 9.1)	21,387,381	5,378,151	15,533,705	287,696
Over provision of current taxes in respect of prior years	(1,104)	(1,730,229)	-	(1,554,908)
Withholding tax on inter company dividend	-	280,000	-	-
	21,386,277	3,927,922	15,533,705	(1,267,212)

Deferred Tax Expense

Reversal/(origination) of deferred tax assets (Note 19.1)	979,758	(1,248,489)	979,758	(1,248,489)
Origination of deferred tax liabilities (Note 19.2)	222,211	12,150,175	222,211	12,150,175
	1,201,969	10,901,686	1,201,969	10,901,686

Total Income Tax expense	22,588,246	14,829,608	16,735,674	9,634,474
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9.1 Reconciliation of the Accounting Profit and Tax on Current Year

<i>For the year ended 31 March,</i>	Group		Company	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Profit before taxation	73,263,731	49,886,443	57,764,792	37,925,975
Other sources of income	(11,012,151)	(8,559,432)	(11,012,151)	(8,559,432)
Inter company dividend income	-	-	-	(1,720,000)
Aggregate disallowable expenses	70,021,690	76,732,870	64,614,643	72,233,141
Aggregate allowable expenses	(64,847,196)	(107,411,631)	(64,847,196)	(107,411,631)
Profit from business	67,426,074	10,648,250	46,520,088	(7,531,947)
Non-business income - interest income	11,012,151	8,559,432	11,012,151	8,559,432
Taxable income	78,438,225	19,207,682	57,532,239	1,027,485
Income Tax @ - 28%	17,934,342	5,378,151	12,081,770	287,696
Income Tax @ - 24% (Note 9.1.1)	3,451,934	-	3,451,934	-
	21,387,381	5,378,151	15,533,705	287,696



NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2020

9 Income Tax Expense (Cont.)

Note 9.1.1 As instructed by the Ministry of Finance on 31 January 2020 and on 5 March 2020, a change in the income tax rate of a company from 28% to 24% has been proposed to the Inland Revenue Act No. 24 of 2007 (IRA), pending formal amendments being made to the Act and to be implemented with effect from 1 January 2020. Since the new tax rate of 24% has not been published through a gazette by the Parliament as at the date of these Financial Statements were authorised, the new tax rate was not considered to be substantially enacted as at that date.

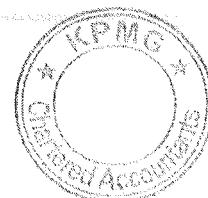
10 Basic Earnings per Share

The basic profit per ordinary share is calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to ordinary shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares, in issue.

<i>For the year ended 31 March</i>	Group		Company	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Profit after taxation attributable to ordinary shareholders (Rs.)	50,675,485	35,056,835	41,029,118	28,291,501
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (Note 10.1)	1,911,387	2,000,000	1,911,387	2,000,000
Earnings per Share (Rs.)	26.51	17.53	21.47	14.15

10.1 Weighted average number of ordinary shares,

<i>For the year ended 31 March,</i>	2020	2019
	Shares	Shares
Issued ordinary shares as at 1st April	2,000,000	2,000,000
Effect of re-purchase of own shares (Note 18.1)	(88,613)	-
Weighted average number of ordinary shares as at 31st March	1,911,387	2,000,000

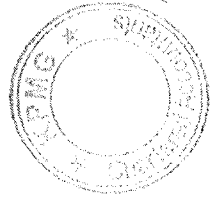


NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2020

11. Property, Plant and Equipment

Group / Company	Freehold Land	Buildings	Plant and Machinery	Moulds	Office Equipment	Computer Equipment	Furniture and Fittings	Motor Vehicles	Road Development	Total 2020	Total 2019
Cost	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
As at 1 April	26,370,476	231,377,794	264,107,446	389,292,908	5,816,323	7,890,762	5,363,587	41,600,125	680,763	972,500,184	948,444,655
Additions	-	3,319,440	7,318,074	-	276,994	1,571,857	137,802	983,580	-	13,607,747	35,452,804
Disposals	-	-	(68,018)	-	(220,804)	(190,400)	(77,313)	(4,171,609)	-	(4,728,144)	(11,397,275)
As at 31 March	26,370,476	234,697,234	271,357,502	389,292,908	5,872,513	9,272,219	5,424,076	38,412,096	680,763	981,379,787	972,500,184
Accumulated Depreciation											
As at 1 April	-	145,265,126	170,631,989	288,928,668	3,710,525	6,615,824	2,849,100	21,583,811	680,763	640,265,806	585,151,910
Charge for the year	-	9,565,181	15,986,635	24,003,200	693,665	660,826	363,606	6,758,170	-	58,031,283	59,456,624
Disposals	-	-	(32,235)	-	(168,144)	(173,733)	(73,501)	(2,520,481)	-	(2,968,094)	(4,342,728)
As at 31 March	-	154,830,307	186,586,389	312,931,868	4,236,046	7,102,917	3,139,205	25,821,500	680,763	695,328,995	640,265,806
Carrying Value as at:											
31 March 2020	26,370,476	79,866,927	84,771,113	76,361,040	1,636,467	2,169,302	2,284,871	12,590,596	-	286,050,792	
31 March 2019	26,370,476	86,112,668	93,475,457	100,364,240	2,105,798	1,274,938	2,514,487	20,016,314	-		332,234,378



NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<i>As at 31 March,</i>	Group		Company	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
11 Property, Plant and Equipment (Cont.)				
11.1 Fully Depreciated Assets				
Plant and machinery	115,429,300	115,429,300	115,429,300	115,429,300
Moulds	241,632,678	239,094,440	241,632,678	239,094,440
Office Equipment	2,396,199	2,370,208	2,396,199	2,370,208
Computer Equipment	5,335,881	4,795,325	5,335,881	4,795,325
Furniture and Fittings	1,776,897	1,790,498	1,776,897	1,790,498
Motor vehicles	5,477,167	5,477,167	5,477,167	5,477,167
Road Development	680,762	680,762	680,762	680,762
	372,728,884	369,637,700	372,728,884	369,637,700

11.2 The carrying value of property, plant and equipment ("PPE") under finance lease are as follow:

Group/Company	As at 31 March 2020		As at 31 March 2019	
	Cost	Carrying	Cost	Carrying
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Motor vehicles	-	-	6,357,000	3,072,550
	-	-	6,357,000	4,343,950

11.3 Property Plant & Equipment Pledged as Security

PPE have been pledged as securities as at the reporting date were mentioned below.

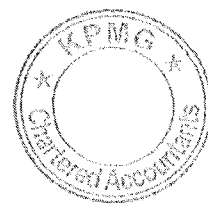
Property	Name of the Bank	Security
Land and building including plant and machinery	Commercial Bank of Ceylon PLC	Overdraft facility for Rs. 40 Mn
	State Bank of India	Overdraft facility for Rs. 71 Mn

11.4 Title Restriction on PPE

There are no restrictions that existed on the title of the PPE of the Company as at the reporting date.

11.5 The Company has limited its production to confirmed orders during post COVID-19 period. The Board of Directors has assessed the potential impairment loss of the property, plant and equipment and based on the assessment no impairment loss has been identified as at the reporting date.

<i>For the year ended 31 March,</i>	Group		Company	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
12 Intangible Assets				
Computer Software				
Cost				
As at 1 April	13,089,048	12,923,662	13,089,048	12,923,662
Acquisitions during the year	55,000	165,386	55,000	165,386
As at 31 March	13,144,048	13,089,048	13,144,048	13,089,048
Accumulated Amortisation				
As at 1 April	8,183,669	5,918,212	8,183,669	5,918,212
Amortisation during the year	2,206,371	2,265,457	2,206,371	2,265,457
As at 31 March	10,390,040	8,183,669	10,390,040	8,183,669
Carrying Value as at 31 March	2,754,008	4,905,379	2,754,008	4,905,379



NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at 31 March 2020

13 Investment in Subsidiary

Investment in Subsidiary		Company			
		No. of Shares		Value	
		% of holding	2020	2019	2020 Rs.
Nilkamal Eswaran Marketing (Pvt) Ltd					
Investment in ordinary shares	100%	100	100	1,000	1,000
		100	100	1,000	1,000

As at 31 March,

	Group		Company	
	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.
14 Inventories				
Raw materials	73,034,714	83,044,812	73,034,714	83,044,812
Goods in transit (Note 14.2)	14,791,440	8,818,660	14,791,440	8,818,660
Packing materials	2,230,010	3,290,030	2,230,010	3,290,030
Work in Progress	4,016,225	2,018,596	4,016,225	2,018,596
Finished goods	135,136,052	151,160,946	73,064,864	90,608,338
	229,208,441	248,333,044	167,137,253	187,780,436
Provision for slow moving Inventories (Note 14.1)	(26,105,396)	(18,808,684)	(10,704,550)	(9,188,150)
	203,103,045	229,524,360	156,432,703	178,592,286

14.1 Provision for slow moving Inventories

14.1.1 Movement in Provision for Slow Moving Inventories

Balance as at the beginning of the year	18,808,684	14,178,566	9,188,150	8,721,912
Provision for the year	7,296,712	4,630,118	1,516,400	466,238
Balance as at the end of the year	26,105,396	18,808,684	10,704,550	9,188,150

14.1.2 Provision Category wise

Raw materials	7,402,564	5,288,484	7,402,564	5,288,484
Packing materials	235,424	411,499	235,424	411,499
Finished goods	18,467,408	13,108,701	3,066,562	3,488,167
	26,105,396	18,808,684	10,704,550	9,188,150

Although the Company had not made sales at its usual capacity post COVID-19 due to the lockdown condition, the Board of Directors were confident that the Selling price will not be reduced and the cost to complete may not show a significant increase. Accordingly, the computation of Net Realisable Value was not modified as at the Reporting date.

The Company has assessed the potential impairment loss of inventory as at 31 March 2020. Based on the assessment, no additional impairment provision was required to be made in the financial statements as at the reporting date.

14.2 Goods in transit have been identified based on the international shipping terms and the Bills of Lading dates of import purchases whereas the risk and rewards have been transferred to the the Group before the reporting date though the relevant items have not been physically received till the reporting date. Goods in transit as at 31 March 2020 increased significantly as a result of delays in clearance process due to COVID-19.

15 Trade and Other Receivables

Financial

Trade receivables (Note 15.1)	178,740,106	217,854,496	164,751,687	202,358,892
Staff loans	2,762,799	1,698,644	2,762,799	1,698,644
Refundable Deposits	3,407,133	3,758,845	3,374,860	3,688,726
	184,910,038	223,311,985	170,889,346	207,746,262

Non-financial

Value Added Tax recoverable	9,128,104	9,952,321	11,979	-
Prepayments and advances	2,726,956	3,250,935	2,681,174	3,205,856
Advances paid to suppliers	483,606	5,385,652	483,606	5,385,652
Economic Service Charge recoverable	-	3,772,902	-	3,555,799
Other receivables	68,978	41,910	68,974	41,910
WHT Recoverable	-	362,858	-	362,858
NBT recoverable	247,460	-	247,460	-
	12,655,104	22,766,578	3,493,193	12,552,075
Trade and Other Receivables	197,565,142	246,078,563	174,382,539	220,298,337



NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at 31 March 2020

<i>As at 31 March,</i>	Group		Company	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
15 Trade and Other Receivables (Cont.)				
15.1 Trade Receivables				
Trade receivables - related parties (Note 15.1.1)	3,995,864	5,716,233	3,883,798	5,716,233
Trade receivables - other	181,533,525	218,658,275	166,963,213	202,095,447
Provision for impairment of trade receivables (Note 15.1.2)	(6,789,283)	(6,520,012)	(6,095,324)	(5,452,788)
	<u>178,740,106</u>	<u>217,854,496</u>	<u>164,751,687</u>	<u>202,358,892</u>
15.1.1 Trade receivables - related parties				
Good Value Marketing (Pvt) Ltd -Crate	-	67,506	-	67,506
Good Value Eswaran (Pvt) Ltd	3,829,771	5,620,598	3,829,771	5,620,598
Eswaran Brothers Export Pvt Ltd	112,066	-	-	-
Good Value Eswaran (Pvt) Ltd - Crate	54,027	28,129	54,027	28,129
	<u>3,995,864</u>	<u>5,716,233</u>	<u>3,883,798</u>	<u>5,716,233</u>
15.1.2 Provision for impairment of Trade Receivables				
Balance as at the beginning of the year	6,520,012	5,524,665	5,452,788	4,974,533
Charge during the year	1,677,975	1,023,826	1,906,835	687,934
Write-off during the year	(1,408,704)	(28,479)	(1,264,299)	(24,538)
Balance as at the end of the year	<u>6,789,283</u>	<u>6,520,012</u>	<u>6,095,324</u>	<u>5,452,788</u>
The Company has specific criteria which have been used for specific debtors who are not covered by Bank guarantees. No additional provisions over and above the exiting provisioning approach has been made due to COVID 19 implication, based on the internal assessment.				
15.1.3 Subsidies receivable from Treasury of Sri Lanka				
Gross Receivable Balance	4,164,607	4,164,607	4,164,607	4,164,607
Less. Provision for impairment	(4,164,607)	(4,164,607)	(4,164,607)	(4,164,607)
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
15.2.1 Provision for impairment of subsidies receivable				
Balance as at the beginning of the year	4,164,607	4,164,607	4,164,607	4,164,607
Balance as at the end of the year	<u>4,164,607</u>	<u>4,164,607</u>	<u>4,164,607</u>	<u>4,164,607</u>
16 Related Party Receivables				
Nilkamal Eswaran Marketing (Pvt) Ltd	-	-	18,107,581	27,000,185
Nilkamal Limited - Mould Lease				
Income Receivable (Note 6.2)	2,450,100	-	2,450,100	-
Good Value Eswaran (Pvt) Ltd	45,512	56,974	-	-
	<u>2,495,612</u>	<u>56,974</u>	<u>20,557,681</u>	<u>27,000,185</u>
17 Cash and Cash Equivalents				
Cash in hand	149,877	869,264	146,198	783,541
Cash at bank	7,192,831	6,496,925	6,190,023	6,394,155
REPO investments in Sri Lankan Government treasury bills	40,000,000	25,000,000	40,000,000	25,000,000
Investment in fixed deposits with less than three months maturity	71,721,747	78,066,484	71,721,747	78,066,484
	<u>119,064,455</u>	<u>110,432,673</u>	<u>118,057,968</u>	<u>110,244,180</u>
Bank overdraft	(446,610)	(3,516,847)	(446,610)	-
Cash & Cash Equivalents in the Statement of Cash Flows	<u>118,617,845</u>	<u>106,915,826</u>	<u>117,611,358</u>	<u>110,244,180</u>



NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at 31 March,	Company / Group			
	No. of shares		Value	
	2020	2019	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.
18 Stated Capital				
Balance as at 1 April	2,000,000	2,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000
Shares re-purchased during the year (Note 18.1)	(421,200)	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March	<u>1,578,800</u>	<u>2,000,000</u>	<u>20,000,000</u>	<u>20,000,000</u>

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company.

18.1 Share re-purchase

On 18 December 2019, following a shareholders approval, the Board of Directors of Nilkamal Eswaran Plastic (Pvt) Ltd resolved that 421,200 of its ordinary shares amounting to Rs.136,012,500/- to be re-purchased on the basis of a purchase price of Rs.323/- per ordinary share. Accordingly, the Company has completed the re-purchase of 421,200 of its ordinary shares on 15 January 2020 which is considered to be the effective date of the re-purchase transaction. There is no change in the value of stated capital other than the reduction in number of shares resulting from the above transaction. Accordingly, total consideration paid to re-purchase of shares has been deducted from the retained earnings.

18.1.1 Share re-purchase cost

Following transaction costs relating to the re-purchase of 421,200 ordinary shares have been accounted for as a deduction from equity (retained earnings) in accordance with the Section 22.9 of Sri Lanka Accounting Standards for SMEs.

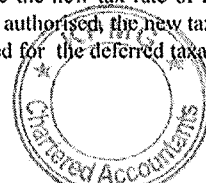
For the year ended,	Group/ Company	
	2020	2019
	Rs.	Rs.
Consultancy fees	10,000	-
Shareholder termination agreement fee	31,750	-
Share valuation from auditors	251,000	-
Solvency report from auditors	125,000	-
	<u>417,750</u>	<u>-</u>

As at 31 March,	Group		Company	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
19 Deferred Taxation				
Deferred tax asset (Note 19.1)	(9,376,687)	(10,356,445)	(9,376,687)	(10,356,445)
Deferred tax liability (Note 19.2)	54,517,925	54,295,714	54,517,925	54,295,714
	<u>45,141,238</u>	<u>43,939,269</u>	<u>45,141,238</u>	<u>43,939,269</u>
19.1 Deferred Tax Asset				
Balance as at the beginning of the year	10,356,445	9,107,956	10,356,445	9,107,956
Amount originated/(reversed) during the year to profit or loss	(979,758)	1,248,489	(979,758)	1,248,489
Balance as at the end of Year	<u>9,376,687</u>	<u>10,356,445</u>	<u>9,376,687</u>	<u>10,356,445</u>
19.2 Deferred Tax Liability				
Balance as at the beginning of the year	54,295,714	42,145,539	54,295,714	42,145,539
Amount originated during the year to profit or loss	222,211	12,150,175	222,211	12,150,175
Balance as at the end of Year	<u>54,517,925</u>	<u>54,295,714</u>	<u>54,517,925</u>	<u>54,295,714</u>

19.3 Deferred tax assets and liabilities are attributable to the following:

As at 31 March,	Group/Company			
	2020		2019	
	Temporary Difference Rs.	Tax Effect Rs.	Temporary Difference Rs.	Tax Effect Rs.
Deferred Tax Liabilities				
Property, plant & equipment	194,706,874	54,517,925	193,913,266	54,295,714
Deferred Tax Assets				
Employee benefits	(33,488,168)	(9,376,687)	(36,987,302)	(10,356,445)
	<u>161,218,706</u>	<u>45,141,238</u>	<u>156,925,964</u>	<u>43,939,269</u>

19.4 As instructed by the Ministry of Finance on 31 January 2020 and on 5 March 2020, a change in the income tax rate of a company from 28% to 24% has been proposed to the Inland Revenue Act No. 24 of 2007 (IRA), pending formal amendments being made to the Act and to be implemented with effect from 1 January 2020. Since the new tax rate of 24% has not been published through a gazette by the Parliament as at the date these Financial Statements were authorised, the new tax rate is not considered to be substantially enacted as at that date. Accordingly, the Company/Group has provided for the deferred taxation at the rate of 28% in the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2020.



NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Group		Company	
<i>For the year ended 31 March 2020</i>	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.
20 Employee Benefits				
20.1 Defined Contribution Plans				
Employees' Provident Fund				
Employers' contribution	12,317,628	13,280,694	12,317,628	13,280,694
Employees' contribution	8,211,752	8,853,796	8,211,752	8,853,796
Employees' Trust Fund	2,769,171	2,903,921	2,769,171	2,903,921
20.2 Defined Benefit Plan				
The computation of provision is based only on Gratuity Act requirement as recommended by SLFRS for SMEs Section 28.18 - "Employee Benefits". The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash flows using interest rates that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related liability.				
<i>For the year ended 31 March,</i>	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.
20.3 Movement in the Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligations				
Balance as at the beginning of the year	36,987,302	32,528,413	36,987,302	32,528,413
Charge/ (reversal) for the year	(867,647)	1,576,778	(867,647)	1,576,778
Interest cost	2,935,427	3,452,316	2,935,427	3,452,316
Benefits paid (Note 20.3.1)	(5,566,852)	(570,205)	(5,566,852)	(570,205)
Balance as at the end of the year	33,488,230	36,987,302	33,488,230	36,987,302
20.3.1 Payments of gratuity made during the year ended 31 March 2020 include Rs 5,172,300/- paid to the Manager of Operation of the Company.				
20.4 Provision Recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income				
Charge/ (reversal) for the year	(867,647)	1,576,778	(867,647)	1,576,778
Interest cost	2,935,427	3,452,316	2,935,427	3,452,316
	2,067,780	5,029,094	2,067,780	5,029,094
20.5 Principal Actuarial Assumptions				
Discount rate	9.50%	11.00%	9.50%	11.00%
Staff turnover rate	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%
Future salary increment rate	7.50%	10.00%	7.50%	10.00%
20.6 The Company has imposed a temporary salary cut-down for selected employees for a period of three months with effect from April 2020 considering the drop in revenue post COVID-19. However, as this is a temporary measure taken by the management, the gratuity liability as at 31 March 2020 has not been adjusted to reflect the impact from temporary salary revision subsequently to the reporting date.				
<i>As at 31 March,</i>	Group		Company	
	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.
21 Trade and Other Payables				
Financial				
Trade payables - related parties (Note 21.1)	6,227,979	7,980,455	4,219,225	-
Trade payables - other	32,909,388	40,940,693	32,637,888	35,622,944
Security deposits from trade debtors	1,854,878	1,854,878	1,854,878	1,854,878
	40,992,245	50,776,026	38,711,991	37,477,822
Non-financial				
Accrued expenses	27,790,887	23,560,957	26,410,903	23,151,949
Value Added Tax payable	-	12,441,384	-	12,441,384
Advances from employees to purchase motor bikes	1,242,066	3,254,977	1,242,066	3,254,977
Advances from customers (Note 21.2)	10,322,301	2,504,261	1,106,050	2,355,971
Other payables	5,034,351	5,692,754	5,032,025	4,734,222
NBT payable	-	1,998,352	-	1,880,960
	44,389,605	49,452,685	33,791,044	47,819,463
	85,381,850	100,228,711	72,503,035	85,297,285
21.1 Trade payables - related parties				
Nilkamal Limited	6,227,979	4,103,110	4,219,225	-
Cambro Nilkamal (Pvt) Ltd	-	3,877,346	-	-
	6,227,979	7,980,456	4,219,225	-

21.2 Advances from customers of the Group as at 31 March 2020 include an advance received by Nilkamal Eswaran Marketing (Pvt) Ltd amounting to Rs.8,909,676/- from Distilleries Company of Sri Lanka PLC.



NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at 31 March,	Group		Company	
	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.
22 Related Party Payables				
Eswaran Brothers (Pvt) Ltd	113,005	627,694	113,005	627,694
Nilkamal Limited - Royalty Payable	1,640,723	1,987,698	1,640,723	1,987,698
Nilkamal Limited - Dividend Payable	33,696,478	-	33,696,478	-
Dividend Payable to Close Family Members of KMP	1,303,522	-	1,303,522	-
	36,753,728	2,615,392	36,753,728	2,615,392
23 Lease creditors				
Balance as at the beginning of the year	590,620	2,362,480	590,620	2,362,480
Lease rentals paid during the year	(590,620)	(1,771,860)	(590,620)	(1,771,860)
Balance as at the end of the year	-	590,620	-	590,620
Less: interest in suspense	-	(9,784)	-	(9,784)
Balance as at the end of the year	-	580,836	-	580,836
Due within one year	-	580,836	-	580,836
Due after one year	-	-	-	-
	-	580,836	-	580,836
24 Current Taxation				
Balance as at the beginning of the year	621,018	4,820,942	(2,873,843)	3,464,775
Current tax for the year	21,387,381	5,378,151	15,533,705	287,696
Over provision of current taxes in prior years	(1,104)	(1,730,229)	-	(1,554,908)
Withholding tax on inter company dividends	-	280,000	-	-
Payments made during the year	(6,426,960)	(2,659,250)	-	-
ESC Set Off against current tax	(9,071,067)	(5,385,543)	(8,408,327)	(4,988,353)
WHT Set Off against current tax	(676,057)	(83,053)	(676,057)	(83,053)
Balance as at the end of the year	5,833,211	621,018	3,575,478	(2,873,843)
Current tax assets	-	(2,873,843)	-	(2,873,843)
Current tax liabilities	5,833,211	3,494,861	3,575,478	-
	5,833,211	621,018	3,575,478	(2,873,843)

25 Contingent Liabilities

There were no significant contingent liabilities outstanding as at the reporting date which require adjustments or disclosures in the financial statements.

25.1. Litigation and claim

There were no pending litigation or claims as at the reporting date.

26 Related Party Transactions

The Company carried out transactions in the ordinary course of its business with parties who are defined as related parties as per the section 33 of Sri Lanka Accounting Standards for SME - 'Related Party Disclosures'.

26.1 Parent and Ultimate Parent Party

The Company's immediate and ultimate controlling party is Nilkamal Limited which is incorporated in India.

26.2 Key Management Personnel (KMP)

Key Management Personnel (KMP) are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company directly or indirectly.

The Company has identified the Board of Directors of the Company, Board of Directors of the Parent and other members of the management team who hold significant authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the entity's activities as KMP of the Company.

As the Company is the immediate parent of the Subsidiary, Nilkamal Eswaran Marketing (Pvt) Ltd, the Board of Directors of the Company has the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group directly or indirectly. Accordingly the Board of Directors of the Company are KMP's of the Group.

NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2020

26 Related Party Transactions (Cont.)

26.2 Key Management Personnel (KMP) (Cont.)

26.2.1 Compensation of Key Management Personnel

For the year ended 31 March,

	Group		Company	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Short term benefits	16,924,843	18,254,280	16,924,843	18,254,280
Post employment benefits	409,128	553,785	409,128	553,785
	17,333,971	18,808,065	17,333,971	18,808,065

No other payments such as post employments benefits, termination benefits and share based payments have been paid to key management personnel during the year.

No loans have been given to the Directors of the Company.

26.2.2 Transactions with Close Family Members of Key Management Personnel

	Group		Company	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Shares re-purchased during the year (Note 18.1)	136,012,500	-	136,012,500	-
Final dividend for 2018/19	2,400,000	-	2,400,000	-
Interim dividend for 2019/20	1,303,522	-	1,303,522	-
	139,716,022	-	139,716,022	-

26.3 Transactions with Related Companies

Company Name	Nature of Transaction	Relationship	Transaction Amount 2019/20	Transaction Amount 2018/19
			Rs.	Rs.
Nilkamal Eswaran Marketing (Pvt) Ltd	Net fund transfers to/(from) Plastics	Subsidiary	14,811,771	10,200,000
	Net customer deposits		-	(7,190,336)
	Purchase of furniture		108,820	-
	Dues NEMPL settled to the Company		21,260,851	-
	Dues the Company settled to NEMPL		(27,288,838)	-
Nilkamal Limited	Purchases from Nilkamal Limited	Parent	9,214,584	6,945,631
	Purchase of moulds		-	4,752,000
	Reimbursement of expenses		-	1,635,750
	Mould lease rentals paid to Nilkamal Limited		367,100	1,773,836
	Purchases of Capital Goods from Nilkamal India		1,359,410	530,381
	Exports to Nilkamal India		(1,645,056)	(7,637,725)
	Royalty charged by Nilkamal Limited		6,878,131	7,296,649
	Mould lease income from NKL		(2,450,100)	-
	Service fee paid		460,750	-
	Final dividend for 2018/19		7,600,000	-
	Interim dividend for 2019/20		33,696,478	-
Easwaran Brothers (Pvt) Ltd	Marketing service charges	Companies significantly influenced by KMP and their close family members	1,766,923	2,304,205
Good Value Eswaran (Pvt) Ltd	Sales		30,414,796	34,179,093
	Settlements		(31,725,035)	(35,790,616)
Good Value Marketing (Pvt) Ltd	Sales		-	72,773
	Settlements		-	(75,250)

Amounts due to and due from related companies are disclosed in Note 22 and 16 respectively. Trade payables to and receivables from related parties are disclosed in Note 21 and Note 15 respectively.

27 Capital Commitments

There were no significant capital commitments as at the reporting date which require adjustments or disclosures in the financial statements.



For the year ended 31 March 2020

28 Financial Risk Management

Overview

The Group has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

1. Credit risk
2. Liquidity risk
3. Market risk
4. Operational risk.

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, the Group's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the Group's management of capital. Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout this financial statement.

Risk Management Framework

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The Board is responsible for developing and monitoring the Group's risk management policies.

The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities. The Group, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

28.1. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers, related parties, short term investments and cash and cash equivalents.

The Group trades with own distributors with bank guarantee and trades maximum up to the guarantee value. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant. Cash and cash equivalents are held with banks which have good ratings based on Fitch ratings.

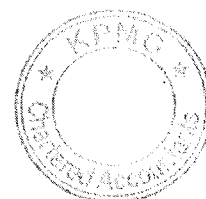
28.1.1 Credit Risk Exposure and Managing the Risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was as follows;

As at 31 March	Group		Company	
	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.
Trade and other receivables	184,910,038	223,311,985	170,889,346	207,746,262
Related party receivables	2,495,612	56,974	20,557,681	27,000,185
Cash & cash equivalents	119,064,455	110,432,673	118,057,968	110,244,180
	<u>306,470,105</u>	<u>333,801,632</u>	<u>309,504,995</u>	<u>344,990,627</u>

28.2 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.



NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2020

28 Financial Risk Management (Cont.)

28.2 Liquidity Risk (Cont)

Maturity Analysis

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments.

Group

As at 31 March 2020

	Within 1 Year Rs.	Between 1-2 Years Rs.	More than 2 Years Rs.	Total Rs.
Trade & other payables	40,992,245	-	-	40,992,245
Related party payables	36,753,728	-	-	36,753,728
Bank overdraft	446,610	-	-	446,610
	78,192,583	-	-	78,192,583

As at 31 March 2019

	Within 1 Year Rs.	Between 1-2 Years Rs.	More than 2 Years Rs.	Total Rs.
Trade & other payables	50,776,026	-	-	50,776,026
Related party payables	2,615,392	-	-	2,615,392
Lease creditors	580,836	-	-	580,836
Bank overdraft	3,516,847	-	-	3,516,847
	57,489,101	-	-	57,489,101

Company

As at 31 March 2020

	Within 1 Year Rs.	Between 1-2 Years Rs.	More than 2 Years Rs.	Total Rs.
Trade & other payables	38,711,991	-	-	38,711,991
Related party payables	36,753,728	-	-	36,753,728
Bank overdraft	446,610	-	-	446,610
	75,912,329	-	-	75,912,329

As at 31 March 2019

	Within 1 Year Rs.	Between 1-2 Years Rs.	More than 2 Years Rs.	Total Rs.
Trade & other payables	37,477,822	-	-	37,477,822
Related party payables	2,615,392	-	-	2,615,392
Lease creditors	580,836	-	-	580,836
	40,674,050	-	-	40,674,050

28.3 Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.



For the year ended 31 March 2020

28 Financial Risk Management (Cont.)

28.3 Market Risk (Cont.)

28.3.1 Currency Risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk arising mainly from foreign currency denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currencies of Company. The currencies in which these transactions primarily are denominated in USD.

The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk is as follows;

<i>As at 31 March 2020</i>	Group		Company	
	USD	Converted to LKR	USD	Converted to LKR
Related Party receivables	13,500	2,450,100	13,500	2,450,100
Trade payables	(78,419)	(14,791,439)	(78,419)	(14,791,439)
Trade payables-related party	(33,233)	(6,227,979)	(22,369)	(4,219,225)

<i>As at 31 March 2019</i>	Group		Company	
	USD	Converted to LKR	USD	Converted to LKR
Related Party payables	(86,690)	(15,604,250)	(42,119)	(7,541,362)
	<u>(86,690)</u>	<u>(15,604,250)</u>	<u>(42,119)</u>	<u>(7,541,362)</u>

In respect of other monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, the Company ensures that its net exposure is kept to an acceptable level by buying or selling foreign currencies at spot rates when necessary to address short-term imbalances.

28.3.2 Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk to the Company's earnings and economic value of equity ("EVE") arising from adverse movements in interest rates.

Management of Interest Rate Risk

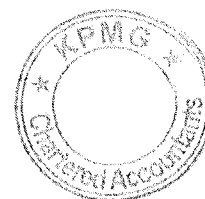
The Company's investment decisions in interest bearing assets are controlled by the higher level authorities appointed by the Board of Directors and they are advised and guided only to invest in secured and regulated investment sources.

28.4 Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a wide variety of causes associated with the Company's processes, personnel, technology and infrastructure, and from external factors other than credit, market and liquidity risks such as those arising from legal and regulatory requirements and generally accepted standards of corporate behavior. Operational risks arise from all of the Company's operations.

The primary responsibility for the development and implementation of controls to address operational risk is assigned to senior management within each business unit. This responsibility is supported by the development of overall Company standards for the management of operational risk in the following areas:

- Requirements for appropriate segregation of duties, including the independent authorization of transactions.
- Requirements for the reconciliation and monitoring of transactions.
- Requirements for the reporting of operational losses and proposed remedial action.
- Development of contingency plans.
- Training and professional development.
- Ethical and business standards.
- Risk mitigation, including insurance when this is effective.
- Compliance with regulatory and other legal requirements.



NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2020

29 Fair values of financial instruments

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities, together with the carrying amounts shown in the statement of financial position, are as follows:

Group

As at 31 March,

	2020		2019	
	Carrying amount Rs.	Fair value Rs.	Carrying amount Rs.	Fair value Rs.
Financial assets at amortised cost				
Trade and other receivables	184,910,038	184,910,038	223,311,985	223,311,985
Related party receivables	2,495,612	2,495,612	56,974	56,974
Cash and cash equivalents	119,064,455	119,064,455	110,432,673	110,432,673
	<u>306,470,105</u>	<u>306,470,105</u>	<u>333,801,632</u>	<u>333,801,632</u>
Financial liabilities at amortised cost				
Lease creditors	-	-	580,836	580,836
Trade and other payables	40,992,245	40,992,245	50,776,026	50,776,026
Related party payables	36,753,728	36,753,728	2,615,392	2,615,392
Bank overdraft	446,610	446,610	3,516,847	3,516,847
	<u>78,192,583</u>	<u>78,192,583</u>	<u>57,489,101</u>	<u>57,489,101</u>

Company

As at 31 March,

	2020		2019	
	Carrying amount Rs.	Fair value Rs.	Carrying amount Rs.	Fair value Rs.
Financial assets at amortised cost				
Trade and other receivables	170,889,346	170,889,346	207,746,262	207,746,262
Related party receivables	20,557,681	20,557,681	27,000,185	27,000,185
Cash and cash equivalents	118,057,968	118,057,968	110,244,180	110,244,180
	<u>309,504,995</u>	<u>309,504,995</u>	<u>344,990,627</u>	<u>344,990,627</u>
Financial liabilities at amortised cost				
Lease creditors	-	-	580,836	580,836
Trade and other payables	38,711,991	38,711,991	37,477,822	37,477,822
Related party payables	36,753,728	36,753,728	2,615,392	2,615,392
Bank overdraft	446,610	446,610	-	-
	<u>75,912,329</u>	<u>75,912,329</u>	<u>40,674,050</u>	<u>40,674,050</u>

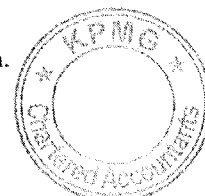
The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair values of the financial instruments are as follows:

a) Cash and cash equivalents – The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents approximate its fair value due to the relatively short maturity of the financial instruments.

b) Trade and other receivables, Related party receivables, Lease creditors, Trade and other payables, Related party payables and Bank overdraft - The carrying amount of these financial assets and liabilities approximate its fair value due to the relatively short maturity of the financial instruments.

30 Comparative Figures

Where necessary, comparative figures have been rearranged to conform with the current year's presentation.



For the year ended 31 March 2020

31 Events Occurring After the Reporting Date

There were no material events occurring after the reporting date as at 31 March 2020 that require adjustments to or disclosure in the Financial Statements, other than the following;

a). On 11 March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the Coronavirus COVID-19 outbreak to be a pandemic in recognition of its rapid spread across the globe with over 150 countries now affected. Businesses may be negatively impacted due to the overall negative economic conditions caused by the pandemic. The financial reporting effects of the COVID-19 outbreak have been considered as adjusting events.

In light of the COVID-19 outbreak, the Group has been taking various precautionary measures to protect employees and workmen, their families, and the eco system in which they interact, while at the same time ensuring business continuity. As a step in this direction and taking into account the directives issued by the Government of Sri Lanka, the Group had suspended operations on 20 March 2020 and restarted its operation in limited manner on 17 April 2020 with skeleton staff. The Group is regularly monitoring the situation and operations are being increased up to full capacity level in a phased manner.

On the 30 April 2020, the Board of Directors of the Group approved revised forecasts for the year ending 31 March 2021. These new forecasts incorporated the potential impact of COVID 19 outbreak on the business. Although these forecasts do reflect a decrease in profitability compared to pre COVID 19 budgets, the management is confident that such a decrease will not affect the going concern ability of the Group. The Group will continue to monitor any material changes on future economic conditions and amend the forecasts accordingly.

The Directors are unable to fully estimate the potential impact the outbreak could have on the Group's financial position, as of date of authorising these financial statements.

32 Board of Director's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these Financial Statements in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards for small and medium-sized entities laid down by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Sri Lanka and the Companies Act No. 7 of 2007.



NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
DETAILED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

<i>For the year ended 31 March,</i>	Company	
	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.
Revenue	917,084,170	972,886,588
Cost of sales	(650,822,327)	(708,600,210)
Gross Profit	266,261,843	264,286,378
Other income	7,989,040	7,444,112
Administrative expenses	(77,579,951)	(80,622,820)
Distribution expenses	(152,129,045)	(163,405,586)
Profit from Operations	44,541,887	27,702,084



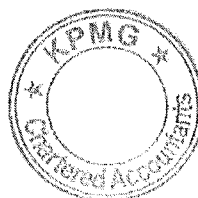
NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
DETAILED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

<i>For the year ended 31 March,</i>	Company	
	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.
<u>COST OF SALES</u>		
Inventory Movement	26,641,441	7,252,085
Import Related Expenses	(415,178)	1,507,213
Purchase-(Local)	-	195,926
Purchase MB Crates - (Imports)	2,742,044	2,901,868
Purchase MB Furniture - (Import)	8,001,114	14,082,507
Purchase Packing Material-(Import)	221,800	152,444
Purchase Packing Material - (Local)	7,419,364	10,362,784
Purchase RM - Crates (Imports)	56,898,023	86,556,195
Purchase RM - Furniture (Imports)	333,274,235	363,066,572
Purchase RM-Furniture(Local)	1,170,863	653,927
Purchase RM Crate - (Local)	3,318,481	1,315,980
Purchase - Semi Finished Goods	15,299,829	11,741,358
Purchase Fabrication Material	10,490,922	8,489,669
Sofa Fabric	7,856,392	10,662,014
Sofa Foam	9,742,808	11,371,897
Sofa Hardware	4,114,569	5,218,968
Sofa Machine	-	23,123
Sofa Material	22,400	38,370
Sofa Packing Material	897,337	764,300
Assembly Products Fabric	-	35,477
Assembly Products Form	-	31,957
Assembly Products Hardware	-	42,544
Special Allowance - Factory	431,798	488,755
Travelling Allowance - Factory	2,189,630	1,906,031
Sofa Labour	3,214,070	3,542,439
House Rent Allowance - Factory	198,000	194,000
Meal/Bun Allowance - Factory	24,255	30,095
Night Shift Allowance - Factory	30,900	32,300
Overtime - Factory	9,590,351	9,953,784
Salaries & Wages - Factory	26,360,829	31,969,561
Food Allowance - Factory	598,783	592,042
Hard Shift Allowance - Factory	211,900	209,000
Annual Leave Encashment - Production	2,321,995	1,977,708
Attendance Allowance - Factory	1,072,475	805,700
Bonus - Factory	2,442,000	2,558,198
Budgetory Allowance - Factory	1,648,934	1,723,308
Contract Wages	21,592,462	24,965,270
Allowance for Extra Hours - Factory	168,000	168,000
Related Expenses - Leased Moulds	34,018	297,410
Sofa Machine Rent	-	17,000
EPF 12% - Factory	4,689,074	5,807,837
ETF 3% - Factory	1,027,366	1,187,131
Increase of Inventory	(25,477)	-
Assembly Products Wood	-	233,022
Knock Down Product Hardware	-	1,662
Purchase - Semi Finished Goods - Crates	6,848,744	3,274,032
Sofa - Semi Finished Goods	4,850	87,000
Sofa Wood	5,581,793	7,400,119
Purchase - Finished Goods - Crates	564,212	121,145
Purchase - Local Furniture-Sofa	-	(38,400)
Factory Consumables	1,721,004	1,250,352
Dep'n on Crates Moulds	10,378,279	10,830,829
Dep'n on Plant, Machi & Equip	29,611,555	28,104,333
Electricity	22,197,229	24,004,402



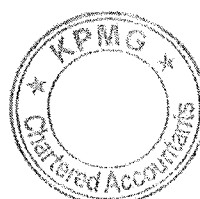
NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
DETAILED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

<i>For the year ended 31 March,</i>	Company	
	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.
<u>COST OF SALES (Cont.)</u>		
Loading/Unloading Crate	58,510	48,500
Loading/Unloading Furniture	7,800	1,700
Mould Lease Rent	367,100	1,773,836
Plant & Machinery Maintenance	4,201,721	5,285,730
Screen Printing - Crates	618,017	426,930
Water Bill Expenses	590,929	804,483
Crate Washing & Cleaning Charges	253,554	97,788
Sofa Repair Charges	800	-
Sofa Stool	21,068	-
Loading/Unloading on Purchases	1,000	-
Powder Coating Chagres	2,246,355	-
Fabricated Outside Work	30,000	-
	650,822,327	708,600,210
<u>ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES</u>		
EPF 12%-Office	1,911,346	1,826,330
ETF 3%-Office	477,836	457,082
Accomodation - Crate	1,129,002	1,452,727
Salaries - Administration	9,933,136	9,687,254
Bonus-Office	660,000	720,345
Staff Welfare - Crate	-	11,782
Staff Welfare - Fabricated	40,390	26,910
Budgetary Allowance-Admin	236,533	320,484
Food Allowance - Admin	762,200	759,250
Overtime-Office Staff	29,844	107,141
Special Allowance - Admin	1,380,486	1,363,664
Traveling Allowance Admin	2,431,351	1,999,470
Gratuity	2,067,780	5,029,094
Accomodations	297,160	291,446
Annual Leave Encashment - Admin	894,621	891,971
Audit - External	1,137,074	1,186,465
Audit-Internal	824,000	824,000
Books & Periodicals	45,400	43,160
Building Maintenance	1,380,403	794,682
Charity & Donations	30,000	102,800
Computer Consumables	194,814	146,223
Container Washing & Cleaning Chgs.	197,138	118,447
House Rent- Admin	318,000	318,000
Insurance Expences	4,743,741	4,452,832
Legal & Consultancy Fees	499,496	89,000
Licence Fee	206,094	95,503
Medical Expenses	153,443	227,281
Miscellaneous Expenses	55,118	89,635
Office Maintenance	8,534,177	8,393,674
Postage,Stamp & Courier	246,946	274,698
Printing & Stationery	114,557	80,825
Rates & Taxes	2,435,454	1,713,384
Secretarial Fees	111,061	97,698
Security Expences	5,527,599	4,678,959
Staff Welfare	1,244,394	1,825,147
Stamp Duty	72,250	80,125
Telephone & Fax	1,526,686	1,943,969
Traveling Expences - Crate	80	1,200
Traveling Expences - Furniture	512,173	584,776
Vehicle Maintenance Ex - Crate	485,866	406,149



NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
DETAILED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

<i>For the year ended 31 March,</i>	Company	
	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.
<u>ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES (Cont.)</u>		
Foreign Travelling Ex - Crate	304,786	613,338
Foreign Travelling Ex - Furniture	230,015	379,570
Vehicle Maintenance Ex - Furniture	1,087,254	875,105
Fuel Expenses - Furniture	1,364,610	1,342,737
Vehicle Hiring - Furniture	1,284,000	1,239,000
Seminar & Training - Furniture	75,570	9,650
Vehicle Hiring - Crate	-	134,360
Building Maintenance- New Sofa Area	2,200	5,000
Payroll Outsourcing Fee	68,556	75,994
Postage, Stamp & Courier - Crate	490	1,413
Sofa Warranty Provision Charge	(191,250)	(511,125)
Staff Recruitment Ex - Crate	42,600	41,030
Vehicle Maintenance Ex - Sofa	-	1,900
Lawyer Fee for Court Case	-	66,500
Tab & Phone Repair	107,747	47,850
Lawyer Fee for Court Case Furniture	4,500	-
Lawyer Fee for Court Case Sofa	55,000	-
Depreciation on Other Fixed Assets	-	22,786,916
Depreciation on Buildings	9,565,182	-
Depreciation on Computer Elec. Equipments	660,826	-
Depreciation on Computer Software	2,206,371	-
Depreciation on Furnitures	363,606	-
Depreciation on Motor Vehicles	6,758,173	-
Depreciation on Office Equipments	693,665	-
Staff Recruitment Ex - Furniture	48,401	-
	77,579,951	80,622,820
<u>DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES</u>		
EPF 12%-Crate	2,193,431	2,075,110
EPF 12%-Sales	3,523,778	3,571,417
ETF 3%-Crate	383,024	367,354
ETF 3%-Sales	880,944	892,354
Bonus Crates	693,000	831,141
Salaries-Crates	10,773,624	10,331,638
Salaries-Sales	19,175,540	19,287,653
Annual Leave Encashment-Crate	781,935	671,256
Annual Leave Encashment-S & D	1,305,217	1,658,242
Bonus-Marketing	1,265,000	1,329,895
Budgetary Allowance-Sales	1,097,671	1,139,137
Budgetary Relief Allowance-Crate	151,317	230,983
Food Allowance-Crate	178,234	196,150
Food Allowance-Sales	1,141,107	1,159,760
House Rent Allowance-Crate	42,000	42,000
Export Charges - Furniture	99,613	225,607
Bad Debts Account	-	690,018
Advertising - Outdoor	214,195	227,500
Distributor Sales Incentives	6,526,703	8,484,818
Expences - Fish Market	169,651	198,621
Fuel Expences - Sales	2,589,522	2,667,908
Fuel Expenses - Crate	892,572	923,116
House Rent- Sales	317,264	274,000
Marketing Service Charges	1,766,923	2,304,205
Overtime-Sales	189,085	349,793
Royalty	6,878,131	7,296,649
Slow Moving Stock	-	466,238
Special Allowance-Crate	180,270	199,114



NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
DETAILED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

<i>For the year ended 31 March,</i>	Company	
	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.
<u>DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES (Cont.)</u>		
Special Allowance-Sales	3,432,885	3,513,014
Traveling Allowance - Sales	2,619,264	2,496,760
Travelling Allowance - Crate	-	346,918
Tender Expences	144,059	110,072
Sales Incentives - Crate	52,119	90,596
Promotions & Events - NPD	51,042	11,300
VAT on Sample Issues - Furniture	91,018	80,408
Fields Sales Expences - Crate	243,053	269,940
Advertising Expenses - Furniture	17,880	262,247
Promotions of Crates	305,564	301,717
Transport Charges - Crates	3,574,470	3,625,109
Fields Sales Expenses - Furniture	3,862,001	3,475,850
Promotions & Events - Furniture	14,124,222	4,886,027
Sales Incentives - Furniture	7,112,005	9,528,898
Transport Charges - Furniture	18,569,321	20,148,782
Bad Debts Account - Furniture	1,906,762	(1,976)
VAT on Sample Issues - Crate	3,437	5,854
Nation Building Tax Expenditure	11,296,425	19,165,994
Bad Debts Account - Crate	32	18
Fields Sales Expenses - Fabricated	136,201	4,715
Fuel Expences - Sofa	238,968	270,877
Tender Expences - Crate	20,950	28,825
Training, Seminar & Workshops - S & D	479,259	1,796,947
Bad Debts Account - Sofa	42	(126)
Export Charges - Crate	64,280	1,426,868
Fields Sales Expenses - Knock Down	500	900
Fields Sales Expenses - Sofa	175,646	108,085
Promotions & Events - Sofa	348,997	186,055
Sales Incentives - Sofa	460,375	583,900
Sales Incentives - Crate - Institutional	310,840	583,455
Sales Incentives-Institutional	2,847,490	7,097,371
Sales Incentives - Institutional -Sofa	-	25,500
Settlement Discounts (2 to 30 Days)-1.5%	536,062	601,018
Settlement Discounts (Immediately)-2%	921,914	206,245
Settlement Discounts (Immediately)-2.5%	3,465,858	4,249,468
Settlement Discounts (Immediately)-3%	12,094	36,959
Settlement Discounts -Sofa-2.5%	3,351	3,128
Transport Charges - Fabricated	388,098	261,690
Transport Charges - Sofa	2,250,039	3,179,603
Travelling for Sales - Furniture	4,888,198	5,517,871
Travelling for Sales - Sofa	540,000	540,000
Written Off Unclaimed VAT - 11% - SOFA	-	3,498
Written Off Unclaimed VAT - 15% - CRATE	18,351	16,911
Written Off Unclaimed VAT - 15% - FAB	-	27,896
Written Off Unclaimed VAT - 15% - FUR	3,863	118,730
Written Off Unclaimed VAT - 15% - Sofa	97,589	130,371
Daraz Sales Commission	18,541	15,801
Excess balance written off -Sofa	-	(113,380)
Transport Charges - Powder Coating & Other	358,230	87,200
Export Charges - Sofa	175,139	-
Travelling Allowance-Crate	445,224	-
Discount for Slow Moving Stock	1,516,400	-
Online Courier Chagres	(4,043)	-
Online Sales Commission	3,387	-
Utility Expences Crate	435,555	-



NILKAMAL ESWARAN PLASTICS (PVT) LTD
DETAILED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

<i>For the year ended 31 March,</i>	Company	
	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.
<u>DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES (Cont.)</u>		
Advertising Expenses - Fabricated	120,483	-
Settlement Discounts (16 to 30 Days)-1%	12,377	-
Settlement Discounts (1 to 15 Days)-1.8%	21,254	-
Written Off Unclaimed VAT - 8%- Crate	2,223	-
	<u>152,129,045</u>	<u>163,405,586</u>



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